

Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment, 2004

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Preface

Annual data on the labor force, employment, and unemployment in States and substate areas are available from two major sources: the Current Population Survey (CPS) and the Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) program. The CPS is a sample survey of about 60,000 households nationwide conducted for the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) by the Census Bureau. The LAUS program is a Federal-State cooperative endeavor in which State workforce agencies prepare estimates using concepts, definitions, and estimation procedures prescribed by BLS.

This bulletin presents 2004 annual averages from the CPS for census regions and divisions, the 50 States and the District of Columbia, and 50 large metropolitan areas and 17 central cities. Data are provided on the employed and unemployed by selected demographic and economic characteristics.

Tables 1 through 13 present 2004 annual average labor force estimates for census regions and divisions. Similar information for all States and the District of Columbia appears in tables 14 through 26. All of these data reflect Census 2000-based population controls. The LAUS program no longer uses the total CPS estimates for States and the District of Columbia as the official annual average labor force statistics, because of a change in its modeling procedures that was implemented in March 2005.

Tables 27 through 32 display 2004 annual average rates, ratios, and percent distributions from the CPS for 50 large metropolitan areas and 17 central cities. Levels for the various labor force categories are not presented because independent census-based population controls are not available for geographic areas below the State level. The CPS metropolitan area and city estimates differ from the official estimates produced by the individual States through the LAUS program. CPS estimates are provided herein because they are a current source of information on

demographic and economic characteristics for these areas. Geographic definitions for the metropolitan areas in this publication continue to reflect those issued by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) on June 30, 1993. (See appendix C.)

Official 2004 annual average LAUS estimates for metropolitan areas, however, reflect the Census-2000 based geographic designations that were first issued by OMB on June 6, 2003. These LAUS estimates appeared (initially) in the May 2005 issue of *Employment and Earnings* and are available (as revised) through the BLS Web site.

The data in this bulletin reflect revisions to the standards for classification of Federal data by race and ethnicity that were issued by OMB on October 30, 1997. Estimates for the white, black or African American, and Asian race groups are based on the persons who reported only one of those race groups. Persons who reported another race group or two or more races are not included in any of these categories, but are included in the totals. Persons whose ethnicity was identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, were classified by ethnicity as well as by race.

Tables displaying occupation and industry data reflect the coding systems used for those data in Census 2000.

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Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment, 2004

The Current Population Survey (CPS) is the regular monthly survey of about 60,000 households from which the national unemployment rate is derived. (See appendix A for concepts and definitions used in the CPS and appendix B for a description of the estimation procedures.)

The method for determining which annual average estimates of the labor force—by demographic characteristics (age, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity) and economic characteristics of the employed and unemployed—to publish in this bulletin is explained in appendix B. Table B-1 lists the minimum bases required for publication for various geographic areas.

Estimates for census regions and divisions are shown in section I, data for States are shown in section II, and limited data for metropolitan areas and cities are shown in section III. Estimates of levels are not provided in section

III, because population controls needed to make estimates of levels comparable with those in the other sections of this publication are not available.

Because the estimates are based on a survey rather than on a complete census of the population, they are subject to sampling error. Consequently, error ranges have been calculated in the form of 90-percent confidence intervals and displayed for the unemployment rates in the first table of sections I, II, and III. In addition, appendix B provides tables from which the sampling error ranges can be obtained for the data in other tables in sections I and II. Separate error tables are not provided for each population group (such as total, white, black or African American, Asian, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity). Instead, one table is used for all population groups for a given labor force characteristic, because differences in sampling errors are usually minimal.

Section I. Estimates for Census Regions And Divisions

Table 1. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Northeast Region								
Total	42,429	27,545	64.9	26,074	61.5	1,471	5.3	5.1 - 5.5
Men	20,207	14,565	72.1	13,743	68.0	822	5.6	5.4 - 5.8
Women	22,222	12,980	58.4	12,330	55.5	649	5.0	4.8 - 5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	3,062	1,293	42.2	1,089	35.6	205	15.8	14.7 - 16.9
White	35,170	22,998	65.4	21,911	62.3	1,087	4.7	4.5 - 4.9
Men	16,896	12,265	72.6	11,645	68.9	620	5.1	4.9 - 5.3
Women	18,274	10,733	58.7	10,266	56.2	467	4.3	4.1 - 4.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,400	1,111	46.3	955	39.8	156	14.0	12.8 - 15.2
Black or African American	4,894	3,011	61.5	2,708	55.3	304	10.1	9.5 - 10.7
Men	2,156	1,426	66.1	1,272	59.0	154	10.8	9.9 - 11.7
Women	2,738	1,586	57.9	1,436	52.4	150	9.4	8.6 - 10.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	467	125	26.9	88	18.8	38	30.1	26.1 - 34.1
Asian	1,871	1,214	64.9	1,161	62.0	54	4.4	3.7 - 5.1
Men	921	713	77.4	682	74.1	31	4.3	3.4 - 5.2
Women	950	501	52.8	479	50.4	23	4.6	3.5 - 5.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	3,979	2,654	66.7	2,463	61.9	191	7.2	6.6 - 7.8
Men	1,913	1,433	74.9	1,332	69.6	101	7.1	6.3 - 7.9
Women	2,066	1,221	59.1	1,131	54.8	90	7.3	6.4 - 8.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	348	116	33.4	89	25.6	27	23.3	19.0 - 27.6
Married men, spouse present	11,032	8,430	76.4	8,152	73.9	279	3.3	3.1 - 3.5
Married women, spouse present	10,684	6,539	61.2	6,322	59.2	217	3.3	3.0 - 3.6
Women who maintain families	2,684	1,826	68.0	1,686	62.8	140	7.7	7.0 - 8.4
New England Division								
Total	11,155	7,525	67.5	7,162	64.2	363	4.8	4.6 - 5.0
Men	5,339	3,934	73.7	3,724	69.8	210	5.3	5.0 - 5.6
Women	5,816	3,591	61.7	3,438	59.1	153	4.3	4.0 - 4.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	819	392	47.8	337	41.1	55	14.0	12.4 - 15.6
White	10,076	6,821	67.7	6,515	64.7	307	4.5	4.3 - 4.7
Men	4,839	3,574	73.9	3,393	70.1	181	5.1	4.7 - 5.5
Women	5,237	3,247	62.0	3,121	59.6	126	3.9	3.6 - 4.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	705	347	49.2	303	43.0	44	12.6	11.0 - 14.2
Black or African American	617	408	66.1	371	60.1	37	9.0	7.6 - 10.4
Men	284	203	71.4	187	65.7	16	8.0	6.1 - 9.9
Women	333	205	61.6	184	55.4	21	10.1	8.1 - 12.1
Asian	322	208	64.8	197	61.1	12	5.7	4.0 - 7.4
Men	156	115	73.9	108	69.1	8	6.6	4.2 - 9.0
Women	166	93	56.2	89	53.6	4	4.6	2.3 - 6.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	662	464	70.1	423	64.0	40	8.7	7.4 - 10.0
Men	317	239	75.4	217	68.7	21	8.9	7.1 - 10.7
Women	345	225	65.2	206	59.7	19	8.4	6.6 - 10.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	66	29	44.4	21	32.1	8	27.6	20.3 - 34.9
Married men, spouse present	2,920	2,264	77.5	2,190	75.0	74	3.3	2.9 - 3.7
Married women, spouse present	2,843	1,832	64.5	1,783	62.7	49	2.7	2.3 - 3.1
Women who maintain families	667	472	70.8	442	66.1	31	6.5	5.4 - 7.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Middle Atlantic Division								
Total	31,274	20,019	64.0	18,912	60.5	1,108	5.5	5.3 - 5.7
Men	14,869	10,631	71.5	10,019	67.4	611	5.8	5.5 - 6.1
Women	16,405	9,388	57.2	8,892	54.2	496	5.3	5.0 - 5.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,242	902	40.2	752	33.5	150	16.6	15.2 - 18.0
White	25,094	16,177	64.5	15,396	61.4	780	4.8	4.6 - 5.0
Men	12,057	8,691	72.1	8,251	68.4	439	5.1	4.8 - 5.4
Women	13,037	7,486	57.4	7,145	54.8	341	4.6	4.3 - 4.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,694	764	45.1	652	38.5	112	14.6	13.1 - 16.1
Black or African American	4,277	2,604	60.9	2,337	54.6	267	10.2	9.5 - 10.9
Men	1,872	1,223	65.3	1,085	58.0	138	11.3	10.2 - 12.4
Women	2,405	1,381	57.4	1,252	52.0	129	9.4	8.5 - 10.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	397	99	24.8	70	17.5	29	29.3	24.7 - 33.9
Asian	1,549	1,006	65.0	964	62.3	42	4.2	3.4 - 5.0
Men	765	598	78.1	575	75.1	23	3.9	2.9 - 4.9
Women	784	408	52.1	390	49.7	19	4.5	3.3 - 5.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	3,317	2,190	66.0	2,040	61.5	151	6.9	6.2 - 7.6
Men	1,597	1,195	74.8	1,115	69.8	80	6.7	5.8 - 7.6
Women	1,721	996	57.9	925	53.8	71	7.1	6.1 - 8.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	283	87	30.8	68	24.1	19	21.9	16.8 - 27.0
Married men, spouse present	8,111	6,166	76.0	5,961	73.5	205	3.3	3.0 - 3.6
Married women, spouse present	7,841	4,707	60.0	4,539	57.9	168	3.6	3.3 - 3.9
Women who maintain families	2,017	1,354	67.1	1,245	61.7	109	8.1	7.2 - 9.0
Midwest Region								
Total	50,378	34,453	68.4	32,481	64.5	1,972	5.7	5.5 - 5.9
Men	24,367	18,228	74.8	17,146	70.4	1,082	5.9	5.7 - 6.1
Women	26,011	16,225	62.4	15,335	59.0	890	5.5	5.3 - 5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	3,698	1,949	52.7	1,645	44.5	304	15.6	14.7 - 16.5
White	43,853	30,189	68.8	28,704	65.5	1,485	4.9	4.7 - 5.1
Men	21,376	16,173	75.7	15,331	71.7	842	5.2	5.0 - 5.4
Women	22,477	14,016	62.4	13,373	59.5	643	4.6	4.4 - 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	3,111	1,699	54.6	1,473	47.3	226	13.3	12.4 - 14.2
Black or African American	4,616	2,954	64.0	2,560	55.5	394	13.3	12.6 - 14.0
Men	2,057	1,335	64.9	1,141	55.5	193	14.5	13.4 - 15.6
Women	2,559	1,620	63.3	1,419	55.4	201	12.4	11.5 - 13.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	408	161	39.4	103	25.2	58	36.2	32.9 - 39.5
Asian	1,123	783	69.8	747	66.6	36	4.6	3.8 - 5.4
Men	566	442	79.5	424	76.2	18	4.1	3.0 - 5.2
Women	566	341	60.2	324	57.1	18	5.2	3.8 - 6.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	2,394	1,743	72.8	1,612	67.3	132	7.6	6.8 - 8.4
Men	1,307	1,105	84.5	1,031	78.8	75	6.8	5.9 - 7.7
Women	1,086	638	58.7	581	53.5	57	8.9	7.6 - 10.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	221	101	45.7	81	36.7	20	19.7	15.3 - 24.1
Married men, spouse present	13,921	10,853	78.0	10,499	75.4	354	3.3	3.1 - 3.5
Married women, spouse present	13,705	8,793	64.2	8,503	62.0	290	3.3	3.1 - 3.5
Women who maintain families	2,856	2,056	72.0	1,873	65.6	182	8.9	8.2 - 9.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
East North Central Division								
Total	35,222	23,615	67.0	22,178	63.0	1,437	6.1	5.9 - 6.3
Men	16,997	12,522	73.7	11,733	69.0	790	6.3	6.0 - 6.6
Women	18,225	11,092	60.9	10,445	57.3	647	5.8	5.5 - 6.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,578	1,290	50.0	1,078	41.8	212	16.4	15.2 - 17.6
White	30,175	20,384	67.6	19,321	64.0	1,064	5.2	5.0 - 5.4
Men	14,709	10,997	74.8	10,394	70.7	603	5.5	5.2 - 5.8
Women	15,466	9,387	60.7	8,926	57.7	460	4.9	4.6 - 5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,136	1,111	52.0	956	44.7	155	14.0	12.8 - 15.2
Black or African American	3,828	2,399	62.7	2,081	54.4	317	13.2	12.4 - 14.0
Men	1,689	1,065	63.0	907	53.7	158	14.8	13.5 - 16.1
Women	2,139	1,334	62.4	1,175	54.9	159	11.9	10.9 - 12.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	338	130	38.3	84	24.8	46	35.1	31.2 - 39.0
Asian	768	531	69.1	506	65.9	25	4.7	3.6 - 5.8
Men	381	301	78.9	288	75.5	13	4.3	2.9 - 5.7
Women	387	230	59.4	218	56.3	12	5.2	3.4 - 7.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	1,884	1,343	71.3	1,239	65.8	104	7.7	6.8 - 8.6
Men	1,020	853	83.6	794	77.8	59	6.9	5.8 - 8.0
Women	864	490	56.8	445	51.5	45	9.2	7.6 - 10.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	176	74	42.0	58	33.1	16	21.3	15.8 - 26.8
Married men, spouse present	9,630	7,435	77.2	7,177	74.5	258	3.5	3.2 - 3.8
Married women, spouse present	9,445	5,881	62.3	5,668	60.0	213	3.6	3.3 - 3.9
Women who maintain families	2,112	1,492	70.6	1,361	64.5	130	8.7	7.8 - 9.6
West North Central Division								
Total	15,156	10,838	71.5	10,303	68.0	535	4.9	4.7 - 5.1
Men	7,370	5,706	77.4	5,413	73.5	293	5.1	4.8 - 5.4
Women	7,786	5,132	65.9	4,890	62.8	243	4.7	4.4 - 5.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,120	659	58.8	567	50.6	92	14.0	12.7 - 15.3
White	13,678	9,805	71.7	9,383	68.6	422	4.3	4.1 - 4.5
Men	6,667	5,176	77.6	4,937	74.1	239	4.6	4.3 - 4.9
Women	7,011	4,629	66.0	4,446	63.4	183	4.0	3.7 - 4.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	975	588	60.3	517	53.0	71	12.0	10.7 - 13.3
Black or African American	788	556	70.5	479	60.7	77	13.8	12.3 - 15.3
Men	368	270	73.4	235	63.8	35	13.1	10.9 - 15.3
Women	420	286	68.0	244	58.1	42	14.5	12.3 - 16.7
Asian	355	253	71.3	242	68.1	11	4.4	3.2 - 5.6
Men	175	142	80.7	136	77.6	5	3.8	2.3 - 5.3
Women	180	111	62.0	106	58.9	6	5.1	3.2 - 7.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	510	401	78.6	373	73.1	28	7.0	5.6 - 8.4
Men	287	253	88.0	237	82.4	16	6.4	4.7 - 8.1
Women	223	148	66.4	136	61.0	12	8.1	5.6 - 10.6
Married men, spouse present	4,291	3,418	79.7	3,322	77.4	96	2.8	2.5 - 3.1
Married women, spouse present	4,261	2,912	68.3	2,835	66.5	77	2.6	2.3 - 2.9
Women who maintain families	744	564	75.8	512	68.8	52	9.3	8.1 - 10.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
South Region								
Total	80,003	51,753	64.7	49,034	61.3	2,718	5.3	5.2 - 5.4
Men	38,314	27,726	72.4	26,292	68.6	1,434	5.2	5.0 - 5.4
Women	41,689	24,027	57.6	22,742	54.6	1,284	5.3	5.1 - 5.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	5,755	2,317	40.3	1,927	33.5	389	16.8	15.9 - 17.7
White	62,414	40,287	64.5	38,569	61.8	1,718	4.3	4.2 - 4.4
Men	30,388	22,238	73.2	21,295	70.1	943	4.2	4.0 - 4.4
Women	32,027	18,049	56.4	17,273	53.9	776	4.3	4.1 - 4.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	4,102	1,786	43.5	1,541	37.6	245	13.7	12.7 - 14.7
Black or African American	14,196	9,170	64.6	8,295	58.4	875	9.5	9.1 - 9.9
Men	6,329	4,261	67.3	3,834	60.6	427	10.0	9.4 - 10.6
Women	7,867	4,909	62.4	4,461	56.7	448	9.1	8.6 - 9.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,353	416	30.7	286	21.1	130	31.2	29.2 - 33.2
Asian	1,843	1,260	68.4	1,217	66.1	43	3.4	2.7 - 4.1
Men	858	670	78.1	646	75.3	24	3.6	2.7 - 4.5
Women	984	590	59.9	571	58.0	19	3.2	2.3 - 4.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	10,130	6,914	68.3	6,516	64.3	398	5.8	5.4 - 6.2
Men	5,252	4,253	81.0	4,017	76.5	235	5.5	5.0 - 6.0
Women	4,879	2,661	54.6	2,499	51.2	163	6.1	5.4 - 6.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	879	324	36.9	277	31.5	47	14.6	12.1 - 17.1
Married men, spouse present	21,834	16,616	76.1	16,152	74.0	464	2.8	2.6 - 3.0
Married women, spouse present	21,536	12,643	58.7	12,221	56.7	422	3.3	3.1 - 3.5
Women who maintain families	5,255	3,626	69.0	3,341	63.6	285	7.9	7.3 - 8.5
South Atlantic Division								
Total	42,053	27,299	64.9	25,982	61.8	1,317	4.8	4.6 - 5.0
Men	20,068	14,500	72.3	13,820	68.9	680	4.7	4.5 - 4.9
Women	21,985	12,799	58.2	12,162	55.3	636	5.0	4.7 - 5.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,898	1,176	40.6	994	34.3	182	15.5	14.3 - 16.7
White	31,983	20,618	64.5	19,828	62.0	790	3.8	3.6 - 4.0
Men	15,537	11,294	72.7	10,870	70.0	425	3.8	3.6 - 4.0
Women	16,446	9,323	56.7	8,958	54.5	365	3.9	3.6 - 4.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,961	871	44.4	763	38.9	108	12.4	11.1 - 13.7
Black or African American	8,398	5,530	65.9	5,058	60.2	472	8.5	8.0 - 9.0
Men	3,747	2,605	69.5	2,377	63.5	228	8.7	8.0 - 9.4
Women	4,651	2,925	62.9	2,681	57.6	244	8.4	7.8 - 9.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	797	251	31.5	184	23.1	67	26.6	23.9 - 29.3
Asian	1,070	739	69.1	714	66.7	25	3.4	2.5 - 4.3
Men	498	388	77.8	376	75.4	12	3.1	2.0 - 4.2
Women	571	351	61.5	338	59.2	13	3.8	2.5 - 5.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	4,052	2,837	70.0	2,698	66.6	139	4.9	4.4 - 5.4
Men	2,184	1,790	82.0	1,703	78.0	87	4.9	4.2 - 5.6
Women	1,868	1,047	56.0	995	53.2	52	5.0	4.1 - 5.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	293	122	41.5	107	36.4	15	12.2	8.5 - 15.9
Married men, spouse present	11,272	8,483	75.3	8,264	73.3	219	2.6	2.4 - 2.8
Married women, spouse present	11,160	6,626	59.4	6,418	57.5	208	3.1	2.8 - 3.4
Women who maintain families	2,690	1,887	70.1	1,756	65.3	131	6.9	6.2 - 7.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
East South Central Division								
Total	13,411	8,386	62.5	7,926	59.1	460	5.5	5.2 - 5.8
Men	6,394	4,440	69.5	4,204	65.8	237	5.3	4.9 - 5.7
Women	7,018	3,945	56.2	3,722	53.0	223	5.7	5.2 - 6.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	987	419	42.5	346	35.0	74	17.6	15.6 - 19.6
White	10,546	6,600	62.6	6,322	59.9	277	4.2	3.9 - 4.5
Men	5,107	3,607	70.6	3,456	67.7	151	4.2	3.8 - 4.6
Women	5,440	2,993	55.0	2,866	52.7	126	4.2	3.8 - 4.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	718	343	47.8	295	41.1	48	13.9	11.8 - 16.0
Black or African American	2,515	1,558	61.9	1,386	55.1	171	11.0	10.0 - 12.0
Men	1,120	706	63.1	626	55.9	80	11.3	9.8 - 12.8
Women	1,395	852	61.0	760	54.5	91	10.7	9.4 - 12.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	237	67	28.1	42	17.9	24	36.4	32.6 - 40.2
Asian	152	102	67.4	101	66.3	2	1.6	.3 - 2.9
Men	71	56	79.4	55	78.2	1	1.4	-.3 - 3.1
Women	81	46	56.9	45	55.9	1	1.8	-.3 - 3.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	251	192	76.4	182	72.6	9	4.9	3.0 - 6.8
Men	153	139	90.9	134	87.5	5	3.8	1.8 - 5.8
Women	98	53	53.9	49	49.7	4	7.9	3.5 - 12.3
Married men, spouse present	3,683	2,713	73.7	2,642	71.7	71	2.6	2.2 - 3.0
Married women, spouse present	3,715	2,162	58.2	2,092	56.3	70	3.2	2.7 - 3.7
Women who maintain families	917	586	63.9	531	57.9	55	9.4	8.0 - 10.8
West South Central Division								
Total	24,539	16,068	65.5	15,126	61.6	942	5.9	5.6 - 6.2
Men	11,852	8,785	74.1	8,268	69.8	517	5.9	5.6 - 6.2
Women	12,687	7,283	57.4	6,858	54.1	425	5.8	5.4 - 6.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,870	721	38.6	587	31.4	134	18.6	17.0 - 20.2
White	19,886	13,070	65.7	12,418	62.4	651	5.0	4.7 - 5.3
Men	9,744	7,337	75.3	6,970	71.5	367	5.0	4.7 - 5.3
Women	10,141	5,733	56.5	5,449	53.7	284	5.0	4.6 - 5.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,423	572	40.2	483	33.9	89	15.6	13.8 - 17.4
Black or African American	3,284	2,082	63.4	1,850	56.3	232	11.1	10.2 - 12.0
Men	1,463	950	64.9	831	56.8	120	12.6	11.2 - 14.0
Women	1,820	1,131	62.2	1,019	56.0	112	9.9	8.8 - 11.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	320	98	30.5	59	18.5	38	39.3	36.0 - 42.6
Asian	621	418	67.3	403	64.8	16	3.7	2.5 - 4.9
Men	289	226	78.2	215	74.4	11	4.8	3.0 - 6.6
Women	332	192	57.9	187	56.4	5	2.5	1.0 - 4.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	5,827	3,885	66.7	3,636	62.4	250	6.4	5.8 - 7.0
Men	2,915	2,324	79.7	2,180	74.8	143	6.2	5.5 - 6.9
Women	2,912	1,562	53.6	1,455	50.0	106	6.8	5.9 - 7.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	566	194	34.3	164	29.0	30	15.4	12.2 - 18.6
Married men, spouse present	6,879	5,420	78.8	5,246	76.3	174	3.2	2.9 - 3.5
Married women, spouse present	6,661	3,855	57.9	3,711	55.7	144	3.7	3.3 - 4.1
Women who maintain families	1,648	1,154	70.0	1,055	64.0	99	8.6	7.5 - 9.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
West Region								
Total	50,546	33,651	66.6	31,665	62.6	1,986	5.9	5.7 - 6.1
Men	24,821	18,459	74.4	17,343	69.9	1,117	6.0	5.8 - 6.2
Women	25,725	15,191	59.1	14,322	55.7	870	5.7	5.5 - 5.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	3,708	1,558	42.0	1,248	33.6	310	19.9	18.7 - 21.1
White	41,240	27,634	67.0	26,078	63.2	1,556	5.6	5.4 - 5.8
Men	20,401	15,329	75.1	14,452	70.8	877	5.7	5.5 - 5.9
Women	20,839	12,304	59.0	11,625	55.8	679	5.5	5.2 - 5.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,987	1,336	44.7	1,073	35.9	263	19.7	18.4 - 21.0
Black or African American	2,364	1,506	63.7	1,350	57.1	156	10.4	9.4 - 11.4
Men	1,116	752	67.4	667	59.8	86	11.4	9.9 - 12.9
Women	1,248	754	60.4	683	54.8	70	9.3	7.9 - 10.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	195	60	30.8	44	22.6	16	26.5	19.4 - 33.6
Asian	4,648	2,992	64.4	2,848	61.3	144	4.8	4.3 - 5.3
Men	2,177	1,559	71.6	1,480	68.0	79	5.1	4.4 - 5.8
Women	2,471	1,433	58.0	1,369	55.4	64	4.5	3.8 - 5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	257	66	25.8	59	22.9	8	11.4	6.3 - 16.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	11,575	7,940	68.6	7,321	63.2	619	7.8	7.4 - 8.2
Men	5,930	4,784	80.7	4,442	74.9	342	7.2	6.6 - 7.8
Women	5,645	3,156	55.9	2,879	51.0	277	8.8	8.1 - 9.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,156	452	39.1	344	29.8	108	24.0	21.2 - 26.8
Married men, spouse present	13,633	10,654	78.1	10,285	75.4	369	3.5	3.3 - 3.7
Married women, spouse present	13,360	7,875	58.9	7,559	56.6	316	4.0	3.7 - 4.3
Women who maintain families	2,818	1,972	70.0	1,822	64.6	150	7.6	6.8 - 8.4
Mountain Division								
Total	14,790	10,068	68.1	9,555	64.6	514	5.1	4.9 - 5.3
Men	7,303	5,518	75.6	5,231	71.6	286	5.2	4.9 - 5.5
Women	7,488	4,550	60.8	4,323	57.7	227	5.0	4.7 - 5.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,075	541	50.3	444	41.3	97	18.0	16.6 - 19.4
White	13,404	9,154	68.3	8,717	65.0	437	4.8	4.6 - 5.0
Men	6,650	5,047	75.9	4,802	72.2	245	4.9	4.6 - 5.2
Women	6,754	4,107	60.8	3,915	58.0	192	4.7	4.4 - 5.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	946	496	52.4	411	43.4	85	17.1	15.6 - 18.6
Black or African American	432	291	67.3	261	60.5	30	10.2	8.5 - 11.9
Men	214	160	74.6	143	66.7	17	10.6	8.2 - 13.0
Women	217	131	60.1	118	54.3	13	9.7	7.2 - 12.2
Asian	326	220	67.5	211	64.8	9	4.0	2.8 - 5.2
Men	148	112	75.6	106	71.8	6	5.0	3.1 - 6.9
Women	178	108	60.9	105	59.0	3	3.1	1.5 - 4.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	2,941	2,037	69.3	1,898	64.6	139	6.8	6.0 - 7.6
Men	1,520	1,238	81.5	1,162	76.4	76	6.2	5.3 - 7.1
Women	1,421	799	56.2	737	51.9	62	7.8	6.5 - 9.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	260	114	43.7	87	33.6	26	23.1	19.0 - 27.2
Married men, spouse present	4,166	3,248	78.0	3,161	75.9	87	2.7	2.4 - 3.0
Married women, spouse present	4,031	2,414	59.9	2,340	58.1	74	3.1	2.7 - 3.5
Women who maintain families	788	558	70.7	520	65.9	38	6.8	5.7 - 7.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Pacific Division								
Total	35,755	23,583	66.0	22,110	61.8	1,473	6.2	6.0 - 6.4
Men	17,518	12,942	73.9	12,111	69.1	830	6.4	6.1 - 6.7
Women	18,237	10,641	58.3	9,999	54.8	643	6.0	5.7 - 6.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,633	1,017	38.6	804	30.5	213	21.0	19.3 - 22.7
White	27,836	18,480	66.4	17,360	62.4	1,119	6.1	5.8 - 6.4
Men	13,751	10,282	74.8	9,650	70.2	632	6.1	5.8 - 6.4
Women	14,086	8,197	58.2	7,710	54.7	487	5.9	5.5 - 6.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,041	840	41.2	662	32.4	179	21.3	19.4 - 23.2
Black or African American	1,932	1,216	62.9	1,089	56.4	127	10.4	9.2 - 11.6
Men	901	593	65.7	524	58.1	69	11.6	9.8 - 13.4
Women	1,031	623	60.5	566	54.9	58	9.3	7.7 - 10.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	161	50	31.0	38	23.8	12	23.3	15.3 - 31.3
Asian	4,322	2,772	64.1	2,637	61.0	135	4.9	4.3 - 5.5
Men	2,029	1,447	71.3	1,373	67.7	74	5.1	4.3 - 5.9
Women	2,293	1,324	57.8	1,263	55.1	61	4.6	3.8 - 5.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	236	56	23.9	50	21.2	6	11.2	5.6 - 16.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	8,635	5,903	68.4	5,422	62.8	480	8.1	7.6 - 8.6
Men	4,410	3,546	80.4	3,280	74.4	266	7.5	6.8 - 8.2
Women	4,225	2,357	55.8	2,142	50.7	214	9.1	8.2 - 10.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	896	339	37.8	257	28.7	82	24.2	20.8 - 27.6
Married men, spouse present	9,467	7,406	78.2	7,124	75.3	282	3.8	3.5 - 4.1
Married women, spouse present	9,329	5,460	58.5	5,218	55.9	242	4.4	4.0 - 4.8
Women who maintain families	2,029	1,414	69.7	1,302	64.2	112	7.9	6.9 - 8.9

¹ Error ranges are calculated at the 90-percent confidence interval, which means that if repeated samples were drawn from the same population and an error range constructed around each sample estimate, in 9 out of 10 cases the true value based on a census of the population would be contained within these error ranges.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the area in question, as determined by the

sample size. See appendix B. Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 2. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 25 years and over by educational attainment, 2004 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and educational attainment	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment	
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate
Northeast Region							
Less than a high school diploma	4,766	1,881	39.5	1,708	35.8	173	9.2
High school graduates, no college	12,575	7,739	61.5	7,369	58.6	370	4.8
Some college or associate degree	7,358	5,335	72.5	5,105	69.4	229	4.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	11,094	8,723	78.6	8,464	76.3	259	3.0
New England Division							
Less than a high school diploma	1,113	423	38.0	383	34.5	39	9.3
High school graduates, no college	2,992	1,906	63.7	1,829	61.1	77	4.1
Some college or associate degree	2,066	1,521	73.6	1,463	70.8	58	3.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	3,259	2,597	79.7	2,521	77.3	76	2.9
Middle Atlantic Division							
Less than a high school diploma	3,653	1,458	39.9	1,325	36.3	134	9.2
High school graduates, no college	9,583	5,832	60.9	5,540	57.8	292	5.0
Some college or associate degree	5,292	3,813	72.1	3,642	68.8	171	4.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	7,835	6,127	78.2	5,943	75.9	183	3.0
Midwest Region							
Less than a high school diploma	4,928	2,035	41.3	1,824	37.0	211	10.4
High school graduates, no college	14,859	9,546	64.2	9,030	60.8	516	5.4
Some college or associate degree	11,341	8,523	75.2	8,168	72.0	356	4.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	10,976	8,768	79.9	8,524	77.7	244	2.8
East North Central Division							
Less than a high school diploma	3,670	1,516	41.3	1,353	36.9	163	10.7
High school graduates, no college	10,764	6,818	63.3	6,423	59.7	395	5.8
Some college or associate degree	7,639	5,663	74.1	5,414	70.9	249	4.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	7,446	5,902	79.3	5,725	76.9	177	3.0
West North Central Division							
Less than a high school diploma	1,258	519	41.2	471	37.4	48	9.2
High school graduates, no college	4,095	2,728	66.6	2,607	63.7	121	4.4
Some college or associate degree	3,702	2,861	77.3	2,754	74.4	107	3.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	3,529	2,865	81.2	2,798	79.3	67	2.3
South Region							
Less than a high school diploma	11,511	5,140	44.7	4,755	41.3	385	7.5
High school graduates, no college	21,614	13,684	63.3	13,056	60.4	627	4.6
Some college or associate degree	16,759	12,039	71.8	11,541	68.9	498	4.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	17,125	13,232	77.3	12,925	75.5	307	2.3
South Atlantic Division							
Less than a high school diploma	5,314	2,383	44.9	2,207	41.5	177	7.4
High school graduates, no college	11,519	7,192	62.4	6,879	59.7	313	4.4
Some college or associate degree	8,842	6,342	71.7	6,102	69.0	239	3.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	9,881	7,525	76.2	7,351	74.4	174	2.3
East South Central Division							
Less than a high school diploma	2,120	778	36.7	724	34.2	54	6.9
High school graduates, no college	3,913	2,433	62.2	2,324	59.4	109	4.5
Some college or associate degree	2,713	1,937	71.4	1,847	68.1	90	4.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	2,475	1,941	78.4	1,907	77.1	34	1.7
West South Central Division							
Less than a high school diploma	4,077	1,978	48.5	1,824	44.7	154	7.8
High school graduates, no college	6,183	4,059	65.7	3,854	62.3	206	5.1
Some college or associate degree	5,204	3,760	72.3	3,592	69.0	169	4.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	4,769	3,766	79.0	3,667	76.9	100	2.6
West Region							
Less than a high school diploma	6,465	3,412	52.8	3,119	48.2	293	8.6
High school graduates, no college	10,828	6,878	63.5	6,500	60.0	377	5.5
Some college or associate degree	12,102	8,546	70.6	8,167	67.5	379	4.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	12,635	9,650	76.4	9,363	74.1	287	3.0

Table 2. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 25 years and over by educational attainment, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and educational attainment	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment	
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate
Mountain Division							
Less than a high school diploma	1,633	860	52.7	802	49.1	58	6.7
High school graduates, no college	3,588	2,330	64.9	2,226	62.1	103	4.4
Some college or associate degree	3,562	2,535	71.2	2,436	68.4	99	3.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	3,474	2,673	76.9	2,610	75.1	63	2.3
Pacific Division							
Less than a high school diploma	4,832	2,552	52.8	2,317	47.9	235	9.2
High school graduates, no college	7,240	4,548	62.8	4,274	59.0	274	6.0
Some college or associate degree	8,541	6,011	70.4	5,731	67.1	279	4.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	9,161	6,977	76.2	6,753	73.7	224	3.2

NOTE: Items may not add to totals because of rounding.

Table 3. Census regions and divisions: employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2004 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹								Unemployed	
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
TOTAL										
Northeast	21,185	18,600	1,793	793	4,888	519	4,079	290	1,209	262
New England	5,635	4,839	564	232	1,527	143	1,283	101	287	76
Middle Atlantic	15,550	13,761	1,229	560	3,361	376	2,796	189	921	186
Midwest	26,084	22,841	2,303	939	6,397	743	5,244	410	1,607	365
East North Central	17,846	15,656	1,508	682	4,332	542	3,511	279	1,176	261
West North Central	8,238	7,185	796	258	2,065	200	1,733	131	431	104
South	41,424	36,477	3,622	1,325	7,610	1,012	6,142	456	2,291	427
South Atlantic	22,021	19,492	1,858	670	3,962	504	3,214	244	1,108	209
East South Central	6,633	5,751	655	227	1,294	149	1,064	80	385	74
West South Central	12,771	11,234	1,109	428	2,355	358	1,864	132	798	144
West	25,826	22,579	2,336	911	5,838	839	4,644	356	1,653	334
Mountain	7,781	6,791	719	271	1,773	213	1,447	112	418	96
Pacific	18,045	15,788	1,617	640	4,065	625	3,196	244	1,235	237
Men										
Northeast	12,248	10,992	867	389	1,495	234	1,182	79	702	120
New England	3,272	2,876	276	120	452	67	358	27	179	32
Middle Atlantic	8,976	8,116	592	269	1,043	168	824	52	523	88
Midwest	15,075	13,451	1,163	461	2,072	329	1,630	112	929	153
East North Central	10,340	9,247	760	333	1,393	237	1,081	75	685	105
West North Central	4,735	4,204	403	128	679	92	550	37	244	48
South	23,735	21,205	1,900	630	2,557	447	1,975	135	1,248	186
South Atlantic	12,506	11,231	965	310	1,314	223	1,016	75	597	83
East South Central	3,771	3,316	345	110	433	72	339	22	207	30
West South Central	7,458	6,657	590	210	810	153	620	38	445	72
West	15,387	13,715	1,219	453	1,956	394	1,471	91	962	154
Mountain	4,635	4,124	372	139	596	104	465	28	245	42
Pacific	10,752	9,591	847	315	1,359	290	1,007	63	717	113

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Census regions and divisions: employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹								Unemployed	
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
Women										
Northeast	8,938	7,608	926	404	3,393	285	2,897	211	507	142
New England	2,363	1,963	288	112	1,075	76	925	74	109	44
Middle Atlantic	6,574	5,646	637	292	2,318	209	1,972	137	398	98
Midwest	11,009	9,390	1,141	479	4,326	413	3,614	298	678	212
East North Central	7,506	6,409	748	349	2,939	305	2,430	204	491	156
West North Central	3,503	2,981	392	130	1,386	108	1,184	94	187	56
South	17,690	15,272	1,722	695	5,053	564	4,167	321	1,043	241
South Atlantic	9,515	8,261	893	361	2,647	281	2,198	168	511	125
East South Central	2,861	2,434	310	117	861	78	725	58	179	45
West South Central	5,313	4,577	519	218	1,545	206	1,244	94	353	71
West	10,439	8,865	1,116	458	3,883	445	3,173	265	691	179
Mountain	3,146	2,667	346	133	1,177	110	983	84	173	54
Pacific	7,293	6,198	770	325	2,706	335	2,190	181	518	125
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years										
Northeast	277	225	43	9	811	39	739	34	87	118
New England	80	63	15	2	257	13	233	12	21	34
Middle Atlantic	198	163	28	7	554	26	506	22	65	84
Midwest	414	340	62	12	1,231	84	1,092	55	127	176
East North Central	266	219	40	7	812	57	719	37	82	130
West North Central	148	121	21	5	419	27	374	18	45	46
South	656	547	94	15	1,271	98	1,126	47	208	181
South Atlantic	348	296	45	7	647	52	568	27	97	85
East South Central	105	88	13	4	241	13	218	10	41	32
West South Central	203	163	36	5	384	32	341	11	70	64
West	424	350	65	9	824	75	717	32	161	149
Mountain	162	135	22	4	282	24	246	12	51	46
Pacific	262	215	42	5	542	51	471	19	110	103

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Census regions and divisions: employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹								Unemployed	
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
White										
Northeast	17,624	15,402	1,539	683	4,287	399	3,629	259	878	209
New England	5,113	4,382	515	216	1,401	121	1,188	92	241	66
Middle Atlantic	12,511	11,020	1,024	467	2,885	277	2,441	168	637	144
Midwest	22,968	20,081	2,060	827	5,736	595	4,764	378	1,192	294
East North Central	15,468	13,545	1,332	591	3,852	426	3,171	255	859	204
West North Central	7,500	6,536	728	236	1,884	169	1,592	123	332	89
South	32,419	28,529	2,847	1,043	6,150	697	5,066	386	1,424	294
South Atlantic	16,705	14,766	1,416	523	3,123	331	2,590	203	646	144
East South Central	5,252	4,552	520	180	1,071	103	897	70	229	49
West South Central	10,462	9,211	911	340	1,956	263	1,579	113	550	101
West	21,175	18,452	1,971	752	4,903	680	3,914	309	1,278	278
Mountain	7,083	6,176	657	249	1,635	186	1,343	106	350	87
Pacific	14,092	12,275	1,315	503	3,268	494	2,571	203	928	191
Black or African American										
Northeast	2,309	2,059	176	75	398	95	285	18	262	42
New England	302	263	29	10	69	16	49	4	29	8
Middle Atlantic	2,007	1,796	147	64	330	79	236	15	234	33
Midwest	2,139	1,893	165	81	421	115	285	21	343	51
East North Central	1,743	1,544	130	69	339	94	226	19	274	44
West North Central	396	349	35	12	82	21	59	3	69	8
South	7,180	6,317	638	225	1,114	260	803	52	765	111
South Atlantic	4,395	3,904	370	120	664	148	486	29	416	56
East South Central	1,198	1,034	122	41	189	40	140	9	149	23
West South Central	1,588	1,379	146	63	262	71	177	14	200	32
West	1,149	1,012	92	45	202	42	149	11	138	18
Mountain	221	193	19	8	40	12	26	3	26	3
Pacific	928	818	73	36	161	31	123	8	112	15

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Census regions and divisions: employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹							Unemployed		
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers			Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work	
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²				Not at work
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
Asian										
Northeast	1,020	940	55	25	140	19	113	8	48	5
New England	162	145	14	4	34	3	28	3	11	1
Middle Atlantic	858	795	41	22	106	16	86	4	37	5
Midwest	611	556	36	20	136	13	118	5	31	5
East North Central	423	385	23	15	83	10	71	3	22	3
West North Central	189	171	13	5	53	3	47	2	9	2
South	1,051	966	56	29	166	23	135	8	36	6
South Atlantic	617	567	35	16	97	12	78	6	23	3
East South Central	84	77	4	3	16	2	14	(³)	1	1
West South Central	350	322	17	11	53	9	43	1	12	3
West	2,384	2,151	162	71	464	70	374	20	128	15
Mountain	174	158	11	4	38	5	32	1	8	1
Pacific	2,210	1,993	151	67	426	65	342	19	121	14
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity										
Northeast	2,089	1,902	134	54	374	77	280	18	168	23
New England	347	298	37	12	77	17	55	5	33	7
Middle Atlantic	1,742	1,603	97	42	298	60	225	13	135	15
Midwest	1,388	1,233	113	41	224	66	146	12	111	21
East North Central	1,086	967	85	34	153	45	100	9	87	17
West North Central	302	266	29	7	71	21	47	3	24	5
South	5,626	4,980	507	139	889	219	635	35	352	46
South Atlantic	2,365	2,116	202	46	333	89	231	13	124	15
East South Central	161	136	21	4	22	5	15	2	9	1
West South Central	3,101	2,728	284	89	534	125	389	20	219	30
West	6,189	5,455	551	183	1,132	267	808	57	533	86
Mountain	1,609	1,413	150	46	290	66	208	16	115	24
Pacific	4,580	4,043	401	137	842	201	600	41	418	63

¹ Employed persons are classified as full- or part-time workers on the basis of their usual weekly hours at all jobs, regardless of the number of hours they are at work during the reference week. Persons absent from work are classified according to their usual status.

² Includes some persons at work 35 hours or more, classified by their reason for working part time.

³ Less than 500 persons.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet

BLS publication standards of reliability for the area in question, as determined by the sample size. See appendix B. Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 4. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by occupation, 2004 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Civilian Labor Force													
Total, All occupations	27,424	7,497	19,928	34,323	23,517	10,807	51,509	27,183	8,341	15,985	33,459	10,024	23,434
Management, professional, and related occupations	9,952	2,864	7,088	11,280	7,551	3,729	17,072	9,331	2,563	5,178	11,564	3,320	8,244
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	3,826	1,118	2,708	4,815	3,205	1,610	7,218	4,022	1,025	2,172	4,917	1,418	3,499
Management occupations	2,673	785	1,889	3,524	2,312	1,212	5,189	2,880	772	1,537	3,537	1,036	2,500
Business and financial operations occupations	1,153	333	820	1,291	894	398	2,030	1,142	253	635	1,380	381	999
Professional and related occupations	6,126	1,746	4,380	6,465	4,346	2,119	9,853	5,309	1,538	3,006	6,647	1,902	4,745
Computer and mathematical occupations	687	214	472	695	457	238	1,061	607	131	323	831	210	621
Architecture and engineering occupations	494	171	323	643	464	180	925	473	128	324	776	213	564
Life, physical, and social science occupations	311	98	214	282	178	104	438	270	49	119	369	104	265
Community and social services occupations	487	119	368	501	326	175	773	385	144	243	474	146	328
Legal occupations	384	84	299	323	229	94	531	318	68	145	347	104	242
Education, training, and library occupations	1,721	485	1,236	1,827	1,222	605	2,821	1,464	465	892	1,736	560	1,177
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	625	160	465	550	369	181	879	509	113	257	788	190	598
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	1,418	415	1,003	1,644	1,101	543	2,425	1,283	440	702	1,325	375	950
Service occupations	4,621	1,218	3,403	5,614	3,920	1,695	8,458	4,458	1,296	2,703	5,644	1,834	3,810
Healthcare support occupations	705	186	519	778	542	235	1,030	539	141	349	578	174	404
Protective service occupations	596	134	462	597	450	147	1,089	607	151	331	678	215	463
Food preparation and serving related occupations	1,403	388	1,016	2,015	1,399	616	2,741	1,428	449	863	1,778	634	1,144
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	1,007	264	743	1,159	813	346	2,047	1,092	301	654	1,392	429	963
Personal care and service occupations	910	246	664	1,067	716	351	1,551	792	254	505	1,217	382	835
Sales and office occupations	7,007	1,880	5,127	8,684	5,880	2,804	13,025	6,992	2,054	3,978	8,685	2,584	6,101
Sales and related occupations	3,013	853	2,159	3,867	2,604	1,263	6,020	3,292	901	1,827	3,996	1,231	2,765
Office and administrative support occupations	3,994	1,027	2,967	4,817	3,276	1,541	7,004	3,700	1,154	2,151	4,689	1,353	3,335
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	2,531	723	1,808	3,414	2,268	1,146	5,991	3,088	951	1,953	3,789	1,221	2,569
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	119	29	89	200	101	99	370	145	77	148	434	86	347
Construction and extraction occupations	1,524	449	1,075	1,955	1,310	644	3,622	1,917	563	1,142	2,210	756	1,454
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	889	245	644	1,259	856	402	2,000	1,026	311	663	1,146	378	767
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	3,307	810	2,497	5,327	3,895	1,432	6,949	3,307	1,474	2,169	3,771	1,064	2,707
Production occupations	1,687	471	1,216	3,053	2,279	774	3,584	1,652	854	1,079	1,857	476	1,381
Transportation and material moving occupations	1,620	339	1,281	2,274	1,616	658	3,365	1,655	620	1,090	1,914	587	1,326

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by occupation, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Employed													
Total, All occupations	26,074	7,162	18,912	32,481	22,178	10,303	49,034	25,982	7,926	15,126	31,665	9,555	22,110
Management, professional, and related occupations	9,663	2,787	6,876	10,985	7,339	3,645	16,663	9,122	2,503	5,038	11,212	3,239	7,973
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	3,713	1,086	2,627	4,690	3,116	1,574	7,051	3,931	1,003	2,117	4,778	1,384	3,395
Management occupations	2,599	763	1,836	3,435	2,249	1,186	5,071	2,814	758	1,500	3,449	1,012	2,437
Business and financial operations occupations	1,114	322	792	1,255	867	388	1,980	1,117	245	617	1,329	372	957
Professional and related occupations	5,950	1,702	4,248	6,295	4,223	2,072	9,612	5,191	1,500	2,921	6,433	1,855	4,578
Computer and mathematical occupations	658	207	450	668	438	231	1,018	588	125	305	794	200	594
Architecture and engineering occupations	475	164	311	628	451	177	903	460	124	318	753	207	546
Life, physical, and social science occupations	302	94	208	273	172	101	430	265	48	118	359	101	258
Community and social services occupations	469	116	353	487	315	171	753	374	141	238	462	142	319
Legal occupations	375	82	293	318	227	91	523	314	66	143	338	104	234
Education, training, and library occupations	1,681	473	1,208	1,776	1,185	591	2,754	1,435	454	865	1,688	548	1,140
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	590	155	436	522	348	174	841	490	108	242	731	183	548
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	1,400	410	990	1,623	1,088	535	2,391	1,265	433	692	1,309	369	939
Service occupations	4,329	1,146	3,183	5,205	3,627	1,579	7,893	4,190	1,200	2,504	5,293	1,717	3,576
Healthcare support occupations	677	179	498	728	507	221	967	508	132	327	549	165	384
Protective service occupations	574	131	443	572	431	141	1,057	593	145	319	643	204	439
Food preparation and serving related occupations	1,289	359	930	1,839	1,277	561	2,499	1,312	409	778	1,654	591	1,063
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	926	242	684	1,055	737	318	1,902	1,024	272	606	1,301	396	905
Personal care and service occupations	863	235	628	1,011	674	337	1,467	752	242	474	1,146	360	786
Sales and office occupations	6,657	1,794	4,863	8,207	5,543	2,663	12,372	6,663	1,958	3,750	8,229	2,460	5,769
Sales and related occupations	2,855	814	2,041	3,637	2,441	1,196	5,710	3,134	857	1,720	3,781	1,172	2,609
Office and administrative support occupations	3,801	979	2,822	4,569	3,102	1,467	6,661	3,529	1,101	2,031	4,448	1,288	3,160
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	2,352	676	1,676	3,145	2,078	1,067	5,625	2,917	883	1,825	3,465	1,149	2,316
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	111	27	84	184	90	94	342	134	73	135	353	80	273
Construction and extraction occupations	1,389	414	975	1,756	1,171	585	3,360	1,789	515	1,056	2,019	704	1,315
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	852	235	617	1,205	817	388	1,922	993	294	634	1,093	365	728
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	3,072	759	2,313	4,940	3,590	1,349	6,482	3,091	1,382	2,009	3,467	990	2,476
Production occupations	1,571	442	1,129	2,837	2,108	729	3,343	1,539	794	1,010	1,716	442	1,274
Transportation and material moving occupations	1,501	317	1,184	2,103	1,483	621	3,139	1,552	589	999	1,750	548	1,202

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by occupation, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Unemployed													
Total, All occupations	1,351	335	1,016	1,842	1,339	504	2,475	1,201	415	859	1,794	470	1,324
Management, professional, and related occupations	289	77	212	295	212	83	408	209	60	140	352	81	271
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	113	32	81	125	89	36	167	91	21	55	138	34	105
Management occupations	75	22	53	89	63	26	117	66	14	37	88	25	63
Business and financial operations occupations	38	11	28	36	26	10	50	25	7	18	51	9	42
Professional and related occupations	176	44	132	170	123	47	241	118	38	85	214	47	167
Computer and mathematical occupations	29	7	22	27	19	8	43	19	6	18	37	10	28
Architecture and engineering occupations	18	7	11	15	13	2	23	13	4	6	23	5	18
Life, physical, and social science occupations	9	4	6	9	6	2	7	5	1	1	10	3	7
Community and social services occupations	18	3	15	15	11	4	20	12	3	5	12	4	8
Legal occupations	9	3	6	5	2	3	8	5	2	2	9	1	8
Education, training, and library occupations	40	11	29	51	37	15	67	29	10	28	48	12	36
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	34	5	29	27	21	6	38	18	5	15	57	7	50
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	18	5	13	21	14	7	35	17	7	10	16	6	11
Service occupations	292	72	220	409	293	116	565	269	97	200	351	117	234
Healthcare support occupations	28	7	21	50	35	15	63	30	9	23	29	9	20
Protective service occupations	21	3	19	25	19	5	32	14	5	13	35	11	24
Food preparation and serving related occupations	115	29	86	176	121	55	242	116	41	85	125	44	81
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	81	23	58	103	76	28	145	68	29	48	91	33	58
Personal care and service occupations	47	11	36	56	42	14	83	40	12	31	71	21	50
Sales and office occupations	350	87	264	477	337	141	653	329	96	228	456	125	332
Sales and related occupations	157	39	118	229	163	66	310	159	44	107	216	59	157
Office and administrative support occupations	193	48	145	248	174	74	343	170	53	120	240	65	175
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	179	47	132	269	190	79	367	171	68	128	325	72	253
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	7	2	5	16	11	5	28	11	4	13	81	7	74
Construction and extraction occupations	134	35	100	199	139	59	261	128	48	86	192	52	140
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	37	10	27	54	40	15	78	33	16	29	52	13	39
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	235	51	183	387	304	83	467	215	92	160	304	73	231
Production occupations	116	29	87	216	171	45	241	113	60	69	141	34	107
Transportation and material moving occupations	119	22	97	170	133	37	226	103	32	92	164	39	124

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by occupation, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Unemployment Rate													
Total, All occupations	4.9	4.5	5.1	5.4	5.7	4.7	4.8	4.4	5.0	5.4	5.4	4.7	5.7
Management, professional, and related occupations	2.9	2.7	3.0	2.6	2.8	2.2	2.4	2.2	2.3	2.7	3.0	2.4	3.3
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	3.0	2.9	3.0	2.6	2.8	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.1	2.5	2.8	2.4	3.0
Management occupations	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.5	2.7	2.2	2.3	2.3	1.8	2.4	2.5	2.4	2.5
Business and financial operations occupations	3.3	3.2	3.4	2.8	2.9	2.4	2.5	2.2	2.9	2.8	3.7	2.4	4.2
Professional and related occupations	2.9	2.5	3.0	2.6	2.8	2.2	2.4	2.2	2.5	2.8	3.2	2.5	3.5
Computer and mathematical occupations	4.2	3.3	4.7	3.9	4.2	3.2	4.1	3.1	4.8	5.6	4.5	4.6	4.4
Architecture and engineering occupations	3.7	4.0	3.6	2.3	2.8	1.1	2.5	2.8	3.0	1.7	3.0	2.5	3.2
Life, physical, and social science occupations	3.0	3.8	2.6	3.0	3.4	2.4	1.7	1.8	2.0	1.3	2.8	2.9	2.7
Community and social services occupations	3.8	2.5	4.2	2.9	3.3	2.3	2.6	3.1	2.3	1.9	2.6	2.7	2.6
Legal occupations	2.3	3.1	2.1	1.5	.9	3.1	1.6	1.4	2.2	1.5	2.5	.7	3.3
Education, training, and library occupations	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.8	3.0	2.4	2.4	2.0	2.2	3.1	2.8	2.1	3.1
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	5.5	3.2	6.3	5.0	5.7	3.5	4.3	3.6	4.3	5.8	7.2	3.6	8.4
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.6	1.5	1.2	1.5	1.1
Service occupations	6.3	5.9	6.5	7.3	7.5	6.9	6.7	6.0	7.5	7.4	6.2	6.4	6.1
Healthcare support occupations	4.0	3.6	4.1	6.4	6.5	6.2	6.1	5.7	6.7	6.5	5.0	5.0	5.0
Protective service occupations	3.6	1.9	4.0	4.1	4.3	3.7	3.0	2.3	3.6	3.8	5.2	5.2	5.2
Food preparation and serving related occupations	8.2	7.5	8.4	8.7	8.7	8.9	8.8	8.1	9.1	9.8	7.0	6.9	7.1
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	8.1	8.6	7.9	8.9	9.3	8.0	7.1	6.2	9.6	7.3	6.5	7.6	6.1
Personal care and service occupations	5.1	4.4	5.4	5.2	5.8	4.0	5.4	5.1	4.8	6.2	5.9	5.6	6.0
Sales and office occupations	5.0	4.6	5.1	5.5	5.7	5.0	5.0	4.7	4.7	5.7	5.3	4.8	5.4
Sales and related occupations	5.2	4.6	5.5	5.9	6.3	5.3	5.1	4.8	4.9	5.9	5.4	4.8	5.7
Office and administrative support occupations	4.8	4.6	4.9	5.1	5.3	4.8	4.9	4.6	4.6	5.6	5.1	4.8	5.2
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	7.1	6.5	7.3	7.9	8.4	6.9	6.1	5.5	7.2	6.5	8.6	5.9	9.8
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	6.0	7.7	5.4	8.1	11.0	5.1	7.5	7.2	5.4	8.8	18.6	8.0	21.3
Construction and extraction occupations	8.8	7.8	9.3	10.2	10.6	9.2	7.2	6.7	8.5	7.5	8.7	6.9	9.6
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	4.2	4.1	4.2	4.3	4.6	3.6	3.9	3.2	5.3	4.4	4.6	3.5	5.1
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	7.1	6.3	7.3	7.3	7.8	5.8	6.7	6.5	6.2	7.4	8.1	6.9	8.5
Production occupations	6.9	6.2	7.1	7.1	7.5	5.8	6.7	6.8	7.0	6.4	7.6	7.1	7.7
Transportation and material moving occupations	7.3	6.5	7.5	7.5	8.2	5.7	6.7	6.2	5.1	8.4	8.5	6.7	9.4

¹ Excludes persons with no previous work experience.

NOTE: Totals for summary groups published include other occupations not shown

separately. Items may not compute to displayed rates because of rounding.

Table 5. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2004 annual averages

Population group and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
TOTAL													
Total (in thousands)	26,074	7,162	18,912	32,481	22,178	10,303	49,034	25,982	7,926	15,126	31,665	9,555	22,110
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Management, professional, and related occupations	37.1	38.9	36.4	33.8	33.1	35.4	34.0	35.1	31.6	33.3	35.4	33.9	36.1
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	14.2	15.2	13.9	14.4	14.1	15.3	14.4	15.1	12.7	14.0	15.1	14.5	15.4
Management occupations	10.0	10.7	9.7	10.6	10.1	11.5	10.3	10.8	9.6	9.9	10.9	10.6	11.0
Business and financial operations occupations	4.3	4.5	4.2	3.9	3.9	3.8	4.0	4.3	3.1	4.1	4.2	3.9	4.3
Professional and related occupations	22.8	23.8	22.5	19.4	19.0	20.1	19.6	20.0	18.9	19.3	20.3	19.4	20.7
Computer and mathematical occupations	2.5	2.9	2.4	2.1	2.0	2.2	2.1	2.3	1.6	2.0	2.5	2.1	2.7
Architecture and engineering occupations	1.8	2.3	1.6	1.9	2.0	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.6	2.1	2.4	2.2	2.5
Life, physical, and social science occupations	1.2	1.3	1.1	.8	.8	1.0	.9	1.0	.6	.8	1.1	1.1	1.2
Community and social services occupations	1.8	1.6	1.9	1.5	1.4	1.7	1.5	1.4	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.4
Legal occupations	1.4	1.1	1.5	1.0	1.0	.9	1.1	1.2	.8	.9	1.1	1.1	1.1
Education, training, and library occupations	6.4	6.6	6.4	5.5	5.3	5.7	5.6	5.5	5.7	5.7	5.3	5.7	5.2
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	2.3	2.2	2.3	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.9	1.4	1.6	2.3	1.9	2.5
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	5.4	5.7	5.2	5.0	4.9	5.2	4.9	4.9	5.5	4.6	4.1	3.9	4.2
Service occupations	16.6	16.0	16.8	16.0	16.4	15.3	16.1	16.1	15.1	16.6	16.7	18.0	16.2
Healthcare support occupations	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.2	2.3	2.1	2.0	2.0	1.7	2.2	1.7	1.7	1.7
Protective service occupations	2.2	1.8	2.3	1.8	1.9	1.4	2.2	2.3	1.8	2.1	2.0	2.1	2.0
Food preparation and serving related occupations	4.9	5.0	4.9	5.7	5.8	5.4	5.1	5.1	5.2	5.1	5.2	6.2	4.8
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	3.6	3.4	3.6	3.2	3.3	3.1	3.9	3.9	3.4	4.0	4.1	4.1	4.1
Personal care and service occupations	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.1	3.0	3.3	3.0	2.9	3.1	3.1	3.6	3.8	3.6
Sales and office occupations	25.5	25.0	25.7	25.3	25.0	25.8	25.2	25.6	24.7	24.8	26.0	25.7	26.1
Sales and related occupations	11.0	11.4	10.8	11.2	11.0	11.6	11.6	12.1	10.8	11.4	11.9	12.3	11.8
Office and administrative support occupations	14.6	13.7	14.9	14.1	14.0	14.2	13.6	13.6	13.9	13.4	14.0	13.5	14.3
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	9.0	9.4	8.9	9.7	9.4	10.4	11.5	11.2	11.1	12.1	10.9	12.0	10.5
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations .....	.4	.4	.4	.6	.4	.9	.7	.5	.9	.9	1.1	.8	1.2
Construction and extraction occupations	5.3	5.8	5.2	5.4	5.3	5.7	6.9	6.9	6.5	7.0	6.4	7.4	5.9
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.7	3.7	3.8	3.9	3.8	3.7	4.2	3.5	3.8	3.3
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	11.8	10.6	12.2	15.2	16.2	13.1	13.2	11.9	17.4	13.3	10.9	10.4	11.2
Production occupations	6.0	6.2	6.0	8.7	9.5	7.1	6.8	5.9	10.0	6.7	5.4	4.6	5.8
Transportation and material moving occupations	5.8	4.4	6.3	6.5	6.7	6.0	6.4	6.0	7.4	6.6	5.5	5.7	5.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Men													
Total (in thousands)	13,743	3,724	10,019	17,146	11,733	5,413	26,292	13,820	4,204	8,268	17,343	5,231	12,111
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Management, professional, and related occupations	34.8	36.4	34.2	31.6	31.0	33.0	31.0	32.2	27.4	30.6	33.4	31.5	34.2
Management, business, and financial operations occupations ...	15.9	16.6	15.6	16.2	15.7	17.3	15.3	16.2	13.4	14.9	15.7	15.5	15.8
Management occupations	11.8	12.6	11.5	13.0	12.5	14.0	12.2	12.9	11.2	11.6	12.5	12.3	12.6
Business and financial operations occupations	4.1	4.0	4.1	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.3	2.2	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.3
Professional and related occupations	18.9	19.8	18.6	15.4	15.2	15.7	15.6	16.0	14.1	15.7	17.7	16.0	18.4
Computer and mathematical occupations	3.4	4.0	3.2	2.8	2.8	2.9	2.9	3.0	2.2	2.9	3.4	2.9	3.6
Architecture and engineering occupations	3.0	3.8	2.7	3.1	3.3	2.8	3.0	2.9	2.6	3.4	3.7	3.4	3.9
Life, physical, and social science occupations	1.2	1.2	1.2	.9	.8	1.1	1.0	1.0	.8	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2
Community and social services occupations	1.2	1.1	1.3	1.0	.9	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.3	1.0	1.0	1.0
Legal occupations	1.5	1.2	1.6	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.1	.7	.8	.9	.9	.9
Education, training, and library occupations	3.4	3.6	3.3	2.7	2.7	2.9	2.6	2.6	2.3	2.6	2.9	2.9	2.9
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	2.2	2.0	2.3	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.7	1.9	1.4	1.6	2.3	1.7	2.6
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	2.9	2.8	2.9	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.7	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.4
Service occupations	13.8	13.1	14.0	12.0	12.4	11.2	13.0	13.4	11.8	13.0	14.2	15.2	13.7
Healthcare support occupations .....	.6	.6	.5	.4	.3	.5	.4	.3	.2	.4	.5	.4	.5
Protective service occupations	3.4	3.0	3.6	2.6	2.9	2.1	3.1	3.2	2.8	2.9	2.9	3.1	2.9
Food preparation and serving related occupations	4.1	3.9	4.2	4.4	4.5	4.2	4.1	4.0	3.9	4.2	4.6	5.4	4.3
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	4.2	4.4	4.1	3.6	3.7	3.5	4.2	4.4	3.7	4.1	4.5	4.6	4.5
Personal care and service occupations	1.5	1.2	1.6	1.0	.9	1.0	1.3	1.4	1.1	1.3	1.6	1.8	1.6
Sales and office occupations	18.0	17.8	18.1	16.7	16.4	17.5	16.6	17.3	15.9	15.7	17.9	17.4	18.1
Sales and related occupations	11.0	11.0	10.9	10.7	10.4	11.5	10.6	11.2	9.7	10.0	11.4	11.4	11.4
Office and administrative support occupations	7.1	6.8	7.2	6.0	6.0	5.9	6.0	6.1	6.1	5.7	6.5	6.0	6.7
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	16.4	17.4	16.1	17.5	16.9	18.8	20.5	20.3	20.1	21.1	18.9	20.9	18.1
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations .....	.7	.6	.7	.8	.6	1.4	1.1	.8	1.5	1.3	1.6	1.3	1.7
Construction and extraction occupations	9.9	10.8	9.5	10.0	9.7	10.6	12.5	12.6	11.9	12.5	11.3	13.0	10.6
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	5.9	6.0	5.9	6.7	6.6	6.8	7.0	6.8	6.7	7.4	6.0	6.7	5.7
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	17.0	15.2	17.6	22.1	23.4	19.5	19.0	16.8	24.9	19.6	15.6	15.0	15.9
Production occupations	7.7	7.9	7.6	11.7	12.7	9.7	8.7	7.4	12.8	8.9	7.1	6.1	7.5
Transportation and material moving occupations	9.3	7.3	10.1	10.4	10.7	9.8	10.2	9.4	12.1	10.7	8.6	8.9	8.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Women													
Total (in thousands)	12,330	3,438	8,892	15,335	10,445	4,890	22,742	12,162	3,722	6,858	14,322	4,323	9,999
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Management, professional, and related occupations	39.6	41.6	38.8	36.3	35.5	38.1	37.5	38.4	36.3	36.6	37.8	36.8	38.3
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	12.4	13.6	12.0	12.4	12.2	13.0	13.3	13.9	11.9	12.9	14.3	13.3	14.8
Management occupations	7.9	8.6	7.6	7.9	7.5	8.7	8.2	8.5	7.8	7.9	9.0	8.6	9.2
Business and financial operations occupations	4.5	5.0	4.3	4.5	4.6	4.3	5.1	5.4	4.1	5.0	5.4	4.7	5.6
Professional and related occupations	27.2	28.0	26.8	23.9	23.3	25.0	24.2	24.5	24.4	23.6	23.5	23.5	23.5
Computer and mathematical occupations	1.5	1.7	1.4	1.2	1.1	1.6	1.2	1.4	.8	1.0	1.4	1.1	1.6
Architecture and engineering occupations .....	.5	.6	.4	.6	.7	.5	.5	.5	.4	.6	.7	.6	.8
Life, physical, and social science occupations	1.1	1.4	1.0	.7	.7	.8	.8	1.0	.4	.5	1.1	1.0	1.2
Community and social services occupations	2.4	2.2	2.5	2.0	2.0	2.2	1.9	1.7	2.2	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.0
Legal occupations	1.4	1.0	1.5	.9	1.0	.8	1.2	1.3	.9	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.2
Education, training, and library occupations	9.9	9.8	9.9	8.5	8.4	8.9	9.2	8.8	9.6	9.5	8.3	9.2	7.9
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	2.3	2.3	2.3	1.7	1.6	1.9	1.7	1.9	1.4	1.6	2.3	2.2	2.4
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	8.1	8.9	7.8	8.1	7.9	8.4	7.8	7.8	8.6	7.4	6.3	5.9	6.5
Service occupations	19.8	19.1	20.0	20.5	20.8	19.8	19.7	19.2	19.0	20.9	19.8	21.3	19.2
Healthcare support occupations	4.9	4.6	5.0	4.3	4.5	4.0	3.8	3.8	3.3	4.2	3.3	3.3	3.3
Protective service occupations .....	.8	.6	.9	.8	.9	.6	1.1	1.2	.8	1.1	.9	1.0	.9
Food preparation and serving related occupations	5.9	6.2	5.7	7.0	7.1	6.8	6.3	6.2	6.5	6.3	6.0	7.2	5.4
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	2.9	2.3	3.1	2.8	2.9	2.7	3.5	3.4	3.1	3.9	3.6	3.7	3.6
Personal care and service occupations	5.3	5.5	5.2	5.5	5.4	5.8	4.9	4.6	5.3	5.4	6.0	6.2	5.9
Sales and office occupations	33.9	32.9	34.3	34.8	34.7	35.1	35.2	35.1	34.7	35.8	35.8	35.8	35.8
Sales and related occupations	10.9	11.7	10.6	11.7	11.7	11.7	12.9	13.0	12.1	13.0	12.6	13.3	12.3
Office and administrative support occupations	22.9	21.1	23.6	23.1	22.9	23.4	22.4	22.1	22.6	22.7	23.2	22.5	23.5
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations .....	.8	.8	.8	.9	.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.2	1.3
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations .....	.2	.2	.2	.3	.2	.3	.3	.2	.2	.4	.6	.3	.7
Construction and extraction occupations .....	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4	.5	.3
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations .....	.3	.3	.3	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4	.3	.4	.3
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	6.0	5.6	6.2	7.5	8.1	6.0	6.6	6.3	9.0	5.7	5.3	4.8	5.5
Production occupations	4.2	4.3	4.2	5.4	6.0	4.2	4.6	4.3	6.9	3.9	3.4	2.8	3.6
Transportation and material moving occupations	1.8	1.3	2.0	2.1	2.2	1.8	2.0	2.1	2.2	1.7	1.9	1.9	1.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
White													
Total (in thousands)	21,911	6,515	15,396	28,704	19,321	9,383	38,569	19,828	6,322	12,418	26,078	8,717	17,360
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Management, professional, and related occupations	37.8	39.4	37.1	34.2	33.4	35.7	35.6	37.0	33.5	34.3	35.4	34.4	35.8
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	14.9	15.7	14.6	15.0	14.6	15.9	15.5	16.4	14.0	14.9	15.4	14.9	15.6
Management occupations	10.6	11.1	10.4	11.1	10.7	12.0	11.4	12.0	10.7	10.8	11.3	11.0	11.5
Business and financial operations occupations	4.3	4.6	4.2	3.9	4.0	3.8	4.1	4.4	3.3	4.2	4.1	3.9	4.1
Professional and related occupations	22.9	23.7	22.5	19.1	18.8	19.9	20.0	20.6	19.5	19.3	20.0	19.6	20.2
Computer and mathematical occupations	2.4	2.7	2.2	1.9	1.8	2.1	2.0	2.2	1.6	1.8	2.3	2.1	2.4
Architecture and engineering occupations	1.9	2.3	1.7	2.0	2.1	1.7	2.0	2.0	1.7	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.3
Life, physical, and social science occupations	1.1	1.2	1.1	.8	.7	1.0	.9	1.1	.6	.8	1.2	1.1	1.2
Community and social services occupations	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.4	1.3	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.6	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4
Legal occupations	1.5	1.2	1.7	1.0	1.1	.9	1.2	1.4	.9	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1
Education, training, and library occupations	6.7	6.8	6.7	5.5	5.4	5.7	5.8	5.8	5.9	6.0	5.6	5.8	5.4
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	2.3	2.2	2.4	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.9	2.1	1.5	1.7	2.3	2.0	2.5
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	5.3	5.7	5.1	4.9	4.8	5.2	4.8	4.8	5.8	4.4	3.8	3.8	3.9
Service occupations	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.3	15.6	14.7	14.4	14.2	13.3	15.2	16.2	17.5	15.6
Healthcare support occupations	2.0	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.6
Protective service occupations	2.1	1.8	2.2	1.7	1.9	1.3	2.0	2.1	1.6	2.0	1.9	2.1	1.8
Food preparation and serving related occupations	4.8	4.9	4.8	5.6	5.7	5.3	4.8	4.7	4.7	4.9	5.2	6.1	4.7
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	3.4	3.3	3.5	3.1	3.2	3.0	3.5	3.5	2.8	3.7	4.3	4.1	4.3
Personal care and service occupations	3.0	3.3	2.9	3.0	2.9	3.2	2.7	2.6	2.9	2.9	3.3	3.5	3.1
Sales and office occupations	25.6	25.1	25.8	25.3	24.9	26.1	25.6	26.0	25.4	25.1	25.6	25.5	25.6
Sales and related occupations	11.2	11.5	11.0	11.5	11.2	11.9	12.2	12.7	11.5	11.7	12.0	12.2	11.8
Office and administrative support occupations	14.4	13.6	14.7	13.8	13.7	14.2	13.4	13.3	14.0	13.3	13.6	13.3	13.8
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	9.7	9.8	9.6	10.3	10.1	10.7	12.4	12.2	12.0	13.0	11.8	12.3	11.6
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations .....	.5	.4	.5	.6	.4	.9	.7	.6	.9	1.0	1.2	.9	1.4
Construction and extraction occupations	5.7	6.0	5.6	5.8	5.7	5.9	7.5	7.6	7.1	7.6	7.1	7.6	6.8
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.9	3.9	3.9	4.2	4.1	4.0	4.4	3.5	3.8	3.4
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	11.6	10.4	12.1	15.0	16.0	12.8	12.1	10.6	15.8	12.5	11.0	10.2	11.4
Production occupations	6.0	6.0	6.0	8.6	9.5	6.8	6.4	5.4	9.2	6.4	5.2	4.5	5.6
Transportation and material moving occupations	5.6	4.4	6.1	6.3	6.5	6.0	5.7	5.1	6.6	6.1	5.8	5.7	5.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Black or African American													
Total (in thousands)	2,708	371	2,337	2,560	2,081	479	8,295	5,058	1,386	1,850	1,350	261	1,089
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Management, professional, and related occupations	27.8	27.3	27.8	26.2	25.9	27.1	25.4	26.6	21.7	24.8	31.3	24.6	32.9
Management, business, and financial operations occupations ...	9.1	8.9	9.1	9.1	9.2	8.4	9.2	10.1	7.0	8.7	12.1	8.5	12.9
Management occupations	5.4	5.5	5.4	5.4	5.6	4.6	5.7	6.2	4.5	5.4	7.7	6.0	8.1
Business and financial operations occupations	3.7	3.4	3.7	3.6	3.6	3.8	3.5	3.9	2.5	3.3	4.3	2.5	4.8
Professional and related occupations	18.7	18.4	18.7	17.1	16.7	18.7	16.1	16.5	14.7	16.2	19.3	16.1	20.0
Computer and mathematical occupations	2.0	3.1	1.8	1.5	1.5	1.8	1.4	1.6	.8	1.1	2.2	1.9	2.2
Architecture and engineering occupations .....	.5	.6	.5	1.1	1.1	1.3	.8	.9	.7	.7	1.9	1.3	2.0
Life, physical, and social science occupations .....	.5	.6	.5	.5	.5	.6	.4	.5	.3	.3	.9	.1	1.2
Community and social services occupations	3.4	3.2	3.4	2.8	2.7	3.1	2.5	2.2	2.7	3.2	3.2	3.5	3.1
Legal occupations .....	.9	.4	1.0	.7	.7	.8	.6	.7	.5	.5	.6	1.1	.4
Education, training, and library occupations	5.5	5.1	5.6	5.4	5.3	5.7	4.9	4.7	5.1	5.1	3.8	3.8	3.8
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	1.5	1.0	1.6	.8	.7	1.1	.8	.9	.8	.7	2.4	1.4	2.6
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	4.3	4.4	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.3	4.7	4.9	3.7	4.6	4.4	3.1	4.7
Service occupations	26.1	26.1	26.1	23.9	23.8	24.4	23.3	22.9	23.2	24.5	21.5	22.0	21.3
Healthcare support occupations	7.4	9.1	7.1	5.6	5.6	5.5	4.5	4.4	3.1	5.6	3.2	1.5	3.7
Protective service occupations	4.0	2.7	4.2	3.1	3.0	3.4	3.1	3.2	2.9	3.0	4.7	4.1	4.8
Food preparation and serving related occupations	4.6	6.5	4.3	5.8	5.6	6.6	6.2	5.9	7.0	6.4	3.7	6.7	3.0
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	4.8	4.4	4.9	4.9	5.0	4.5	5.7	5.8	6.4	5.1	3.1	4.1	2.8
Personal care and service occupations	5.3	3.5	5.6	4.5	4.5	4.4	3.8	3.6	3.8	4.5	6.8	5.7	7.0
Sales and office occupations	27.6	28.1	27.5	26.9	26.9	26.9	24.7	25.2	22.3	25.2	32.0	33.7	31.6
Sales and related occupations	9.0	9.9	8.9	8.7	8.9	7.7	9.6	10.0	8.2	9.8	12.2	15.9	11.3
Office and administrative support occupations	18.6	18.2	18.6	18.2	18.0	19.2	15.1	15.2	14.1	15.4	19.9	17.8	20.4
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	6.0	6.6	5.9	5.3	4.8	7.3	7.7	8.1	7.2	6.8	5.7	7.3	5.4
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations .....	.1	.3	.1	.2	.2	.4	.5	.4	1.0	.5	.1	.2	.1
Construction and extraction occupations	3.6	4.2	3.5	2.7	2.3	4.6	4.4	4.7	3.9	3.8	3.0	3.0	3.0
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	2.3	2.1	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.8	3.0	2.4	2.5	2.7	4.1	2.3
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	12.5	11.8	12.6	17.8	18.6	14.3	18.9	17.2	25.5	18.7	9.4	12.4	8.7
Production occupations	4.8	5.6	4.6	8.9	9.5	6.5	8.7	7.4	14.0	8.3	3.4	3.6	3.4
Transportation and material moving occupations	7.8	6.2	8.0	8.9	9.1	7.8	10.2	9.8	11.5	10.4	6.0	8.8	5.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Asian													
Total (in thousands)	1,161	197	964	747	506	242	1,217	714	101	403	2,848	211	2,637
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Management, professional, and related occupations	46.5	52.1	45.3	51.3	53.6	46.3	47.7	44.2	54.5	52.2	42.0	41.4	42.0
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	14.7	10.9	15.5	12.8	13.4	11.6	14.9	15.6	11.2	14.6	16.0	12.7	16.2
Management occupations	9.0	6.3	9.5	9.4	10.1	7.8	10.1	11.3	9.0	8.3	10.0	8.7	10.1
Business and financial operations occupations	5.7	4.6	5.9	3.4	3.3	3.7	4.8	4.3	2.2	6.4	6.0	4.0	6.1
Professional and related occupations	31.8	41.2	29.9	38.5	40.2	34.7	32.8	28.6	43.3	37.6	26.0	28.6	25.8
Computer and mathematical occupations	7.1	11.6	6.2	10.5	11.1	9.2	9.9	8.5	10.7	12.3	5.5	6.4	5.5
Architecture and engineering occupations	3.4	5.0	3.1	4.3	5.3	2.3	3.5	2.4	6.2	4.9	4.0	3.4	4.1
Life, physical, and social science occupations	3.1	7.6	2.2	3.1	3.4	2.6	2.4	2.2	4.3	2.2	1.3	1.7	1.3
Community and social services occupations	1.1	1.2	1.1	.7	.5	1.2	1.1	.9	(¹)	1.7	1.0	.9	1.1
Legal occupations .....	.9	(¹)	1.0	.7	.6	.8	.8	.9	(¹)	.7	.8	(¹)	.8
Education, training, and library occupations	4.1	4.6	4.0	6.1	5.3	7.7	4.7	4.6	7.1	4.3	4.2	6.6	4.0
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	2.7	2.6	2.8	1.5	1.3	1.9	2.2	2.5	3.7	1.2	2.1	1.6	2.1
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	9.3	8.6	9.4	11.6	12.8	9.0	8.2	6.6	11.3	10.3	7.1	8.1	7.0
Service occupations	15.8	14.7	16.0	14.5	13.1	17.4	16.8	17.1	14.4	16.9	16.6	21.4	16.2
Healthcare support occupations	2.1	1.4	2.3	1.4	1.1	2.2	.9	.8	1.9	.9	1.9	1.6	2.0
Protective service occupations .....	.8	1.3	.7	.7	.7	.5	.6	.4	.9	.7	1.2	.6	1.2
Food preparation and serving related occupations	7.2	6.3	7.4	6.9	6.2	8.4	6.1	6.9	5.3	4.8	5.8	7.3	5.7
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	2.1	3.1	1.9	2.4	2.0	3.3	2.9	2.3	2.9	3.9	2.9	2.6	2.9
Personal care and service occupations	3.6	2.5	3.9	3.1	3.1	3.1	6.3	6.6	3.4	6.6	4.8	9.2	4.5
Sales and office occupations	20.9	18.2	21.4	19.3	21.3	15.3	19.7	21.7	17.8	16.8	26.2	20.5	26.7
Sales and related occupations	11.7	10.0	12.1	9.9	11.3	7.1	10.1	11.0	8.8	8.8	11.9	12.2	11.9
Office and administrative support occupations	9.1	8.2	9.3	9.4	10.0	8.2	9.6	10.7	8.9	8.0	14.3	8.3	14.8
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	4.5	3.2	4.7	1.8	1.1	3.3	5.1	5.3	3.8	5.2	4.7	5.0	4.6
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	(¹)	.1	(¹)	.1	.1	(¹)	.6	.3	2.3	.8	.5	(¹)	.5
Construction and extraction occupations	2.0	1.4	2.1	.7	.6	.8	1.4	1.8	.2	1.1	1.4	1.4	1.4
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	2.5	1.7	2.6	1.1	.5	2.4	3.1	3.2	1.3	3.4	2.7	3.6	2.7
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	12.4	11.8	12.5	13.1	11.0	17.6	10.6	11.8	9.5	8.9	10.6	11.8	10.5
Production occupations	8.7	9.8	8.4	9.9	7.8	14.5	8.0	9.0	6.8	6.4	8.0	9.8	7.8
Transportation and material moving occupations	3.7	1.9	4.0	3.2	3.2	3.2	2.7	2.8	2.7	2.5	2.6	2.0	2.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity													
Total (in thousands)	2,463	423	2,040	1,612	1,239	373	6,516	2,698	182	3,636	7,321	1,898	5,422
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Management, professional, and related occupations	18.5	18.1	18.5	15.1	14.8	16.1	17.9	19.3	15.9	17.1	16.8	16.4	17.0
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	7.2	6.6	7.4	6.1	5.9	6.8	7.5	9.2	6.2	6.3	7.2	6.5	7.4
Management occupations	5.1	4.5	5.3	4.4	4.3	4.8	5.2	6.5	5.5	4.2	5.2	4.5	5.5
Business and financial operations occupations	2.1	2.1	2.1	1.7	1.6	2.0	2.3	2.7	.7	2.1	1.9	1.9	1.9
Professional and related occupations	11.2	11.6	11.2	9.0	8.9	9.3	10.5	10.1	9.7	10.8	9.6	9.9	9.6
Computer and mathematical occupations	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.4	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.1	.8	1.0	.7
Architecture and engineering occupations .....	.7	1.1	.6	.9	1.1	.2	.9	.9	1.8	1.0	.9	1.1	.8
Life, physical, and social science occupations .....	.4	.6	.4	.3	.3	.1	.4	.4	.4	.3	.4	.2	.5
Community and social services occupations	1.7	2.6	1.5	1.0	1.0	.9	.8	.7	(¹)	1.0	1.3	1.1	1.3
Legal occupations .....	.6	.2	.7	.5	.5	.5	.6	.8	1.0	.4	.4	.5	.4
Education, training, and library occupations	3.5	3.2	3.6	2.4	2.2	3.0	3.0	2.3	3.5	3.5	3.1	3.6	2.9
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	1.2	.9	1.2	1.1	.7	2.2	1.2	1.4	.3	1.1	1.1	.7	1.2
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	2.1	1.9	2.2	1.6	1.6	1.4	2.5	2.7	1.4	2.4	1.8	1.7	1.8
Service occupations	28.3	30.4	27.8	23.9	23.6	24.9	22.7	22.2	16.4	23.4	24.2	27.4	23.0
Healthcare support occupations	4.2	4.4	4.1	1.4	1.4	1.4	2.0	1.4	1.6	2.5	1.7	2.0	1.6
Protective service occupations	1.7	2.8	1.5	1.7	1.8	1.2	1.7	1.5	.6	1.9	1.8	2.0	1.8
Food preparation and serving related occupations	8.2	8.8	8.0	10.3	10.1	11.0	7.4	6.9	6.2	7.8	7.6	10.1	6.7
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	9.7	9.3	9.8	8.0	7.8	8.5	8.8	9.9	7.5	8.1	9.8	10.3	9.6
Personal care and service occupations	4.5	5.1	4.4	2.5	2.4	2.7	2.8	2.5	.5	3.1	3.2	3.0	3.3
Sales and office occupations	22.4	22.1	22.4	17.9	18.5	16.0	20.7	20.5	8.2	21.5	22.2	21.3	22.5
Sales and related occupations	8.7	8.5	8.8	7.0	7.0	7.0	9.6	9.6	3.6	9.8	9.6	10.1	9.4
Office and administrative support occupations	13.6	13.6	13.6	10.9	11.5	8.9	11.1	10.9	4.5	11.6	12.6	11.2	13.1
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	11.3	9.2	11.7	14.7	14.1	16.5	20.9	22.5	30.6	19.2	18.5	20.0	17.9
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	1.0	.9	1.0	1.2	.8	2.4	1.6	1.5	6.2	1.5	3.3	2.0	3.7
Construction and extraction occupations	6.9	5.5	7.1	9.8	9.1	12.0	14.7	16.7	20.6	12.9	11.5	14.4	10.4
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	3.4	2.8	3.6	3.7	4.2	2.0	4.6	4.3	3.9	4.8	3.7	3.6	3.8
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	19.6	20.2	19.5	28.4	29.0	26.6	17.8	15.6	29.0	18.8	18.3	14.9	19.6
Production occupations	10.9	12.3	10.6	18.7	18.5	19.5	9.6	8.1	21.7	10.1	9.5	7.2	10.3
Transportation and material moving occupations	8.7	7.9	8.9	9.7	10.5	7.0	8.2	7.5	7.3	8.7	8.8	7.7	9.2

¹ Less than .05 percent.

NOTE: Totals for summary groups published include other occupations not shown separately. Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American,

and Asian) do not sum to totals because data for other race groups are not shown. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by industry, 2004 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Civilian Labor Force													
Total	27,424	7,497	19,928	34,323	23,517	10,807	51,509	27,183	8,341	15,985	33,459	10,024	23,434
Mining	(²)	(²)	(²)	71	44	(²)	337	58	50	230	120	92	(²)
Construction	1,855	526	1,329	2,437	1,645	792	4,555	2,484	678	1,392	2,800	952	1,847
Manufacturing	3,020	921	2,099	5,408	4,054	1,354	5,696	2,700	1,299	1,697	3,341	777	2,564
Durable goods	1,816	642	1,174	3,624	2,794	830	3,252	1,449	836	967	2,237	538	1,699
Nonmetallic mineral products	83	(²)	65	155	106	49	193	89	39	65	103	35	68
Primary and fabricated metal products	346	110	236	778	624	154	588	242	156	190	304	84	219
Machinery manufacturing	236	70	167	524	381	143	374	149	97	127	158	41	116
Computer and electronic products	344	163	181	269	180	88	412	197	54	160	642	131	511
Electrical equipment and appliances	100	37	63	175	132	43	183	88	58	(²)	59	(²)	46
Transportation equipment	234	101	133	1,057	897	160	693	271	231	191	413	74	338
Wood products	71	(²)	51	138	97	41	219	104	79	(²)	114	31	83
Furniture and fixtures	78	(²)	62	217	157	60	253	134	60	59	134	33	101
Miscellaneous manufacturing	324	107	217	312	219	93	338	175	61	102	311	94	217
Nondurable goods	1,204	279	925	1,783	1,260	524	2,444	1,251	463	730	1,104	239	865
Food manufacturing	227	48	179	483	276	207	620	249	120	251	347	93	254
Beverage and tobacco products	38	(²)	(²)	48	(²)	(²)	106	62	(²)	(²)	69	(²)	57
Textile, apparel, and leather	203	48	155	102	62	40	522	377	80	64	187	(²)	167
Paper and printing	269	77	192	449	334	115	461	237	105	119	214	58	156
Petroleum and coal products	(²)	(²)	(²)	37	(²)	(²)	85	(²)	(²)	66	(²)	(²)	(²)
Chemicals	340	62	278	359	278	80	385	183	68	134	175	30	145
Plastic and rubber products	117	37	80	307	245	61	266	131	60	74	73	(²)	53
Wholesale and retail trade	3,986	1,131	2,855	5,236	3,495	1,741	7,823	4,140	1,266	2,417	5,055	1,529	3,526
Wholesale trade	848	236	612	1,175	803	372	1,617	843	263	512	1,175	302	873
Retail trade	3,138	895	2,243	4,061	2,692	1,368	6,206	3,297	1,003	1,906	3,880	1,227	2,653
Transportation and utilities	1,435	281	1,154	1,669	1,149	520	2,629	1,322	452	854	1,558	484	1,073
Transportation and warehousing	1,241	238	1,003	1,390	977	413	2,160	1,078	363	719	1,308	387	921
Utilities	194	43	150	279	172	107	469	244	89	135	250	98	152
Information	764	186	578	738	469	269	1,205	663	159	382	953	242	710
Publishing, except Internet	230	62	169	204	127	77	250	140	39	72	187	48	140
Motion picture and sound recording industries	76	(²)	62	58	39	(²)	106	62	(²)	(²)	216	(²)	191
Broadcasting, except Internet	125	(²)	99	95	56	39	186	102	(²)	53	137	41	96
Telecommunications	240	54	186	269	166	103	536	287	55	193	308	95	213
Internet service providers and data processing services	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	62	(²)	(²)	(²)	46	(²)	(²)
Other information services	61	(²)	42	77	56	(²)	62	(²)	(²)	(²)	53	(²)	(²)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by industry, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Civilian Labor Force													
Financial activities	2,122	584	1,538	2,292	1,506	786	3,464	1,922	478	1,064	2,434	695	1,739
Finance and insurance	1,580	447	1,133	1,717	1,125	592	2,308	1,289	337	683	1,567	444	1,123
Finance	1,056	273	783	1,012	666	346	1,481	837	209	435	1,052	305	747
Insurance	524	174	350	705	459	246	827	451	128	248	515	139	376
Real estate and rental and leasing ..	542	137	406	575	382	193	1,156	633	142	381	867	251	616
Real estate	458	116	342	478	325	153	929	541	108	280	729	209	520
Rental and leasing services	84	(²)	63	97	57	40	227	92	(²)	101	139	43	96
Professional and business services ...	2,971	816	2,156	3,024	2,140	884	5,189	3,050	594	1,546	3,847	1,092	2,755
Professional and technical services	1,877	528	1,350	1,696	1,192	504	2,870	1,703	323	844	2,259	615	1,645
Management, administrative, and waste services	1,094	288	806	1,328	948	380	2,320	1,346	271	702	1,588	477	1,111
Administrative and support services	1,000	263	736	1,223	872	351	2,151	1,254	240	657	1,485	444	1,041
Waste management and remediation services	82	(²)	62	100	74	(²)	158	89	(²)	43	94	31	63
Education and health services	6,317	1,780	4,537	7,043	4,741	2,301	10,061	5,141	1,753	3,167	6,198	1,852	4,346
Educational services	2,571	723	1,847	2,828	1,869	959	4,287	2,203	702	1,382	2,698	854	1,844
Health care and social assistance ..	3,746	1,056	2,690	4,214	2,872	1,342	5,774	2,939	1,050	1,785	3,500	998	2,502
Hospitals	1,253	359	893	1,460	990	470	2,010	1,034	392	584	1,084	269	815
Health services, except hospitals ..	1,252	348	904	1,286	904	382	1,947	994	326	627	1,329	393	935
Social assistance	1,241	349	893	1,468	978	491	1,817	911	332	574	1,088	336	752
Leisure and hospitality	2,173	599	1,575	2,978	2,117	861	4,474	2,414	693	1,366	3,237	1,146	2,091
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	552	144	408	591	410	181	892	509	137	246	855	277	577
Accommodation and food services	1,621	454	1,167	2,387	1,707	680	3,582	1,905	556	1,120	2,382	868	1,514
Accommodation	239	79	159	295	210	85	545	338	63	144	550	272	277
Food services and drinking places	1,382	375	1,008	2,092	1,497	595	3,036	1,567	493	976	1,832	596	1,236
Other services	1,341	343	999	1,548	1,048	499	2,703	1,479	406	818	1,655	473	1,182
Other services, except private households	1,178	308	870	1,402	952	450	2,398	1,324	369	705	1,422	425	997
Repair and maintenance	344	101	244	456	312	144	855	442	126	286	539	155	384
Personal and laundry services	440	111	328	476	329	147	795	450	109	237	506	156	350
Membership associations and organizations	395	96	298	470	310	159	748	431	134	183	377	114	263
Private households	163	34	129	146	96	50	305	155	37	113	233	49	185
Public administration	1,184	275	908	1,216	814	402	2,568	1,522	360	686	1,546	497	1,049
Agricultural and related industries	216	51	165	661	291	370	791	280	151	360	710	190	520

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by industry, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Employed													
Total	26,074	7,162	18,912	32,481	22,178	10,303	49,034	25,982	7,926	15,126	31,665	9,555	22,110
Mining	(²)	(²)	(²)	70	43	(²)	324	56	47	221	114	90	(²)
Construction	1,698	485	1,213	2,214	1,489	724	4,263	2,338	630	1,295	2,596	892	1,703
Manufacturing	2,857	876	1,981	5,113	3,821	1,292	5,386	2,556	1,224	1,606	3,133	737	2,396
Durable goods	1,718	610	1,109	3,425	2,632	793	3,076	1,367	792	917	2,112	512	1,600
Nonmetallic mineral products	78	(²)	61	145	100	45	185	85	38	62	99	33	66
Primary and fabricated metal products	327	107	221	736	589	147	560	229	149	182	284	80	204
Machinery manufacturing	228	67	160	495	357	138	343	133	91	119	146	41	105
Computer and electronic products	317	151	167	256	170	86	393	188	52	153	602	123	479
Electrical equipment and appliances	96	36	60	165	124	41	166	82	52	(²)	56	(²)	43
Transportation equipment	223	95	128	1,001	846	155	661	262	218	181	398	71	328
Wood products	67	(²)	48	130	91	39	209	98	77	(²)	108	30	77
Furniture and fixtures	74	(²)	59	207	150	57	241	127	56	58	128	32	96
Miscellaneous manufacturing	307	102	205	290	204	86	320	164	59	97	291	90	201
Nondurable goods	1,139	266	872	1,688	1,189	499	2,310	1,189	432	690	1,021	225	796
Food manufacturing	214	45	169	453	256	197	584	234	110	239	317	87	230
Beverage and tobacco products	37	(²)	(²)	43	(²)	(²)	102	60	(²)	(²)	64	(²)	52
Textile, apparel, and leather	186	45	141	98	60	38	478	350	70	57	166	(²)	147
Paper and printing	254	75	179	428	320	108	441	228	99	113	202	55	147
Petroleum and coal products	(²)	(²)	(²)	34	(²)	(²)	81	(²)	(²)	62	(²)	(²)	(²)
Chemicals	329	60	269	347	269	77	372	178	66	128	168	28	141
Plastic and rubber products	110	35	75	285	226	59	253	127	57	69	67	(²)	49
Wholesale and retail trade	3,759	1,079	2,680	4,947	3,284	1,663	7,415	3,932	1,205	2,278	4,752	1,454	3,298
Wholesale trade	805	226	579	1,127	766	361	1,558	813	255	490	1,110	288	821
Retail trade	2,954	853	2,101	3,820	2,518	1,302	5,857	3,120	949	1,788	3,642	1,166	2,476
Transportation and utilities	1,381	268	1,113	1,601	1,095	506	2,536	1,283	439	814	1,496	465	1,030
Transportation and warehousing	1,189	226	963	1,327	927	400	2,079	1,045	352	683	1,249	370	879
Utilities	192	42	149	274	168	106	457	238	87	132	247	96	151
Information	732	179	553	699	443	256	1,147	634	149	364	883	230	653
Publishing, except Internet	219	58	162	192	121	71	241	135	37	68	178	46	132
Motion picture and sound recording industries	72	(²)	58	56	38	(²)	97	58	(²)	(²)	193	(²)	171
Broadcasting, except Internet	122	(²)	96	91	52	39	180	98	(²)	52	127	40	87
Telecommunications	227	53	175	253	154	99	508	272	52	185	284	88	195
Internet service providers and data processing services	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	60	(²)	(²)	(²)	44	(²)	(²)
Other information services	60	(²)	42	75	55	(²)	59	(²)	(²)	(²)	51	(²)	(²)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by industry, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Employed													
Financial activities	2,043	566	1,477	2,210	1,451	759	3,354	1,869	464	1,020	2,360	678	1,682
Finance and insurance	1,519	433	1,086	1,660	1,085	575	2,244	1,254	331	660	1,516	434	1,082
Finance	1,012	265	746	974	640	334	1,438	813	207	418	1,018	297	721
Insurance	507	168	339	686	445	241	805	440	124	241	498	137	362
Real estate and rental and leasing ..	525	133	392	550	366	184	1,110	615	134	361	844	245	599
Real estate	446	113	333	458	311	147	897	525	103	269	713	204	509
Rental and leasing services	79	(²)	59	91	54	37	213	90	(²)	92	131	41	90
Professional and business services ...	2,791	771	2,020	2,810	1,983	828	4,885	2,898	550	1,438	3,614	1,025	2,588
Professional and technical services	1,796	507	1,289	1,631	1,147	484	2,779	1,652	313	814	2,174	595	1,579
Management, administrative, and waste services	995	264	732	1,180	836	344	2,106	1,245	238	623	1,440	430	1,009
Administrative and support services	907	240	667	1,082	766	316	1,950	1,160	210	579	1,342	397	945
Waste management and remediation services	77	(²)	57	92	67	(²)	147	83	(²)	41	89	31	58
Education and health services	6,140	1,734	4,406	6,821	4,590	2,230	9,751	4,999	1,698	3,054	6,008	1,794	4,213
Educational services	2,512	705	1,807	2,749	1,817	932	4,184	2,160	684	1,340	2,613	829	1,784
Health care and social assistance ..	3,628	1,029	2,599	4,072	2,773	1,298	5,567	2,839	1,014	1,714	3,394	965	2,429
Hospitals	1,228	353	875	1,434	975	460	1,971	1,017	384	570	1,066	263	803
Health services, except hospitals ..	1,218	342	876	1,251	876	374	1,878	960	316	603	1,294	383	910
Social assistance	1,182	334	848	1,386	922	464	1,717	862	314	541	1,035	319	716
Leisure and hospitality	1,999	557	1,442	2,699	1,917	782	4,109	2,234	632	1,243	3,014	1,072	1,942
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	508	136	372	544	378	166	837	481	129	227	799	261	538
Accommodation and food services	1,491	421	1,070	2,155	1,539	616	3,272	1,752	503	1,016	2,214	811	1,404
Accommodation	218	74	144	264	187	77	514	318	57	139	518	256	262
Food services and drinking places	1,274	347	926	1,891	1,352	539	2,758	1,434	446	877	1,696	555	1,142
Other services	1,277	325	952	1,469	990	479	2,590	1,420	390	781	1,566	453	1,113
Other services, except private households	1,126	294	832	1,335	904	431	2,311	1,277	358	677	1,352	408	944
Repair and maintenance	324	95	230	431	296	135	813	423	121	269	510	148	363
Personal and laundry services	424	108	316	452	311	141	769	434	105	231	483	151	332
Membership associations and organizations	377	91	287	452	297	155	728	420	132	177	358	109	249
Private households	151	32	120	134	86	48	279	143	32	104	214	45	169
Public administration	1,155	269	886	1,184	791	393	2,516	1,494	352	670	1,508	484	1,024
Agricultural and related industries	208	48	160	644	280	364	758	271	145	342	624	180	444

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by industry, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Unemployed													
Total	1,351	335	1,016	1,842	1,339	504	2,475	1,201	415	859	1,794	470	1,324
Mining	(²)	(²)	(²)	1	(³)	(²)	13	2	3	9	6	3	(²)
Construction	157	41	116	223	155	68	291	146	48	97	204	60	144
Manufacturing	163	45	118	295	233	62	310	144	75	91	208	40	168
Durable goods	98	32	66	199	162	37	176	82	44	51	125	25	100
Nonmetallic mineral products	5	(²)	4	10	6	4	8	4	1	3	4	1	2
Primary and fabricated metal products	19	3	16	42	35	7	28	13	7	8	19	4	15
Machinery manufacturing	9	3	6	29	23	5	32	16	6	9	12	1	11
Computer and electronic products	26	12	15	13	10	3	19	9	3	7	40	8	32
Electrical equipment and appliances	4	1	3	10	8	2	17	7	6	(²)	3	(²)	3
Transportation equipment	11	6	5	56	51	5	32	8	13	11	14	4	10
Wood products	3	(²)	3	8	6	2	11	6	2	(²)	6	1	5
Furniture and fixtures	4	(²)	3	10	7	3	12	7	3	1	6	1	5
Miscellaneous manufacturing	17	5	12	22	15	6	18	11	2	5	20	4	16
Nondurable goods	65	13	53	96	71	25	134	62	32	40	82	14	68
Food manufacturing	13	3	11	31	21	10	36	15	9	12	30	7	23
Beverage and tobacco products	1	(²)	(²)	5	(²)	(²)	4	2	(²)	(²)	5	(²)	5
Textile, apparel, and leather	17	3	14	4	2	2	44	27	10	7	21	(²)	20
Paper and printing	15	2	12	21	14	6	20	8	6	6	12	3	9
Petroleum and coal products	(²)	(²)	(²)	2	(²)	(²)	4	(²)	(²)	4	(²)	(²)	(²)
Chemicals	11	2	9	12	9	3	13	5	2	6	7	2	5
Plastic and rubber products	7	2	6	21	19	3	13	4	4	5	6	(²)	4
Wholesale and retail trade	228	52	175	288	211	77	408	208	61	140	303	75	228
Wholesale trade	43	9	33	48	36	11	59	30	7	22	65	14	52
Retail trade	185	43	142	241	175	66	350	178	54	118	238	61	177
Transportation and utilities	54	13	41	68	54	14	93	40	13	40	62	19	43
Transportation and warehousing	52	12	40	63	50	13	81	33	11	37	59	17	42
Utilities	2	1	1	5	4	1	12	6	2	4	3	2	1
Information	32	7	25	39	26	12	57	29	10	18	70	12	58
Publishing, except Internet	11	4	7	12	6	6	10	4	2	3	9	2	7
Motion picture and sound recording industries	4	(²)	3	3	1	(²)	8	4	(²)	(²)	22	(²)	20
Broadcasting, except Internet	3	(²)	2	3	3	(³)	6	3	(²)	1	10	1	9
Telecommunications	13	1	12	15	12	4	28	15	4	9	24	7	18
Internet service providers and data processing services	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	3	(²)	(²)	(²)	2	(²)	(²)
Other information services	1	(²)	(³)	2	1	(²)	2	(²)	(²)	(²)	2	(²)	(²)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by industry, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Unemployed													
Financial activities	79	18	61	82	56	27	111	53	14	44	75	17	57
Finance and insurance	61	14	47	57	40	17	65	35	6	23	51	10	41
Finance	44	8	36	38	26	12	43	24	3	16	34	8	26
Insurance	17	6	11	19	14	5	22	11	3	7	17	2	15
Real estate and rental and leasing ..	18	4	14	25	16	10	46	18	8	20	24	7	17
Real estate	12	3	9	20	13	7	33	16	5	11	16	5	11
Rental and leasing services	6	(²)	5	5	3	3	14	2	(²)	9	8	2	6
Professional and business services ...	180	45	135	214	157	57	304	152	44	108	233	67	167
Professional and technical services	81	21	61	65	45	20	90	51	10	29	85	20	66
Management, administrative, and waste services	99	25	75	149	113	36	214	101	34	79	148	47	101
Administrative and support services	93	23	69	140	105	35	202	94	30	77	143	47	96
Waste management and remediation services	6	(²)	4	8	7	(²)	11	6	(²)	2	5	(³)	5
Education and health services	177	45	132	222	151	71	310	143	54	113	191	58	132
Educational services	59	18	41	79	52	27	103	43	18	43	84	25	60
Health care and social assistance ..	118	27	91	143	99	44	207	100	37	71	106	34	73
Hospitals	24	6	18	26	16	10	38	17	7	14	18	6	12
Health services, except hospitals ..	34	6	28	36	28	8	69	34	11	24	35	10	25
Social assistance	59	15	44	82	55	26	100	48	18	33	53	18	36
Leisure and hospitality	174	42	132	278	200	79	365	181	61	123	223	74	149
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	44	9	36	46	32	15	55	28	8	19	55	16	39
Accommodation and food services	130	33	97	232	168	64	310	153	53	104	168	57	110
Accommodation	21	6	15	31	23	8	32	20	6	6	32	16	16
Food services and drinking places	109	28	81	201	145	56	279	133	47	99	136	41	95
Other services	64	17	47	78	58	20	113	59	16	37	89	21	69
Other services, except private households	52	15	38	66	48	19	87	47	11	28	70	17	53
Repair and maintenance	20	6	14	25	17	8	41	19	5	17	28	7	22
Personal and laundry services	15	3	12	24	18	6	26	16	4	6	23	5	18
Membership associations and organizations	17	6	12	17	13	5	20	12	2	5	19	5	14
Private households	12	3	9	12	10	2	26	12	5	9	19	4	15
Public administration	29	6	23	32	23	9	52	28	7	16	38	13	25
Agricultural and related industries	8	3	5	17	11	6	32	9	6	18	86	10	76

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by industry, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Unemployment Rate													
Total	4.9	4.5	5.1	5.4	5.7	4.7	4.8	4.4	5.0	5.4	5.4	4.7	5.7
Mining	(²)	(²)	(²)	1.6	.5	(²)	3.9	3.5	5.3	3.7	5.2	2.7	(²)
Construction	8.4	7.8	8.7	9.2	9.5	8.6	6.4	5.9	7.1	7.0	7.3	6.3	7.8
Manufacturing	5.4	4.9	5.6	5.5	5.8	4.6	5.4	5.3	5.8	5.4	6.2	5.1	6.6
Durable goods	5.4	5.0	5.6	5.5	5.8	4.5	5.4	5.6	5.2	5.2	5.6	4.7	5.9
Nonmetallic mineral products	6.3	(²)	6.0	6.4	5.6	8.0	4.0	4.1	2.3	4.9	3.7	4.3	3.4
Primary and fabricated metal products	5.4	2.9	6.6	5.4	5.6	4.6	4.8	5.4	4.7	4.1	6.4	5.2	6.8
Machinery manufacturing	3.7	3.7	3.6	5.5	6.1	3.7	8.4	11.0	6.5	6.9	7.4	2.1	9.3
Computer and electronic products	7.7	7.3	8.0	4.8	5.8	2.9	4.5	4.6	4.8	4.4	6.3	6.1	6.3
Electrical equipment and appliances	3.8	2.4	4.6	5.7	6.2	4.2	9.1	7.4	9.6	(²)	5.5	(²)	5.8
Transportation equipment	4.8	6.1	3.8	5.3	5.7	3.4	4.7	3.1	5.6	5.6	3.5	5.3	3.1
Wood products	4.8	(²)	5.5	5.6	6.1	4.5	4.8	5.9	2.9	(²)	5.4	3.1	6.2
Furniture and fixtures	5.2	(²)	4.8	4.6	4.4	5.3	4.7	5.5	5.5	2.3	4.4	3.2	4.8
Miscellaneous manufacturing	5.1	4.4	5.5	7.0	7.0	6.8	5.3	6.3	3.6	4.8	6.6	4.4	7.5
Nondurable goods	5.4	4.5	5.7	5.4	5.6	4.7	5.5	5.0	6.8	5.5	7.5	6.0	7.9
Food manufacturing	5.9	5.8	6.0	6.4	7.6	4.8	5.8	6.0	7.8	4.7	8.6	7.0	9.2
Beverage and tobacco products	2.4	(²)	(²)	9.9	(²)	(²)	3.9	3.6	(²)	(²)	7.3	(²)	8.9
Textile, apparel, and leather	8.5	7.0	8.9	3.7	3.5	4.1	8.4	7.2	12.9	10.3	11.2	(²)	12.0
Paper and printing	5.5	2.9	6.5	4.6	4.3	5.6	4.3	3.5	5.3	5.0	5.5	5.0	5.7
Petroleum and coal products	(²)	(²)	(²)	5.6	(²)	(²)	5.1	(²)	(²)	5.8	(²)	(²)	(²)
Chemicals	3.3	3.0	3.4	3.4	3.2	4.0	3.3	2.9	2.8	4.1	4.0	8.1	3.2
Plastic and rubber products	6.2	4.6	6.9	6.9	7.6	4.2	5.0	3.4	6.2	6.9	7.6	(²)	7.8
Wholesale and retail trade	5.7	4.6	6.1	5.5	6.0	4.4	5.2	5.0	4.8	5.8	6.0	4.9	6.5
Wholesale trade	5.1	4.0	5.5	4.1	4.5	3.0	3.6	3.5	2.8	4.2	5.6	4.5	5.9
Retail trade	5.9	4.8	6.3	5.9	6.5	4.8	5.6	5.4	5.3	6.2	6.1	5.0	6.7
Transportation and utilities	3.8	4.5	3.6	4.1	4.7	2.7	3.5	3.0	2.9	4.7	4.0	3.9	4.0
Transportation and warehousing	4.2	5.0	4.0	4.5	5.1	3.2	3.7	3.1	3.0	5.1	4.5	4.4	4.6
Utilities	1.1	1.9	.8	1.9	2.5	.8	2.6	2.6	2.3	2.7	1.2	1.9	.7
Information	4.2	3.7	4.4	5.2	5.6	4.6	4.8	4.4	6.4	4.7	7.3	5.1	8.1
Publishing, except Internet	4.6	5.8	4.1	5.7	4.5	7.6	3.8	3.1	4.5	4.7	5.0	4.2	5.3
Motion picture and sound recording industries	4.9	(²)	5.3	4.7	2.8	(²)	7.9	7.0	(²)	(²)	10.4	(²)	10.5
Broadcasting, except Internet	2.2	(²)	2.4	3.6	6.1	.1	3.4	3.2	(²)	2.5	7.1	2.7	8.9
Telecommunications	5.3	2.2	6.3	5.8	7.0	3.8	5.2	5.4	6.6	4.5	7.9	7.1	8.3
Internet service providers and data processing services	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	4.8	(²)	(²)	(²)	4.0	(²)	(²)
Other information services	1.7	(²)	(³)	2.6	2.4	(²)	3.7	(²)	(²)	(²)	4.3	(²)	(²)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by industry, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Unemployment Rate													
Financial activities	3.7	3.1	3.9	3.6	3.7	3.4	3.2	2.8	2.9	4.1	3.1	2.5	3.3
Finance and insurance	3.9	3.1	4.1	3.3	3.6	2.9	2.8	2.7	1.8	3.4	3.2	2.3	3.6
Finance	4.2	2.9	4.6	3.7	3.8	3.5	2.9	2.8	1.2	3.8	3.2	2.7	3.5
Insurance	3.2	3.5	3.1	2.8	3.1	2.0	2.6	2.5	2.7	2.8	3.3	1.5	3.9
Real estate and rental and leasing ..	3.3	2.9	3.4	4.4	4.1	4.9	4.0	2.9	5.5	5.3	2.7	2.8	2.7
Real estate	2.6	2.5	2.7	4.2	4.0	4.5	3.5	3.0	4.8	4.1	2.1	2.4	2.0
Rental and leasing services	6.6	(²)	7.2	5.5	4.6	6.7	6.0	2.2	(²)	8.8	5.9	4.6	6.5
Professional and business services ...	6.1	5.5	6.3	7.1	7.4	6.4	5.9	5.0	7.3	7.0	6.1	6.1	6.1
Professional and technical services	4.3	3.9	4.5	3.8	3.7	4.0	3.1	3.0	3.1	3.5	3.8	3.2	4.0
Management, administrative, and waste services	9.1	8.5	9.3	11.2	11.9	9.5	9.2	7.5	12.4	11.3	9.3	9.8	9.1
Administrative and support services	9.3	8.8	9.4	11.5	12.1	10.1	9.4	7.5	12.5	11.8	9.6	10.5	9.2
Waste management and remediation services	6.8	(²)	7.2	7.9	9.5	(²)	7.0	7.2	(²)	3.9	5.7	1.0	8.1
Education and health services	2.8	2.5	2.9	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.1	2.8	3.1	3.6	3.1	3.1	3.0
Educational services	2.3	2.5	2.2	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.4	1.9	2.5	3.1	3.1	2.9	3.2
Health care and social assistance ..	3.1	2.6	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.6	3.4	3.5	4.0	3.0	3.4	2.9
Hospitals	1.9	1.7	2.1	1.7	1.6	2.1	1.9	1.6	1.9	2.4	1.7	2.2	1.5
Health services, except hospitals ..	2.7	1.7	3.1	2.8	3.1	2.0	3.5	3.5	3.3	3.8	2.6	2.5	2.7
Social assistance	4.8	4.3	5.0	5.6	5.7	5.4	5.5	5.3	5.5	5.7	4.9	5.3	4.7
Leisure and hospitality	8.0	7.0	8.4	9.3	9.4	9.1	8.2	7.5	8.8	9.0	6.9	6.4	7.1
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	8.0	6.0	8.8	7.9	7.8	8.1	6.2	5.5	5.9	7.7	6.5	5.9	6.7
Accommodation and food services	8.0	7.3	8.3	9.7	9.8	9.4	8.7	8.0	9.5	9.3	7.0	6.6	7.3
Accommodation	8.7	7.0	9.5	10.6	11.1	9.5	5.8	6.0	9.2	3.9	5.8	5.9	5.7
Food services and drinking places	7.9	7.3	8.1	9.6	9.7	9.4	9.2	8.5	9.6	10.1	7.4	6.9	7.6
Other services	4.8	5.1	4.7	5.1	5.5	4.1	4.2	4.0	4.0	4.5	5.4	4.4	5.8
Other services, except private households	4.4	4.8	4.3	4.7	5.0	4.1	3.6	3.6	3.1	4.0	4.9	4.0	5.3
Repair and maintenance	5.8	5.9	5.7	5.5	5.4	5.8	4.8	4.3	3.9	6.1	5.3	4.5	5.6
Personal and laundry services	3.5	2.7	3.7	5.0	5.5	3.8	3.3	3.6	3.7	2.4	4.5	3.2	5.1
Membership associations and organizations	4.4	5.9	3.9	3.7	4.2	2.8	2.6	2.8	1.8	3.0	5.1	4.3	5.4
Private households	7.3	8.0	7.1	8.3	10.5	3.9	8.4	7.8	13.5	7.7	8.2	7.9	8.3
Public administration	2.5	2.3	2.5	2.6	2.8	2.2	2.0	1.8	2.1	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.4
Agricultural and related industries	3.6	5.4	3.1	2.6	3.7	1.7	4.1	3.1	4.0	4.9	12.1	5.2	14.7

¹ Excludes persons with no previous work experience.

² Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the area in question, as determined by the sample size. See appendix B.

³ Less than 500 persons or less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Totals for summary groups published include other industries not shown separately. Items may not compute to displayed rates because of rounding.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2004 annual averages

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
TOTAL													
Total (in thousands)	26,074	7,162	18,912	32,481	22,178	10,303	49,034	25,982	7,926	15,126	31,665	9,555	22,110
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining .....	.1	.1	.1	.2	.2	.3	.7	.2	.6	1.5	.4	.9	.1
Construction	6.5	6.8	6.4	6.8	6.7	7.0	8.7	9.0	8.0	8.6	8.2	9.3	7.7
Manufacturing	11.0	12.2	10.5	15.7	17.2	12.5	11.0	9.8	15.4	10.6	9.9	7.7	10.8
Durable goods	6.6	8.5	5.9	10.5	11.9	7.7	6.3	5.3	10.0	6.1	6.7	5.4	7.2
Nonmetallic mineral products .....	.3	.2	.3	.4	.5	.4	.4	.3	.5	.4	.3	.3	.3
Primary and fabricated metal products	1.3	1.5	1.2	2.3	2.7	1.4	1.1	.9	1.9	1.2	.9	.8	.9
Machinery manufacturing .....	.9	.9	.8	1.5	1.6	1.3	.7	.5	1.1	.8	.5	.4	.5
Computer and electronic products	1.2	2.1	.9	.8	.8	.8	.8	.7	.7	1.0	1.9	1.3	2.2
Electrical equipment and appliances .....	.4	.5	.3	.5	.6	.4	.3	.3	.7	.2	.2	.1	.2
Transportation equipment .....	.9	1.3	.7	3.1	3.8	1.5	1.3	1.0	2.7	1.2	1.3	.7	1.5
Wood products .....	.3	.3	.3	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4	1.0	.2	.3	.3	.4
Furniture and fixtures .....	.3	.2	.3	.6	.7	.5	.5	.5	.7	.4	.4	.3	.4
Miscellaneous manufacturing	1.2	1.4	1.1	.9	.9	.8	.7	.6	.7	.6	.9	.9	.9
Nondurable goods	4.4	3.7	4.6	5.2	5.4	4.8	4.7	4.6	5.4	4.6	3.2	2.4	3.6
Food manufacturing .....	.8	.6	.9	1.4	1.2	1.9	1.2	.9	1.4	1.6	1.0	.9	1.0
Beverage and tobacco products .....	.1	.1	.2	.1	.1	.1	.2	.2	.3	.1	.2	.1	.2
Textile, apparel, and leather .....	.7	.6	.7	.3	.3	.4	1.0	1.3	.9	.4	.5	.2	.7
Paper and printing	1.0	1.0	.9	1.3	1.4	1.1	.9	.9	1.3	.7	.6	.6	.7
Petroleum and coal products	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	.2	(¹)	.1	.4	.1	.1	.1
Chemicals	1.3	.8	1.4	1.1	1.2	.7	.8	.7	.8	.8	.5	.3	.6
Plastic and rubber products .....	.4	.5	.4	.9	1.0	.6	.5	.5	.7	.5	.2	.2	.2
Wholesale and retail trade	14.4	15.1	14.2	15.2	14.8	16.1	15.1	15.1	15.2	15.1	15.0	15.2	14.9
Wholesale trade	3.1	3.2	3.1	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.2	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.5	3.0	3.7
Retail trade	11.3	11.9	11.1	11.8	11.4	12.6	11.9	12.0	12.0	11.8	11.5	12.2	11.2
Transportation and utilities	5.3	3.7	5.9	4.9	4.9	4.9	5.2	4.9	5.5	5.4	4.7	4.9	4.7
Transportation and warehousing	4.6	3.2	5.1	4.1	4.2	3.9	4.2	4.0	4.4	4.5	3.9	3.9	4.0
Utilities .....	.7	.6	.8	.8	.8	1.0	.9	.9	1.1	.9	.8	1.0	.7
Information	2.8	2.5	2.9	2.2	2.0	2.5	2.3	2.4	1.9	2.4	2.8	2.4	3.0
Publishing, except Internet .....	.8	.8	.9	.6	.5	.7	.5	.5	.5	.5	.6	.5	.6
Motion picture and sound recording industries .....	.3	.2	.3	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.6	.2	.8
Broadcasting, except Internet .....	.5	.4	.5	.3	.2	.4	.4	.4	.4	.3	.4	.4	.4
Telecommunications .....	.9	.7	.9	.8	.7	1.0	1.0	1.0	.7	1.2	.9	.9	.9
Internet service providers and data processing services .....	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.2	.1
Other information services .....	.2	.3	.2	.2	.2	.2	.1	.1	.1	.1	.2	.2	.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
TOTAL													
Financial activities	7.8	7.9	7.8	6.8	6.5	7.4	6.8	7.2	5.9	6.7	7.5	7.1	7.6
Finance and insurance	5.8	6.0	5.7	5.1	4.9	5.6	4.6	4.8	4.2	4.4	4.8	4.5	4.9
Finance	3.9	3.7	3.9	3.0	2.9	3.2	2.9	3.1	2.6	2.8	3.2	3.1	3.3
Insurance	1.9	2.3	1.8	2.1	2.0	2.3	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.4	1.6
Real estate and rental and leasing ..	2.0	1.9	2.1	1.7	1.6	1.8	2.3	2.4	1.7	2.4	2.7	2.6	2.7
Real estate	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.8	2.0	1.3	1.8	2.3	2.1	2.3
Rental and leasing services .....	.3	.3	.3	.3	.2	.4	.4	.3	.4	.6	.4	.4	.4
Professional and business services ...	10.7	10.8	10.7	8.7	8.9	8.0	10.0	11.2	6.9	9.5	11.4	10.7	11.7
Professional and technical services	6.9	7.1	6.8	5.0	5.2	4.7	5.7	6.4	3.9	5.4	6.9	6.2	7.1
Management, administrative, and waste services	3.8	3.7	3.9	3.6	3.8	3.3	4.3	4.8	3.0	4.1	4.5	4.5	4.6
Administrative and support services	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.3	3.5	3.1	4.0	4.5	2.7	3.8	4.2	4.2	4.3
Waste management and remediation services .....	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.2	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3
Education and health services	23.6	24.2	23.3	21.0	20.7	21.6	19.9	19.2	21.4	20.2	19.0	18.8	19.1
Educational services	9.6	9.8	9.6	8.5	8.2	9.0	8.5	8.3	8.6	8.9	8.3	8.7	8.1
Health care and social assistance ..	13.9	14.4	13.7	12.5	12.5	12.6	11.4	10.9	12.8	11.3	10.7	10.1	11.0
Hospitals	4.7	4.9	4.6	4.4	4.4	4.5	4.0	3.9	4.8	3.8	3.4	2.8	3.6
Health services, except hospitals ..	4.7	4.8	4.6	3.9	4.0	3.6	3.8	3.7	4.0	4.0	4.1	4.0	4.1
Social assistance	4.5	4.7	4.5	4.3	4.2	4.5	3.5	3.3	4.0	3.6	3.3	3.3	3.2
Leisure and hospitality	7.7	7.8	7.6	8.3	8.6	7.6	8.4	8.6	8.0	8.2	9.5	11.2	8.8
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.9	1.6	1.5	2.5	2.7	2.4
Accommodation and food services	5.7	5.9	5.7	6.6	6.9	6.0	6.7	6.7	6.3	6.7	7.0	8.5	6.3
Accommodation .....	.8	1.0	.8	.8	.8	.7	1.0	1.2	.7	.9	1.6	2.7	1.2
Food services and drinking places	4.9	4.9	4.9	5.8	6.1	5.2	5.6	5.5	5.6	5.8	5.4	5.8	5.2
Other services	4.9	4.5	5.0	4.5	4.5	4.6	5.3	5.5	4.9	5.2	4.9	4.7	5.0
Other services, except private households	4.3	4.1	4.4	4.1	4.1	4.2	4.7	4.9	4.5	4.5	4.3	4.3	4.3
Repair and maintenance	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.6
Personal and laundry services	1.6	1.5	1.7	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.5
Membership associations and organizations	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1
Private households .....	.6	.4	.6	.4	.4	.5	.6	.6	.4	.7	.7	.5	.8
Public administration	4.4	3.8	4.7	3.6	3.6	3.8	5.1	5.8	4.4	4.4	4.8	5.1	4.6
Agricultural and related private wage and salary workers .....	.8	.7	.8	2.0	1.3	3.5	1.5	1.0	1.8	2.3	2.0	1.9	2.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Men													
Total (in thousands)	13,743	3,724	10,019	17,146	11,733	5,413	26,292	13,820	4,204	8,268	17,343	5,231	12,111
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining .....	.2	.1	.3	.4	.3	.5	1.1	.4	1.0	2.3	.6	1.5	.2
Construction	11.4	12.0	11.1	11.6	11.4	12.2	14.6	15.2	13.6	14.2	13.4	15.3	12.6
Manufacturing	14.1	16.1	13.3	21.0	22.9	16.8	14.3	12.5	20.4	14.3	12.7	10.1	13.7
Durable goods	9.1	11.8	8.1	14.7	16.4	10.8	8.7	7.1	14.0	8.6	9.0	7.3	9.7
Nonmetallic mineral products .....	.4	.3	.4	.7	.7	.7	.6	.5	.8	.6	.5	.6	.4
Primary and fabricated metal products	1.9	2.3	1.8	3.4	3.9	2.3	1.7	1.2	3.1	1.9	1.4	1.3	1.4
Machinery manufacturing	1.2	1.4	1.1	2.3	2.4	1.9	1.0	.7	1.7	1.2	.7	.6	.7
Computer and electronic products	1.5	2.7	1.1	1.0	.9	1.1	1.0	.9	.8	1.4	2.4	1.7	2.8
Electrical equipment and appliances .....	.4	.7	.4	.6	.6	.5	.4	.4	.9	.2	.2	.2	.3
Transportation equipment	1.3	2.1	1.1	4.3	5.3	2.1	1.9	1.5	3.8	1.7	1.8	1.1	2.1
Wood products .....	.4	.5	.4	.6	.6	.5	.7	.6	1.5	.3	.5	.5	.5
Furniture and fixtures .....	.4	.3	.4	.9	.9	.8	.6	.6	.8	.6	.6	.5	.6
Miscellaneous manufacturing	1.4	1.5	1.3	1.1	1.1	.9	.7	.7	.7	.7	1.0	1.0	.9
Nondurable goods	5.0	4.3	5.3	6.3	6.5	6.0	5.6	5.4	6.4	5.7	3.6	2.8	4.0
Food manufacturing	1.0	.7	1.1	1.7	1.4	2.4	1.4	1.1	1.4	1.9	1.2	1.1	1.2
Beverage and tobacco products .....	.2	.1	.2	.2	.2	.2	.3	.3	.5	.2	.2	.2	.2
Textile, apparel, and leather .....	.5	.6	.2	.2	.2	.3	.9	1.3	.7	.3	.4	.1	.5
Paper and printing	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.6	1.8	1.3	1.1	1.1	1.6	.9	.8	.7	.9
Petroleum and coal products .....	.1	(¹)	.1	.1	.2	.1	.2	.1	.1	.6	.2	.1	.2
Chemicals	1.5	1.0	1.6	1.3	1.5	.9	1.0	.9	1.1	1.2	.6	.4	.6
Plastic and rubber products .....	.5	.6	.5	1.1	1.3	.8	.7	.7	1.0	.7	.3	.2	.3
Wholesale and retail trade	15.5	16.5	15.1	15.8	15.2	17.2	15.4	15.7	15.3	15.0	15.5	15.2	15.6
Wholesale trade	4.1	4.5	3.9	4.7	4.7	4.9	4.3	4.2	4.5	4.2	4.3	3.9	4.5
Retail trade	11.4	12.0	11.2	11.1	10.5	12.3	11.2	11.5	10.8	10.8	11.2	11.4	11.1
Transportation and utilities	7.7	5.6	8.5	7.2	7.2	7.1	7.4	7.1	7.9	7.6	6.4	6.7	6.2
Transportation and warehousing	6.7	4.8	7.4	5.9	6.1	5.6	6.1	5.8	6.3	6.4	5.3	5.3	5.3
Utilities	1.1	.8	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.6	1.2	1.1	1.5	.9
Information	3.1	2.6	3.2	2.2	2.0	2.6	2.5	2.6	1.8	2.6	3.0	2.4	3.2
Publishing, except Internet .....	.8	.7	.8	.5	.5	.6	.5	.5	.4	.4	.5	.4	.6
Motion picture and sound recording industries .....	.3	.3	.3	.2	.2	.2	.3	.3	.2	.3	.7	.3	.9
Broadcasting, except Internet .....	.6	.5	.6	.4	.3	.5	.4	.4	.4	.4	.5	.4	.5
Telecommunications	1.1	.8	1.1	.8	.7	1.1	1.1	1.2	.6	1.3	1.0	1.0	.9
Internet service providers and data processing services .....	.1	.2	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.2	.1	.2	.2	.1
Other information services .....	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.1	.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Men													
Financial activities	7.2	6.6	7.5	5.5	5.3	5.8	5.4	5.8	4.1	5.2	6.1	5.9	6.1
Finance and insurance	5.1	5.0	5.1	3.8	3.7	4.0	3.1	3.5	2.4	2.9	3.5	3.3	3.6
Finance	3.6	3.1	3.8	2.3	2.2	2.4	2.1	2.4	1.5	1.9	2.4	2.3	2.5
Insurance	1.5	1.9	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.7	1.1	1.1	.9	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.2
Real estate and rental and leasing ..	2.2	1.7	2.3	1.7	1.6	1.7	2.2	2.4	1.7	2.3	2.5	2.5	2.5
Real estate	1.8	1.4	1.9	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.7	1.9	1.1	1.6	2.0	2.0	2.0
Rental and leasing services .....	.4	.3	.4	.3	.3	.4	.5	.4	.6	.7	.5	.6	.5
Professional and business services ...	11.6	12.0	11.4	9.0	9.3	8.4	10.7	11.9	7.8	10.1	12.2	11.6	12.5
Professional and technical services	7.2	7.5	7.1	5.2	5.4	4.8	5.9	6.6	4.3	5.5	7.0	6.5	7.2
Management, administrative, and waste services	4.4	4.5	4.3	3.8	3.9	3.6	4.8	5.3	3.5	4.5	5.3	5.1	5.3
Administrative and support services	3.9	4.0	3.8	3.3	3.4	3.2	4.3	4.8	3.0	4.0	4.8	4.6	4.9
Waste management and remediation services .....	.4	.4	.5	.5	.5	.4	.5	.5	.5	.5	.4	.5	.4
Education and health services	11.9	12.4	11.7	9.4	9.2	9.9	8.8	8.7	9.4	8.8	9.5	9.3	9.6
Educational services	5.9	6.2	5.8	5.1	5.0	5.3	4.6	4.5	4.7	4.7	4.9	5.2	4.8
Health care and social assistance ..	6.0	6.2	5.9	4.3	4.2	4.6	4.2	4.1	4.7	4.1	4.6	4.2	4.8
Hospitals	2.4	2.7	2.3	1.6	1.5	2.0	1.7	1.7	2.0	1.5	1.6	1.2	1.7
Health services, except hospitals ..	2.0	2.1	2.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.7	1.6	2.0	1.6	2.0	2.0	2.0
Social assistance	1.5	1.4	1.6	1.2	1.2	1.2	.8	.8	.7	.9	1.1	1.0	1.1
Leisure and hospitality	7.2	6.8	7.3	7.4	7.8	6.6	7.5	7.7	6.6	7.6	8.9	10.4	8.3
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.6	1.7	1.5	1.8	2.1	1.6	1.5	2.5	2.7	2.5
Accommodation and food services	5.3	4.9	5.4	5.8	6.1	5.1	5.7	5.7	5.1	6.1	6.4	7.7	5.8
Accommodation .....	.8	.9	.7	.5	.6	.5	.7	.9	.4	.7	1.4	2.5	1.0
Food services and drinking places	4.5	4.1	4.7	5.2	5.5	4.7	5.0	4.8	4.7	5.4	4.9	5.2	4.8
Other services	4.2	3.9	4.3	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.9	5.1	4.6	4.9	4.5	4.0	4.7
Other services, except private households	4.1	3.8	4.2	3.9	4.0	3.9	4.9	5.1	4.6	4.8	4.3	3.9	4.5
Repair and maintenance	2.0	2.1	2.0	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.8	2.6	2.3	2.7
Personal and laundry services	1.0	.7	1.1	.6	.7	.6	.9	1.0	.7	.8	.8	.7	.8
Membership associations and organizations	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.1	.9	.9	1.0
Private households .....	.1	.1	.1	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	.2
Public administration	4.8	4.4	5.0	3.7	3.7	3.6	5.2	5.8	4.8	4.4	4.6	5.0	4.5
Agricultural and related private wage and salary workers	1.2	1.0	1.2	2.9	1.8	5.3	2.2	1.4	2.7	3.1	2.7	2.5	2.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Women													
Total (in thousands)	12,330	3,438	8,892	15,335	10,445	4,890	22,742	12,162	3,722	6,858	14,322	4,323	9,999
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.1	(¹)	.2	(¹)	.1	.4	.1	.2	(¹)
Construction	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.4	1.5	1.3	1.8	2.0	1.5	1.8	1.9	2.2	1.7
Manufacturing	7.5	8.0	7.2	9.9	10.8	7.8	7.1	6.8	9.8	6.2	6.6	4.8	7.3
Durable goods	3.8	5.0	3.4	6.0	6.8	4.2	3.5	3.2	5.4	3.0	3.8	3.0	4.2
Nonmetallic mineral products .....	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.1	.1	.2	.1	.1	.1	.1
Primary and fabricated metal products .....	.5	.6	.5	1.0	1.2	.5	.5	.5	.5	.4	.3	.3	.3
Machinery manufacturing .....	.5	.5	.5	.7	.7	.7	.3	.3	.5	.3	.2	.2	.2
Computer and electronic products .....	.8	1.5	.6	.6	.6	.6	.6	.6	.5	.6	1.3	.8	1.5
Electrical equipment and appliances .....	.3	.3	.3	.4	.5	.2	.3	.2	.4	.2	.1	.1	.1
Transportation equipment .....	.3	.5	.3	1.8	2.2	.8	.7	.4	1.5	.6	.6	.4	.7
Wood products .....	.1	.1	.1	.2	.2	.2	.2	.1	.3	.1	.1	.1	.2
Furniture and fixtures .....	.2	.1	.2	.4	.4	.3	.3	.4	.6	.1	.2	.2	.2
Miscellaneous manufacturing .....	.9	1.3	.8	.7	.7	.7	.6	.5	.8	.6	.9	.9	.9
Nondurable goods	3.6	3.1	3.9	3.9	4.1	3.6	3.6	3.7	4.4	3.2	2.7	1.8	3.1
Food manufacturing .....	.7	.6	.7	1.0	.8	1.4	1.0	.7	1.4	1.2	.8	.7	.8
Beverage and tobacco products .....	.1	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.2	.1	.1	.2	(¹)	.2
Textile, apparel, and leather .....	.9	.7	1.0	.4	.3	.5	1.1	1.4	1.1	.5	.7	.3	.9
Paper and printing .....	.6	.7	.6	1.0	1.1	.8	.6	.6	.8	.6	.4	.5	.4
Petroleum and coal products	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.1	(¹)	.1	(¹)	.1	.2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Chemicals	1.1	.7	1.2	.8	.9	.6	.5	.5	.4	.4	.5	.2	.6
Plastic and rubber products .....	.3	.4	.3	.6	.7	.4	.3	.3	.4	.2	.2	.1	.2
Wholesale and retail trade	13.2	13.5	13.1	14.6	14.4	15.0	14.8	14.4	15.1	15.1	14.4	15.2	14.1
Wholesale trade	2.0	1.8	2.1	2.0	2.1	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.8	2.1	2.5	2.0	2.7
Retail trade	11.2	11.7	11.1	12.6	12.3	13.1	12.8	12.6	13.4	13.0	11.9	13.2	11.4
Transportation and utilities	2.6	1.7	2.9	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.6	2.4	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.8
Transportation and warehousing	2.2	1.4	2.5	2.0	2.1	1.9	2.1	2.0	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.3
Utilities .....	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4	.5	.5	.4	.5	.5	.4	.4	.4
Information	2.5	2.3	2.6	2.1	2.0	2.3	2.2	2.3	1.9	2.2	2.6	2.4	2.7
Publishing, except Internet .....	.9	.9	.9	.6	.6	.8	.5	.5	.5	.5	.6	.5	.6
Motion picture and sound recording industries .....	.2	.1	.3	.1	.1	.2	.1	.1	.1	.1	.5	.2	.6
Broadcasting, except Internet .....	.3	.3	.4	.2	.2	.2	.3	.3	.3	.2	.3	.4	.3
Telecommunications .....	.7	.6	.7	.7	.7	.8	.9	.9	.7	1.1	.8	.8	.8
Internet service providers and data processing services .....	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	.1
Other information services .....	.3	.4	.3	.3	.4	.3	.2	.2	.2	.1	.2	.3	.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Women													
Financial activities	8.5	9.3	8.2	8.3	7.9	9.1	8.5	8.8	7.9	8.6	9.1	8.6	9.4
Finance and insurance	6.6	7.2	6.4	6.6	6.2	7.3	6.3	6.4	6.1	6.1	6.3	6.0	6.4
Finance	4.2	4.4	4.1	3.8	3.6	4.2	3.9	4.0	3.8	3.9	4.2	4.1	4.2
Insurance	2.5	2.9	2.3	2.7	2.6	3.1	2.3	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.1	1.9	2.2
Real estate and rental and leasing ..	1.9	2.1	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.8	2.3	2.4	1.7	2.5	2.9	2.6	3.0
Real estate	1.6	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.1	1.5	2.0	2.6	2.3	2.7
Rental and leasing services .....	.2	.3	.2	.2	.2	.3	.3	.2	.2	.5	.3	.3	.3
Professional and business services ...	9.7	9.4	9.9	8.2	8.5	7.6	9.2	10.3	6.0	8.8	10.4	9.7	10.7
Professional and technical services	6.5	6.6	6.5	4.8	4.9	4.6	5.4	6.1	3.6	5.2	6.7	5.9	7.1
Management, administrative, and waste services	3.2	2.8	3.4	3.4	3.6	3.1	3.7	4.2	2.4	3.7	3.7	3.8	3.6
Administrative and support services	3.0	2.7	3.2	3.3	3.5	2.9	3.6	4.1	2.3	3.6	3.5	3.6	3.5
Waste management and remediation services .....	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	.1
Education and health services	36.5	37.1	36.3	33.9	33.6	34.7	32.7	31.3	35.1	34.0	30.4	30.2	30.5
Educational services	13.8	13.8	13.8	12.2	11.7	13.2	13.1	12.6	13.1	13.9	12.3	12.9	12.0
Health care and social assistance ..	22.8	23.3	22.6	21.7	21.9	21.4	19.6	18.6	21.9	20.1	18.1	17.3	18.5
Hospitals	7.3	7.4	7.2	7.6	7.7	7.2	6.7	6.4	8.1	6.5	5.5	4.6	5.9
Health services, except hospitals ..	7.6	7.7	7.6	6.5	6.7	6.0	6.4	6.1	6.2	6.9	6.6	6.5	6.7
Social assistance	7.9	8.2	7.8	7.7	7.5	8.2	6.6	6.1	7.7	6.8	5.9	6.1	5.9
Leisure and hospitality	8.2	8.8	8.0	9.3	9.6	8.7	9.4	9.6	9.5	9.0	10.2	12.2	9.4
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	2.0	1.9	2.0	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.5	2.5	2.8	2.4
Accommodation and food services	6.2	6.9	5.9	7.6	7.9	6.9	7.8	8.0	7.8	7.4	7.7	9.4	7.0
Accommodation .....	.9	1.2	.8	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.4	1.6	1.1	1.2	1.9	2.9	1.4
Food services and drinking places	5.3	5.7	5.1	6.5	6.8	5.9	6.4	6.4	6.7	6.2	5.9	6.5	5.6
Other services	5.7	5.2	5.9	5.1	5.0	5.4	5.7	5.9	5.3	5.5	5.5	5.6	5.5
Other services, except private households	4.6	4.4	4.6	4.3	4.2	4.5	4.5	4.8	4.4	4.1	4.2	4.7	4.0
Repair and maintenance .....	.4	.5	.3	.4	.3	.4	.5	.5	.5	.5	.4	.6	.3
Personal and laundry services	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.0	2.4	2.4	2.6	2.3
Membership associations and organizations	1.9	1.6	2.0	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.9	1.9	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.3
Private households	1.1	.8	1.3	.8	.8	.9	1.2	1.1	.8	1.4	1.3	.9	1.5
Public administration	4.0	3.1	4.4	3.6	3.4	4.0	5.1	5.7	4.0	4.5	4.9	5.2	4.8
Agricultural and related private wage and salary workers .....	.4	.3	.4	1.0	.7	1.6	.8	.6	.9	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
White													
Total (in thousands)	21,911	6,515	15,396	28,704	19,321	9,383	38,569	19,828	6,322	12,418	26,078	8,717	17,360
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining .....	.1	.1	.2	.2	.2	.3	.8	.3	.7	1.6	.4	1.0	.1
Construction	7.1	7.1	7.0	7.3	7.3	7.3	9.7	10.1	8.9	9.4	9.0	9.7	8.7
Manufacturing	11.4	12.1	11.2	15.8	17.5	12.3	10.9	9.8	15.0	10.4	9.7	7.6	10.8
Durable goods	7.0	8.5	6.4	10.6	12.0	7.7	6.4	5.5	9.9	6.0	6.5	5.3	7.1
Nonmetallic mineral products .....	.3	.3	.4	.5	.5	.5	.4	.4	.5	.4	.3	.4	.3
Primary and fabricated metal products	1.4	1.5	1.4	2.3	2.8	1.5	1.2	.9	1.8	1.2	1.0	.8	1.0
Machinery manufacturing .....	.9	1.0	.9	1.6	1.7	1.4	.7	.5	1.2	.8	.5	.4	.5
Computer and electronic products	1.2	2.0	.9	.8	.7	.8	.8	.7	.7	.9	1.7	1.2	1.9
Electrical equipment and appliances .....	.4	.5	.3	.5	.6	.4	.3	.3	.6	.2	.2	.1	.2
Transportation equipment .....	.9	1.3	.7	2.9	3.6	1.4	1.3	1.0	2.6	1.1	1.2	.8	1.5
Wood products .....	.3	.3	.3	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4	.9	.2	.4	.3	.4
Furniture and fixtures .....	.3	.2	.4	.7	.7	.6	.5	.6	.8	.4	.5	.3	.5
Miscellaneous manufacturing	1.2	1.4	1.1	.9	.9	.8	.7	.6	.7	.7	.8	.9	.8
Nondurable goods	4.5	3.7	4.8	5.3	5.5	4.7	4.5	4.3	5.1	4.4	3.2	2.3	3.7
Food manufacturing .....	.8	.6	1.0	1.4	1.1	1.9	1.0	.7	1.1	1.5	1.0	.9	1.1
Beverage and tobacco products .....	.2	.1	.2	.1	.1	.1	.2	.2	.3	.1	.2	.1	.3
Textile, apparel, and leather .....	.7	.6	.7	.3	.3	.4	.9	1.4	.7	.4	.5	.2	.6
Paper and printing	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.4	1.6	1.0	.9	.8	1.3	.7	.6	.6	.7
Petroleum and coal products	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	.1	.2	(¹)	.1	.4	.1	.1	.1
Chemicals	1.3	.8	1.4	1.1	1.2	.7	.8	.7	.8	.8	.5	.3	.6
Plastic and rubber products .....	.5	.5	.4	.9	1.1	.5	.5	.4	.8	.5	.2	.2	.2
Wholesale and retail trade	14.7	15.2	14.4	15.7	15.3	16.4	15.5	15.4	15.7	15.4	15.0	15.3	14.8
Wholesale trade	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.4	3.3	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.1	3.7
Retail trade	11.5	12.1	11.2	12.0	11.6	12.8	12.1	12.1	12.4	12.0	11.4	12.1	11.1
Transportation and utilities	4.9	3.6	5.4	4.8	4.7	5.0	4.9	4.6	5.4	5.2	4.6	4.7	4.5
Transportation and warehousing	4.1	3.0	4.5	4.0	4.0	4.0	3.9	3.6	4.2	4.3	3.8	3.7	3.8
Utilities .....	.8	.6	.9	.9	.7	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.2	.9	.8	1.0	.7
Information	2.8	2.5	2.9	2.1	1.9	2.5	2.4	2.5	1.9	2.5	2.7	2.3	2.9
Publishing, except Internet .....	.9	.8	.9	.6	.6	.7	.5	.6	.5	.5	.6	.5	.6
Motion picture and sound recording industries .....	.3	.2	.3	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.1	.2	.6	.2	.9
Broadcasting, except Internet .....	.5	.4	.5	.3	.2	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4
Telecommunications .....	.8	.7	.9	.7	.6	.9	1.0	1.0	.7	1.2	.8	.9	.8
Internet service providers and data processing services .....	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1
Other information services .....	.2	.3	.2	.2	.3	.2	.1	.1	.1	.1	.2	.2	.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
White													
Financial activities	7.8	7.9	7.8	6.9	6.6	7.4	7.2	7.6	6.2	7.0	7.4	7.2	7.5
Finance and insurance	5.8	6.1	5.6	5.1	4.9	5.6	4.7	5.0	4.4	4.4	4.6	4.6	4.7
Finance	3.8	3.7	3.8	3.0	2.9	3.2	3.0	3.2	2.7	2.8	3.0	3.1	3.0
Insurance	2.0	2.3	1.9	2.2	2.0	2.4	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.7
Real estate and rental and leasing ..	2.0	1.9	2.1	1.7	1.7	1.8	2.5	2.6	1.9	2.5	2.8	2.6	2.9
Real estate	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.4	1.5	1.4	2.0	2.2	1.4	1.9	2.4	2.2	2.5
Rental and leasing services .....	.3	.3	.3	.3	.2	.4	.5	.4	.4	.6	.4	.4	.4
Professional and business services ...	10.8	10.9	10.8	8.6	9.0	8.0	10.3	11.7	7.1	9.7	11.5	10.8	11.9
Professional and technical services	7.0	7.1	7.0	5.2	5.4	4.7	6.2	7.1	4.4	5.8	6.8	6.3	7.1
Management, administrative, and waste services	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.5	3.6	3.3	4.1	4.6	2.7	4.0	4.7	4.4	4.8
Administrative and support services	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.2	3.3	3.0	3.8	4.4	2.4	3.7	4.4	4.1	4.5
Waste management and remediation services .....	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.2	.2	.3	.2	.3	.3	.3
Education and health services	22.7	23.9	22.2	20.2	19.7	21.2	18.8	18.1	20.6	19.0	18.6	18.8	18.6
Educational services	9.9	10.0	9.9	8.4	8.1	9.0	8.6	8.3	8.4	9.0	8.5	8.8	8.3
Health care and social assistance ..	12.8	13.8	12.3	11.8	11.6	12.2	10.2	9.7	12.2	10.1	10.2	10.0	10.2
Hospitals	4.3	4.7	4.1	4.2	4.1	4.3	3.6	3.5	4.4	3.4	3.1	2.7	3.3
Health services, except hospitals ..	4.6	4.8	4.5	3.8	3.9	3.6	3.8	3.7	4.3	3.8	4.0	4.1	3.9
Social assistance	3.9	4.4	3.7	3.8	3.6	4.3	2.8	2.5	3.4	2.9	3.1	3.2	3.0
Leisure and hospitality	7.6	7.8	7.5	8.1	8.5	7.3	8.0	8.3	7.6	7.8	9.3	10.9	8.5
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	2.1	2.0	2.1	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.8	2.0	1.7	1.4	2.5	2.6	2.5
Accommodation and food services	5.5	5.8	5.4	6.4	6.8	5.7	6.2	6.3	5.9	6.4	6.7	8.3	6.0
Accommodation .....	.8	1.0	.7	.7	.8	.7	.9	1.0	.7	.8	1.5	2.4	1.0
Food services and drinking places	4.8	4.7	4.8	5.7	6.0	5.1	5.4	5.2	5.3	5.6	5.2	5.8	5.0
Other services	4.7	4.5	4.8	4.5	4.5	4.7	5.2	5.4	4.8	5.1	4.9	4.8	5.0
Other services, except private households	4.2	4.0	4.3	4.1	4.1	4.2	4.7	4.8	4.5	4.5	4.2	4.3	4.2
Repair and maintenance	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.8	1.8	1.6	2.0	1.6	1.6	1.7
Personal and laundry services	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.3
Membership associations and organizations	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
Private households .....	.5	.4	.6	.4	.4	.5	.5	.5	.3	.7	.7	.5	.8
Public administration	4.3	3.6	4.6	3.5	3.4	3.7	4.7	5.2	3.9	4.2	4.5	4.9	4.3
Agricultural and related private wage and salary workers .....	.9	.7	1.0	2.2	1.4	3.8	1.8	1.2	2.1	2.6	2.2	2.0	2.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Black or African American													
Total (in thousands)	2,708	371	2,337	2,560	2,081	479	8,295	5,058	1,386	1,850	1,350	261	1,089
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.3	.1	.3	.8	.1	.5	(¹)
Construction	3.9	4.3	3.9	2.9	2.4	4.9	4.8	5.4	3.8	4.1	3.6	2.3	4.0
Manufacturing	6.2	8.1	5.8	13.4	13.9	11.2	11.4	9.8	17.5	11.0	7.8	6.7	8.1
Durable goods	3.2	5.5	2.8	9.2	10.1	5.3	5.5	4.3	10.5	5.1	4.9	4.0	5.1
Nonmetallic mineral products .....	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.2	.3	.2	.6	.3	.1	.2	(¹)
Primary and fabricated metal products .....	.5	.8	.4	1.6	1.9	.6	.9	.6	2.1	.9	.7	.9	.6
Machinery manufacturing .....	.5	.6	.5	.7	.7	.6	.5	.5	.6	.6	.2	.9	(¹)
Computer and electronic products .....	.4	.5	.4	.6	.6	.5	.6	.6	.5	.6	1.1	1.0	1.2
Electrical equipment and appliances .....	.2	.4	.1	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.8	(¹)	.4	(¹)	.5
Transportation equipment .....	.7	1.5	.5	4.7	5.4	1.7	1.5	1.0	3.4	1.4	1.5	.7	1.7
Wood products	(¹)	.1	(¹)	.2	.3	(¹)	.5	.4	1.3	.3	(¹)	.2	(¹)
Furniture and fixtures	(¹)	.1	(¹)	.2	.1	.3	.3	.1	.5	.5	.1	(¹)	.1
Miscellaneous manufacturing .....	.8	1.3	.8	.8	.7	.9	.6	.6	.7	.4	.8	.1	1.0
Nondurable goods	2.9	2.6	3.0	4.2	3.8	6.0	5.9	5.5	7.0	5.9	2.9	2.7	3.0
Food manufacturing .....	.7	1.0	.6	1.4	1.3	2.1	1.9	1.5	2.6	2.4	1.1	.7	1.2
Beverage and tobacco products .....	.1	(¹)	.1	.2	.1	.7	.3	.3	.3	.3	.2	.9	.1
Textile, apparel, and leather .....	.4	.5	.4	.2	.3	.2	1.2	1.4	1.6	.2	.2	.4	.2
Paper and printing .....	.7	.3	.7	.8	.6	1.3	1.0	.9	1.0	1.4	.3	.2	.3
Petroleum and coal products	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.1	.2	.1	(¹)	.2	.3	.3	(¹)	.4
Chemicals .....	.8	.4	.9	1.0	.9	1.2	.8	.7	.9	1.0	.7	.2	.8
Plastic and rubber products .....	.3	.3	.3	.5	.6	.3	.6	.7	.5	.3	.1	.4	.1
Wholesale and retail trade	12.5	13.7	12.3	11.8	11.4	13.5	13.8	14.1	12.9	13.7	13.5	16.3	12.9
Wholesale trade	2.1	2.8	1.9	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.7	2.2	2.2	1.8	2.3
Retail trade	10.4	10.9	10.3	9.6	9.2	11.2	11.4	11.6	10.3	11.5	11.3	14.6	10.6
Transportation and utilities	8.5	6.1	8.9	7.0	7.5	4.8	7.0	6.9	6.7	7.5	7.2	9.0	6.8
Transportation and warehousing	8.0	5.7	8.3	6.1	6.6	3.9	6.2	6.1	6.0	6.7	6.5	8.7	5.9
Utilities .....	.5	.4	.5	.8	.9	.8	.8	.8	.8	.7	.8	.4	.9
Information	2.6	2.1	2.7	2.6	2.4	3.3	2.2	2.4	1.7	2.0	4.2	4.2	4.2
Publishing, except Internet .....	.6	.8	.6	.3	.3	.3	.4	.4	.4	.2	.2	(¹)	.2
Motion picture and sound recording industries .....	.3	.2	.3	.2	.2	(¹)	.2	.2	.2	.1	.7	.4	.7
Broadcasting, except Internet .....	.6	.1	.6	.5	.4	.8	.2	.2	.3	.2	.7	.9	.7
Telecommunications .....	.9	.9	.9	1.4	1.2	2.1	1.2	1.3	.6	1.4	2.2	2.6	2.1
Internet service providers and data processing services .....	.1	.1	.1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	(¹)	.3	.3	.4
Other information services .....	.2	.1	.2	.2	.2	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	(¹)	.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Black or African American													
Financial activities	8.3	7.9	8.4	6.7	6.4	8.0	5.7	6.1	4.3	5.8	8.2	6.7	8.6
Finance and insurance	6.1	5.7	6.2	5.3	5.1	6.1	4.3	4.4	3.6	4.5	5.9	4.7	6.2
Finance	4.3	3.2	4.5	3.4	3.2	4.3	2.7	2.7	2.5	3.1	4.5	3.3	4.8
Insurance	1.8	2.5	1.7	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.5	1.7	1.1	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4
Real estate and rental and leasing ..	2.2	2.1	2.2	1.4	1.3	1.8	1.5	1.7	.7	1.3	2.3	2.1	2.4
Real estate	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.2	1.1	1.6	1.1	1.4	.6	1.0	1.8	1.1	1.9
Rental and leasing services .....	.2	.1	.2	.2	.2	.3	.3	.4	.1	.3	.6	1.0	.5
Professional and business services ...	8.8	7.4	9.0	8.4	8.4	8.1	7.8	8.6	5.7	7.1	10.4	10.8	10.4
Professional and technical services	4.4	4.6	4.4	2.8	2.8	3.0	2.6	3.0	1.5	2.3	4.7	5.0	4.6
Management, administrative, and waste services	4.3	2.8	4.6	5.6	5.7	5.1	5.2	5.6	4.2	4.8	5.8	5.7	5.8
Administrative and support services	3.9	2.3	4.1	5.3	5.4	4.8	4.6	5.0	3.8	4.3	5.5	5.3	5.6
Waste management and remediation services .....	.5	.2	.5	.3	.2	.3	.5	.6	.3	.5	.3	.4	.2
Education and health services	31.5	31.8	31.4	28.0	28.2	26.9	25.1	24.2	25.0	27.7	23.7	17.9	25.0
Educational services	8.6	7.7	8.8	8.9	9.0	8.4	8.8	8.6	9.5	8.8	7.2	6.9	7.3
Health care and social assistance ..	22.9	24.1	22.7	19.1	19.2	18.6	16.4	15.7	15.6	18.9	16.4	11.0	17.7
Hospitals	7.5	8.7	7.3	6.0	5.9	6.3	5.4	5.2	6.1	5.5	5.3	3.1	5.8
Health services, except hospitals ..	5.1	4.8	5.2	4.4	4.3	4.5	3.8	3.6	2.8	5.0	4.2	2.1	4.7
Social assistance	10.3	10.6	10.2	8.7	9.0	7.7	7.1	6.8	6.7	8.4	7.0	5.7	7.3
Leisure and hospitality	6.1	7.4	5.9	8.8	8.9	8.1	9.2	9.0	9.0	9.7	7.7	12.9	6.5
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	1.3	.8	1.4	1.7	1.8	1.0	1.5	1.2	1.4	2.2	2.8	3.5	2.7
Accommodation and food services	4.8	6.6	4.6	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.7	7.8	7.6	7.5	4.9	9.4	3.8
Accommodation	1.0	1.7	.9	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.4	1.7	.8	1.2	1.6	6.1	.5
Food services and drinking places	3.8	5.0	3.6	5.7	5.7	5.5	6.3	6.2	6.8	6.3	3.3	3.4	3.3
Other services	5.4	4.5	5.6	4.8	4.8	4.5	4.8	5.0	5.2	3.9	4.9	3.3	5.2
Other services, except private households	4.3	4.2	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.0	4.2	4.5	4.4	3.1	4.4	3.3	4.6
Repair and maintenance .....	.9	1.1	.9	.7	.7	.7	1.0	1.0	1.3	.8	1.0	1.0	1.0
Personal and laundry services	1.5	1.7	1.5	1.7	1.6	2.3	1.6	1.9	1.3	1.1	2.0	1.9	2.0
Membership associations and organizations	1.8	1.4	1.9	1.8	2.0	1.1	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.2	1.4	.3	1.7
Private households	1.1	.4	1.2	.6	.6	.4	.6	.5	.7	.8	.5	.1	.6
Public administration	6.2	6.5	6.1	5.7	5.5	6.6	7.4	7.9	7.1	6.1	8.3	9.0	8.1
Agricultural and related private wage and salary workers	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	.6	.5	.7	.7	.3	.2	.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Asian													
Total (in thousands)	1,161	197	964	747	506	242	1,217	714	101	403	2,848	211	2,637
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.3	(¹)	(¹)	.9	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Construction	2.8	1.4	3.1	.8	.9	.6	2.0	2.7	(¹)	1.3	2.6	1.7	2.7
Manufacturing	12.6	21.7	10.7	20.3	19.8	21.2	12.4	11.4	15.4	13.4	13.5	12.8	13.6
Durable goods	6.6	15.0	4.9	13.6	14.2	12.4	8.0	6.7	9.3	10.0	9.7	8.8	9.7
Nonmetallic mineral products	(¹)	.2	(¹)	.3	.3	.3	.1	(¹)	(¹)	.2	.2	(¹)	.2
Primary and fabricated metal products .....	.3	1.1	.2	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.2	1.1	.9	1.5	.5	.1	.6
Machinery manufacturing .....	.4	.7	.4	1.8	1.7	2.0	.7	.2	1.1	1.3	.3	.6	.3
Computer and electronic products	3.3	7.4	2.5	2.7	2.5	3.2	2.7	1.7	.5	4.9	4.9	3.0	5.1
Electrical equipment and appliances .....	.4	.7	.3	.4	.4	.5	.3	.4	(¹)	.4	.3	.7	.3
Transportation equipment .....	.6	1.5	.4	4.2	5.1	2.2	1.5	1.4	3.4	1.3	1.6	.7	1.6
Wood products	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.3	.2	.4	.3	.2	1.2	.3	.1	(¹)	.1
Furniture and fixtures .....	.1	(¹)	.1	.3	.3	.3	.2	.2	.8	(¹)	.1	.4	.1
Miscellaneous manufacturing	1.5	3.3	1.1	2.0	2.1	1.9	1.0	1.4	1.4	.2	1.6	3.3	1.5
Nondurable goods	5.9	6.8	5.8	6.6	5.6	8.8	4.4	4.8	6.0	3.4	3.8	3.9	3.8
Food manufacturing .....	.6	1.6	.4	1.4	.9	2.5	1.4	1.7	2.4	.6	.8	1.3	.8
Beverage and tobacco products .....	.1	(¹)	.1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Textile, apparel, and leather	2.0	1.0	2.2	.6	.3	1.2	.7	.8	1.3	.3	1.4	1.5	1.4
Paper and printing .....	.6	1.1	.5	.9	.4	2.0	.9	1.3	.8	.2	.7	.8	.7
Petroleum and coal products	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.1	(¹)	.1	(¹)	(¹)	.2	.1	(¹)	.1
Chemicals	2.5	2.9	2.4	2.3	2.8	1.2	1.0	.6	.3	1.9	.6	.4	.6
Plastic and rubber products .....	.2	.1	.2	1.4	1.1	1.9	.3	.3	1.2	.2	.2	(¹)	.2
Wholesale and retail trade	14.6	11.9	15.2	12.6	12.5	12.7	13.6	15.3	12.7	10.7	16.0	11.0	16.4
Wholesale trade	3.3	3.2	3.3	2.4	2.9	1.5	2.0	2.6	1.4	1.1	4.1	1.1	4.4
Retail trade	11.4	8.7	11.9	10.2	9.7	11.1	11.5	12.7	11.3	9.6	11.8	9.9	12.0
Transportation and utilities	5.5	2.1	6.2	2.2	2.8	1.0	2.4	2.1	1.3	3.1	4.4	3.8	4.5
Transportation and warehousing	5.2	1.0	6.1	2.1	2.6	1.0	2.1	1.9	1.3	2.7	4.0	3.5	4.0
Utilities .....	.3	1.2	.1	.1	.2	(¹)	.3	.3	(¹)	.5	.5	.3	.5
Information	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.6	2.7	2.3	2.5	2.1	3.7	3.1	2.4	3.4	2.3
Publishing, except Internet .....	.7	1.1	.7	.4	.4	.6	.5	.3	.2	1.0	.5	.5	.5
Motion picture and sound recording industries .....	.3	(¹)	.3	.1	.1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.5	(¹)	.3	.8	.3
Broadcasting, except Internet .....	.5	.1	.5	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.4	.2	1.2	.4	.3	.4	.3
Telecommunications	1.4	1.8	1.3	1.6	1.8	1.3	1.2	1.0	.5	1.7	.9	.1	.9
Internet service providers and data processing services	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	.3	.5	(¹)	(¹)	.2	.9	.2
Other information services	(¹)	.1	(¹)	.3	.3	.3	.2	.1	1.3	(¹)	.2	.6	.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Asian													
Financial activities	8.3	8.3	8.3	5.8	5.7	6.1	5.6	5.8	5.4	5.2	7.8	7.8	7.8
Finance and insurance	7.0	6.8	7.1	4.4	4.2	4.6	4.6	5.2	2.1	4.0	6.0	5.5	6.0
Finance	5.8	4.4	6.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.7	4.9	(¹)	2.7	4.3	3.7	4.4
Insurance	1.2	2.5	.9	1.3	1.1	1.5	.8	.4	2.1	1.3	1.7	1.9	1.7
Real estate and rental and leasing ..	1.2	1.5	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.0	.6	3.3	1.2	1.8	2.3	1.8
Real estate	1.1	.8	1.1	1.0	1.2	.6	.9	.6	2.6	1.2	1.6	2.0	1.6
Rental and leasing services .....	.2	.7	.1	.5	.3	.9	.1	(¹)	.7	.1	.2	.3	.2
Professional and business services ...	12.5	15.3	12.0	11.0	11.1	10.8	13.4	14.1	11.6	12.8	11.7	9.7	11.8
Professional and technical services	9.8	12.0	9.4	8.9	8.9	8.7	10.8	11.6	9.7	9.6	9.2	6.8	9.4
Management, administrative, and waste services	2.7	3.3	2.6	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.6	2.5	1.9	3.1	2.5	3.0	2.5
Administrative and support services	2.7	3.2	2.6	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.6	2.4	1.9	3.1	2.4	2.8	2.3
Waste management and remediation services	(¹)	.1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.1	.1
Education and health services	19.9	20.8	19.8	27.5	27.9	26.8	20.7	18.0	28.4	23.6	19.7	19.4	19.7
Educational services	6.2	8.2	5.8	9.7	8.8	11.7	8.3	7.1	12.5	9.2	6.7	8.9	6.5
Health care and social assistance ..	13.8	12.6	14.0	17.8	19.1	15.1	12.4	10.8	15.9	14.4	13.0	10.5	13.2
Hospitals	6.4	6.1	6.4	8.9	9.7	7.2	6.4	4.6	11.9	8.2	5.0	2.9	5.2
Health services, except hospitals ..	4.8	4.2	4.9	5.0	5.4	4.1	4.2	4.6	4.0	3.7	5.3	5.2	5.3
Social assistance	2.6	2.3	2.7	4.0	4.0	3.9	1.8	1.6	(¹)	2.5	2.7	2.3	2.7
Leisure and hospitality	11.9	7.4	12.8	11.7	11.4	12.3	12.1	11.7	14.1	12.2	11.6	20.7	10.8
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	1.1	.6	1.2	1.8	1.4	2.6	1.0	1.0	1.4	.9	1.8	6.1	1.5
Accommodation and food services	10.8	6.8	11.6	9.9	10.0	9.7	11.1	10.7	12.7	11.3	9.7	14.6	9.3
Accommodation	1.4	.2	1.7	1.2	1.2	1.4	2.6	2.2	2.4	3.3	2.6	7.5	2.2
Food services and drinking places	9.3	6.6	9.9	8.7	8.8	8.3	8.5	8.5	10.2	8.0	7.1	7.0	7.1
Other services	6.5	5.9	6.6	3.3	2.4	5.4	10.9	12.0	4.9	10.4	5.3	5.9	5.2
Other services, except private households	6.1	5.4	6.2	3.3	2.4	5.3	10.2	10.8	4.6	10.4	5.0	5.7	4.9
Repair and maintenance .....	.6	1.1	.5	.7	.3	1.5	1.5	1.9	.9	.9	1.7	1.3	1.7
Personal and laundry services	4.2	3.5	4.3	2.4	1.8	3.5	7.1	7.1	2.9	8.2	2.6	3.9	2.5
Membership associations and organizations	1.3	.9	1.3	.3	.3	.4	1.5	1.8	.8	1.3	.7	.4	.7
Private households .....	.4	.5	.4	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.7	1.2	.3	(¹)	.3	.2	.3
Public administration	2.4	2.0	2.4	2.1	2.6	.9	3.4	4.4	1.7	2.1	4.6	3.8	4.6
Agricultural and related private wage and salary workers	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.2	.2	(¹)	.7	.4	.9	1.2	.5	(¹)	.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity													
Total (in thousands)	2,463	423	2,040	1,612	1,239	373	6,516	2,698	182	3,636	7,321	1,898	5,422
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.7	.1	.5	1.2	.2	.6	(¹)
Construction	7.1	5.3	7.5	10.7	9.9	13.3	16.1	17.9	23.6	14.5	12.3	15.0	11.4
Manufacturing	13.3	16.8	12.6	23.3	23.2	23.4	11.7	10.5	26.6	11.9	12.1	8.6	13.4
Durable goods	6.6	9.1	6.0	12.2	13.4	7.9	5.7	4.7	12.2	6.0	6.7	5.2	7.2
Nonmetallic mineral products .....	.6	.2	.7	.6	.6	.6	.6	.5	.2	.6	.3	.3	.3
Primary and fabricated metal products	1.0	1.3	.9	2.4	2.7	1.5	1.2	.8	.5	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.4
Machinery manufacturing .....	.4	.8	.3	1.3	1.4	1.0	.6	.6	2.6	.5	.6	.4	.7
Computer and electronic products	1.0	1.7	.9	.7	.8	.5	.6	.3	2.3	.7	1.1	.6	1.2
Electrical equipment and appliances .....	.4	.7	.3	.4	.5	.1	.2	.3	.9	.2	.2	.1	.2
Transportation equipment .....	.5	1.2	.4	3.2	3.6	1.8	.6	.3	.6	.9	1.1	.7	1.3
Wood products .....	.3	.1	.3	.9	1.0	.5	.4	.4	3.5	.2	.3	.5	.3
Furniture and fixtures .....	.2	.1	.2	.9	.9	1.0	.7	.8	.7	.7	.7	.5	.7
Miscellaneous manufacturing	2.2	3.0	2.0	1.6	1.9	.9	.7	.6	.9	.8	1.0	.9	1.1
Nondurable goods	6.8	7.6	6.6	11.1	9.8	15.5	6.1	5.7	14.4	5.9	5.5	3.4	6.2
Food manufacturing	1.8	2.5	1.7	6.1	4.2	12.5	2.7	1.7	9.2	3.1	2.1	1.9	2.1
Beverage and tobacco products	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.3	.2	.4	.1	.1	.2	.1	.2	(¹)	.3
Textile, apparel, and leather	1.6	1.7	1.5	.3	.3	.4	1.5	2.4	1.5	.8	1.1	.1	1.4
Paper and printing	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.7	2.1	.3	.6	.6	1.3	.6	.8	.8	.8
Petroleum and coal products	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.1	(¹)	.1	(¹)	(¹)	.2	.1	.1	.1
Chemicals	1.2	.7	1.3	1.0	1.2	.6	.5	.4	2.1	.5	.6	.2	.7
Plastic and rubber products .....	.7	1.4	.5	1.6	1.7	1.3	.5	.5	.1	.5	.5	.2	.6
Wholesale and retail trade	14.5	13.4	14.7	12.1	12.5	10.8	13.9	13.1	5.8	14.8	15.1	14.3	15.4
Wholesale trade	3.0	2.5	3.1	3.3	3.7	1.8	3.5	3.8	2.3	3.3	3.5	3.0	3.7
Retail trade	11.5	10.9	11.7	8.9	8.8	9.0	10.4	9.3	3.5	11.5	11.6	11.3	11.7
Transportation and utilities	5.5	3.6	5.9	4.2	4.4	3.6	4.7	4.3	2.8	5.1	4.8	4.3	5.0
Transportation and warehousing	5.1	3.5	5.5	3.6	3.9	2.9	4.3	4.0	2.0	4.7	4.3	3.3	4.7
Utilities .....	.4	.1	.5	.6	.5	.7	.4	.3	.8	.5	.5	1.0	.3
Information	1.7	1.1	1.8	1.4	1.5	1.3	1.8	1.7	.8	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.9
Publishing, except Internet .....	.4	.3	.4	.4	.4	.3	.3	.3	(¹)	.3	.3	.2	.4
Motion picture and sound recording industries .....	.1	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	(¹)	.2	.2	(¹)	.2	.5	.1	.6
Broadcasting, except Internet .....	.4	.3	.5	.1	.1	.4	.4	.5	.8	.3	.3	.3	.3
Telecommunications .....	.4	.1	.5	.6	.6	.5	.8	.6	(¹)	1.0	.6	.8	.6
Internet service providers and data processing services .....	.1	.2	.1	.2	.2	.1	.1	.1	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	.1
Other information services .....	.1	.1	.1	(¹)	(¹)	.1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.2	.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity													
Financial activities	6.2	5.9	6.3	4.3	4.4	4.2	5.1	5.5	4.3	4.8	4.9	4.0	5.2
Finance and insurance	3.3	4.1	3.1	3.0	3.1	2.7	3.0	3.3	2.5	2.7	2.9	2.5	3.1
Finance	2.3	2.5	2.2	2.4	2.4	2.1	1.9	2.3	1.4	1.6	2.1	1.6	2.3
Insurance	1.0	1.6	.9	.6	.6	.6	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.2	.8	.9	.7
Real estate and rental and leasing ..	2.9	1.7	3.1	1.3	1.3	1.5	2.1	2.2	1.7	2.0	2.0	1.5	2.1
Real estate	2.6	1.5	2.9	1.2	1.3	1.1	1.6	1.8	1.7	1.3	1.6	1.2	1.7
Rental and leasing services .....	.3	.3	.3	.1	(¹)	.4	.5	.4	(¹)	.7	.4	.3	.4
Professional and business services ...	10.6	11.4	10.4	10.5	11.1	8.5	10.4	13.3	10.1	8.3	10.0	9.2	10.3
Professional and technical services	3.3	2.2	3.5	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.9	4.0	1.8	2.2	2.8	2.6	2.8
Management, administrative, and waste services	7.3	9.2	6.9	8.1	8.7	6.2	7.5	9.3	8.3	6.1	7.3	6.6	7.5
Administrative and support services	6.9	9.0	6.5	7.7	8.1	6.0	7.1	8.9	6.5	5.8	6.7	6.0	7.0
Waste management and remediation services .....	.4	.2	.4	.5	.6	.1	.3	.4	1.1	.3	.5	.6	.5
Education and health services	19.2	21.7	18.7	11.3	11.6	10.5	13.9	11.3	8.0	16.2	14.4	15.0	14.2
Educational services	5.7	5.5	5.8	4.2	4.1	4.6	5.7	4.2	4.4	6.8	5.6	6.3	5.4
Health care and social assistance ..	13.5	16.2	12.9	7.1	7.4	6.0	8.3	7.1	3.7	9.4	8.7	8.6	8.8
Hospitals	3.9	4.6	3.8	2.0	2.3	1.2	2.5	2.6	1.1	2.5	2.4	2.0	2.6
Health services, except hospitals ..	4.6	4.9	4.6	2.1	2.3	1.6	3.1	2.5	1.4	3.6	2.6	2.8	2.5
Social assistance	4.9	6.6	4.6	2.9	2.9	3.2	2.6	2.0	1.2	3.2	3.7	3.8	3.7
Leisure and hospitality	11.4	12.1	11.3	14.2	13.8	15.5	11.0	11.6	9.8	10.5	11.6	15.8	10.2
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	1.6	2.0	1.6	1.1	1.0	1.6	1.4	1.9	1.8	1.0	1.9	2.2	1.9
Accommodation and food services	9.8	10.1	9.7	13.1	12.8	13.9	9.6	9.7	8.0	9.6	9.7	13.6	8.3
Accommodation	1.4	1.8	1.3	1.9	1.9	2.1	1.7	2.3	.8	1.3	2.3	4.3	1.6
Food services and drinking places	8.4	8.3	8.4	11.2	11.0	11.8	7.9	7.4	7.1	8.3	7.4	9.3	6.7
Other services	6.6	4.9	7.0	4.6	4.7	4.1	5.7	5.9	2.1	5.7	5.8	4.7	6.2
Other services, except private households	5.0	4.2	5.2	4.0	4.1	3.9	4.5	4.8	1.8	4.5	4.2	4.0	4.2
Repair and maintenance	1.3	2.0	1.2	1.6	1.7	1.0	2.3	2.1	1.8	2.5	2.2	1.8	2.3
Personal and laundry services	2.6	1.3	2.8	1.6	1.6	1.9	1.6	1.8	(¹)	1.5	1.3	1.5	1.3
Membership associations and organizations	1.1	.9	1.1	.8	.8	1.0	.7	.9	(¹)	.5	.7	.7	.7
Private households	1.6	.7	1.8	.5	.6	.2	1.2	1.1	.3	1.2	1.6	.7	2.0
Public administration	2.9	3.7	2.7	2.3	2.3	2.3	3.0	2.8	1.0	3.2	3.1	4.6	2.6
Agricultural and related private wage and salary workers .....	.9	.3	1.1	1.0	.6	2.5	2.0	1.9	4.6	1.9	3.7	2.3	4.2

¹ Less than .05 percent.

NOTE: Totals for summary groups published include other industries not shown separately. Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American,

and Asian) do not sum to totals because data for other race groups are not shown. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race.

Table 8. Census regions and divisions: employed persons by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2004 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Total	Agricultural industries			Nonagricultural industries							
		Total	Wage and salary	Self-employed	Total	Wage and salary workers						Self-employed
						Total	Private		Government			
							Total	Private household	Total	Federal	State and local	
TOTAL												
Northeast	26,074	208	108	93	25,865	24,156	20,466	151	3,689	508	3,181	1,696
New England	7,162	48	28	21	7,114	6,594	5,701	32	893	142	751	517
Middle Atlantic	18,912	160	81	72	18,752	17,562	14,766	120	2,796	366	2,430	1,179
Midwest	32,481	644	243	391	31,837	29,992	25,780	134	4,212	537	3,675	1,832
East North Central	22,178	280	119	157	21,898	20,694	17,981	86	2,714	320	2,393	1,194
West North Central	10,303	364	124	234	9,939	9,298	7,800	48	1,498	217	1,282	638
South	49,034	758	435	317	48,276	45,043	37,622	279	7,421	1,469	5,952	3,204
South Atlantic	25,982	271	180	90	25,711	24,195	20,204	143	3,991	926	3,064	1,509
East South Central	7,926	145	75	68	7,781	7,251	6,052	32	1,199	216	983	524
West South Central	15,126	342	181	159	14,784	13,597	11,366	104	2,231	326	1,905	1,171
West	31,665	624	455	165	31,041	28,276	23,616	214	4,660	728	3,932	2,731
Mountain	9,555	180	114	65	9,375	8,647	7,185	45	1,462	268	1,194	718
Pacific	22,110	444	341	101	21,666	19,628	16,431	169	3,198	460	2,737	2,014
Men												
Northeast	13,743	162	88	71	13,582	12,485	10,801	11	1,684	292	1,392	1,092
New England	3,724	37	22	15	3,687	3,356	2,944	3	412	87	325	331
Middle Atlantic	10,019	125	66	57	9,894	9,129	7,858	8	1,272	205	1,067	761
Midwest	17,146	494	188	299	16,652	15,580	13,807	7	1,773	270	1,503	1,069
East North Central	11,733	207	89	115	11,526	10,811	9,649	5	1,163	159	1,003	713
West North Central	5,413	287	100	184	5,126	4,769	4,158	3	611	111	500	356
South	26,292	570	343	223	25,722	23,667	20,535	16	3,132	819	2,313	2,045
South Atlantic	13,820	198	137	60	13,622	12,674	10,964	7	1,710	507	1,204	946
East South Central	4,204	112	61	49	4,092	3,759	3,243	(¹)	516	125	391	330
West South Central	8,268	260	145	114	8,008	7,234	6,328	9	905	187	718	770
West	17,343	463	351	110	16,880	15,219	13,194	25	2,025	431	1,594	1,652
Mountain	5,231	131	88	42	5,101	4,696	4,051	5	645	157	488	402
Pacific	12,111	332	263	67	11,780	10,522	9,143	20	1,380	274	1,106	1,250
Women												
Northeast	12,330	47	20	21	12,284	11,670	9,665	140	2,005	216	1,789	604
New England	3,438	12	6	6	3,427	3,238	2,757	29	481	55	426	186
Middle Atlantic	8,892	35	14	16	8,857	8,432	6,908	111	1,524	161	1,364	418
Midwest	15,335	150	55	91	15,185	14,412	11,973	126	2,439	267	2,172	763
East North Central	10,445	73	30	41	10,372	9,883	8,332	82	1,551	161	1,390	481
West North Central	4,890	77	25	50	4,813	4,529	3,641	45	888	106	782	282
South	22,742	189	92	94	22,554	21,376	17,087	263	4,289	650	3,639	1,159
South Atlantic	12,162	73	43	30	12,089	11,521	9,240	136	2,280	419	1,861	563
East South Central	3,722	34	14	19	3,689	3,491	2,809	31	683	91	591	195
West South Central	6,858	82	35	45	6,776	6,363	5,038	96	1,326	139	1,187	401
West	14,322	161	104	56	14,161	13,057	10,422	189	2,635	297	2,338	1,080
Mountain	4,323	49	26	22	4,274	3,951	3,134	40	817	110	707	316
Pacific	9,999	112	78	33	9,887	9,106	7,288	149	1,818	187	1,631	764

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8. Census regions and divisions: employed persons by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Total	Agricultural industries			Nonagricultural industries							
		Total	Wage and salary	Self-employed	Total	Wage and salary workers						Self-employed
						Total	Private		Government			
							Total	Private household	Total	Federal	State and local	
White												
Northeast	21,911	205	107	91	21,706	20,207	17,173	114	3,034	395	2,639	1,486
New England	6,515	47	27	20	6,467	5,968	5,159	29	809	124	685	497
Middle Atlantic	15,396	158	80	71	15,239	14,239	12,014	85	2,226	271	1,955	990
Midwest	28,704	632	235	386	28,072	26,369	22,754	116	3,615	430	3,185	1,693
East North Central	19,321	274	114	155	19,046	17,946	15,671	71	2,275	246	2,029	1,093
West North Central	9,383	358	121	231	9,026	8,423	7,083	44	1,340	185	1,155	601
South	38,569	691	381	304	37,878	35,104	29,666	208	5,439	1,003	4,436	2,748
South Atlantic	19,828	239	152	87	19,589	18,337	15,534	104	2,803	600	2,203	1,246
East South Central	6,322	134	67	65	6,188	5,728	4,844	20	884	161	723	455
West South Central	12,418	317	163	153	12,101	11,039	9,287	83	1,752	242	1,510	1,047
West	26,078	575	418	154	25,503	23,153	19,446	190	3,707	497	3,210	2,324
Mountain	8,717	174	111	62	8,543	7,871	6,565	43	1,306	219	1,087	665
Pacific	17,360	401	307	92	16,960	15,282	12,881	148	2,401	277	2,124	1,659
Black or African American												
Northeast	2,708	(1)	(1)	(1)	2,708	2,595	2,065	30	530	88	442	112
New England	371	(1)	(1)	(1)	371	362	299	1	62	12	50	9
Middle Atlantic	2,337	(1)	(1)	(1)	2,337	2,233	1,765	28	468	76	392	102
Midwest	2,560	3	3	(1)	2,557	2,466	2,032	15	434	78	356	91
East North Central	2,081	2	2	(1)	2,079	2,006	1,663	13	343	59	284	72
West North Central	479	(1)	(1)	(1)	478	459	369	2	91	19	72	19
South	8,295	46	40	6	8,248	7,927	6,215	52	1,711	383	1,329	320
South Atlantic	5,058	24	22	1	5,035	4,841	3,795	26	1,046	267	779	193
East South Central	1,386	9	7	3	1,377	1,319	1,032	10	287	51	236	58
West South Central	1,850	13	11	2	1,837	1,767	1,389	15	378	65	313	70
West	1,350	4	4	(1)	1,347	1,269	979	7	291	79	211	77
Mountain	261	1	1	(1)	260	250	198	(1)	52	18	34	10
Pacific	1,089	3	3	(1)	1,086	1,019	780	7	239	62	177	66
Asian												
Northeast	1,161	(1)	(1)	(1)	1,161	1,084	995	5	89	19	70	76
New England	197	(1)	(1)	(1)	197	189	177	1	13	5	8	7
Middle Atlantic	964	(1)	(1)	(1)	964	894	818	4	76	14	62	69
Midwest	747	1	(1)	1	746	718	632	(1)	86	13	73	28
East North Central	506	1	(1)	1	504	485	429	(1)	56	9	48	19
West North Central	242	(1)	(1)	(1)	242	232	203	(1)	29	4	26	9
South	1,217	8	6	2	1,209	1,132	989	9	143	47	97	74
South Atlantic	714	3	2	1	711	665	578	8	86	38	49	45
East South Central	101	1	1	(1)	100	96	83	(1)	12	1	11	4
West South Central	403	5	4	1	398	372	327	(1)	45	8	37	25
West	2,848	14	10	4	2,835	2,597	2,196	9	401	105	296	231
Mountain	211	(1)	(1)	(1)	211	194	162	1	32	9	23	16
Pacific	2,637	14	10	4	2,623	2,403	2,034	8	369	96	273	215

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8. Census regions and divisions: employed persons by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Total	Agricultural industries			Nonagricultural industries							
		Total	Wage and salary	Self-employed	Total	Wage and salary workers						Self-employed
						Total	Private		Government			
							Total	Private household	Total	Federal	State and local	
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity												
Northeast	2,463	23	23	(¹)	2,440	2,327	2,092	40	234	36	198	113
New England	423	1	1	(¹)	422	410	371	3	38	6	32	12
Middle Atlantic	2,040	21	21	(¹)	2,018	1,917	1,721	37	196	30	166	100
Midwest	1,612	17	16	(¹)	1,595	1,549	1,433	9	116	14	102	46
East North Central	1,239	7	7	(¹)	1,232	1,200	1,115	8	85	11	74	31
West North Central	373	9	9	(¹)	363	348	317	1	31	3	28	15
South	6,516	128	121	7	6,388	5,970	5,345	76	625	130	496	409
South Atlantic	2,698	53	52	1	2,645	2,519	2,316	30	203	63	140	127
East South Central	182	8	8	(¹)	174	158	149	1	9	2	7	16
West South Central	3,636	67	61	6	3,568	3,293	2,880	45	413	64	349	267
West	7,321	270	256	14	7,051	6,603	5,828	120	775	102	673	438
Mountain	1,898	43	40	3	1,855	1,756	1,505	14	250	47	203	98
Pacific	5,422	227	216	11	5,195	4,847	4,323	106	524	55	469	340

¹ Less than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is

identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 9. Census regions and divisions: persons at work by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2004 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and area	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
TOTAL											
Northeast	24,991	1,250	3,229	1,764	18,748	2,154	9,984	2,316	4,294	38.5	42.6
New England	6,829	393	946	599	4,891	528	2,408	738	1,218	38.1	42.7
Middle Atlantic	18,162	856	2,283	1,166	13,857	1,626	7,576	1,578	3,077	38.7	42.6
Midwest	31,131	1,726	3,955	2,382	23,069	2,093	11,541	3,559	5,875	38.9	43.2
East North Central	21,217	1,138	2,675	1,598	15,806	1,427	8,179	2,345	3,855	38.7	43.0
West North Central	9,914	588	1,280	784	7,262	666	3,362	1,214	2,020	39.1	43.6
South	47,253	1,959	5,186	3,349	36,759	3,046	20,527	4,512	8,674	39.6	42.9
South Atlantic	25,068	999	2,671	1,758	19,640	1,567	11,264	2,315	4,495	39.5	42.7
East South Central	7,619	364	887	573	5,796	540	3,156	749	1,352	39.1	42.6
West South Central	14,566	597	1,629	1,018	11,323	939	6,107	1,449	2,827	39.9	43.3
West	30,397	1,468	3,646	2,464	22,819	1,835	12,820	2,818	5,346	38.9	42.7
Mountain	9,171	475	1,081	754	6,861	583	3,596	940	1,742	39.1	43.1
Pacific	21,227	993	2,565	1,711	15,958	1,253	9,223	1,878	3,604	38.8	42.6
Men											
Northeast	13,275	432	1,101	701	11,040	757	5,710	1,426	3,146	41.5	44.1
New England	3,576	144	309	231	2,892	186	1,355	455	897	41.3	44.2
Middle Atlantic	9,699	288	792	471	8,148	572	4,356	971	2,250	41.6	44.0
Midwest	16,573	655	1,436	955	13,527	822	6,244	2,171	4,289	41.8	44.7
East North Central	11,325	432	964	632	9,298	552	4,445	1,453	2,847	41.6	44.4
West North Central	5,248	224	472	323	4,229	270	1,799	719	1,442	42.2	45.2
South	25,527	750	2,014	1,454	21,310	1,210	11,109	2,703	6,288	42.0	44.2
South Atlantic	13,435	387	1,022	741	11,285	624	6,074	1,382	3,205	41.8	43.9
East South Central	4,072	135	351	255	3,332	200	1,692	446	994	41.7	44.1
West South Central	8,020	228	641	459	6,693	386	3,344	875	2,088	42.6	44.8
West	16,799	543	1,378	1,068	13,810	792	7,428	1,759	3,831	41.3	43.8
Mountain	5,065	174	415	326	4,151	250	2,064	592	1,245	41.7	44.3
Pacific	11,734	369	963	742	9,659	542	5,364	1,167	2,586	41.2	43.6
Women											
Northeast	11,715	817	2,128	1,063	7,707	1,396	4,273	890	1,148	35.2	40.6
New England	3,252	249	637	368	1,998	342	1,053	282	321	34.6	40.6
Middle Atlantic	8,463	568	1,491	695	5,709	1,054	3,220	607	827	35.4	40.6
Midwest	14,558	1,070	2,519	1,427	9,542	1,271	5,297	1,388	1,586	35.5	41.1
East North Central	9,892	706	1,711	966	6,508	875	3,734	892	1,007	35.5	41.0
West North Central	4,666	364	807	461	3,033	396	1,563	496	578	35.7	41.4
South	21,726	1,210	3,173	1,895	15,449	1,836	9,418	1,809	2,386	36.7	41.0
South Atlantic	11,633	612	1,649	1,017	8,355	943	5,190	932	1,290	36.8	41.1
East South Central	3,547	229	536	318	2,464	340	1,464	302	357	36.1	40.6
West South Central	6,546	369	988	560	4,630	553	2,764	574	739	36.7	41.2
West	13,599	925	2,268	1,397	9,009	1,044	5,392	1,059	1,514	35.8	41.1
Mountain	4,106	301	666	428	2,710	333	1,532	349	497	35.9	41.2
Pacific	9,493	624	1,602	968	6,299	711	3,860	710	1,018	35.8	41.1

Table 9. Census regions and divisions: persons at work by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and area	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years											
Northeast	1,046	288	440	81	237	46	136	26	29	22.7	39.0
New England	323	92	136	28	67	14	37	9	6	22.0	37.5
Middle Atlantic	723	195	305	53	170	32	99	16	23	22.9	39.6
Midwest	1,578	425	650	140	364	86	189	45	43	22.8	38.9
East North Central	1,035	273	436	92	234	51	130	30	23	22.7	38.7
West North Central	544	152	214	48	130	35	59	15	20	22.9	39.5
South	1,865	351	757	184	572	121	349	48	55	25.5	38.7
South Atlantic	961	179	373	101	308	60	197	23	28	25.8	39.1
East South Central	332	69	141	29	93	21	54	8	9	24.5	39.1
West South Central	572	103	243	54	172	40	98	17	17	25.5	38.0
West	1,207	246	463	130	368	74	221	36	37	25.4	38.7
Mountain	427	87	155	44	141	29	79	16	18	26.0	39.6
Pacific	779	159	308	86	227	45	142	20	19	25.0	38.1
White											
Northeast	20,968	1,111	2,799	1,532	15,527	1,716	7,985	2,057	3,768	38.5	42.8
New England	6,207	367	865	547	4,428	472	2,136	686	1,134	38.1	42.8
Middle Atlantic	14,762	744	1,934	985	11,099	1,244	5,849	1,371	2,634	38.7	42.8
Midwest	27,499	1,577	3,516	2,122	20,283	1,861	9,739	3,277	5,406	38.9	43.4
East North Central	18,474	1,038	2,356	1,406	13,675	1,246	6,773	2,143	3,514	38.8	43.2
West North Central	9,025	540	1,160	717	6,608	615	2,967	1,133	1,893	39.2	43.8
South	37,140	1,618	4,121	2,648	28,753	2,400	15,246	3,754	7,354	39.7	43.2
South Atlantic	19,102	803	2,074	1,345	14,880	1,207	8,038	1,899	3,736	39.6	43.0
East South Central	6,073	304	718	461	4,590	424	2,379	630	1,157	39.2	42.9
West South Central	11,965	511	1,329	841	9,283	769	4,829	1,224	2,461	40.1	43.6
West	25,016	1,250	3,048	2,061	18,658	1,545	10,185	2,385	4,543	38.9	42.8
Mountain	8,362	442	992	689	6,240	533	3,216	869	1,622	39.1	43.2
Pacific	16,654	808	2,056	1,372	12,418	1,012	6,969	1,516	2,921	38.7	42.6
Black or African American											
Northeast	2,615	86	298	156	2,075	313	1,359	151	252	38.0	40.7
New England	357	12	48	31	267	32	164	29	42	38.1	41.5
Middle Atlantic	2,258	74	251	125	1,808	281	1,195	123	210	37.9	40.6
Midwest	2,458	84	282	182	1,910	166	1,308	171	265	38.2	41.3
East North Central	1,994	64	225	147	1,558	138	1,083	133	204	38.1	41.2
West North Central	464	19	57	35	352	28	225	38	60	38.4	41.8
South	8,018	258	831	568	6,361	527	4,333	566	936	38.8	41.3
South Atlantic	4,908	150	485	343	3,931	305	2,735	321	570	38.8	41.3
East South Central	1,336	53	144	98	1,041	100	696	100	145	38.4	41.0
West South Central	1,773	56	202	127	1,389	122	901	145	220	38.9	41.6
West	1,295	50	134	92	1,018	62	674	103	180	38.9	42.0
Mountain	250	8	26	20	196	13	127	21	35	39.2	42.2
Pacific	1,045	42	108	72	823	49	547	82	145	38.8	41.9

Table 9. Census regions and divisions: persons at work by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and area	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
Asian											
Northeast	1,128	32	94	56	945	93	535	87	230	41.1	43.7
New England	189	8	21	14	146	15	87	15	29	38.6	42.1
Middle Atlantic	938	24	73	42	799	79	448	71	201	41.6	44.0
Midwest	722	29	93	40	560	32	335	64	129	39.4	43.5
East North Central	488	15	59	26	388	22	231	41	93	40.0	43.7
West North Central	235	14	33	15	172	10	104	23	36	38.0	43.2
South	1,180	43	106	59	972	55	576	99	242	40.9	44.1
South Atlantic	692	26	60	35	570	33	345	58	134	40.7	43.8
East South Central	98	3	13	5	77	7	38	6	28	42.0	46.2
West South Central	391	14	33	20	324	16	193	35	80	41.1	44.3
West	2,757	106	291	193	2,167	138	1,388	201	440	39.2	42.6
Mountain	206	12	22	12	160	11	92	19	37	39.3	43.4
Pacific	2,551	95	269	181	2,007	127	1,296	181	403	39.2	42.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity											
Northeast	2,392	65	272	139	1,917	228	1,286	143	260	38.5	41.3
New England	407	12	57	36	302	37	194	30	41	37.4	40.6
Middle Atlantic	1,985	53	215	102	1,614	191	1,091	113	219	38.7	41.5
Midwest	1,558	46	161	109	1,242	124	762	144	211	39.0	41.7
East North Central	1,197	32	115	77	973	87	621	105	159	39.3	41.6
West North Central	362	15	46	32	269	37	141	39	52	38.1	41.8
South	6,341	167	683	477	5,015	432	3,251	493	839	39.1	41.6
South Atlantic	2,639	59	263	189	2,128	163	1,495	167	303	38.9	41.1
East South Central	176	4	18	18	137	11	93	13	21	38.9	40.9
West South Central	3,526	105	402	270	2,749	258	1,663	313	515	39.2	42.0
West	7,080	220	762	600	5,498	443	3,747	534	774	38.3	41.2
Mountain	1,836	55	184	173	1,424	129	921	152	223	38.7	41.4
Pacific	5,244	165	579	427	4,074	314	2,826	382	551	38.2	41.1

NOTE: Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose

ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 10. Census regions and divisions: persons at work 1 to 34 hours by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2004 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons 1	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could only find part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons 2
TOTAL														
Northeast	1,793	162	648	326	69	588	4,450	248	283	188	1,095	1,163	435	1,038
New England	564	46	191	121	22	184	1,374	74	67	62	363	336	123	349
Middle Atlantic	1,229	115	457	206	47	404	3,076	174	216	127	731	827	313	688
Midwest	2,303	305	945	141	71	842	5,759	341	390	143	1,350	1,717	598	1,221
East North Central	1,508	217	613	91	41	545	3,903	254	280	105	896	1,116	405	846
West North Central ...	796	88	332	50	29	297	1,856	86	110	38	454	601	192	375
South	3,622	516	1,090	317	385	1,315	6,872	513	484	211	1,347	1,891	634	1,793
South Atlantic	1,858	234	581	202	191	649	3,570	252	247	112	722	949	354	935
East South Central ...	655	79	183	47	98	248	1,168	73	72	35	236	360	104	288
West South Central ..	1,109	202	326	68	95	418	2,134	188	165	64	390	582	176	570
West	2,336	378	827	259	39	832	5,243	485	356	167	1,146	1,415	361	1,313
Mountain	719	97	275	63	11	272	1,591	109	105	42	366	430	130	410
Pacific	1,617	281	552	196	28	560	3,652	376	251	124	780	985	232	904
Men														
Northeast	867	95	322	148	45	257	1,368	120	117	6	65	486	228	346
New England	276	27	95	57	15	82	408	37	29	2	23	144	64	109
Middle Atlantic	592	69	227	92	29	175	959	83	88	4	41	342	164	237
Midwest	1,163	186	473	60	63	380	1,884	164	157	8	71	779	306	397
East North Central	760	132	306	37	37	248	1,268	122	111	7	40	503	212	273
West North Central ...	403	54	168	23	26	132	616	43	47	1	31	276	94	124
South	1,900	336	556	150	279	580	2,317	251	178	7	106	811	331	633
South Atlantic	965	147	291	101	134	292	1,185	121	94	4	62	399	185	321
East South Central ...	345	48	99	21	66	112	395	40	28	2	14	154	56	102
West South Central ..	590	141	166	28	79	176	737	90	57	2	29	258	90	211
West	1,219	253	428	110	36	391	1,770	237	150	8	90	623	200	462
Mountain	372	67	150	24	10	121	542	56	48	2	26	192	69	150
Pacific	847	187	278	86	26	270	1,228	181	102	6	64	431	131	312
Women														
Northeast	926	66	326	178	24	332	3,083	129	166	182	1,030	677	207	692
New England	288	20	96	64	7	102	965	38	38	60	340	192	58	240
Middle Atlantic	637	47	230	114	17	230	2,117	91	129	122	690	485	149	452
Midwest	1,141	119	472	81	7	461	3,876	177	232	135	1,279	937	291	824
East North Central	748	85	308	54	4	297	2,636	133	169	98	856	613	193	574
West North Central ...	392	34	164	27	3	164	1,240	44	63	36	423	325	98	250
South	1,722	180	534	168	106	735	4,555	262	305	203	1,242	1,080	303	1,159
South Atlantic	893	87	291	101	57	357	2,385	131	153	108	660	550	169	614
East South Central ...	310	32	84	26	32	136	773	33	44	33	221	205	48	186
West South Central ..	519	61	159	40	17	242	1,397	97	108	62	361	324	86	359
West	1,116	125	399	148	3	441	3,473	248	206	158	1,056	792	161	852
Mountain	346	31	125	39	1	151	1,049	53	57	41	340	239	60	260
Pacific	770	94	274	109	2	290	2,423	195	149	118	716	554	101	591

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 10. Census regions and divisions: persons at work 1 to 34 hours by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could only find part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
White														
Northeast	1,539	141	565	274	62	497	3,903	197	212	165	1,026	994	408	901
New England	515	43	178	108	21	166	1,263	65	56	56	345	298	119	325
Middle Atlantic	1,024	98	387	166	42	331	2,639	132	157	109	681	696	289	576
Midwest	2,060	268	863	120	66	742	5,156	275	310	129	1,277	1,507	568	1,091
East North Central	1,332	191	554	76	38	472	3,467	203	218	94	842	980	383	747
West North Central ...	728	77	309	44	27	270	1,689	73	92	35	434	526	185	344
South	2,847	390	891	233	322	1,011	5,539	378	308	174	1,191	1,488	557	1,444
South Atlantic	1,416	167	461	144	160	484	2,806	179	148	89	632	720	302	735
East South Central ...	520	59	156	35	75	194	963	54	46	29	211	301	93	229
West South Central ..	911	164	273	54	87	333	1,770	145	113	56	348	466	161	480
West	1,971	332	701	201	36	701	4,387	400	279	135	991	1,130	326	1,126
Mountain	657	87	253	56	11	249	1,465	96	90	39	346	389	126	379
Pacific	1,315	245	448	145	25	452	2,922	304	189	96	645	740	199	747
Black or African American														
Northeast	176	14	54	39	4	65	364	38	56	14	37	109	20	89
New England	29	2	7	7	1	12	62	7	9	2	10	19	1	14
Middle Atlantic	147	12	47	32	3	53	303	31	47	12	27	90	19	76
Midwest	165	27	50	16	2	70	383	51	64	9	40	117	22	80
East North Central	130	19	40	12	2	57	306	43	51	7	31	90	18	66
West North Central ...	35	8	11	3	(³)	13	77	8	13	2	9	27	4	14
South	638	104	157	70	52	255	1,019	109	150	26	103	282	68	280
South Atlantic	370	57	100	49	23	141	607	62	86	16	60	173	44	165
East South Central ...	122	19	21	11	23	48	173	17	22	5	19	48	10	50
West South Central ..	146	28	35	10	6	66	239	30	42	5	23	61	13	65
West	92	12	30	17	(³)	34	184	23	22	5	32	51	12	39
Mountain	19	3	7	2	(³)	6	36	5	7	1	5	8	3	7
Pacific	73	8	23	15	(³)	27	149	18	15	4	28	43	9	32
Asian														
Northeast	55	5	21	11	1	17	128	10	12	6	22	40	5	33
New England	14	1	5	5	(³)	3	30	1	2	3	4	12	1	7
Middle Atlantic	41	4	16	6	1	14	98	8	10	4	18	28	4	26
Midwest	36	4	16	3	(³)	13	127	5	7	3	23	56	2	30
East North Central	23	2	11	3	(³)	8	77	3	6	2	16	26	1	22
West North Central ...	13	2	5	1	(³)	5	49	2	2	(³)	7	30	1	8
South	56	6	19	9	4	17	153	13	9	6	33	55	4	33
South Atlantic	35	4	10	7	3	11	87	6	5	4	19	30	3	20
East South Central ...	4	1	2	(³)	(³)	1	16	1	1	(³)	4	3	(³)	7
West South Central ..	17	2	7	2	1	5	50	6	3	2	10	23	1	7
West	162	18	63	25	2	54	428	39	32	17	85	150	17	88
Mountain	11	2	4	(³)	(³)	5	35	2	3	(³)	6	17	(³)	7
Pacific	151	16	59	25	2	49	393	37	29	16	79	133	17	81

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 10. Census regions and divisions: persons at work 1 to 34 hours by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could only find part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity														
Northeast	134	21	35	20	8	50	342	48	33	27	66	86	6	75
New England	37	6	10	7	2	12	68	11	6	4	15	18	(³)	14
Middle Atlantic	97	15	25	13	6	38	274	37	27	23	52	68	6	61
Midwest	113	31	30	5	4	43	203	36	27	8	28	60	6	37
East North Central	85	24	21	4	2	33	139	26	17	6	21	40	3	26
West North Central	29	7	9	1	2	10	64	11	10	1	8	20	3	11
South	507	150	92	41	83	141	820	149	70	42	126	198	22	212
South Atlantic	202	49	38	24	42	48	308	69	25	15	54	74	8	64
East South Central	21	4	3	2	6	6	18	2	2	2	3	6	(³)	3
West South Central	284	96	51	16	35	87	493	79	43	25	70	118	14	144
West	551	159	128	53	18	193	1,032	181	95	45	178	288	21	224
Mountain	150	33	42	14	5	56	262	42	24	14	48	61	7	66
Pacific	401	126	86	39	13	136	770	139	70	32	130	227	14	158

¹ Includes seasonal work, job started or ended, own illness, child-care problems, other family or personal obligations, labor dispute, in school or training, civic or military duty, and all other reasons.

² Includes seasonal work, health and medical limitations, full-time workweek less than 35 hours, and all other reasons.

³ Less than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 11. Census regions and divisions: employed persons with a job but not at work by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2004 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Thousands of persons				
	Total	Vacation	Child-care problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
TOTAL					
Northeast	1,083	621	106	208	148
New England	333	204	28	56	46
Middle Atlantic	750	418	78	152	102
Midwest	1,350	713	141	268	227
East North Central	961	518	98	199	146
West North Central	389	195	43	70	82
South	1,781	900	200	359	322
South Atlantic	914	462	102	185	165
East South Central	307	149	34	69	56
West South Central	560	289	64	105	101
West	1,267	688	136	223	220
Mountain	384	211	40	64	68
Pacific	884	476	96	159	152
Men					
Northeast	468	282	17	91	78
New England	148	95	5	26	22
Middle Atlantic	320	187	12	65	56
Midwest	573	314	19	122	118
East North Central	408	229	13	89	77
West North Central	165	85	6	33	41
South	764	388	39	165	173
South Atlantic	385	199	22	81	84
East South Central	131	63	3	37	29
West South Central	248	126	14	47	60
West	544	313	24	102	105
Mountain	167	98	7	28	34
Pacific	378	216	17	74	71
Women					
Northeast	615	339	89	117	70
New England	186	109	23	31	24
Middle Atlantic	429	231	66	86	46
Midwest	777	399	122	146	109
East North Central	553	289	85	110	69
West North Central	224	110	37	36	41
South	1,017	512	160	195	150
South Atlantic	529	263	80	104	81
East South Central	176	86	30	32	27
West South Central	312	163	50	58	41
West	723	374	112	121	116
Mountain	217	114	34	36	34
Pacific	506	261	79	85	81

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 11. Census regions and divisions: employed persons with a job but not at work by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Thousands of persons				
	Total	Vacation	Child-care problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
White					
Northeast	943	553	85	171	134
New England	308	189	25	51	43
Middle Atlantic	635	363	60	120	91
Midwest	1,205	645	122	235	202
East North Central	846	463	84	173	126
West North Central	359	182	38	62	76
South	1,429	750	159	260	260
South Atlantic	725	384	77	132	132
East South Central	250	124	28	53	45
West South Central	454	243	54	74	83
West	1,061	581	112	179	188
Mountain	355	198	37	58	63
Pacific	706	384	75	122	125
Black or African American					
Northeast	93	40	13	30	9
New England	14	7	1	5	1
Middle Atlantic	79	34	12	25	8
Midwest	102	44	12	27	19
East North Central	87	39	10	21	17
West North Central	15	5	2	6	2
South	277	114	31	85	48
South Atlantic	150	60	19	46	25
East South Central	50	22	5	13	10
West South Central	77	32	7	26	12
West	55	27	7	15	7
Mountain	11	5	1	3	2
Pacific	44	22	6	12	5
Asian					
Northeast	33	22	4	5	2
New England	7	5	1	1	(³)
Middle Atlantic	26	16	4	4	2
Midwest	25	16	5	1	3
East North Central	18	12	3	1	2
West North Central	7	4	2	(³)	1
South	37	20	6	5	7
South Atlantic	22	11	4	3	4
East South Central	3	2	(³)	(³)	(³)
West South Central	12	7	2	1	3
West	91	51	9	16	15
Mountain	5	3	1	1	1
Pacific	86	48	8	16	14

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 11. Census regions and divisions: employed persons with a job but not at work by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Thousands of persons				
	Total	Vacation	Child-care problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity					
Northeast	71	38	9	13	11
New England	16	9	2	3	2
Middle Atlantic	55	29	7	10	9
Midwest	53	27	8	9	10
East North Central	43	21	5	8	8
West North Central	11	6	3	1	1
South	175	94	25	27	28
South Atlantic	59	33	8	9	9
East South Central	6	2	2	1	1
West South Central	109	59	16	17	18
West	240	121	33	51	35
Mountain	62	32	9	13	9
Pacific	178	89	24	39	26

¹ Includes maternity or paternity leave and other family obligations.

² Includes labor disputes, bad weather, in school or training, civic or military duty, and all other reasons.

³ Less than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Estimates for

the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 12. Census regions and divisions: unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2004 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Thousands of persons					
	Total unemployed	Job loser and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
TOTAL						
Northeast	1,471	813	196	121	417	120
New England	363	209	51	34	91	29
Middle Atlantic	1,108	604	145	87	326	91
Midwest	1,972	1,071	294	204	567	130
East North Central	1,437	806	218	136	396	98
West North Central	535	265	76	68	171	32
South	2,718	1,287	255	343	845	243
South Atlantic	1,317	645	119	159	397	116
East South Central	460	202	51	58	155	45
West South Central	942	440	85	126	294	83
West	1,986	1,025	253	191	578	192
Mountain	514	241	59	67	162	44
Pacific	1,473	784	194	124	416	148
Men						
Northeast	822	500	124	62	197	64
New England	210	131	33	19	44	16
Middle Atlantic	611	368	91	43	152	48
Midwest	1,082	654	198	103	259	67
East North Central	790	493	144	64	183	50
West North Central	293	160	54	39	76	17
South	1,434	786	163	179	358	111
South Atlantic	680	379	72	84	165	52
East South Central	237	123	31	30	63	20
West South Central	517	283	60	65	131	38
West	1,117	663	164	93	256	104
Mountain	286	157	35	34	72	24
Pacific	830	506	129	59	184	80
Women						
Northeast	649	313	72	59	220	56
New England	153	78	18	15	47	12
Middle Atlantic	496	235	54	44	173	44
Midwest	890	417	96	102	308	63
East North Central	647	313	74	73	213	49
West North Central	243	104	22	29	95	14
South	1,284	502	92	163	487	133
South Atlantic	636	266	46	75	232	64
East South Central	223	79	20	28	92	24
West South Central	425	157	25	61	163	45
West	870	362	89	98	322	88
Mountain	227	84	24	33	90	20
Pacific	643	277	65	65	232	68

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12. Census regions and divisions: unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Thousands of persons					
	Total unemployed	Job loser and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years						
Northeast	205	26	11	11	97	71
New England	55	7	3	2	26	19
Middle Atlantic	150	19	8	8	71	52
Midwest	304	44	15	22	140	98
East North Central	212	31	9	14	92	75
West North Central	92	14	7	7	48	23
South	389	52	16	26	157	154
South Atlantic	182	25	9	12	69	75
East South Central	74	8	3	6	30	29
West South Central	134	19	4	7	58	50
West	310	43	16	18	116	133
Mountain	97	12	3	7	41	36
Pacific	213	30	13	11	75	97
White						
Northeast	1,087	623	170	93	291	80
New England	307	181	48	31	75	20
Middle Atlantic	780	443	122	62	215	60
Midwest	1,485	847	255	164	382	92
East North Central	1,064	630	188	108	256	69
West North Central	422	217	68	56	126	22
South	1,718	829	182	238	523	129
South Atlantic	790	396	83	109	227	58
East South Central	277	122	33	40	93	22
West South Central	651	311	65	89	203	48
West	1,556	805	211	159	442	150
Mountain	437	208	52	58	134	37
Pacific	1,119	597	159	101	309	112
Black or African American						
Northeast	304	148	21	21	105	30
New England	37	17	2	2	11	7
Middle Atlantic	267	130	19	19	93	23
Midwest	394	187	30	27	151	28
East North Central	317	152	25	20	123	23
West North Central	77	36	5	7	28	6
South	875	411	63	87	280	98
South Atlantic	472	229	32	44	150	49
East South Central	171	78	17	15	57	21
West South Central	232	105	15	27	73	27
West	156	82	15	7	54	13
Mountain	30	14	2	3	10	2
Pacific	127	68	13	3	44	11

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12. Census regions and divisions: unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Thousands of persons					
	Total unemployed	Job loser and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
Asian						
Northeast	54	27	2	5	13	9
New England	12	7	1	1	2	2
Middle Atlantic	42	20	1	4	11	7
Midwest	36	15	3	4	13	3
East North Central	25	11	2	4	8	2
West North Central	11	3	1	1	5	2
South	43	18	3	6	11	9
South Atlantic	25	10	2	3	6	6
East South Central	2	1	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)
West South Central	16	7	1	2	4	2
West	144	79	12	13	36	16
Mountain	9	4	1	1	3	1
Pacific	135	75	11	11	33	15
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity						
Northeast	191	96	22	14	59	21
New England	40	21	4	3	10	6
Middle Atlantic	151	75	18	11	49	16
Midwest	132	75	26	11	37	9
East North Central	104	61	20	8	27	8
West North Central	28	14	6	3	10	1
South	398	197	46	44	115	42
South Atlantic	139	70	17	16	40	13
East South Central	9	3	1	1	3	1
West South Central	250	123	27	27	71	28
West	619	324	106	51	165	79
Mountain	139	68	20	16	39	15
Pacific	480	256	85	35	126	64

¹ Less than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons

whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 13. Census regions and divisions: unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2004 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Thousands of persons								Weeks	
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over					Average (mean) duration	Median duration
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over				
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over		
TOTAL										
Northeast	1,471	450	422	599	248	351	136	215	21.6	10.7
New England	363	118	106	139	57	82	33	49	19.9	9.9
Middle Atlantic	1,108	332	316	460	190	269	102	167	22.2	11.1
Midwest	1,972	607	597	769	312	457	205	252	20.2	10.3
East North Central	1,437	432	426	579	233	345	149	196	20.9	10.6
West North Central	535	174	170	191	79	112	56	56	18.2	9.5
South	2,718	949	809	960	420	539	221	319	18.4	9.2
South Atlantic	1,317	451	387	478	206	272	104	167	18.9	9.4
East South Central	460	156	136	168	68	100	45	56	18.9	9.3
West South Central	942	342	286	313	146	167	72	96	17.4	8.7
West	1,986	690	553	743	312	431	186	245	19.2	9.5
Mountain	514	207	146	161	71	90	41	49	16.5	7.7
Pacific	1,473	484	407	582	242	341	144	197	20.2	10.1
Men										
Northeast	822	246	232	344	134	210	76	134	22.6	11.2
New England	210	65	61	85	36	49	20	29	20.7	10.4
Middle Atlantic	611	181	171	260	99	161	57	104	23.2	11.5
Midwest	1,082	327	316	439	172	268	110	157	21.4	10.7
East North Central	790	236	224	330	129	201	80	121	22.2	11.1
West North Central	293	91	92	109	42	67	30	37	19.4	9.9
South	1,434	511	420	503	203	300	116	185	18.9	9.1
South Atlantic	680	238	196	246	90	155	55	101	19.9	9.4
East South Central	237	80	72	85	37	48	22	27	18.4	9.3
West South Central	517	193	152	172	76	96	39	57	17.9	8.5
West	1,117	390	301	425	180	245	110	136	19.2	9.6
Mountain	286	110	79	97	42	55	26	29	17.7	8.4
Pacific	830	280	222	328	138	190	84	106	19.7	10.0
Women										
Northeast	649	204	190	255	113	141	60	82	20.3	10.3
New England	153	53	45	55	22	33	14	19	18.7	9.2
Middle Atlantic	496	151	145	200	92	108	46	63	20.8	10.6
Midwest	890	280	280	330	140	190	95	95	18.6	9.8
East North Central	647	196	203	248	104	145	69	75	19.3	10.1
West North Central	243	83	78	81	36	45	26	19	16.8	9.1
South	1,284	439	389	456	217	239	105	134	17.7	9.2
South Atlantic	636	213	191	232	116	116	50	67	17.7	9.4
East South Central	223	76	64	83	31	52	23	29	19.4	9.4
West South Central	425	149	134	141	70	71	32	38	16.9	8.9
West	870	300	252	317	132	185	76	109	19.3	9.3
Mountain	227	96	68	63	28	35	16	19	15.0	6.9
Pacific	643	204	185	254	104	150	60	90	20.8	10.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 13. Census regions and divisions: unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Thousands of persons								Weeks	
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over					Average (mean) duration	Median duration
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over				
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over		
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years										
Northeast	205	85	68	51	26	26	11	15	13.5	6.8
New England	55	22	19	15	7	8	4	4	13.5	7.0
Middle Atlantic	150	63	49	37	19	18	7	11	13.6	6.7
Midwest	304	132	101	70	33	37	20	17	12.2	6.3
East North Central	212	89	71	51	23	27	16	12	12.6	6.8
West North Central	92	43	30	19	10	9	4	6	11.3	5.4
South	389	177	124	88	47	41	18	23	11.9	6.0
South Atlantic	182	84	54	44	24	20	7	13	12.3	6.0
East South Central	74	31	26	17	7	10	4	5	12.8	6.7
West South Central	134	62	44	27	16	11	6	5	10.7	5.6
West	310	144	94	72	34	39	15	23	13.1	5.8
Mountain	97	48	30	19	9	10	5	5	11.3	4.8
Pacific	213	96	64	53	24	29	10	18	13.9	6.3
White										
Northeast	1,087	355	313	419	181	238	93	145	20.4	10.0
New England	307	101	89	116	49	67	27	40	19.6	9.8
Middle Atlantic	780	254	224	303	132	171	65	106	20.8	10.1
Midwest	1,485	489	451	545	227	318	150	168	18.8	9.6
East North Central	1,064	344	315	405	167	238	108	129	19.5	9.9
West North Central	422	145	136	140	60	80	42	38	17.1	8.9
South	1,718	659	511	548	236	312	130	182	17.0	8.2
South Atlantic	790	299	227	264	113	151	60	91	17.6	8.4
East South Central	277	108	80	89	33	56	25	31	17.7	7.9
West South Central	651	253	203	195	90	105	45	60	16.0	8.0
West	1,556	563	433	560	242	318	141	177	18.4	9.0
Mountain	437	181	123	134	60	74	34	40	16.2	7.4
Pacific	1,119	383	310	426	182	244	107	138	19.2	9.6
Black or African American										
Northeast	304	76	85	143	50	93	35	58	25.5	13.3
New England	37	9	12	16	5	10	5	6	21.4	11.3
Middle Atlantic	267	67	73	128	45	83	31	52	26.0	13.6
Midwest	394	88	116	190	72	118	47	72	25.3	13.9
East North Central	317	71	94	152	58	94	36	59	25.3	13.7
West North Central	77	17	22	38	14	24	11	13	25.0	14.6
South	875	249	263	363	162	200	79	122	20.8	11.2
South Atlantic	472	137	142	194	84	109	41	68	20.7	11.2
East South Central	171	44	52	75	33	42	18	24	20.7	12.0
West South Central	232	69	69	94	45	49	19	30	20.9	10.6
West	156	38	42	76	31	45	16	28	24.7	14.0
Mountain	30	10	9	11	5	6	4	3	17.2	10.1
Pacific	127	28	34	65	26	38	13	26	26.5	15.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 13. Census regions and divisions: unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Thousands of persons								Weeks	
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over					Average (mean) duration	Median duration
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over				
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over		
Asian										
Northeast	54	10	16	27	11	16	6	10	26.1	14.8
New England	12	5	3	4	1	3	1	2	26.5	8.2
Middle Atlantic	42	6	14	23	9	13	5	8	26.0	16.8
Midwest	36	11	14	12	5	7	3	4	17.8	9.5
East North Central	25	6	9	10	4	6	3	3	20.7	10.4
West North Central	11	4	5	2	1	1	(¹)	1	11.2	7.6
South	43	14	13	15	7	8	3	5	19.0	9.3
South Atlantic	25	9	9	7	4	3	1	2	15.3	8.4
East South Central	2	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	6.6	7.7
West South Central	16	5	3	7	2	5	3	2	26.2	13.2
West	144	44	37	63	21	42	16	26	24.2	11.5
Mountain	9	3	3	3	1	2	1	1	21.7	10.3
Pacific	135	41	34	60	19	40	15	25	24.4	11.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity										
Northeast	191	61	54	75	23	53	21	32	23.6	10.5
New England	40	15	12	13	5	9	4	4	18.2	8.5
Middle Atlantic	151	47	42	62	18	44	17	28	25.1	11.3
Midwest	132	49	40	42	22	20	11	9	15.1	8.2
East North Central	104	37	32	34	19	15	7	8	15.3	8.7
West North Central	28	12	8	8	3	5	3	2	14.5	6.3
South	398	160	119	120	57	63	30	33	15.3	7.7
South Atlantic	139	59	40	41	16	25	11	13	15.3	7.0
East South Central	9	5	3	2	1	1	(¹)	1	17.6	4.5
West South Central	250	96	77	77	40	37	18	19	15.2	8.2
West	619	224	183	212	98	114	50	64	17.1	8.8
Mountain	139	59	40	40	19	20	12	8	14.0	6.8
Pacific	480	166	142	172	79	93	38	56	18.0	9.4

¹ Less than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose

ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Section II. Estimates for States

Chart 1. Unemployment rates by State, 2004 annual averages

(U.S. rate = 5.5 percent)

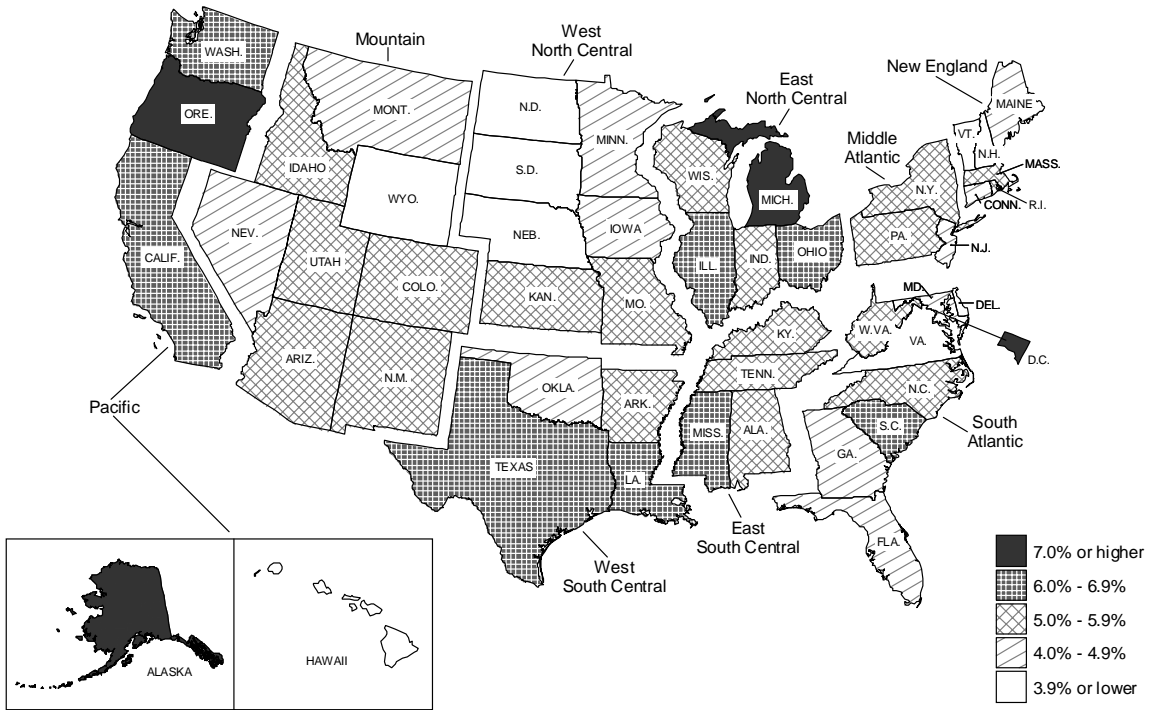


Chart 2. Employment-population ratios by State, 2004 annual averages

(U.S. rate = 62.3 percent)

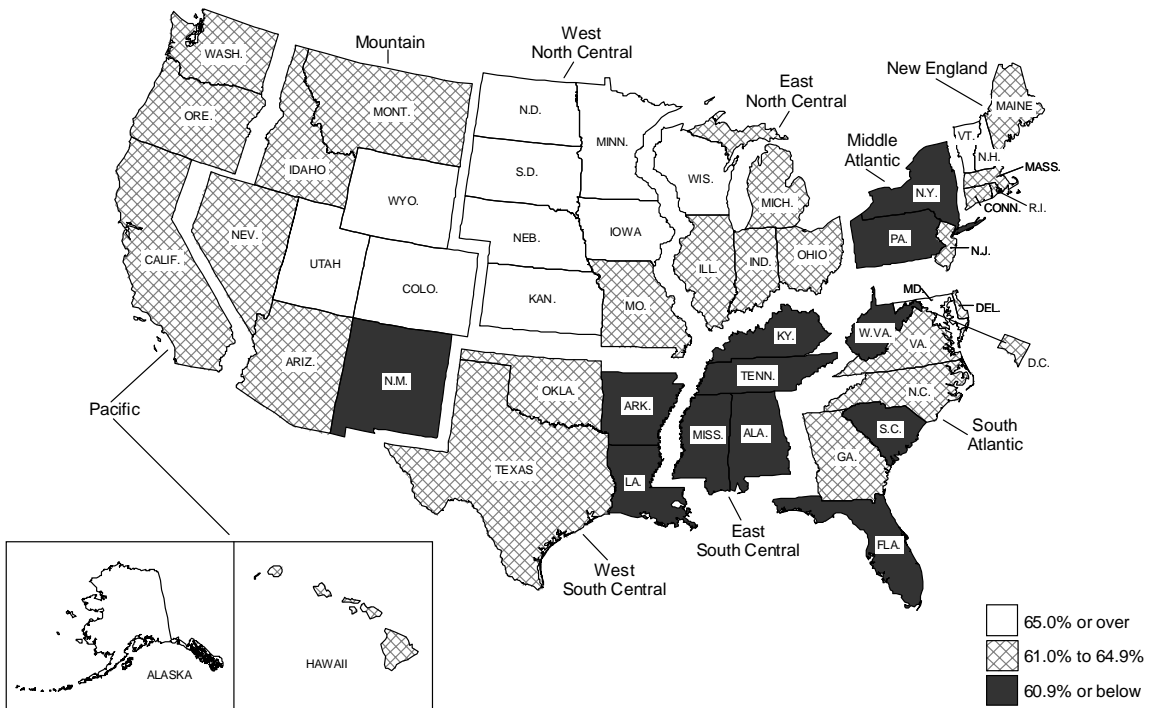


Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Alabama								
Total	3,484	2,179	62.5	2,053	58.9	126	5.8	5.2 - 6.4
Men	1,651	1,156	70.0	1,096	66.3	61	5.3	4.5 - 6.1
Women	1,833	1,023	55.8	957	52.2	66	6.4	5.5 - 7.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	266	106	39.8	89	33.5	17	15.7	11.7 - 19.7
White	2,518	1,595	63.4	1,535	61.0	61	3.8	3.2 - 4.4
Men	1,220	883	72.4	850	69.7	33	3.7	2.9 - 4.5
Women	1,298	713	54.9	685	52.8	28	3.9	3.0 - 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	169	74	44.1	67	39.5	8	10.5	6.3 - 14.7
Black or African American	851	511	60.0	449	52.7	62	12.2	10.3 - 14.1
Men	374	233	62.1	207	55.2	26	11.2	8.5 - 13.9
Women	477	278	58.4	242	50.8	36	13.1	10.5 - 15.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	57	50	87.1	48	83.9	2	3.7	.5 - 6.9
Married men, spouse present	972	735	75.6	716	73.6	19	2.6	1.9 - 3.3
Married women, spouse present	969	571	59.0	552	57.0	19	3.4	2.4 - 4.4
Women who maintain families	234	150	64.0	132	56.4	18	11.8	8.7 - 14.9
Alaska								
Total	465	331	71.1	306	65.8	25	7.5	6.9 - 8.1
Men	233	179	76.6	165	70.6	14	7.9	7.1 - 8.7
Women	232	152	65.6	141	60.9	11	7.2	6.3 - 8.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	38	18	47.7	14	36.9	4	22.5	21.6 - 23.4
White	341	247	72.4	233	68.3	14	5.7	5.1 - 6.3
Men	175	136	77.5	128	73.0	8	5.8	5.0 - 6.6
Women	166	111	67.0	105	63.3	6	5.4	4.5 - 6.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	24	12	49.7	10	39.9	2	19.7	17.5 - 21.9
Black or African American	14	10	72.5	9	66.4	1	8.5	5.3 - 11.7
Men	8	6	81.7	6	75.0	1	8.2	4.1 - 12.3
Women	7	4	61.8	4	56.3	(²)	8.9	3.7 - 14.1
Asian	30	22	73.1	20	69.3	1	5.2	3.4 - 7.0
Men	13	10	81.1	10	77.4	(²)	4.5	2.0 - 7.0
Women	17	11	67.0	11	63.0	1	5.9	3.2 - 8.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	22	16	75.4	15	69.8	1	7.3	4.9 - 9.7
Men	11	9	81.6	8	75.8	1	7.1	3.9 - 10.3
Women	11	7	68.9	7	63.7	1	7.6	3.9 - 11.3
Married men, spouse present	125	102	81.4	97	77.6	5	4.8	3.9 - 5.7
Married women, spouse present	127	85	66.7	81	63.4	4	5.0	4.0 - 6.0
Women who maintain families	25	18	73.4	17	67.5	1	8.0	5.6 - 10.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Arizona								
Total	4,266	2,778	65.1	2,637	61.8	141	5.1	4.5 - 5.7
Men	2,101	1,536	73.1	1,458	69.4	77	5.0	4.3 - 5.7
Women	2,166	1,242	57.4	1,179	54.4	63	5.1	4.3 - 5.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	277	131	47.2	103	37.3	28	21.1	17.1 - 25.1
White	3,880	2,526	65.1	2,405	62.0	121	4.8	4.2 - 5.4
Men	1,924	1,410	73.3	1,344	69.9	66	4.7	4.0 - 5.4
Women	1,956	1,116	57.1	1,061	54.2	55	4.9	4.0 - 5.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	246	117	47.8	93	38.0	24	20.6	16.4 - 24.8
Black or African American	136	92	67.6	83	60.8	9	10.0	6.2 - 13.8
Men	67	49	73.7	44	65.8	5	10.7	5.4 - 16.0
Asian	94	59	62.8	56	60.0	3	4.5	1.2 - 7.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	1,171	803	68.6	752	64.2	52	6.4	4.8 - 8.0
Men	600	500	83.2	469	78.2	30	6.0	4.0 - 8.0
Women	570	304	53.3	282	49.5	21	7.1	4.4 - 9.8
Married men, spouse present	1,192	893	74.9	874	73.4	18	2.1	1.5 - 2.7
Married women, spouse present	1,142	635	55.6	615	53.9	20	3.1	2.2 - 4.0
Women who maintain families	241	167	69.4	157	65.0	11	6.4	3.9 - 8.9
Arkansas								
Total	2,102	1,308	62.2	1,231	58.5	77	5.9	5.2 - 6.6
Men	1,008	707	70.1	668	66.3	39	5.5	4.6 - 6.4
Women	1,094	601	54.9	562	51.4	38	6.4	5.4 - 7.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	145	65	45.0	50	34.1	16	24.1	19.0 - 29.2
White	1,718	1,066	62.1	1,016	59.1	50	4.7	4.0 - 5.4
Men	833	591	71.0	564	67.8	27	4.5	3.6 - 5.4
Women	885	475	53.6	451	51.0	24	5.0	4.0 - 6.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	110	52	47.3	41	37.3	11	21.3	15.7 - 26.9
Black or African American	307	192	62.4	167	54.4	25	12.8	10.1 - 15.5
Men	137	86	62.7	75	54.5	11	13.1	9.0 - 17.2
Women	170	106	62.2	93	54.4	13	12.5	8.9 - 16.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	70	51	73.9	49	70.0	3	5.3	2.2 - 8.4
Men	40	35	87.0	34	83.6	1	3.9	.7 - 7.1
Married men, spouse present	613	455	74.3	444	72.5	11	2.4	1.7 - 3.1
Married women, spouse present	581	343	59.1	335	57.7	8	2.5	1.6 - 3.4
Women who maintain families	138	93	67.3	81	58.8	12	12.6	9.1 - 16.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
California								
Total	26,768	17,551	65.6	16,466	61.5	1,084	6.2	5.9 - 6.5
Men	13,117	9,690	73.9	9,076	69.2	614	6.3	5.9 - 6.7
Women	13,650	7,860	57.6	7,390	54.1	470	6.0	5.6 - 6.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,020	751	37.2	595	29.5	156	20.8	18.7 - 22.9
White	20,671	13,660	66.1	12,850	62.2	810	5.9	5.6 - 6.2
Men	10,226	7,663	74.9	7,200	70.4	463	6.0	5.6 - 6.4
Women	10,444	5,997	57.4	5,650	54.1	347	5.8	5.3 - 6.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,574	633	40.2	499	31.7	134	21.2	18.9 - 23.5
Black or African American	1,719	1,065	61.9	953	55.4	113	10.6	9.3 - 11.9
Men	796	516	64.8	456	57.3	60	11.6	9.6 - 13.6
Women	923	549	59.5	497	53.8	53	9.6	7.8 - 11.4
Asian	3,412	2,182	64.0	2,071	60.7	111	5.1	4.4 - 5.8
Men	1,618	1,155	71.4	1,094	67.6	61	5.3	4.4 - 6.2
Women	1,794	1,028	57.3	977	54.5	51	4.9	3.9 - 5.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	8,036	5,456	67.9	5,012	62.4	445	8.1	7.6 - 8.6
Men	4,086	3,267	80.0	3,021	73.9	246	7.5	6.8 - 8.2
Women	3,950	2,190	55.4	1,991	50.4	199	9.1	8.2 - 10.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	847	317	37.5	239	28.2	78	24.7	21.2 - 28.2
Married men, spouse present	6,989	5,507	78.8	5,299	75.8	207	3.8	3.4 - 4.2
Married women, spouse present	6,865	3,928	57.2	3,746	54.6	182	4.6	4.1 - 5.1
Women who maintain families	1,555	1,084	69.8	1,004	64.6	81	7.4	6.2 - 8.6
Colorado								
Total	3,468	2,525	72.8	2,389	68.9	137	5.4	4.9 - 5.9
Men	1,718	1,383	80.5	1,305	76.0	78	5.7	5.1 - 6.3
Women	1,750	1,142	65.3	1,084	61.9	58	5.1	4.4 - 5.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	224	116	52.0	92	41.3	24	20.6	18.0 - 23.2
White	3,168	2,319	73.2	2,202	69.5	117	5.1	4.6 - 5.6
Men	1,575	1,271	80.7	1,202	76.3	69	5.4	4.8 - 6.0
Women	1,593	1,048	65.8	1,000	62.8	48	4.6	3.9 - 5.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	198	109	54.9	88	44.5	21	19.0	16.2 - 21.8
Black or African American	127	89	69.8	77	61.1	11	12.5	9.4 - 15.6
Men	63	50	79.3	43	68.9	7	13.1	9.0 - 17.2
Women	64	39	60.5	34	53.3	5	11.8	7.2 - 16.4
Asian	77	52	67.9	51	66.3	1	2.3	.3 - 4.3
Men	36	28	77.2	27	75.7	1	1.9	(³) - (³)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	622	449	72.1	415	66.7	34	7.5	6.2 - 8.8
Men	329	275	83.7	258	78.4	17	6.3	4.7 - 7.9
Women	294	174	59.2	157	53.6	16	9.4	7.2 - 11.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	55	27	49.5	21	38.4	6	22.4	16.9 - 27.9
Married men, spouse present	977	811	82.9	784	80.2	27	3.3	2.7 - 3.9
Married women, spouse present	938	600	63.9	580	61.8	20	3.3	2.5 - 4.1
Women who maintain families	169	125	73.8	116	68.2	9	7.6	5.3 - 9.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Connecticut								
Total	2,700	1,790	66.3	1,702	63.0	88	4.9	4.5 - 5.3
Men	1,287	943	73.3	895	69.5	48	5.1	4.5 - 5.7
Women	1,413	848	60.0	807	57.1	40	4.7	4.1 - 5.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	208	89	42.9	75	35.9	15	16.4	13.5 - 19.3
White	2,353	1,562	66.4	1,490	63.3	72	4.6	4.1 - 5.1
Men	1,133	832	73.4	791	69.8	41	4.9	4.3 - 5.5
Women	1,220	731	59.9	700	57.3	31	4.2	3.6 - 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	174	79	45.4	67	38.7	12	14.8	11.8 - 17.8
Black or African American	244	162	66.2	149	61.0	13	7.8	6.1 - 9.5
Men	109	77	70.5	71	65.3	6	7.3	4.9 - 9.7
Women	136	85	62.8	78	57.6	7	8.3	5.9 - 10.7
Asian	63	43	68.8	42	66.4	1	3.4	1.1 - 5.7
Men	30	24	80.3	24	78.7	(²)	2.0	(³) - (³)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	242	160	66.2	146	60.1	15	9.3	7.4 - 11.2
Men	120	85	70.3	76	63.6	8	9.6	7.0 - 12.2
Women	122	76	62.2	69	56.6	7	8.9	6.2 - 11.6
Married men, spouse present	738	573	77.6	557	75.5	16	2.8	2.2 - 3.4
Married women, spouse present	719	455	63.4	445	61.9	10	2.2	1.6 - 2.8
Women who maintain families	161	117	73.0	108	67.5	9	7.5	5.5 - 9.5
Delaware								
Total	643	426	66.3	409	63.7	17	3.9	3.4 - 4.4
Men	306	220	72.0	212	69.3	9	3.9	3.3 - 4.5
Women	337	206	61.1	198	58.6	8	4.0	3.3 - 4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	45	22	48.0	20	43.3	2	9.9	6.9 - 12.9
White	506	333	65.9	322	63.6	12	3.5	3.0 - 4.0
Men	243	175	71.9	169	69.4	6	3.5	2.8 - 4.2
Women	262	158	60.4	153	58.2	6	3.5	2.8 - 4.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	34	17	51.0	16	47.7	1	6.4	3.6 - 9.2
Black or African American	114	76	66.8	71	62.7	5	6.1	4.8 - 7.4
Men	51	36	70.2	34	66.1	2	5.8	3.9 - 7.7
Women	63	40	64.0	38	59.9	3	6.5	4.6 - 8.4
Asian	15	11	73.7	11	72.9	(²)	1.0	(³) - (³)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	36	26	73.7	25	69.7	1	5.5	3.3 - 7.7
Men	21	17	83.4	16	79.7	1	4.4	2.0 - 6.8
Women	15	9	60.6	8	56.0	1	7.5	3.3 - 11.7
Married men, spouse present	172	124	72.3	121	70.6	3	2.3	1.6 - 3.0
Married women, spouse present	168	102	60.4	99	59.0	2	2.4	1.6 - 3.2
Women who maintain families	41	29	71.4	28	66.9	2	6.4	4.2 - 8.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
District of Columbia								
Total	443	299	67.6	275	62.0	25	8.2	7.5 - 8.9
Men	203	150	73.9	136	67.2	14	9.0	8.0 - 10.0
Women	240	149	62.3	138	57.7	11	7.4	6.5 - 8.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	24	7	28.6	5	19.9	2	30.4	24.4 - 36.4
White	177	140	79.1	135	76.4	5	3.5	2.8 - 4.2
Men	88	74	84.6	72	81.8	2	3.2	2.3 - 4.1
Women	89	65	73.8	63	71.0	2	3.8	2.8 - 4.8
Black or African American	247	147	59.5	128	51.8	19	13.0	11.8 - 14.2
Men	107	70	65.3	59	55.1	11	15.6	13.8 - 17.4
Women	139	77	55.1	69	49.3	8	10.5	9.0 - 12.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	18	5	29.6	4	19.7	2	33.3	25.9 - 40.7
Asian	14	9	66.3	8	62.5	1	5.7	2.4 - 9.0
Men	5	4	71.9	4	69.5	(²)	3.4	(³) - (³)
Women	8	5	62.9	5	58.3	(²)	7.3	2.6 - 12.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	36	28	76.4	26	70.7	2	7.4	5.3 - 9.5
Men	18	15	82.7	13	74.8	1	9.7	6.5 - 12.9
Women	18	13	70.2	12	66.8	1	4.9	2.3 - 7.5
Married men, spouse present	63	48	76.4	46	73.2	2	4.2	2.9 - 5.5
Married women, spouse present	64	42	66.0	40	62.8	2	4.9	3.5 - 6.3
Women who maintain families	42	25	58.5	22	52.6	2	10.1	7.6 - 12.6
Florida								
Total	13,521	8,411	62.2	8,021	59.3	390	4.6	4.3 - 4.9
Men	6,480	4,507	69.6	4,302	66.4	205	4.5	4.1 - 4.9
Women	7,041	3,904	55.4	3,719	52.8	185	4.7	4.3 - 5.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	889	353	39.8	299	33.6	55	15.4	13.2 - 17.6
White	11,164	6,860	61.5	6,591	59.0	269	3.9	3.6 - 4.2
Men	5,399	3,741	69.3	3,590	66.5	151	4.0	3.6 - 4.4
Women	5,764	3,119	54.1	3,000	52.1	118	3.8	3.4 - 4.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	646	279	43.2	245	37.8	35	12.4	10.1 - 14.7
Black or African American	1,908	1,245	65.3	1,137	59.6	108	8.6	7.6 - 9.6
Men	869	602	69.3	553	63.6	49	8.2	6.8 - 9.6
Women	1,039	643	61.9	584	56.2	58	9.1	7.7 - 10.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	197	57	29.1	40	20.2	18	30.7	24.8 - 36.6
Asian	275	184	67.0	177	64.4	7	3.8	2.0 - 5.6
Men	129	100	77.7	97	75.3	3	3.1	.9 - 5.3
Women	146	84	57.6	80	54.9	4	4.7	1.8 - 7.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	2,533	1,654	65.3	1,572	62.0	82	5.0	4.3 - 5.7
Men	1,287	980	76.1	928	72.1	52	5.3	4.4 - 6.2
Women	1,247	674	54.1	643	51.6	31	4.6	3.6 - 5.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	189	75	39.7	66	34.8	9	12.3	7.7 - 16.9
Married men, spouse present	3,633	2,584	71.1	2,507	69.0	77	3.0	2.6 - 3.4
Married women, spouse present	3,563	1,963	55.1	1,902	53.4	61	3.1	2.6 - 3.6
Women who maintain families	785	547	69.6	518	66.0	29	5.2	4.0 - 6.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Georgia								
Total	6,534	4,399	67.3	4,194	64.2	205	4.7	4.2 - 5.2
Men	3,142	2,389	76.0	2,280	72.6	109	4.6	3.9 - 5.3
Women	3,392	2,010	59.2	1,914	56.4	96	4.8	4.1 - 5.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	436	160	36.7	134	30.7	26	16.3	12.1 - 20.5
White	4,558	3,052	67.0	2,946	64.6	106	3.5	3.0 - 4.0
Men	2,244	1,732	77.2	1,677	74.7	56	3.2	2.6 - 3.8
Women	2,314	1,320	57.1	1,270	54.9	50	3.8	3.0 - 4.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	261	103	39.3	91	35.1	11	10.8	6.3 - 15.3
Black or African American	1,738	1,178	67.8	1,087	62.5	91	7.7	6.5 - 8.9
Men	773	560	72.5	512	66.3	48	8.6	6.8 - 10.4
Women	965	618	64.1	575	59.6	43	7.0	5.4 - 8.6
Asian	164	118	71.5	113	68.8	4	3.8	1.3 - 6.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	383	299	78.1	285	74.5	14	4.6	2.6 - 6.6
Men	228	208	91.5	202	88.8	6	2.9	1.0 - 4.8
Women	155	91	58.4	83	53.5	8	8.5	3.8 - 13.2
Married men, spouse present	1,778	1,424	80.1	1,394	78.4	30	2.1	1.5 - 2.7
Married women, spouse present	1,740	1,054	60.6	1,020	58.6	34	3.3	2.5 - 4.1
Women who maintain families	497	354	71.3	328	65.9	27	7.6	5.5 - 9.7
Hawaii								
Total	946	612	64.7	591	62.5	21	3.4	3.0 - 3.8
Men	455	317	69.7	304	66.8	13	4.1	3.4 - 4.8
Women	491	295	60.1	287	58.4	8	2.7	2.1 - 3.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	59	21	36.5	18	31.0	3	15.0	10.6 - 19.4
White	205	138	67.1	134	65.3	4	2.7	1.9 - 3.5
Men	104	74	71.6	72	69.7	2	2.7	1.6 - 3.8
Women	101	63	62.6	62	60.9	2	2.7	1.5 - 3.9
Asian	482	297	61.7	290	60.2	7	2.3	1.8 - 2.8
Men	218	147	67.3	142	65.3	4	2.9	2.1 - 3.7
Women	264	151	57.1	148	56.0	3	1.8	1.2 - 2.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	54	38	69.7	35	65.1	3	6.7	4.3 - 9.1
Men	27	20	75.9	19	70.9	1	6.6	3.4 - 9.8
Women	27	17	63.7	16	59.4	1	6.8	3.3 - 10.3
Married men, spouse present	248	175	70.7	171	69.1	4	2.2	1.5 - 2.9
Married women, spouse present	253	161	63.6	158	62.4	3	1.9	1.3 - 2.5
Women who maintain families	49	29	59.1	28	56.8	1	3.9	1.7 - 6.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Idaho								
Total	1,039	706	68.0	669	64.4	37	5.3	4.7 - 5.9
Men	512	383	74.8	361	70.5	22	5.8	4.9 - 6.7
Women	527	323	61.3	307	58.4	15	4.7	3.8 - 5.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	83	45	55.0	38	45.7	8	16.9	13.2 - 20.6
White	981	674	68.7	640	65.2	34	5.0	4.4 - 5.6
Men	485	366	75.4	346	71.3	20	5.5	4.6 - 6.4
Women	497	308	62.0	294	59.3	14	4.4	3.5 - 5.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	75	43	57.1	36	47.9	7	16.1	12.4 - 19.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	79	56	70.1	51	64.5	4	8.0	5.3 - 10.7
Men	41	34	83.5	32	78.1	2	6.4	3.3 - 9.5
Women	38	21	55.8	19	50.0	2	10.5	5.7 - 15.3
Married men, spouse present	314	244	77.6	235	74.9	8	3.5	2.6 - 4.4
Married women, spouse present	310	192	61.9	187	60.2	5	2.8	1.9 - 3.7
Women who maintain families	49	35	71.1	33	66.6	2	6.4	3.4 - 9.4
Illinois								
Total	9,641	6,386	66.2	5,997	62.2	389	6.1	5.7 - 6.5
Men	4,650	3,408	73.3	3,203	68.9	204	6.0	5.5 - 6.5
Women	4,991	2,979	59.7	2,794	56.0	185	6.2	5.6 - 6.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	706	316	44.8	259	36.7	57	18.0	15.5 - 20.5
White	7,893	5,282	66.9	5,011	63.5	271	5.1	4.7 - 5.5
Men	3,865	2,891	74.8	2,743	71.0	148	5.1	4.6 - 5.6
Women	4,028	2,391	59.4	2,268	56.3	123	5.2	4.6 - 5.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	562	265	47.2	226	40.3	39	14.7	12.1 - 17.3
Black or African American	1,330	825	62.0	718	54.0	107	12.9	11.5 - 14.3
Men	582	360	61.9	308	53.0	52	14.4	12.2 - 16.6
Women	747	464	62.1	410	54.8	55	11.8	10.0 - 13.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	114	41	35.7	24	21.1	17	40.8	33.6 - 48.0
Asian	333	223	67.1	214	64.5	9	3.9	2.3 - 5.5
Men	163	125	76.3	121	73.9	4	3.2	1.3 - 5.1
Women	169	99	58.2	94	55.4	5	4.8	2.2 - 7.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	1,085	752	69.3	704	64.9	48	6.4	5.3 - 7.5
Men	588	485	82.4	461	78.3	24	4.9	3.7 - 6.1
Women	496	268	53.9	243	49.0	24	9.1	6.9 - 11.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	101	37	37.1	31	30.8	6	17.0	9.6 - 24.4
Married men, spouse present	2,556	1,998	78.2	1,933	75.6	65	3.3	2.8 - 3.8
Married women, spouse present	2,541	1,561	61.4	1,504	59.2	57	3.6	3.0 - 4.2
Women who maintain families	569	412	72.4	374	65.8	37	9.0	7.2 - 10.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Indiana								
Total	4,725	3,160	66.9	2,993	63.4	167	5.3	4.8 - 5.8
Men	2,290	1,674	73.1	1,588	69.3	87	5.2	4.5 - 5.9
Women	2,435	1,486	61.0	1,406	57.7	80	5.4	4.7 - 6.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	345	162	46.8	138	40.0	23	14.4	11.2 - 17.6
White	4,250	2,855	67.2	2,717	63.9	138	4.8	4.3 - 5.3
Men	2,066	1,526	73.9	1,453	70.3	73	4.8	4.1 - 5.5
Women	2,184	1,328	60.8	1,263	57.9	65	4.9	4.2 - 5.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	309	150	48.5	131	42.3	19	12.7	9.5 - 15.9
Black or African American	361	233	64.4	209	57.9	23	10.0	7.7 - 12.3
Men	163	105	64.4	95	58.0	10	10.0	6.6 - 13.4
Women	198	128	64.4	115	57.9	13	10.1	7.0 - 13.2
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	167	126	75.6	114	68.6	12	9.2	6.1 - 12.3
Men	87	76	87.7	71	81.4	6	7.2	3.6 - 10.8
Women	80	50	62.4	44	54.7	6	12.3	6.8 - 17.8
Married men, spouse present	1,339	1,041	77.7	1,014	75.7	27	2.6	2.0 - 3.2
Married women, spouse present	1,319	831	63.0	802	60.8	29	3.5	2.7 - 4.3
Women who maintain families	268	186	69.4	171	64.1	14	7.7	5.3 - 10.1
Iowa								
Total	2,307	1,620	70.2	1,545	67.0	75	4.6	4.1 - 5.1
Men	1,124	846	75.3	809	72.0	37	4.4	3.8 - 5.0
Women	1,183	774	65.4	736	62.2	38	4.9	4.2 - 5.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	170	104	61.1	91	53.7	13	12.2	9.4 - 15.0
White	2,193	1,542	70.3	1,474	67.2	68	4.4	3.9 - 4.9
Men	1,065	801	75.2	768	72.1	33	4.1	3.5 - 4.7
Women	1,129	741	65.6	706	62.5	35	4.7	4.0 - 5.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	159	98	61.8	86	54.2	12	12.2	9.4 - 15.0
Black or African American	44	28	63.5	22	51.0	5	19.6	14.0 - 25.2
Asian	40	30	75.9	30	74.8	(²)	1.4	(³) - (³)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	80	64	79.0	59	73.1	5	7.4	3.2 - 11.6
Men	43	39	89.8	36	84.4	2	6.0	1.1 - 10.9
Women	37	25	66.5	22	60.1	2	9.7	2.1 - 17.3
Married men, spouse present	660	506	76.7	495	75.0	11	2.2	1.6 - 2.8
Married women, spouse present	670	461	68.8	447	66.7	14	3.0	2.3 - 3.7
Women who maintain families	105	80	76.5	72	69.0	8	9.9	7.0 - 12.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Kansas								
Total	2,069	1,480	71.5	1,398	67.6	82	5.5	5.0 - 6.0
Men	1,008	795	78.9	754	74.7	41	5.2	4.5 - 5.9
Women	1,061	685	64.5	644	60.7	40	5.9	5.1 - 6.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	161	91	56.3	77	47.8	14	15.2	12.1 - 18.3
White	1,834	1,321	72.0	1,259	68.7	62	4.7	4.2 - 5.2
Men	892	710	79.7	676	75.8	34	4.8	4.1 - 5.5
Women	942	610	64.8	583	61.9	28	4.5	3.7 - 5.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	139	81	57.9	70	50.4	11	13.1	10.0 - 16.2
Black or African American	107	71	66.3	59	54.7	12	17.4	13.1 - 21.7
Men	51	35	67.4	30	59.3	4	12.1	6.7 - 17.5
Women	56	36	65.2	28	50.5	8	22.5	16.0 - 29.0
Asian	57	40	70.1	38	66.0	2	5.8	2.7 - 8.9
Men	31	25	80.3	24	76.4	1	4.9	1.2 - 8.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	109	86	78.6	80	73.1	6	7.0	4.4 - 9.6
Men	63	54	86.6	50	80.3	4	7.2	3.9 - 10.5
Women	47	32	67.9	30	63.4	2	6.5	2.3 - 10.7
Married men, spouse present	590	490	83.1	474	80.4	16	3.3	2.6 - 4.0
Married women, spouse present	579	395	68.2	382	65.9	13	3.3	2.5 - 4.1
Women who maintain families	109	82	75.5	72	66.3	10	12.1	9.1 - 15.1
Kentucky								
Total	3,194	1,977	61.9	1,874	58.7	103	5.2	4.6 - 5.8
Men	1,534	1,057	68.9	998	65.1	59	5.6	4.8 - 6.4
Women	1,660	920	55.4	876	52.8	44	4.8	4.0 - 5.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	237	113	47.6	88	37.3	24	21.7	18.6 - 24.8
White	2,893	1,781	61.6	1,698	58.7	83	4.7	4.1 - 5.3
Men	1,393	957	68.7	910	65.3	48	5.0	4.2 - 5.8
Women	1,499	824	54.9	788	52.6	35	4.3	3.5 - 5.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	209	102	48.8	81	39.0	20	20.1	16.8 - 23.4
Black or African American	228	147	64.6	131	57.4	17	11.2	8.2 - 14.2
Men	105	70	67.3	61	58.1	10	13.7	9.1 - 18.3
Women	124	77	62.3	70	56.7	7	9.0	5.1 - 12.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	48	33	68.7	30	63.7	2	7.2	2.4 - 12.0
Married men, spouse present	893	644	72.1	626	70.1	18	2.8	2.1 - 3.5
Married women, spouse present	899	522	58.0	508	56.6	13	2.5	1.7 - 3.3
Women who maintain families	207	121	58.7	108	52.4	13	10.7	7.9 - 13.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Louisiana								
Total	3,377	2,058	60.9	1,934	57.3	124	6.0	5.3 - 6.7
Men	1,589	1,075	67.7	1,008	63.4	68	6.3	5.3 - 7.3
Women	1,788	982	54.9	926	51.8	56	5.7	4.7 - 6.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	262	90	34.2	71	27.0	19	21.2	16.1 - 26.3
White	2,305	1,434	62.2	1,372	59.5	63	4.4	3.7 - 5.1
Men	1,119	796	71.1	760	67.9	36	4.5	3.5 - 5.5
Women	1,186	639	53.8	612	51.6	27	4.2	3.1 - 5.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	158	60	38.0	52	32.6	8	14.0	8.4 - 19.6
Black or African American	1,015	594	58.5	533	52.5	61	10.3	8.7 - 11.9
Men	448	268	60.0	237	52.9	31	11.7	9.3 - 14.1
Women	568	325	57.3	296	52.1	30	9.1	7.1 - 11.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	69	48	69.7	46	65.7	3	5.6	1.4 - 9.8
Married men, spouse present	862	640	74.3	623	72.3	17	2.6	1.8 - 3.4
Married women, spouse present	846	466	55.1	451	53.4	15	3.2	2.1 - 4.3
Women who maintain families	290	197	68.2	183	63.2	14	7.3	4.9 - 9.7
Maine								
Total	1,055	696	66.0	664	63.0	32	4.7	4.2 - 5.2
Men	507	362	71.4	344	67.8	18	5.1	4.4 - 5.8
Women	547	334	61.0	320	58.5	14	4.2	3.6 - 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	70	36	51.3	31	44.2	5	13.9	10.9 - 16.9
White	1,018	674	66.3	644	63.3	31	4.6	4.1 - 5.1
Men	489	350	71.7	333	68.1	17	5.0	4.3 - 5.7
Women	529	324	61.3	311	58.8	13	4.1	3.5 - 4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	67	35	52.5	30	45.3	5	13.6	10.6 - 16.6
Married men, spouse present	284	208	73.1	201	70.6	7	3.4	2.7 - 4.1
Married women, spouse present	281	181	64.5	177	62.9	5	2.5	1.8 - 3.2
Women who maintain families	51	34	65.9	32	63.1	1	4.3	2.3 - 6.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Maryland								
Total	4,223	2,883	68.3	2,762	65.4	121	4.2	3.8 - 4.6
Men	1,986	1,489	75.0	1,431	72.1	58	3.9	3.3 - 4.5
Women	2,237	1,394	62.3	1,331	59.5	64	4.6	4.0 - 5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	306	137	44.7	117	38.2	20	14.6	11.5 - 17.7
White	2,862	1,939	67.7	1,871	65.4	68	3.5	3.0 - 4.0
Men	1,387	1,052	75.9	1,018	73.4	34	3.2	2.6 - 3.8
Women	1,475	886	60.1	853	57.8	33	3.8	3.1 - 4.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	190	100	52.3	87	45.6	13	12.8	9.3 - 16.3
Black or African American	1,119	773	69.1	725	64.8	48	6.2	5.3 - 7.1
Men	493	355	72.0	335	67.8	21	5.8	4.5 - 7.1
Women	625	418	66.9	391	62.5	27	6.5	5.2 - 7.8
Asian	178	123	69.4	120	67.7	3	2.5	1.0 - 4.0
Men	79	61	78.2	60	76.0	2	2.8	.5 - 5.1
Women	99	62	62.5	61	61.1	1	2.2	.2 - 4.2
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	289	232	80.3	222	76.8	10	4.4	2.9 - 5.9
Men	168	154	91.2	148	87.6	6	3.9	2.2 - 5.6
Women	121	79	65.0	74	61.6	4	5.2	2.5 - 7.9
Married men, spouse present	1,060	840	79.3	825	77.8	16	1.8	1.3 - 2.3
Married women, spouse present	1,074	687	64.0	665	61.9	22	3.2	2.5 - 3.9
Women who maintain families	276	214	77.5	202	73.1	12	5.6	3.9 - 7.3
Massachusetts								
Total	5,036	3,399	67.5	3,226	64.1	172	5.1	4.6 - 5.6
Men	2,402	1,769	73.7	1,665	69.3	105	5.9	5.2 - 6.6
Women	2,634	1,629	61.9	1,562	59.3	68	4.2	3.6 - 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	362	171	47.2	148	40.9	23	13.4	10.5 - 16.3
White	4,478	3,041	67.9	2,900	64.8	141	4.6	4.1 - 5.1
Men	2,143	1,585	74.0	1,497	69.9	87	5.5	4.8 - 6.2
Women	2,335	1,456	62.4	1,402	60.1	54	3.7	3.1 - 4.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	300	142	47.4	126	42.1	16	11.2	8.2 - 14.2
Black or African American	308	201	65.2	181	58.9	19	9.7	7.3 - 12.1
Men	142	103	72.4	94	66.5	8	8.3	5.2 - 11.4
Women	166	98	59.0	87	52.4	11	11.2	7.6 - 14.8
Asian	204	127	62.3	119	58.1	9	6.7	4.1 - 9.3
Men	99	70	70.5	64	64.4	6	8.6	4.8 - 12.4
Women	105	57	54.6	55	52.2	2	4.3	1.2 - 7.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	321	235	73.1	214	66.8	20	8.7	6.5 - 10.9
Men	147	116	78.7	106	71.6	11	9.1	6.0 - 12.2
Women	173	119	68.4	109	62.7	10	8.3	5.3 - 11.3
Married men, spouse present	1,252	975	77.8	937	74.8	38	3.9	3.1 - 4.7
Married women, spouse present	1,211	774	64.0	751	62.0	24	3.1	2.3 - 3.9
Women who maintain families	329	232	70.4	217	65.8	15	6.5	4.6 - 8.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Michigan								
Total	7,748	5,114	66.0	4,758	61.4	356	7.0	6.5 - 7.5
Men	3,738	2,720	72.8	2,516	67.3	204	7.5	6.9 - 8.1
Women	4,010	2,394	59.7	2,241	55.9	153	6.4	5.8 - 7.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	568	283	49.9	230	40.5	53	18.9	16.3 - 21.5
White	6,434	4,291	66.7	4,041	62.8	250	5.8	5.3 - 6.3
Men	3,138	2,327	74.2	2,178	69.4	149	6.4	5.8 - 7.0
Women	3,296	1,964	59.6	1,863	56.5	101	5.2	4.6 - 5.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	460	244	52.9	204	44.4	39	16.2	13.5 - 18.9
Black or African American	1,005	610	60.7	523	52.0	88	14.4	12.7 - 16.1
Men	446	273	61.2	228	51.2	45	16.4	13.8 - 19.0
Women	559	337	60.3	294	52.7	43	12.7	10.6 - 14.8
Asian	169	121	71.7	114	67.3	7	6.1	3.5 - 8.7
Men	91	75	82.8	71	77.7	5	6.2	2.8 - 9.6
Women	78	46	58.8	43	55.2	3	6.1	1.8 - 10.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	230	159	69.4	140	60.9	20	12.3	9.1 - 15.5
Men	118	96	80.7	82	69.1	14	14.4	10.0 - 18.8
Women	111	64	57.4	58	52.1	6	9.3	4.8 - 13.8
Married men, spouse present	2,148	1,631	75.9	1,562	72.7	70	4.3	3.7 - 4.9
Married women, spouse present	2,061	1,248	60.6	1,195	58.0	53	4.3	3.6 - 5.0
Women who maintain families	518	355	68.5	323	62.4	32	9.0	7.1 - 10.9
Minnesota								
Total	3,943	2,941	74.6	2,800	71.0	140	4.8	4.3 - 5.3
Men	1,937	1,556	80.3	1,470	75.9	86	5.5	4.8 - 6.2
Women	2,006	1,384	69.0	1,330	66.3	54	3.9	3.3 - 4.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	290	173	59.7	152	52.3	21	12.4	9.7 - 15.1
White	3,589	2,681	74.7	2,566	71.5	115	4.3	3.8 - 4.8
Men	1,769	1,419	80.2	1,347	76.1	71	5.0	4.3 - 5.7
Women	1,820	1,263	69.4	1,219	67.0	43	3.4	2.8 - 4.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	253	153	60.4	136	53.8	17	10.9	8.2 - 13.6
Black or African American	124	94	75.7	82	66.0	12	12.9	9.6 - 16.2
Men	63	54	85.9	47	73.9	8	14.0	9.5 - 18.5
Women	61	39	65.2	35	57.7	5	11.5	6.6 - 16.4
Asian	166	123	74.4	117	70.6	6	5.0	3.0 - 7.0
Men	79	65	82.6	62	78.7	3	4.7	2.1 - 7.3
Women	87	58	66.9	55	63.3	3	5.4	2.4 - 8.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	102	81	78.9	76	73.9	5	6.4	3.1 - 9.7
Men	58	51	87.8	48	82.2	3	6.3	2.3 - 10.3
Married men, spouse present	1,125	931	82.8	898	79.8	33	3.5	2.8 - 4.2
Married women, spouse present	1,115	795	71.3	774	69.5	20	2.6	1.9 - 3.3
Women who maintain families	169	127	75.5	119	70.8	8	6.3	3.9 - 8.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Mississippi								
Total	2,169	1,335	61.6	1,252	57.7	83	6.2	5.5 - 6.9
Men	1,021	698	68.4	659	64.5	39	5.6	4.7 - 6.5
Women	1,147	637	55.5	593	51.7	43	6.8	5.8 - 7.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	166	57	34.5	45	27.3	12	20.7	15.9 - 25.5
White	1,377	862	62.6	827	60.1	36	4.1	3.4 - 4.8
Men	668	482	72.2	463	69.3	19	4.0	3.1 - 4.9
Women	709	380	53.6	364	51.3	16	4.3	3.2 - 5.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	83	37	44.1	32	38.6	5	12.3	7.0 - 17.6
Black or African American	743	441	59.4	396	53.3	46	10.3	8.8 - 11.8
Men	330	201	60.8	181	54.8	20	9.9	7.7 - 12.1
Women	412	241	58.3	215	52.1	26	10.7	8.6 - 12.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	35	26	76.2	25	71.4	2	6.2	1.5 - 10.9
Married men, spouse present	558	411	73.6	401	71.7	10	2.5	1.7 - 3.3
Married women, spouse present	559	336	60.1	323	57.9	12	3.7	2.6 - 4.8
Women who maintain families	181	117	64.5	107	58.8	10	8.9	6.2 - 11.6
Missouri								
Total	4,424	3,017	68.2	2,844	64.3	173	5.7	5.2 - 6.2
Men	2,120	1,572	74.1	1,479	69.8	93	5.9	5.2 - 6.6
Women	2,303	1,445	62.7	1,365	59.3	80	5.6	4.9 - 6.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	313	175	55.9	145	46.2	31	17.4	14.5 - 20.3
White	3,834	2,606	68.0	2,479	64.6	127	4.9	4.4 - 5.4
Men	1,850	1,374	74.2	1,300	70.3	74	5.4	4.7 - 6.1
Women	1,984	1,232	62.1	1,179	59.4	53	4.3	3.6 - 5.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	263	152	57.7	131	49.6	21	13.9	10.9 - 16.9
Black or African American	458	325	70.9	282	61.6	43	13.1	10.9 - 15.3
Men	200	146	72.6	128	63.6	18	12.4	9.2 - 15.6
Women	257	179	69.6	155	60.1	25	13.8	10.8 - 16.8
Asian	59	36	61.1	36	60.0	1	1.7	(³) - (³)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	124	97	77.9	90	72.4	7	7.1	3.9 - 10.3
Men	72	65	90.6	61	85.1	4	6.1	2.5 - 9.7
Married men, spouse present	1,224	930	76.0	904	73.8	26	2.8	2.1 - 3.5
Married women, spouse present	1,190	752	63.2	731	61.4	21	2.8	2.1 - 3.5
Women who maintain families	258	197	76.4	176	68.2	21	10.8	8.3 - 13.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Montana								
Total	730	486	66.5	462	63.2	24	4.9	4.3 - 5.5
Men	359	256	71.2	242	67.2	14	5.6	4.7 - 6.5
Women	370	230	62.0	220	59.4	10	4.3	3.5 - 5.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	60	30	49.6	26	44.2	3	11.0	7.8 - 14.2
White	673	449	66.8	430	63.9	19	4.3	3.7 - 4.9
Men	332	239	72.0	227	68.5	12	4.9	4.1 - 5.7
Women	341	210	61.7	203	59.4	8	3.7	2.9 - 4.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	50	27	53.5	24	47.9	3	10.5	7.2 - 13.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	16	11	66.5	10	62.3	1	6.4	2.3 - 10.5
Married men, spouse present	199	146	73.6	142	71.5	4	2.9	2.1 - 3.7
Married women, spouse present	203	131	64.7	128	63.0	3	2.6	1.8 - 3.4
Women who maintain families	33	25	74.7	23	70.1	2	6.2	3.4 - 9.0
Nebraska								
Total	1,331	990	74.4	953	71.6	37	3.8	3.3 - 4.3
Men	649	524	80.7	504	77.7	19	3.7	3.1 - 4.3
Women	682	467	68.5	449	65.8	18	3.8	3.2 - 4.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	100	64	63.9	56	55.9	8	12.6	9.7 - 15.5
White	1,222	914	74.8	885	72.4	29	3.2	2.8 - 3.6
Men	597	485	81.3	470	78.8	15	3.1	2.5 - 3.7
Women	625	428	68.6	414	66.3	14	3.3	2.7 - 3.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	85	56	66.3	51	59.5	6	10.2	7.3 - 13.1
Black or African American	48	32	66.9	29	59.2	4	11.5	7.7 - 15.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	79	62	78.5	58	72.8	5	7.3	4.5 - 10.1
Men	43	36	84.5	34	79.6	2	5.9	2.6 - 9.2
Women	36	26	71.4	24	64.8	2	9.3	4.6 - 14.0
Married men, spouse present	387	319	82.5	313	80.8	7	2.1	1.5 - 2.7
Married women, spouse present	399	287	72.0	282	70.8	5	1.7	1.1 - 2.3
Women who maintain families	57	43	75.0	40	70.2	3	6.4	3.7 - 9.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Nevada								
Total	1,759	1,175	66.8	1,125	64.0	50	4.2	3.7 - 4.7
Men	886	657	74.2	629	71.0	28	4.2	3.6 - 4.8
Women	874	518	59.3	496	56.8	22	4.2	3.5 - 4.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	120	55	45.8	48	39.8	7	13.0	9.8 - 16.2
White	1,483	986	66.5	948	63.9	38	3.9	3.4 - 4.4
Men	755	562	74.3	540	71.4	22	3.9	3.3 - 4.5
Women	728	425	58.4	408	56.1	16	3.8	3.1 - 4.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	100	47	47.3	42	41.7	6	11.7	8.4 - 15.0
Black or African American	112	73	64.9	68	60.9	5	6.2	4.2 - 8.2
Men	54	38	70.4	36	66.0	2	6.3	3.5 - 9.1
Women	58	35	59.8	33	56.2	2	6.1	3.2 - 9.0
Asian	99	70	70.8	67	67.4	3	4.7	2.9 - 6.5
Men	46	34	75.3	32	69.9	2	7.1	4.0 - 10.2
Women	53	36	66.9	35	65.3	1	2.3	.5 - 4.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	301	220	73.1	211	70.3	8	3.8	2.8 - 4.8
Men	162	143	88.2	138	85.0	5	3.6	2.4 - 4.8
Women	138	77	55.5	74	53.2	3	4.1	2.4 - 5.8
Married men, spouse present	482	363	75.4	355	73.6	9	2.4	1.8 - 3.0
Married women, spouse present	451	263	58.3	255	56.6	8	2.9	2.1 - 3.7
Women who maintain families	102	73	71.4	68	66.8	5	6.5	4.3 - 8.7
New Hampshire								
Total	1,018	724	71.1	698	68.5	27	3.7	3.3 - 4.1
Men	497	387	77.9	372	74.7	16	4.0	3.5 - 4.5
Women	521	337	64.7	326	62.6	11	3.3	2.8 - 3.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	76	40	52.9	35	46.4	5	12.3	9.7 - 14.9
White	979	695	71.0	670	68.4	25	3.6	3.2 - 4.0
Men	477	370	77.6	355	74.5	15	4.0	3.4 - 4.6
Women	502	325	64.8	315	62.6	11	3.3	2.8 - 3.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	73	39	53.1	34	46.5	5	12.4	9.7 - 15.1
Asian	17	12	67.6	11	65.6	(²)	3.0	.4 - 5.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	16	13	81.8	13	77.4	1	5.3	2.1 - 8.5
Married men, spouse present	298	244	81.9	239	80.0	6	2.3	1.8 - 2.8
Married women, spouse present	288	192	66.7	189	65.6	3	1.7	1.2 - 2.2
Women who maintain families	45	32	70.5	30	66.5	2	5.6	3.4 - 7.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
New Jersey								
Total	6,666	4,388	65.8	4,178	62.7	210	4.8	4.4 - 5.2
Men	3,183	2,356	74.0	2,245	70.5	111	4.7	4.2 - 5.2
Women	3,483	2,032	58.4	1,933	55.5	99	4.9	4.3 - 5.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	489	178	36.3	153	31.3	24	13.8	10.8 - 16.8
White	5,303	3,489	65.8	3,343	63.0	146	4.2	3.8 - 4.6
Men	2,558	1,895	74.1	1,815	71.0	80	4.2	3.6 - 4.8
Women	2,745	1,594	58.1	1,528	55.7	66	4.1	3.5 - 4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	360	152	42.2	135	37.5	17	11.0	8.0 - 14.0
Black or African American	894	583	65.2	530	59.3	53	9.1	7.7 - 10.5
Men	398	274	69.0	249	62.7	25	9.2	7.2 - 11.2
Women	496	308	62.2	281	56.6	28	9.0	7.1 - 10.9
Asian	400	266	66.5	257	64.3	9	3.3	2.0 - 4.6
Men	194	162	83.6	158	81.5	4	2.6	1.1 - 4.1
Women	205	103	50.3	99	48.0	5	4.5	2.1 - 6.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	860	621	72.2	592	68.9	28	4.6	3.6 - 5.6
Men	426	347	81.6	334	78.6	13	3.7	2.5 - 4.9
Women	434	273	62.9	258	59.4	16	5.7	4.0 - 7.4
Married men, spouse present	1,802	1,432	79.4	1,386	76.9	46	3.2	2.6 - 3.8
Married women, spouse present	1,758	1,072	61.0	1,034	58.8	37	3.5	2.8 - 4.2
Women who maintain families	369	254	68.9	235	63.7	19	7.5	5.5 - 9.5
New Mexico								
Total	1,436	911	63.5	860	59.9	51	5.6	5.0 - 6.2
Men	692	484	69.9	457	66.1	26	5.4	4.5 - 6.3
Women	744	427	57.5	403	54.1	25	5.8	4.9 - 6.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	110	44	40.0	36	32.4	8	18.9	14.5 - 23.3
White	1,226	783	63.9	744	60.7	39	5.0	4.3 - 5.7
Men	594	420	70.6	400	67.3	20	4.7	3.8 - 5.6
Women	631	363	57.6	344	54.6	19	5.2	4.2 - 6.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	91	40	43.6	33	35.9	7	17.6	13.1 - 22.1
Black or African American	31	19	62.6	17	54.0	3	13.7	6.9 - 20.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	577	369	63.9	341	59.1	28	7.5	6.3 - 8.7
Men	283	201	70.8	185	65.4	15	7.6	6.0 - 9.2
Women	294	168	57.3	156	53.0	13	7.5	5.7 - 9.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	49	19	38.4	14	29.5	4	23.3	15.7 - 30.9
Married men, spouse present	365	267	73.2	261	71.3	7	2.6	1.8 - 3.4
Married women, spouse present	362	210	57.8	202	55.8	8	3.6	2.5 - 4.7
Women who maintain families	102	65	63.9	61	59.6	4	6.7	4.1 - 9.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
New York								
Total	14,906	9,370	62.9	8,823	59.2	548	5.8	5.5 - 6.1
Men	7,065	4,965	70.3	4,671	66.1	293	5.9	5.5 - 6.3
Women	7,841	4,406	56.2	4,151	52.9	254	5.8	5.4 - 6.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,061	387	36.5	324	30.5	63	16.3	14.2 - 18.4
White	11,230	7,136	63.5	6,774	60.3	361	5.1	4.8 - 5.4
Men	5,393	3,835	71.1	3,633	67.4	202	5.3	4.8 - 5.8
Women	5,837	3,301	56.5	3,141	53.8	159	4.8	4.3 - 5.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	749	318	42.5	270	36.0	48	15.2	13.0 - 17.4
Black or African American	2,491	1,481	59.4	1,330	53.4	150	10.1	9.2 - 11.0
Men	1,084	693	64.0	623	57.4	71	10.2	8.9 - 11.5
Women	1,407	787	55.9	708	50.3	79	10.1	8.8 - 11.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	225	49	21.9	37	16.4	12	25.1	19.0 - 31.2
Asian	979	621	63.5	597	61.0	25	4.0	3.0 - 5.0
Men	487	367	75.5	352	72.4	15	4.0	2.8 - 5.2
Women	492	254	51.6	244	49.7	10	3.8	2.3 - 5.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	2,138	1,354	63.3	1,249	58.4	105	7.7	6.8 - 8.6
Men	1,012	729	72.0	673	66.5	56	7.7	6.5 - 8.9
Women	1,126	625	55.5	576	51.1	49	7.8	6.5 - 9.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	185	48	26.2	36	19.7	12	24.6	17.8 - 31.4
Married men, spouse present	3,670	2,757	75.1	2,664	72.6	93	3.4	3.0 - 3.8
Married women, spouse present	3,487	2,035	58.4	1,956	56.1	79	3.9	3.4 - 4.4
Women who maintain families	1,082	738	68.2	674	62.3	64	8.7	7.4 - 10.0
North Carolina								
Total	6,439	4,243	65.9	4,016	62.4	227	5.4	4.9 - 5.9
Men	3,082	2,270	73.6	2,154	69.9	116	5.1	4.5 - 5.7
Women	3,357	1,973	58.8	1,862	55.5	111	5.6	4.9 - 6.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	433	185	42.8	150	34.6	36	19.2	15.6 - 22.8
White	4,836	3,216	66.5	3,089	63.9	127	3.9	3.4 - 4.4
Men	2,360	1,787	75.7	1,720	72.9	67	3.8	3.2 - 4.4
Women	2,477	1,429	57.7	1,370	55.3	60	4.2	3.5 - 4.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	288	138	47.9	118	41.1	20	14.3	10.4 - 18.2
Black or African American	1,308	837	64.0	749	57.3	88	10.5	9.2 - 11.8
Men	583	386	66.2	344	59.1	42	10.8	8.8 - 12.8
Women	725	451	62.2	405	55.8	46	10.3	8.5 - 12.1
Asian	128	84	65.4	82	64.1	2	2.0	(³) - (³)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	429	319	74.5	303	70.7	16	5.1	3.5 - 6.7
Men	260	233	89.5	220	84.9	12	5.2	3.3 - 7.1
Women	169	87	51.4	83	48.9	4	4.9	1.9 - 7.9
Married men, spouse present	1,780	1,361	76.5	1,321	74.2	40	2.9	2.3 - 3.5
Married women, spouse present	1,763	1,064	60.4	1,030	58.4	34	3.2	2.4 - 4.0
Women who maintain families	405	273	67.3	248	61.2	25	9.0	6.7 - 11.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
North Dakota								
Total	497	359	72.3	347	69.8	12	3.4	3.0 - 3.8
Men	245	189	77.1	181	73.8	8	4.2	3.5 - 4.9
Women	252	170	67.6	166	65.9	4	2.5	1.9 - 3.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	40	22	56.0	20	49.9	2	10.9	8.2 - 13.6
White	465	339	73.0	330	70.9	10	2.9	2.5 - 3.3
Men	229	178	77.8	172	75.2	6	3.4	2.8 - 4.0
Women	236	161	68.3	157	66.7	4	2.3	1.8 - 2.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	36	21	58.3	19	52.9	2	9.4	6.7 - 12.1
Married men, spouse present	143	113	79.0	111	77.7	2	1.7	1.1 - 2.3
Married women, spouse present	144	105	72.6	103	71.4	2	1.6	1.0 - 2.2
Women who maintain families	19	15	75.7	14	72.4	1	4.4	2.0 - 6.8
Ohio								
Total	8,828	5,884	66.6	5,514	62.5	370	6.3	5.9 - 6.7
Men	4,225	3,105	73.5	2,900	68.6	205	6.6	6.0 - 7.2
Women	4,603	2,778	60.4	2,613	56.8	165	5.9	5.3 - 6.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	656	344	52.4	287	43.8	56	16.3	14.1 - 18.5
White	7,657	5,110	66.7	4,833	63.1	278	5.4	5.0 - 5.8
Men	3,694	2,740	74.2	2,583	69.9	157	5.7	5.1 - 6.3
Women	3,963	2,370	59.8	2,250	56.8	120	5.1	4.5 - 5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	549	289	52.5	248	45.2	40	13.9	11.6 - 16.2
Black or African American	924	599	64.8	521	56.4	78	13.0	11.4 - 14.6
Men	411	269	65.4	228	55.5	41	15.1	12.6 - 17.6
Women	513	330	64.3	293	57.1	37	11.3	9.2 - 13.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	82	40	48.5	29	34.8	11	28.3	21.4 - 35.2
Asian	130	95	72.8	90	69.1	5	5.1	2.3 - 7.9
Men	62	52	83.8	49	79.1	3	5.6	1.7 - 9.5
Women	68	43	62.8	41	60.0	2	4.5	.5 - 8.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	206	156	75.7	147	71.4	9	5.7	3.3 - 8.1
Men	119	101	84.7	95	79.5	6	6.1	3.0 - 9.2
Women	87	55	63.3	52	60.2	3	4.9	1.1 - 8.7
Married men, spouse present	2,378	1,823	76.7	1,757	73.9	65	3.6	3.0 - 4.2
Married women, spouse present	2,338	1,423	60.9	1,375	58.8	49	3.4	2.8 - 4.0
Women who maintain families	537	380	70.8	347	64.6	34	8.8	7.0 - 10.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Oklahoma								
Total	2,671	1,714	64.2	1,630	61.0	84	4.9	4.3 - 5.5
Men	1,284	915	71.3	874	68.1	41	4.5	3.7 - 5.3
Women	1,387	798	57.6	756	54.5	42	5.3	4.4 - 6.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	189	89	47.3	79	41.5	11	12.2	8.4 - 16.0
White	2,111	1,358	64.4	1,302	61.7	56	4.1	3.5 - 4.7
Men	1,024	734	71.6	707	69.0	27	3.7	2.9 - 4.5
Women	1,087	625	57.5	596	54.8	29	4.6	3.6 - 5.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	136	67	49.3	60	44.3	7	10.2	6.1 - 14.3
Black or African American	198	125	63.2	116	58.7	9	7.2	4.7 - 9.7
Men	86	55	63.7	50	57.8	5	9.3	5.1 - 13.5
Women	112	70	62.8	66	59.4	4	5.5	2.5 - 8.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	97	70	72.5	67	69.2	3	4.6	1.5 - 7.7
Men	50	45	89.5	43	86.6	1	3.3	(³) - (³)
Married men, spouse present	757	563	74.4	549	72.5	14	2.5	1.7 - 3.3
Married women, spouse present	767	460	60.0	445	58.0	15	3.2	2.2 - 4.2
Women who maintain families	143	89	62.2	82	57.4	7	7.6	4.4 - 10.8
Oregon								
Total	2,800	1,850	66.1	1,710	61.1	140	7.6	7.0 - 8.2
Men	1,375	1,010	73.5	930	67.6	80	8.0	7.1 - 8.9
Women	1,425	840	59.0	780	54.8	60	7.1	6.2 - 8.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	176	78	44.1	60	34.2	17	22.3	17.9 - 26.7
White	2,545	1,678	65.9	1,554	61.1	124	7.4	6.7 - 8.1
Men	1,242	910	73.3	841	67.7	69	7.6	6.7 - 8.5
Women	1,303	768	58.9	713	54.7	55	7.1	6.2 - 8.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	154	70	45.5	55	35.6	15	21.7	17.1 - 26.3
Black or African American	46	32	69.1	28	61.1	4	11.6	6.2 - 17.0
Asian	92	65	70.2	60	65.1	5	7.4	4.3 - 10.5
Men	46	37	79.5	33	71.8	4	9.7	5.0 - 14.4
Women	46	28	61.0	27	58.4	1	4.4	.7 - 8.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	224	176	78.6	158	70.9	17	9.8	6.1 - 13.5
Men	125	113	90.1	103	82.5	10	8.4	4.1 - 12.7
Women	98	63	63.9	55	56.1	8	12.2	5.5 - 18.9
Married men, spouse present	774	588	76.0	561	72.5	27	4.6	3.7 - 5.5
Married women, spouse present	770	466	60.4	449	58.2	17	3.7	2.8 - 4.6
Women who maintain families	149	100	67.3	85	57.4	15	14.7	11.2 - 18.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Pennsylvania								
Total	9,702	6,260	64.5	5,911	60.9	350	5.6	5.2 - 6.0
Men	4,621	3,310	71.6	3,103	67.2	207	6.3	5.8 - 6.8
Women	5,082	2,950	58.1	2,808	55.3	143	4.8	4.3 - 5.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	692	337	48.8	275	39.8	62	18.4	15.8 - 21.0
White	8,561	5,552	64.9	5,279	61.7	273	4.9	4.5 - 5.3
Men	4,106	2,961	72.1	2,803	68.3	157	5.3	4.8 - 5.8
Women	4,455	2,592	58.2	2,476	55.6	116	4.5	4.0 - 5.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	585	294	50.3	248	42.3	47	15.9	13.3 - 18.5
Black or African American	893	540	60.5	476	53.4	64	11.8	10.1 - 13.5
Men	391	255	65.2	213	54.6	42	16.3	13.5 - 19.1
Women	502	285	56.8	263	52.4	22	7.7	5.8 - 9.6
Asian	170	119	69.7	110	64.8	8	7.1	4.2 - 10.0
Men	84	68	80.7	64	75.6	4	6.4	2.8 - 10.0
Women	86	51	58.9	47	54.1	4	8.1	3.4 - 12.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	320	216	67.5	199	62.1	17	8.0	5.7 - 10.3
Men	159	118	74.2	107	67.2	11	9.4	6.1 - 12.7
Women	160	98	60.9	92	57.1	6	6.3	3.3 - 9.3
Married men, spouse present	2,639	1,978	75.0	1,911	72.4	67	3.4	2.9 - 3.9
Married women, spouse present	2,597	1,600	61.6	1,549	59.7	51	3.2	2.6 - 3.8
Women who maintain families	566	362	64.0	336	59.3	27	7.3	5.6 - 9.0
Rhode Island								
Total	848	562	66.4	532	62.8	30	5.4	4.9 - 5.9
Men	402	288	71.5	272	67.5	16	5.5	4.9 - 6.1
Women	445	275	61.7	261	58.5	14	5.2	4.6 - 5.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	67	35	51.7	30	44.2	5	14.5	11.8 - 17.2
White	765	506	66.2	481	62.9	25	4.9	4.4 - 5.4
Men	361	259	71.6	245	67.8	14	5.2	4.5 - 5.9
Women	403	247	61.3	236	58.5	11	4.6	4.0 - 5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	56	31	55.3	27	47.7	4	13.8	11.0 - 16.6
Black or African American	47	32	68.7	29	61.1	4	11.0	8.5 - 13.5
Men	23	15	66.1	14	59.3	2	10.2	6.6 - 13.8
Women	24	17	71.3	15	62.9	2	11.7	8.1 - 15.3
Asian	23	16	69.0	14	63.0	1	8.6	5.3 - 11.9
Men	12	9	76.8	8	71.3	1	7.1	3.1 - 11.1
Women	11	7	60.6	6	54.1	1	10.7	5.2 - 16.2
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	71	47	66.6	44	61.5	4	7.7	5.9 - 9.5
Men	35	25	73.2	24	67.9	2	7.3	4.8 - 9.8
Women	36	22	60.4	20	55.5	2	8.1	5.3 - 10.9
Married men, spouse present	212	159	75.1	154	72.7	5	3.1	2.4 - 3.8
Married women, spouse present	211	138	65.5	133	63.0	5	3.9	3.1 - 4.7
Women who maintain families	58	41	70.4	38	65.5	3	7.0	5.1 - 8.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
South Carolina								
Total	3,193	2,077	65.1	1,935	60.6	142	6.9	6.3 - 7.5
Men	1,510	1,075	71.2	1,004	66.5	72	6.7	5.8 - 7.6
Women	1,683	1,002	59.5	931	55.3	71	7.1	6.2 - 8.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	247	92	37.3	77	31.0	16	16.8	12.7 - 20.9
White	2,254	1,469	65.2	1,387	61.5	82	5.6	4.9 - 6.3
Men	1,092	785	71.9	744	68.1	41	5.2	4.3 - 6.1
Women	1,162	684	58.9	642	55.3	41	6.0	5.0 - 7.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	154	67	43.5	58	37.6	9	13.6	9.1 - 18.1
Black or African American	892	573	64.2	514	57.7	58	10.2	8.8 - 11.6
Men	395	272	69.0	242	61.4	30	11.0	8.9 - 13.1
Women	498	301	60.4	272	54.7	28	9.4	7.5 - 11.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	59	46	77.8	44	74.3	2	4.6	1.2 - 8.0
Men	37	32	86.6	30	82.0	2	5.3	.9 - 9.7
Married men, spouse present	842	628	74.6	608	72.2	20	3.2	2.4 - 4.0
Married women, spouse present	832	529	63.5	510	61.2	19	3.6	2.7 - 4.5
Women who maintain families	225	159	70.6	141	62.8	18	11.1	8.4 - 13.8
South Dakota								
Total	586	431	73.7	416	71.0	16	3.7	3.3 - 4.1
Men	287	224	78.1	216	75.4	8	3.5	2.9 - 4.1
Women	299	207	69.4	200	66.8	8	3.8	3.2 - 4.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	46	30	64.7	27	58.0	3	10.3	7.8 - 12.8
White	540	403	74.6	391	72.4	12	2.9	2.5 - 3.3
Men	264	209	79.0	203	76.7	6	2.8	2.3 - 3.3
Women	276	194	70.3	188	68.2	6	3.0	2.4 - 3.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	41	28	68.3	25	61.8	3	9.5	7.0 - 12.0
Married men, spouse present	162	129	79.6	127	78.3	2	1.6	1.1 - 2.1
Married women, spouse present	164	118	72.0	116	70.8	2	1.6	1.0 - 2.2
Women who maintain families	28	20	71.8	19	66.1	2	7.9	5.1 - 10.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Tennessee								
Total	4,564	2,894	63.4	2,747	60.2	147	5.1	4.5 - 5.7
Men	2,187	1,529	69.9	1,452	66.4	77	5.1	4.3 - 5.9
Women	2,378	1,365	57.4	1,295	54.5	70	5.1	4.3 - 5.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	319	144	45.0	123	38.5	21	14.4	10.8 - 18.0
White	3,759	2,361	62.8	2,263	60.2	98	4.1	3.5 - 4.7
Men	1,826	1,285	70.4	1,233	67.6	52	4.0	3.3 - 4.7
Women	1,933	1,076	55.7	1,030	53.3	46	4.3	3.5 - 5.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	257	130	50.6	115	44.8	15	11.5	7.9 - 15.1
Black or African American	693	458	66.1	411	59.3	47	10.2	8.3 - 12.1
Men	310	202	65.2	178	57.2	25	12.2	9.1 - 15.3
Women	382	256	66.9	233	61.0	22	8.7	6.3 - 11.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	112	83	74.3	80	71.1	4	4.3	1.2 - 7.4
Men	73	67	91.7	64	87.9	3	4.1	.7 - 7.5
Married men, spouse present	1,259	924	73.3	900	71.5	24	2.6	1.9 - 3.3
Married women, spouse present	1,289	733	56.9	708	54.9	25	3.4	2.5 - 4.3
Women who maintain families	294	197	67.0	183	62.3	14	7.0	4.6 - 9.4
Texas								
Total	16,388	10,989	67.1	10,332	63.0	657	6.0	5.7 - 6.3
Men	7,971	6,087	76.4	5,718	71.7	370	6.1	5.7 - 6.5
Women	8,417	4,901	58.2	4,614	54.8	287	5.9	5.4 - 6.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,274	477	37.4	389	30.5	88	18.5	16.5 - 20.5
White	13,752	9,211	67.0	8,728	63.5	482	5.2	4.9 - 5.5
Men	6,769	5,216	77.1	4,938	73.0	278	5.3	4.9 - 5.7
Women	6,983	3,995	57.2	3,790	54.3	205	5.1	4.6 - 5.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,019	393	38.5	330	32.4	63	16.0	13.8 - 18.2
Black or African American	1,764	1,172	66.4	1,034	58.6	137	11.7	10.5 - 12.9
Men	793	542	68.3	470	59.2	72	13.3	11.4 - 15.2
Women	971	630	64.9	564	58.1	66	10.4	8.8 - 12.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	177	54	30.5	33	18.5	21	39.2	36.4 - 42.0
Asian	520	356	68.5	342	65.8	14	3.9	2.5 - 5.3
Men	245	193	78.5	183	74.5	10	5.1	3.0 - 7.2
Women	275	164	59.6	159	58.1	4	2.5	.9 - 4.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	5,591	3,715	66.4	3,474	62.1	241	6.5	5.9 - 7.1
Men	2,788	2,214	79.4	2,075	74.4	139	6.3	5.5 - 7.1
Women	2,803	1,501	53.5	1,399	49.9	102	6.8	5.8 - 7.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	540	183	33.9	153	28.4	29	16.1	12.7 - 19.5
Married men, spouse present	4,648	3,762	80.9	3,630	78.1	132	3.5	3.1 - 3.9
Married women, spouse present	4,468	2,585	57.9	2,479	55.5	106	4.1	3.6 - 4.6
Women who maintain families	1,077	775	71.9	708	65.7	66	8.6	7.3 - 9.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Utah								
Total	1,697	1,206	71.0	1,142	67.3	64	5.3	4.7 - 5.9
Men	839	668	79.5	633	75.4	35	5.2	4.4 - 6.0
Women	858	538	62.7	509	59.4	29	5.4	4.5 - 6.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	167	99	59.4	82	49.3	17	17.0	14.1 - 19.9
White	1,615	1,147	71.0	1,088	67.4	59	5.1	4.5 - 5.7
Men	798	635	79.6	604	75.6	32	5.0	4.2 - 5.8
Women	817	511	62.6	484	59.3	27	5.3	4.4 - 6.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	154	94	60.7	78	50.6	16	16.7	13.7 - 19.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	149	111	74.8	100	67.4	11	10.0	7.3 - 12.7
Men	82	68	83.7	63	77.1	5	7.9	4.8 - 11.0
Women	67	43	63.9	37	55.5	6	13.2	8.3 - 18.1
Married men, spouse present	519	429	82.7	417	80.3	12	2.8	2.1 - 3.5
Married women, spouse present	507	306	60.3	297	58.5	9	2.8	2.0 - 3.6
Women who maintain families	76	56	73.6	52	68.0	4	7.6	4.5 - 10.7
Vermont								
Total	499	353	70.8	340	68.1	13	3.7	3.3 - 4.1
Men	243	185	75.9	177	72.9	7	4.0	3.4 - 4.6
Women	256	169	65.8	163	63.6	6	3.4	2.8 - 4.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	36	21	57.8	19	50.9	2	11.8	9.2 - 14.4
White	484	343	70.8	330	68.2	13	3.7	3.3 - 4.1
Men	236	179	76.0	172	73.0	7	3.9	3.3 - 4.5
Women	248	163	65.9	158	63.7	6	3.4	2.8 - 4.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	35	20	58.6	18	52.0	2	11.2	8.6 - 13.8
Married men, spouse present	135	105	77.7	103	75.8	3	2.4	1.8 - 3.0
Married women, spouse present	133	91	68.3	89	66.9	2	2.0	1.4 - 2.6
Women who maintain families	24	17	73.5	16	69.6	1	5.4	3.3 - 7.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Virginia								
Total	5,605	3,766	67.2	3,619	64.6	147	3.9	3.4 - 4.4
Men	2,660	1,975	74.3	1,901	71.5	74	3.8	3.2 - 4.4
Women	2,945	1,791	60.8	1,718	58.3	72	4.0	3.3 - 4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	414	182	43.9	162	39.1	20	10.9	7.8 - 14.0
White	4,237	2,849	67.2	2,764	65.2	85	3.0	2.5 - 3.5
Men	2,052	1,540	75.0	1,494	72.8	46	3.0	2.4 - 3.6
Women	2,185	1,309	59.9	1,271	58.1	38	2.9	2.2 - 3.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	286	130	45.5	116	40.5	14	11.0	7.3 - 14.7
Black or African American	1,036	681	65.7	629	60.7	52	7.7	6.2 - 9.2
Men	460	314	68.4	291	63.2	24	7.6	5.5 - 9.7
Women	576	367	63.6	338	58.7	28	7.7	5.7 - 9.7
Asian	270	192	71.0	184	68.0	8	4.2	2.2 - 6.2
Men	122	99	81.0	95	78.0	4	3.7	1.0 - 6.4
Women	148	93	62.8	89	59.8	5	4.8	1.8 - 7.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	276	223	80.8	213	77.0	11	4.7	2.7 - 6.7
Men	159	146	91.8	139	87.3	7	4.9	2.4 - 7.4
Married men, spouse present	1,533	1,207	78.7	1,185	77.3	22	1.8	1.2 - 2.4
Married women, spouse present	1,566	982	62.7	956	61.0	26	2.7	1.9 - 3.5
Women who maintain families	335	239	71.4	226	67.6	13	5.3	3.2 - 7.4
Washington								
Total	4,777	3,240	67.8	3,037	63.6	202	6.2	5.6 - 6.8
Men	2,338	1,746	74.7	1,637	70.0	109	6.2	5.4 - 7.0
Women	2,440	1,494	61.2	1,400	57.4	94	6.3	5.5 - 7.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	340	148	43.6	116	34.0	32	21.9	17.7 - 26.1
White	4,074	2,757	67.7	2,589	63.5	168	6.1	5.5 - 6.7
Men	2,004	1,499	74.8	1,409	70.3	90	6.0	5.2 - 6.8
Women	2,071	1,258	60.7	1,180	57.0	78	6.2	5.3 - 7.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	281	123	43.6	96	34.2	27	21.7	17.2 - 26.2
Black or African American	139	98	70.6	90	64.5	9	8.7	5.4 - 12.0
Men	67	48	71.3	42	62.9	6	11.8	6.3 - 17.3
Women	72	50	70.0	48	65.9	3	5.8	1.9 - 9.7
Asian	307	206	67.1	195	63.7	10	5.0	3.2 - 6.8
Men	134	99	73.6	95	70.3	4	4.5	2.0 - 7.0
Women	172	107	61.9	101	58.5	6	5.5	2.9 - 8.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	299	216	72.3	201	67.3	15	6.9	3.4 - 10.4
Men	161	137	84.9	128	79.5	9	6.4	2.1 - 10.7
Women	138	79	57.4	73	53.0	6	7.7	1.6 - 13.8
Married men, spouse present	1,330	1,034	77.7	995	74.8	39	3.7	2.9 - 4.5
Married women, spouse present	1,313	821	62.5	785	59.8	35	4.3	3.4 - 5.2
Women who maintain families	253	183	72.3	169	66.7	14	7.7	5.1 - 10.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
West Virginia								
Total	1,452	795	54.7	753	51.8	42	5.3	4.7 - 5.9
Men	700	425	60.8	401	57.2	25	5.8	5.0 - 6.6
Women	752	369	49.1	352	46.8	18	4.7	3.9 - 5.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	104	38	36.3	32	30.5	6	16.0	12.3 - 19.7
White	1,390	760	54.7	723	52.0	37	4.9	4.3 - 5.5
Men	672	408	60.7	386	57.5	21	5.3	4.5 - 6.1
Women	718	352	49.1	337	46.9	16	4.4	3.6 - 5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	98	36	36.6	31	31.3	5	14.6	10.9 - 18.3
Black or African American	37	21	55.6	17	47.0	3	15.5	10.1 - 20.9
Married men, spouse present	412	267	64.8	256	62.3	10	3.9	3.0 - 4.8
Married women, spouse present	391	204	52.3	198	50.6	6	3.1	2.2 - 4.0
Women who maintain families	83	47	56.4	43	51.8	4	8.2	5.4 - 11.0
Wisconsin								
Total	4,280	3,071	71.8	2,917	68.1	155	5.0	4.5 - 5.5
Men	2,093	1,616	77.2	1,526	72.9	90	5.6	4.9 - 6.3
Women	2,187	1,456	66.6	1,391	63.6	65	4.4	3.8 - 5.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	304	186	61.1	164	53.9	22	11.9	9.3 - 14.5
White	3,941	2,846	72.2	2,719	69.0	127	4.5	4.0 - 5.0
Men	1,945	1,513	77.8	1,437	73.9	76	5.0	4.3 - 5.7
Women	1,996	1,333	66.8	1,282	64.3	50	3.8	3.2 - 4.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	256	163	63.9	146	57.0	18	10.8	8.1 - 13.5
Black or African American	208	132	63.4	110	53.0	22	16.4	13.2 - 19.6
Men	86	57	66.2	47	54.4	10	17.8	12.8 - 22.8
Women	122	75	61.5	63	52.0	11	15.3	11.1 - 19.5
Asian	72	52	72.7	50	69.0	3	5.1	1.9 - 8.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	197	150	75.8	134	68.0	15	10.3	7.7 - 12.9
Men	108	95	88.7	86	79.8	9	9.9	6.7 - 13.1
Women	90	54	60.4	48	53.8	6	11.0	6.6 - 15.4
Married men, spouse present	1,209	941	77.9	911	75.3	31	3.3	2.6 - 4.0
Married women, spouse present	1,186	817	68.9	792	66.8	25	3.1	2.4 - 3.8
Women who maintain families	220	159	72.2	145	66.1	13	8.4	5.9 - 10.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Wyoming								
Total	395	282	71.3	271	68.6	11	3.8	3.3 - 4.3
Men	196	151	77.3	146	74.7	5	3.4	2.8 - 4.0
Women	199	130	65.3	125	62.6	5	4.2	3.5 - 4.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	34	20	59.7	18	53.1	2	11.2	8.5 - 13.9
White	379	270	71.3	260	68.8	10	3.5	3.0 - 4.0
Men	188	145	77.2	140	74.7	5	3.3	2.7 - 3.9
Women	191	125	65.4	120	62.9	5	3.9	3.2 - 4.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	32	19	59.9	17	53.1	2	11.3	8.6 - 14.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	25	18	71.7	17	68.4	1	4.6	2.7 - 6.5
Men	13	10	78.1	10	75.0	(²)	4.1	1.7 - 6.5
Women	12	8	64.6	7	61.2	(²)	5.3	2.2 - 8.4
Married men, spouse present	118	95	80.6	94	79.3	1	1.5	1.0 - 2.0
Married women, spouse present	116	78	67.4	76	65.7	2	2.6	1.9 - 3.3
Women who maintain families	16	12	75.7	11	70.1	1	7.3	4.3 - 10.3

¹ Error ranges are calculated at the 90-percent confidence interval, which means that if repeated samples were drawn from the same population and an error range constructed around each sample estimate, in 9 out of 10 cases the true value based on a complete census of the population would be contained within these error ranges.

² Less than 500 persons.

³ Error ranges cannot be properly computed when the number of sample cases is very small and/or the unemployment rate is too low.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the area in question, as determined by the sample size. See appendix B. Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Detail for race and Hispanic-origin groups will not add to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups. Data incorporate updated 2000 census-based population controls.

Table 15. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 25 years and over by educational attainment, 2004 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and educational attainment	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment	
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate
Alabama							
Less than a high school diploma	531	210	39.5	193	36.3	17	8.1
High school graduates, no college	1,019	611	59.9	580	56.9	31	5.1
Some college or associate degree	722	530	73.3	505	69.9	25	4.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	640	499	78.0	491	76.6	9	1.8
Alaska							
Less than a high school diploma	34	17	51.6	15	44.3	2	14.1
High school graduates, no college	122	83	68.4	76	62.2	8	9.2
Some college or associate degree	124	95	76.8	91	73.1	5	4.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	103	84	81.3	82	79.4	2	2.4
Arizona							
Less than a high school diploma	593	316	53.3	298	50.3	18	5.6
High school graduates, no college	997	623	62.5	597	59.9	26	4.2
Some college or associate degree	1,048	703	67.1	675	64.4	28	4.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	959	707	73.7	692	72.2	15	2.1
Arkansas							
Less than a high school diploma	321	120	37.4	109	34.0	11	9.1
High school graduates, no college	680	429	63.1	405	59.6	23	5.5
Some college or associate degree	438	313	71.5	304	69.4	9	2.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	329	244	74.2	239	72.6	5	2.1
California							
Less than a high school diploma	4,038	2,156	53.4	1,963	48.6	193	9.0
High school graduates, no college	5,063	3,185	62.9	2,998	59.2	186	5.9
Some college or associate degree	6,103	4,272	70.0	4,076	66.8	196	4.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	6,952	5,291	76.1	5,124	73.7	167	3.2
Colorado							
Less than a high school diploma	325	184	56.6	171	52.6	13	7.1
High school graduates, no college	756	520	68.9	495	65.5	25	4.9
Some college or associate degree	768	591	77.0	565	73.6	26	4.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,046	837	80.0	814	77.8	22	2.7
Connecticut							
Less than a high school diploma	265	104	39.1	93	35.1	11	10.3
High school graduates, no college	696	444	63.8	428	61.5	16	3.6
Some college or associate degree	499	373	74.8	359	72.0	14	3.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	826	634	76.7	615	74.5	19	3.0
Delaware							
Less than a high school diploma	71	32	45.2	30	42.5	2	6.2
High school graduates, no college	201	131	65.1	125	62.1	6	4.7
Some college or associate degree	125	89	71.2	87	69.3	2	2.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	146	108	74.1	107	73.2	1	1.2
District of Columbia							
Less than a high school diploma	54	25	46.6	21	38.5	4	17.3
High school graduates, no college	87	53	61.3	49	56.3	4	8.1
Some college or associate degree	61	41	67.8	38	62.5	3	7.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	175	142	81.5	137	78.5	5	3.6

Table 15. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 25 years and over by educational attainment, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and educational attainment	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment	
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate
Florida							
Less than a high school diploma	1,597	716	44.8	673	42.1	43	6.0
High school graduates, no college	3,764	2,177	57.8	2,092	55.6	85	3.9
Some college or associate degree	3,112	2,135	68.6	2,055	66.0	81	3.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	3,105	2,244	72.3	2,179	70.2	65	2.9
Georgia							
Less than a high school diploma	894	422	47.2	396	44.3	26	6.2
High school graduates, no college	1,714	1,152	67.2	1,094	63.9	58	5.0
Some college or associate degree	1,394	1,042	74.7	1,005	72.1	37	3.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,459	1,162	79.7	1,137	78.0	24	2.1
Hawaii							
Less than a high school diploma	93	33	35.1	32	34.0	1	3.2
High school graduates, no college	254	159	62.7	154	60.8	5	3.1
Some college or associate degree	230	164	71.4	161	69.9	3	2.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	230	173	75.2	170	73.9	3	1.7
Idaho							
Less than a high school diploma	106	51	48.4	47	44.1	5	8.8
High school graduates, no college	279	186	66.4	178	63.6	8	4.1
Some college or associate degree	264	189	71.7	182	68.9	7	3.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	200	152	76.0	148	74.0	4	2.7
Illinois							
Less than a high school diploma	1,063	480	45.2	427	40.2	53	11.0
High school graduates, no college	2,631	1,614	61.4	1,522	57.8	93	5.8
Some college or associate degree	2,052	1,501	73.1	1,431	69.7	70	4.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	2,287	1,818	79.5	1,765	77.2	53	2.9
Indiana							
Less than a high school diploma	560	246	44.0	227	40.6	19	7.7
High school graduates, no college	1,594	1,049	65.8	1,000	62.7	49	4.7
Some college or associate degree	999	747	74.8	716	71.7	31	4.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	842	661	78.5	646	76.7	15	2.3
Iowa							
Less than a high school diploma	187	77	41.0	69	36.6	8	10.7
High school graduates, no college	692	449	64.8	432	62.4	17	3.7
Some college or associate degree	557	425	76.3	411	73.9	14	3.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	469	375	80.0	368	78.5	7	1.9
Kansas							
Less than a high school diploma	159	78	48.8	69	43.4	9	11.1
High school graduates, no college	553	363	65.6	343	62.0	20	5.4
Some college or associate degree	500	378	75.6	362	72.4	16	4.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	503	414	82.4	404	80.4	10	2.4
Kentucky							
Less than a high school diploma	510	157	30.8	148	29.1	8	5.4
High school graduates, no college	1,003	609	60.8	587	58.6	22	3.6
Some college or associate degree	635	457	72.0	435	68.5	22	4.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	554	444	80.3	437	78.9	8	1.8

Table 15. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 25 years and over by educational attainment, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and educational attainment	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment	
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate
Louisiana							
Less than a high school diploma	540	210	39.0	195	36.1	15	7.3
High school graduates, no college	1,021	626	61.3	594	58.2	31	5.0
Some college or associate degree	590	408	69.2	389	65.9	19	4.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	593	467	78.9	455	76.9	12	2.5
Maine							
Less than a high school diploma	106	35	33.4	32	29.8	4	10.7
High school graduates, no college	353	225	63.6	214	60.6	11	4.7
Some college or associate degree	226	166	73.5	162	71.4	5	2.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	214	167	78.0	163	75.9	4	2.6
Maryland							
Less than a high school diploma	440	204	46.3	191	43.3	13	6.5
High school graduates, no college	1,122	719	64.0	689	61.4	30	4.1
Some college or associate degree	789	598	75.8	579	73.4	19	3.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,240	982	79.2	962	77.6	20	2.0
Massachusetts							
Less than a high school diploma	500	184	36.8	166	33.2	18	9.9
High school graduates, no college	1,297	807	62.2	773	59.6	34	4.3
Some college or associate degree	872	633	72.6	605	69.4	28	4.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,586	1,287	81.1	1,246	78.6	41	3.2
Michigan							
Less than a high school diploma	751	275	36.6	236	31.4	39	14.2
High school graduates, no college	2,305	1,406	61.0	1,305	56.6	101	7.2
Some college or associate degree	1,829	1,348	73.7	1,285	70.3	63	4.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,612	1,271	78.9	1,227	76.1	44	3.5
Minnesota							
Less than a high school diploma	247	98	39.8	91	36.9	7	7.3
High school graduates, no college	931	650	69.8	621	66.8	28	4.3
Some college or associate degree	1,029	813	79.0	778	75.6	35	4.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,074	886	82.5	861	80.2	25	2.8
Mississippi							
Less than a high school diploma	366	138	37.8	128	35.0	10	7.2
High school graduates, no college	605	387	64.0	366	60.5	21	5.5
Some college or associate degree	476	337	70.8	322	67.7	15	4.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	370	291	78.7	285	77.1	6	2.0
Missouri							
Less than a high school diploma	468	178	38.0	159	34.0	19	10.5
High school graduates, no college	1,280	825	64.4	781	61.0	44	5.3
Some college or associate degree	979	742	75.8	713	72.9	29	3.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	983	769	78.2	751	76.4	19	2.4
Montana							
Less than a high school diploma	53	19	36.8	17	32.5	2	11.7
High school graduates, no college	213	132	61.8	126	58.8	6	4.8
Some college or associate degree	189	135	71.6	131	69.1	5	3.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	158	122	77.2	119	75.4	3	2.3

Table 15. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 25 years and over by educational attainment, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and educational attainment	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment	
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate
Nebraska							
Less than a high school diploma	102	53	51.8	50	48.9	3	5.7
High school graduates, no college	355	245	69.1	239	67.2	7	2.8
Some college or associate degree	360	284	78.9	275	76.5	9	3.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	281	235	83.6	231	82.3	4	1.6
Nevada							
Less than a high school diploma	196	113	57.6	109	55.4	4	3.8
High school graduates, no college	530	340	64.2	328	61.9	12	3.5
Some college or associate degree	415	291	70.1	280	67.4	11	3.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	347	260	74.8	253	73.0	6	2.5
New Hampshire							
Less than a high school diploma	78	35	44.4	33	42.2	2	5.0
High school graduates, no college	273	188	69.0	182	66.7	6	3.2
Some college or associate degree	218	166	75.9	160	73.4	6	3.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	294	232	79.1	227	77.5	5	2.1
New Jersey							
Less than a high school diploma	710	312	44.0	284	40.0	28	9.1
High school graduates, no college	1,904	1,184	62.2	1,136	59.6	48	4.1
Some college or associate degree	1,074	778	72.5	742	69.1	36	4.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,919	1,520	79.2	1,479	77.1	41	2.7
New Mexico							
Less than a high school diploma	211	93	44.2	84	39.9	9	9.9
High school graduates, no college	333	208	62.6	195	58.7	13	6.1
Some college or associate degree	342	237	69.2	230	67.2	7	2.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	301	236	78.4	230	76.5	6	2.5
New York							
Less than a high school diploma	1,849	780	42.2	707	38.2	74	9.4
High school graduates, no college	4,187	2,503	59.8	2,372	56.7	131	5.2
Some college or associate degree	2,674	1,886	70.5	1,797	67.2	89	4.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	3,814	2,920	76.5	2,822	74.0	98	3.4
North Carolina							
Less than a high school diploma	980	443	45.2	409	41.7	34	7.7
High school graduates, no college	1,710	1,109	64.9	1,061	62.1	48	4.3
Some college or associate degree	1,358	1,007	74.2	962	70.9	45	4.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,359	1,044	76.8	1,021	75.1	23	2.2
North Dakota							
Less than a high school diploma	43	15	34.6	14	32.4	1	6.3
High school graduates, no college	126	86	68.4	84	66.7	2	2.6
Some college or associate degree	134	105	77.8	102	76.0	2	2.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	103	88	86.0	87	84.9	1	1.3
Ohio							
Less than a high school diploma	903	345	38.2	310	34.3	35	10.3
High school graduates, no college	2,949	1,861	63.1	1,750	59.4	111	5.9
Some college or associate degree	1,777	1,306	73.5	1,252	70.4	54	4.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,770	1,414	79.9	1,367	77.2	47	3.3

Table 15. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 25 years and over by educational attainment, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and educational attainment	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment	
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate
Oklahoma							
Less than a high school diploma	311	119	38.1	112	35.9	7	5.7
High school graduates, no college	772	471	61.0	452	58.5	19	4.1
Some college or associate degree	592	417	70.4	401	67.6	17	4.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	525	408	77.6	398	75.7	10	2.5
Oregon							
Less than a high school diploma	284	153	53.7	133	46.7	20	13.1
High school graduates, no college	676	414	61.2	388	57.4	26	6.3
Some college or associate degree	780	542	69.5	511	65.5	31	5.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	667	501	75.1	479	71.9	21	4.2
Pennsylvania							
Less than a high school diploma	1,094	366	33.4	334	30.5	32	8.7
High school graduates, no college	3,491	2,146	61.5	2,032	58.2	114	5.3
Some college or associate degree	1,544	1,149	74.4	1,103	71.5	46	4.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	2,102	1,687	80.2	1,643	78.1	44	2.6
Rhode Island							
Less than a high school diploma	122	49	40.2	46	37.7	3	6.2
High school graduates, no college	230	144	62.9	137	59.8	7	4.9
Some college or associate degree	155	112	71.9	107	69.0	5	4.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	203	166	82.2	161	79.6	5	3.2
South Carolina							
Less than a high school diploma	444	195	43.9	169	38.0	26	13.5
High school graduates, no college	879	588	66.8	552	62.8	36	6.0
Some college or associate degree	694	503	72.4	480	69.1	23	4.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	617	469	75.9	458	74.2	11	2.3
South Dakota							
Less than a high school diploma	52	21	39.5	19	36.9	1	6.7
High school graduates, no college	159	111	70.1	107	67.7	4	3.4
Some college or associate degree	143	114	79.7	112	78.1	2	2.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	117	98	83.4	96	82.0	2	1.7
Tennessee							
Less than a high school diploma	713	274	38.4	255	35.7	19	6.8
High school graduates, no college	1,287	825	64.1	791	61.5	34	4.2
Some college or associate degree	880	613	69.7	585	66.6	28	4.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	911	706	77.5	695	76.3	11	1.6
Texas							
Less than a high school diploma	2,906	1,529	52.6	1,408	48.5	121	7.9
High school graduates, no college	3,709	2,534	68.3	2,402	64.8	132	5.2
Some college or associate degree	3,584	2,622	73.2	2,498	69.7	124	4.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	3,322	2,647	79.7	2,575	77.5	73	2.7
Utah							
Less than a high school diploma	118	70	59.2	64	54.5	6	8.0
High school graduates, no college	364	243	66.7	232	63.7	11	4.4
Some college or associate degree	427	304	71.0	292	68.2	12	3.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	394	304	77.2	299	75.8	6	1.8

Table 15. States: employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 25 years and over by educational attainment, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and educational attainment	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment	
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate
Vermont							
Less than a high school diploma	42	16	37.5	14	33.6	2	10.2
High school graduates, no college	144	98	68.3	95	66.0	3	3.4
Some college or associate degree	96	72	75.4	70	73.5	2	2.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	137	111	80.5	109	79.2	2	1.7
Virginia							
Less than a high school diploma	595	283	47.6	262	44.0	22	7.6
High school graduates, no college	1,492	965	64.7	933	62.5	32	3.3
Some college or associate degree	1,056	760	72.0	737	69.8	23	3.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,582	1,221	77.2	1,198	75.7	23	1.9
Washington							
Less than a high school diploma	383	194	50.6	175	45.6	19	9.7
High school graduates, no college	1,125	707	62.8	658	58.4	49	6.9
Some college or associate degree	1,303	936	71.9	892	68.5	44	4.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,210	929	76.7	898	74.2	31	3.3
West Virginia							
Less than a high school diploma	239	64	26.5	57	24.0	6	9.6
High school graduates, no college	548	297	54.2	283	51.5	15	5.0
Some college or associate degree	251	166	65.9	159	63.3	7	3.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	199	154	77.2	152	76.3	2	1.1
Wisconsin							
Less than a high school diploma	393	170	43.3	154	39.1	16	9.6
High school graduates, no college	1,285	888	69.1	846	65.8	42	4.7
Some college or associate degree	981	761	77.6	730	74.4	31	4.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	936	739	78.9	721	77.0	18	2.4
Wyoming							
Less than a high school diploma	31	13	43.0	12	40.3	1	6.3
High school graduates, no college	115	78	67.6	75	65.7	2	2.9
Some college or associate degree	109	85	78.1	82	75.7	3	3.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	69	55	80.3	54	79.1	1	1.4

NOTE: Items may not add to totals because of rounding.

Table 16. States: employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2004 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹								Unemployed	
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
TOTAL										
Alabama	1,727	1,465	202	59	326	37	272	18	109	17
Alaska	250	204	30	16	56	8	44	4	20	5
Arizona	2,204	1,944	193	68	433	60	342	31	115	26
Arkansas	1,044	922	89	33	187	29	149	10	63	14
California	13,536	11,898	1,163	475	2,931	443	2,314	174	919	165
Colorado	1,967	1,701	192	75	422	52	342	28	116	20
Connecticut	1,348	1,162	132	54	354	41	287	26	71	17
Delaware	350	309	30	12	59	5	50	4	14	3
District of Columbia	243	213	22	7	32	7	24	2	22	2
Florida	6,825	6,088	547	189	1,196	158	968	70	329	61
Georgia	3,639	3,309	234	96	554	72	446	36	176	29
Hawaii	491	426	47	18	100	14	81	6	17	4
Idaho	519	449	54	16	149	14	125	10	29	8
Illinois	4,926	4,343	409	173	1,071	125	879	67	323	66
Indiana	2,479	2,203	197	79	514	55	424	35	141	25
Iowa	1,228	1,058	130	41	317	25	273	20	56	19
Kansas	1,107	963	116	28	291	30	245	16	67	15
Kentucky	1,511	1,324	139	49	363	40	295	28	83	20
Louisiana	1,640	1,408	162	70	294	47	227	20	113	11
Maine	518	435	61	22	146	15	122	9	25	7
Maryland	2,334	2,029	231	75	427	40	358	29	93	28
Massachusetts	2,522	2,175	243	104	704	61	598	45	137	36
Michigan	3,762	3,300	297	165	996	154	776	66	295	61
Minnesota	2,191	1,915	203	73	609	59	508	42	108	32
Mississippi	1,069	932	109	29	183	24	151	9	71	11
Missouri	2,342	2,055	213	74	502	56	414	33	148	25
Montana	358	303	39	16	104	11	87	6	19	5
Nebraska	757	664	69	24	196	20	163	13	29	8
Nevada	968	872	64	31	157	21	127	9	43	7
New Hampshire	560	491	49	20	137	10	119	8	20	6
New Jersey	3,477	3,094	255	127	702	69	590	42	179	31
New Mexico	695	609	62	24	165	19	139	7	42	9
New York	7,293	6,470	551	271	1,530	190	1,255	85	461	87
North Carolina	3,325	2,876	333	116	691	101	548	42	194	34
North Dakota	279	238	31	10	68	4	60	4	10	3
Ohio	4,381	3,788	408	186	1,132	143	919	70	295	75
Oklahoma	1,345	1,190	116	39	284	33	234	17	70	14
Oregon	1,358	1,184	133	41	351	57	273	21	118	22
Pennsylvania	4,781	4,197	422	162	1,130	118	951	62	281	68
Rhode Island	417	345	52	21	115	10	96	8	24	6
South Carolina	1,616	1,412	149	55	319	47	255	18	120	23
South Dakota	334	292	33	9	81	6	71	4	13	3
Tennessee	2,325	2,030	206	90	422	49	346	26	121	26
Texas	8,742	7,714	742	287	1,589	250	1,255	85	552	105
Utah	852	725	94	33	290	32	242	16	45	18
Vermont	269	231	27	12	71	6	60	4	10	3
Virginia	3,059	2,706	257	95	560	55	469	36	124	23
Washington	2,410	2,078	243	89	627	104	485	38	161	42
West Virginia	630	549	56	25	123	19	96	7	36	6
Wisconsin	2,297	2,022	197	78	619	66	513	40	122	33
Wyoming	218	188	21	8	53	5	44	4	8	2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. States: employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹							Unemployed		
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers			Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work	
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²				Not at work
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
Men										
Alabama	999	866	106	27	97	16	77	4	53	8
Alaska	145	120	17	9	19	4	14	2	12	2
Arizona	1,314	1,182	99	32	144	28	109	8	66	11
Arkansas	608	544	48	16	61	11	48	2	32	7
California	8,073	7,243	603	228	1,003	211	749	42	533	81
Colorado	1,160	1,025	95	40	145	29	109	7	70	8
Connecticut	788	696	64	28	107	16	84	7	40	9
Delaware	194	174	13	6	18	2	15	1	8	1
District of Columbia	124	111	10	3	12	3	8	1	12	1
Florida	3,872	3,507	279	85	430	70	337	24	178	27
Georgia	2,097	1,933	120	44	183	37	133	13	98	11
Hawaii	266	234	24	8	37	7	29	2	11	2
Idaho	315	278	28	9	46	7	37	2	19	4
Illinois	2,852	2,549	213	90	351	62	273	15	183	21
Indiana	1,419	1,279	102	38	169	19	139	10	76	11
Iowa	703	620	63	20	106	9	91	5	29	8
Kansas	647	573	61	13	107	14	89	4	35	7
Kentucky	867	771	71	25	131	19	104	8	50	9
Louisiana	915	802	79	34	93	16	71	6	63	4
Maine	299	258	29	12	45	7	36	2	15	3
Maryland	1,303	1,150	114	38	129	16	104	9	47	11
Massachusetts	1,458	1,285	119	54	206	33	161	12	91	14
Michigan	2,196	1,974	145	77	320	58	243	18	176	28
Minnesota	1,274	1,135	102	38	196	28	156	12	71	15
Mississippi	597	527	56	14	61	11	48	2	36	3
Missouri	1,321	1,171	114	35	158	26	122	11	81	12
Montana	207	179	19	9	35	5	28	2	12	2
Nebraska	443	398	33	12	62	10	48	4	16	4
Nevada	575	523	36	16	54	9	43	2	25	3
New Hampshire	335	301	24	10	36	4	30	2	13	3
New Jersey	2,027	1,844	124	58	218	33	173	12	100	11
New Mexico	399	357	32	10	58	11	45	2	22	4
New York	4,180	3,789	263	129	491	84	381	27	251	43
North Carolina	1,927	1,683	189	55	227	44	171	11	103	13
North Dakota	160	139	16	5	21	2	18	1	7	1
Ohio	2,539	2,253	197	89	361	68	274	19	173	32
Oklahoma	774	690	64	20	100	18	77	5	34	7
Oregon	822	734	67	21	107	22	79	6	72	8
Pennsylvania	2,768	2,483	205	81	335	51	271	13	173	34
Rhode Island	236	201	25	10	36	5	29	2	13	2
South Carolina	902	805	71	25	102	18	79	5	63	9
South Dakota	187	167	15	5	29	3	24	2	6	1
Tennessee	1,309	1,152	112	44	143	25	111	7	67	10
Texas	5,161	4,622	398	141	557	108	424	25	316	54
Utah	534	465	52	18	98	14	81	3	27	8
Vermont	155	135	14	6	22	3	18	1	6	1
Virginia	1,725	1,544	141	41	175	25	141	9	65	9
Washington	1,445	1,260	137	48	192	47	136	10	89	19
West Virginia	363	324	27	12	37	8	28	2	23	2
Wisconsin	1,333	1,191	103	39	192	30	151	12	77	13
Wyoming	130	115	11	5	16	2	13	1	4	1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. States: employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹								Unemployed	
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
Women										
Alabama	728	599	96	32	229	21	195	13	56	10
Alaska	104	84	13	7	37	4	30	2	8	3
Arizona	890	761	93	35	289	32	233	24	49	14
Arkansas	436	378	41	17	126	18	101	8	31	7
California	5,462	4,655	561	247	1,928	231	1,565	132	387	84
Colorado	807	675	96	35	277	23	233	21	46	12
Connecticut	560	466	68	26	248	25	203	19	32	9
Delaware	157	135	16	6	41	3	35	3	6	2
District of Columbia	118	102	12	4	20	4	15	1	10	1
Florida	2,953	2,581	268	104	766	88	632	46	151	34
Georgia	1,543	1,376	114	53	371	36	313	22	78	18
Hawaii	224	191	23	10	63	7	52	3	6	2
Idaho	205	171	26	7	103	7	88	8	11	5
Illinois	2,073	1,795	196	83	720	62	606	52	140	45
Indiana	1,061	924	95	42	345	36	285	25	66	14
Iowa	525	438	67	20	211	15	181	15	27	11
Kansas	461	390	55	15	184	16	156	12	32	8
Kentucky	645	553	68	24	232	20	192	20	33	11
Louisiana	725	606	83	36	201	30	156	14	50	6
Maine	219	178	32	10	101	8	86	6	10	4
Maryland	1,032	879	116	36	299	24	254	20	46	17
Massachusetts	1,064	890	124	50	498	27	438	33	46	22
Michigan	1,565	1,326	152	87	676	96	532	48	119	33
Minnesota	917	780	101	36	413	31	352	30	38	16
Mississippi	472	405	52	15	122	12	103	6	35	8
Missouri	1,021	883	99	38	344	31	291	22	67	13
Montana	151	123	20	8	69	6	58	4	7	3
Nebraska	314	266	37	11	134	10	115	10	13	5
Nevada	393	349	28	15	103	13	84	7	18	4
New Hampshire	225	190	25	10	101	6	89	6	7	4
New Jersey	1,449	1,250	131	69	484	36	418	31	79	20
New Mexico	296	252	30	14	107	8	94	5	19	5
New York	3,113	2,682	289	142	1,039	106	874	58	210	44
North Carolina	1,398	1,194	144	61	464	57	377	30	91	21
North Dakota	119	99	15	5	47	3	42	3	3	1
Ohio	1,842	1,534	210	97	771	75	645	51	122	43
Oklahoma	571	501	52	19	185	16	157	12	35	7
Oregon	536	450	66	20	244	36	194	15	46	14
Pennsylvania	2,012	1,714	218	81	795	67	680	48	108	34
Rhode Island	181	143	27	11	79	6	68	6	10	4
South Carolina	714	607	78	30	217	28	176	13	57	14
South Dakota	147	125	18	5	52	3	47	3	6	2
Tennessee	1,017	877	93	46	279	24	235	19	54	16
Texas	3,582	3,092	344	146	1,032	142	831	60	237	51
Utah	318	261	42	15	192	18	161	13	19	10
Vermont	114	95	13	6	49	3	42	3	4	2
Virginia	1,334	1,162	117	54	385	29	328	27	59	13
Washington	966	818	107	41	434	57	349	28	71	22
West Virginia	267	225	29	13	85	11	68	6	13	4
Wisconsin	964	830	94	39	427	37	362	28	45	20
Wyoming	88	74	11	4	37	3	31	3	4	2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. States: employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹								Unemployed	
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years										
Alabama	25	23	2	(³)	64	2	60	2	10	7
Alaska	5	4	1	(³)	9	1	8	(³)	2	2
Arizona	42	35	6	1	61	6	53	2	15	13
Arkansas	18	14	3	(³)	32	3	28	1	10	5
California	192	160	29	3	403	33	354	16	83	73
Colorado	31	25	5	1	62	4	54	4	14	10
Connecticut	18	14	4	(³)	57	3	51	3	5	9
Delaware	6	5	1	(³)	13	1	12	(³)	1	1
District of Columbia	2	2	(³)	(³)	3	1	2	(³)	1	1
Florida	108	95	11	2	191	15	170	6	27	27
Georgia	56	50	6	(³)	78	7	69	2	16	10
Hawaii	6	5	1	(³)	12	1	11	(³)	2	1
Idaho	13	10	2	1	25	3	21	1	4	4
Illinois	67	56	8	3	192	12	174	7	22	35
Indiana	36	30	5	1	103	6	91	5	11	12
Iowa	25	20	4	1	66	3	61	2	4	8
Kansas	19	15	3	(³)	58	3	52	3	7	7
Kentucky	25	21	3	1	64	3	57	3	13	11
Louisiana	29	22	7	1	42	4	35	3	13	6
Maine	8	7	1	(³)	23	1	20	1	2	3
Maryland	39	34	5	(³)	78	5	69	4	9	11
Massachusetts	31	24	6	1	117	4	108	5	8	15
Michigan	52	43	8	1	178	16	153	9	18	35
Minnesota	35	30	4	1	116	7	104	5	10	12
Mississippi	15	12	3	1	30	2	27	1	8	4
Missouri	38	32	5	1	107	9	93	5	18	13
Montana	9	7	2	(³)	17	2	15	1	2	1
Nebraska	16	13	2	1	40	3	35	2	3	5
Nevada	21	19	2	(³)	27	3	23	1	4	3
New Hampshire	9	7	1	(³)	26	2	23	1	2	3
New Jersey	39	33	6	1	114	4	104	6	12	13
New Mexico	14	12	2	1	22	1	20	(³)	4	4
New York	81	65	12	4	242	12	221	10	29	34
North Carolina	47	41	5	1	103	10	89	4	20	15
North Dakota	7	5	1	(³)	13	1	12	1	1	1
Ohio	70	55	13	1	218	16	191	10	21	35
Oklahoma	31	27	4	1	47	4	42	1	5	6
Oregon	21	17	4	(³)	39	5	32	2	10	8
Pennsylvania	77	65	10	2	198	10	181	7	25	37
Rhode Island	8	6	2	(³)	22	1	20	1	2	3
South Carolina	22	15	6	(³)	55	3	48	4	6	10
South Dakota	8	7	1	(³)	18	1	17	1	2	2
Tennessee	40	32	6	2	83	6	74	3	10	10
Texas	125	100	22	3	264	21	236	6	42	46
Utah	25	22	4	(³)	57	4	50	3	6	10
Vermont	5	4	1	(³)	13	1	12	1	1	1
Virginia	59	48	9	2	103	8	89	6	12	8
Washington	37	29	7	1	79	11	66	1	13	19
West Virginia	8	6	2	(³)	24	3	20	1	3	3
Wisconsin	42	35	6	1	122	7	110	5	9	13
Wyoming	7	6	1	(³)	11	1	10	1	1	1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. States: employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹								Unemployed	
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
White										
Alabama	1,283	1,088	153	43	252	22	215	14	52	8
Alaska	192	158	23	12	41	5	33	3	11	3
Arizona	2,008	1,772	174	62	398	51	316	30	97	23
Arkansas	865	766	74	25	150	19	123	8	42	9
California	10,517	9,199	945	373	2,334	347	1,841	146	677	133
Colorado	1,811	1,564	177	70	391	45	320	26	99	18
Connecticut	1,175	1,010	117	49	315	30	262	23	58	14
Delaware	272	239	24	10	49	4	42	3	10	2
District of Columbia	120	106	11	3	15	2	11	1	4	1
Florida	5,590	5,000	436	154	1,000	112	829	60	222	48
Georgia	2,552	2,309	170	73	394	33	331	30	91	15
Hawaii	110	92	13	5	24	3	19	2	3	1
Idaho	497	430	52	15	143	13	120	10	26	8
Illinois	4,083	3,592	345	146	928	92	774	62	220	51
Indiana	2,246	1,996	179	72	470	46	393	31	117	21
Iowa	1,175	1,012	124	39	299	22	258	19	50	18
Kansas	1,001	869	106	26	258	26	217	15	50	12
Kentucky	1,369	1,202	123	44	329	33	270	26	68	16
Louisiana	1,170	1,004	119	47	202	23	164	15	57	5
Maine	503	422	60	21	141	14	118	8	24	7
Maryland	1,546	1,336	161	50	325	22	277	25	48	20
Massachusetts	2,259	1,945	218	96	641	53	546	41	111	30
Michigan	3,156	2,756	260	140	885	121	702	62	205	45
Minnesota	2,009	1,754	186	68	558	50	468	40	87	28
Mississippi	698	609	70	20	128	11	110	7	31	5
Missouri	2,032	1,780	188	64	447	43	373	30	107	20
Montana	334	282	36	15	96	10	81	6	15	4
Nebraska	703	618	64	21	182	18	152	12	22	7
Nevada	813	732	55	26	135	17	111	8	33	5
New Hampshire	538	471	48	19	132	9	115	8	19	6
New Jersey	2,750	2,436	210	104	593	47	510	36	126	20
New Mexico	600	526	53	22	144	16	121	6	31	8
New York	5,523	4,875	433	216	1,251	133	1,045	73	295	66
North Carolina	2,547	2,202	256	89	542	73	435	34	104	23
North Dakota	265	227	29	9	65	4	57	3	7	2
Ohio	3,835	3,316	359	160	998	112	823	63	218	59
Oklahoma	1,072	950	91	32	230	24	192	14	47	9
Oregon	1,230	1,067	125	38	324	52	253	18	104	19
Pennsylvania	4,238	3,709	381	147	1,041	98	885	59	215	58
Rhode Island	376	311	46	19	105	9	88	8	19	5
South Carolina	1,147	1,003	103	41	239	27	199	14	68	14
South Dakota	315	276	30	9	77	5	67	4	9	3
Tennessee	1,901	1,653	174	73	362	37	301	23	78	20
Texas	7,355	6,491	629	236	1,373	198	1,100	76	405	78
Utah	811	690	89	32	277	30	232	16	41	17
Vermont	262	224	27	12	68	6	58	4	9	3
Virginia	2,323	2,043	202	78	441	40	373	29	68	17
Washington	2,044	1,760	209	75	545	88	424	34	133	35
West Virginia	606	528	54	24	117	18	92	7	31	6
Wisconsin	2,147	1,885	189	73	572	56	479	37	99	28
Wyoming	210	181	21	8	51	4	42	4	7	2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. States: employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹								Unemployed	
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
Black or African American										
Alabama	387	329	45	14	61	13	45	3	55	7
Alaska	8	7	1	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)
Arizona	71	60	8	3	12	4	7	1	8	2
Arkansas	140	122	12	6	27	7	19	1	20	4
California	815	721	63	31	137	26	105	6	100	13
Colorado	65	56	6	2	13	4	8	1	10	1
Connecticut	123	109	11	3	26	10	16	1	10	2
Delaware	64	57	5	2	8	2	6	(³)	4	1
District of Columbia	112	99	10	3	16	4	11	1	17	2
Florida	998	878	90	29	140	39	94	7	97	10
Georgia	944	866	59	19	143	35	103	5	77	14
Hawaii	7	6	1	(³)	2	(³)	2	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Idaho	3	2	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Illinois	613	548	45	20	105	25	76	4	94	13
Indiana	178	160	12	6	31	8	20	3	20	3
Iowa	17	15	2	(³)	5	1	4	(³)	5	(³)
Kansas	48	43	4	1	11	2	9	(³)	10	2
Kentucky	105	87	13	5	26	6	19	2	13	3
Louisiana	444	381	41	22	89	24	60	5	56	5
Maine	3	2	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Maryland	647	568	58	20	79	16	60	2	41	7
Massachusetts	147	128	14	6	34	5	27	2	14	5
Michigan	443	395	28	20	79	28	47	4	76	12
Minnesota	61	53	7	2	20	6	14	1	11	1
Mississippi	344	298	37	9	52	11	38	2	40	6
Missouri	244	217	20	7	39	11	27	1	39	4
Nebraska	22	19	2	1	6	1	5	1	3	1
Nevada	60	54	3	3	8	2	6	(³)	4	(³)
New Hampshire	5	4	(³)	(³)	2	1	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
New Jersey	457	413	30	13	73	17	52	4	44	9
New Mexico	12	11	1	(³)	5	1	3	(³)	2	(³)
New York	1,140	1,014	87	39	191	45	137	8	133	17
North Carolina	635	555	61	20	113	20	89	4	79	9
North Dakota	2	2	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Ohio	423	363	40	21	98	27	66	5	66	12
Oklahoma	97	89	7	1	19	4	14	1	7	2
Oregon	23	21	1	1	5	1	3	1	3	(³)
Pennsylvania	410	368	30	12	66	16	47	2	57	7
Rhode Island	24	19	4	1	5	1	4	(³)	3	1
South Carolina	441	386	42	12	73	18	52	3	50	8
South Dakota	2	2	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Tennessee	362	320	27	14	49	10	37	3	41	6
Texas	908	787	86	35	126	37	84	6	117	20
Utah	8	7	(³)	(³)	2	1	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Vermont	1	1	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Virginia	540	482	43	14	88	13	70	5	47	5
Washington	74	63	7	4	16	4	11	1	7	2
West Virginia	14	13	1	(³)	3	1	2	(³)	3	1
Wisconsin	85	78	5	2	25	6	17	3	19	3
Wyoming	1	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. States: employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹								Unemployed	
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
Asian										
Alabama	21	19	1	(³)	4	(³)	3	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Alaska	17	13	2	2	4	1	3	(³)	1	(³)
Arizona	45	42	3	(³)	11	1	10	(³)	2	(³)
Arkansas	13	12	1	(³)	3	1	2	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
California	1,740	1,577	113	50	331	49	268	14	101	11
Colorado	43	38	3	1	8	1	7	(³)	1	(³)
Connecticut	33	30	2	1	9	1	6	2	1	1
Delaware	10	9	1	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
District of Columbia	7	6	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
Florida	144	130	9	4	34	2	29	3	6	1
Georgia	104	99	2	3	9	2	7	(³)	4	(³)
Hawaii	246	216	22	9	44	5	37	2	6	1
Idaho	5	4	1	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Illinois	186	168	12	6	29	6	23	(³)	8	1
Indiana	31	29	2	1	7	(³)	6	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Iowa	22	20	2	(³)	8	1	7	1	(³)	(³)
Kansas	24	22	2	(³)	14	(³)	13	(³)	2	(³)
Kentucky	23	22	1	(³)	3	(³)	3	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Louisiana	13	12	1	1	1	(³)	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Maine	6	6	1	(³)	2	(³)	2	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Maryland	107	96	7	4	13	1	12	1	2	1
Massachusetts	99	88	9	2	19	2	17	1	9	(³)
Michigan	97	90	4	3	17	1	16	(³)	7	(³)
Minnesota	95	86	6	2	22	1	20	1	5	2
Mississippi	9	8	1	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Missouri	32	29	2	1	3	1	3	(³)	1	(³)
Nebraska	12	11	1	1	5	(³)	4	1	(⁴)	(⁴)
Nevada	58	53	3	2	9	2	7	(³)	3	(³)
New Hampshire	10	10	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
New Jersey	235	214	13	8	22	4	17	2	7	1
New Mexico	9	8	1	(³)	4	(³)	3	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
New York	526	491	22	13	71	10	58	3	23	2
North Carolina	69	62	4	2	13	5	8	1	2	(³)
North Dakota	1	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Ohio	72	64	4	4	18	(³)	16	1	4	1
Oklahoma	25	23	2	(³)	6	(³)	5	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Oregon	51	48	2	1	9	2	6	1	4	1
Pennsylvania	98	91	6	1	13	2	11	(³)	7	2
Rhode Island	11	10	1	(³)	3	(³)	2	(³)	1	(³)
South Carolina	14	12	1	1	2	1	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
South Dakota	3	2	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Tennessee	32	29	1	2	9	2	7	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Texas	299	276	13	10	43	7	35	1	11	3
Utah	13	11	1	1	5	(³)	4	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Vermont	2	2	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Virginia	161	150	9	2	23	1	19	2	8	(³)
Washington	157	138	13	6	38	8	28	2	9	1
West Virginia	2	2	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Wisconsin	37	35	1	1	13	2	10	(³)	2	(³)
Wyoming	1	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. States: employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹								Unemployed	
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity										
Alabama	43	34	8	1	5	(³)	4	1	2	(³)
Alaska	13	11	1	1	3		1	(³)	1	(³)
Arizona	643	570	58	15	109	28	74	8	42	9
Arkansas	44	38	5	1	5		2	(³)	2	(³)
California	4,227	3,735	364	128	785	186	559	39	386	58
Colorado	347	298	36	13	68	16	49	4	28	5
Connecticut	118	101	14	3	27	8	18	2	12	3
Delaware	22	19	2	1	3		1	(³)	1	(³)
District of Columbia	22	19	2	1	4		1	(³)	2	(³)
Florida	1,364	1,255	81	28	208	51	149	8	74	9
Georgia	255	228	21	6	31	7	22	1	12	1
Hawaii	29	24	3	2	6		1	(³)	2	1
Idaho	44	38	4	1	7		1	(³)	4	1
Illinois	628	562	45	22	76	20	51	4	41	7
Indiana	105	93	10	3	9	3	5	1	11	1
Iowa	50	43	5	2	9		2	(³)	4	1
Kansas	64	57	6	1	16	4	11	(³)	6	(³)
Kentucky	23	20	2	(³)	7		2	(³)	2	1
Louisiana	38	29	8	1	8		1	(³)	3	(³)
Maine	4	4	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Maryland	201	182	14	5	21	8	12	1	9	1
Massachusetts	175	150	18	6	40	7	30	2	17	4
Michigan	115	103	9	2	25	7	17	1	16	4
Minnesota	61	55	5	1	15	5	10	1	4	1
Mississippi	21	18	2	(³)	4		2	(³)	2	(³)
Missouri	73	63	8	2	17	5	11	1	6	1
Montana	7	6	1	(³)	3	(³)	2	(³)	1	(³)
Nebraska	45	40	4	1	13	5	7	1	3	1
Nevada	193	175	13	5	19	5	13	1	8	1
New Hampshire	10	9	1	(³)	2	(³)	2	(³)	1	(³)
New Jersey	514	470	28	16	78	16	59	4	26	2
New Mexico	277	244	25	9	64	11	51	2	22	6
New York	1,062	978	60	25	187	38	141	8	94	11
North Carolina	270	217	49	3	34	12	20	1	15	1
North Dakota	4	3	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Ohio	128	112	12	5	19	7	11	1	7	2
Oklahoma	57	50	6	1	10	3	7	(³)	3	(³)
Oregon	137	119	15	2	22	7	14	1	16	1
Pennsylvania	166	155	9	2	33	6	26	1	15	2
Rhode Island	37	32	3	1	7	2	5	(³)	3	1
South Carolina	39	32	7	1	5	1	3	(³)	2	(³)
South Dakota	5	4	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Tennessee	74	64	8	2	6	1	4	1	4	(³)
Texas	2,963	2,612	265	86	511	120	372	19	211	30
Utah	85	69	12	3	16	4	11	1	9	2
Vermont	2	2	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Virginia	185	157	26	2	28	7	19	2	9	1
Washington	175	153	17	5	26	7	19	1	12	2
West Virginia	8	8	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Wisconsin	110	97	9	3	25	8	15	1	12	3
Wyoming	14	11	1	1	4	1	3	(³)	1	(³)

¹ Employed persons are classified as full- or part-time workers on the basis of their usual weekly hours at all jobs, regardless of the number of hours they are at work during the reference week. Persons absent from work are classified according to their usual status.

² Includes some persons at work 35 hours or more, classified by their reason for working part time.

³ Less than 500 persons.

⁴ Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet BLS

publication standards of reliability for the area in question, as determined by the sample size. See appendix B.

NOTE: Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 17. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by occupation, 2004 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Civilian Labor Force											
Alabama	2,169	253	405	357	226	290	(²)	149	89	215	160
Alaska	330	41	66	56	32	51	7	26	15	12	24
Arizona	2,764	376	504	520	362	378	(²)	211	115	132	151
Arkansas	1,300	179	218	198	130	170	(²)	83	60	134	105
California	17,433	2,616	3,545	2,771	2,105	2,526	242	1,096	546	1,037	946
Colorado	2,515	405	546	419	298	325	(²)	173	77	113	142
Connecticut	1,783	299	404	277	214	241	(²)	99	54	113	79
Delaware	425	65	79	70	47	68	(²)	29	16	23	26
District of Columbia	298	63	96	49	20	39	(²)	10	5	4	11
Florida	8,369	1,236	1,475	1,548	1,153	1,197	(²)	589	324	337	464
Georgia	4,384	684	795	642	502	591	(²)	362	167	316	305
Hawaii	611	82	113	134	73	88	(²)	38	21	19	35
Idaho	703	98	119	124	77	102	21	52	27	35	48
Illinois	6,358	907	1,202	1,068	722	945	(²)	377	199	494	428
Indiana	3,148	414	534	474	352	405	(²)	182	149	369	249
Iowa	1,615	226	290	262	178	220	(²)	81	59	159	120
Kansas	1,476	209	286	243	178	199	(²)	85	64	108	88
Kentucky	1,967	242	364	315	212	279	(²)	133	71	198	131
Louisiana	2,047	242	405	362	244	255	(²)	168	85	127	142
Maine	695	83	131	125	78	94	(²)	48	31	52	45
Maryland	2,875	473	717	454	323	385	(²)	182	84	107	140
Massachusetts	3,384	501	845	557	373	477	(²)	205	102	179	138
Michigan	5,091	682	966	843	546	697	(²)	266	187	565	311
Minnesota	2,935	487	632	436	342	395	(²)	168	91	214	146
Mississippi	1,324	140	248	205	144	166	(²)	93	52	151	110
Missouri	3,005	399	592	462	358	482	(²)	201	120	180	200
Montana	485	78	83	85	54	62	13	38	21	22	28
Nebraska	988	160	184	154	112	139	(²)	59	41	62	58
Nevada	1,169	138	169	286	170	157	(²)	98	42	44	64
New Hampshire	723	108	169	98	89	94	(²)	44	29	55	32
New Jersey	4,377	669	986	671	518	688	(²)	210	116	210	297
New Mexico	908	123	199	171	102	109	(²)	72	33	38	54
New York	9,325	1,222	2,070	1,784	1,026	1,339	(²)	507	314	516	520
North Carolina	4,221	556	811	669	464	537	(²)	317	164	393	270
North Dakota	358	62	63	64	38	46	(²)	25	13	17	23
Ohio	5,857	785	1,090	1,034	666	809	(²)	311	196	527	421
Oklahoma	1,710	247	301	306	192	242	(²)	109	78	121	102
Oregon	1,837	273	348	294	211	253	36	105	64	128	125
Pennsylvania	6,226	817	1,324	949	615	940	54	357	214	490	464
Rhode Island	559	74	115	107	61	78	(²)	27	16	49	29
South Carolina	2,067	267	330	342	268	275	(²)	114	90	214	148
South Dakota	430	68	72	74	56	59	(²)	25	14	33	23
Tennessee	2,881	390	522	419	318	419	(²)	188	98	289	219
Texas	10,928	1,503	2,083	1,837	1,261	1,484	96	781	440	697	742
Utah	1,200	157	239	184	139	181	(²)	85	49	79	80
Vermont	353	54	83	54	39	43	(²)	27	12	22	15
Virginia	3,754	597	862	543	421	499	(²)	243	144	203	229
Washington	3,224	487	673	555	345	418	55	189	122	184	196
West Virginia	790	80	145	142	93	109	(²)	70	32	54	62
Wisconsin	3,063	417	554	500	317	420	(²)	174	124	323	207
Wyoming	281	42	44	45	30	39	(²)	27	16	12	21

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 17. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by occupation, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Employed											
Alabama	2,053	249	394	326	211	278	(²)	136	84	199	153
Alaska	306	39	64	50	30	47	6	22	14	11	22
Arizona	2,637	369	493	489	347	357	(²)	198	112	121	140
Arkansas	1,231	177	213	178	120	164	(²)	78	58	126	96
California	16,466	2,536	3,416	2,614	1,988	2,401	183	997	519	958	853
Colorado	2,389	392	531	388	278	311	(²)	159	74	105	135
Connecticut	1,702	290	393	260	203	231	(²)	92	52	105	74
Delaware	409	64	77	67	45	65	(²)	27	16	22	25
District of Columbia	275	62	92	44	17	35	(²)	8	4	3	10
Florida	8,021	1,205	1,439	1,465	1,096	1,151	(²)	557	315	316	437
Georgia	4,194	669	779	599	485	563	(²)	336	165	297	286
Hawaii	591	81	110	130	70	86	(²)	34	20	19	33
Idaho	669	96	116	116	74	97	20	48	26	33	44
Illinois	5,997	878	1,170	990	673	893	(²)	343	189	461	388
Indiana	2,993	406	522	443	329	386	(²)	165	144	348	235
Iowa	1,545	221	284	246	169	209	(²)	76	57	154	112
Kansas	1,398	204	278	221	170	190	(²)	74	62	101	83
Kentucky	1,874	238	353	294	202	268	(²)	119	68	191	124
Louisiana	1,934	237	393	333	232	243	(²)	150	82	120	129
Maine	664	81	128	117	75	91	(²)	44	30	50	42
Maryland	2,762	462	701	431	306	365	(²)	172	80	103	134
Massachusetts	3,226	485	824	526	355	450	(²)	186	98	168	128
Michigan	4,758	659	932	775	515	657	(²)	233	176	510	275
Minnesota	2,800	478	616	412	325	375	(²)	149	88	198	137
Mississippi	1,252	138	242	186	136	156	(²)	86	50	139	105
Missouri	2,844	386	579	423	335	455	(²)	185	114	167	190
Montana	462	77	80	79	52	60	12	35	20	21	26
Nebraska	953	157	182	146	108	134	(²)	56	40	60	55
Nevada	1,125	134	164	275	163	151	(²)	94	41	42	60
New Hampshire	698	105	164	93	87	92	(²)	42	28	52	31
New Jersey	4,178	649	962	638	492	658	(²)	190	109	195	275
New Mexico	860	121	193	157	97	103	(²)	66	32	35	50
New York	8,823	1,180	2,001	1,669	967	1,269	(²)	458	304	477	478
North Carolina	4,016	544	790	622	441	508	(²)	297	158	363	255
North Dakota	347	61	62	61	37	45	(²)	22	13	17	22
Ohio	5,514	764	1,060	951	621	763	(²)	274	188	487	392
Oklahoma	1,630	243	293	285	181	232	(²)	104	73	112	95
Oregon	1,710	266	334	267	198	237	31	91	59	115	111
Pennsylvania	5,911	798	1,285	876	583	895	53	327	204	458	432
Rhode Island	532	71	111	100	58	75	(²)	25	15	46	28
South Carolina	1,935	259	325	314	252	257	(²)	100	87	194	130
South Dakota	416	68	71	70	54	58	(²)	23	13	32	21
Tennessee	2,747	379	511	393	308	399	(²)	175	93	265	207
Texas	10,332	1,460	2,022	1,708	1,186	1,391	88	724	421	652	679
Utah	1,142	153	235	170	132	172	(²)	79	46	73	74
Vermont	340	53	81	51	38	40	(²)	25	12	21	14
Virginia	3,619	587	846	515	404	479	(²)	230	139	190	217
Washington	3,037	472	653	516	323	390	45	170	115	171	182
West Virginia	753	79	143	132	89	105	(²)	63	31	51	58
Wisconsin	2,917	409	540	467	303	403	(²)	156	119	302	193
Wyoming	271	42	43	42	29	37	(²)	25	16	12	20

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 17. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by occupation, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Unemployed											
Alabama	117	4	11	31	15	11	(²)	13	5	16	8
Alaska	24	2	2	6	2	4	1	4	1	1	2
Arizona	126	7	11	31	15	22	(²)	13	3	11	12
Arkansas	70	2	5	20	10	6	(²)	6	3	8	9
California	966	80	129	157	117	126	59	99	26	79	93
Colorado	126	13	14	31	20	14	(²)	13	3	8	7
Connecticut	81	9	11	17	11	10	(²)	7	2	9	5
Delaware	16	1	2	4	2	2	(²)	2	(³)	1	1
District of Columbia	23	2	5	5	3	4	(²)	2	1	1	1
Florida	348	31	36	83	57	46	(²)	32	10	21	26
Georgia	190	15	16	43	18	28	(²)	26	2	19	19
Hawaii	20	1	2	5	3	2	(²)	4	(³)	(³)	1
Idaho	35	2	3	8	3	5	2	4	1	2	4
Illinois	361	29	33	78	49	52	(²)	34	10	33	40
Indiana	155	9	12	31	23	19	(²)	18	5	22	14
Iowa	70	5	6	16	9	11	(²)	5	2	5	8
Kansas	78	5	8	22	9	9	(²)	11	2	7	5
Kentucky	92	4	11	21	10	12	(²)	15	3	7	7
Louisiana	113	5	12	29	12	12	(²)	18	3	7	12
Maine	31	2	3	8	3	3	(²)	4	1	2	3
Maryland	113	11	16	23	18	20	(²)	11	4	4	6
Massachusetts	157	16	21	31	18	26	(²)	18	4	11	10
Michigan	333	22	34	68	32	39	(²)	33	11	55	36
Minnesota	135	10	15	24	17	20	(²)	19	2	16	9
Mississippi	72	2	6	18	7	10	(²)	7	3	12	5
Missouri	161	13	12	40	23	26	(²)	16	7	13	10
Montana	23	1	2	6	2	2	1	4	1	1	2
Nebraska	35	3	3	8	4	5	(²)	4	1	3	3
Nevada	44	5	5	11	6	5	(²)	4	1	2	4
New Hampshire	25	3	4	5	2	3	(²)	2	1	3	2
New Jersey	198	20	24	33	26	30	(²)	20	6	15	22
New Mexico	48	2	6	13	6	6	(²)	6	1	3	4
New York	502	41	69	115	59	70	(²)	49	10	40	42
North Carolina	205	11	21	46	23	29	(²)	21	5	30	16
North Dakota	11	1	1	3	1	1	(²)	3	(³)	(³)	1
Ohio	343	21	30	83	45	46	(²)	37	9	40	30
Oklahoma	80	4	7	21	11	9	(²)	5	5	9	7
Oregon	127	7	14	28	12	16	4	14	4	13	14
Pennsylvania	315	19	39	72	33	45	1	30	11	32	32
Rhode Island	27	2	4	7	3	3	(²)	2	1	3	2
South Carolina	132	8	5	28	16	18	(²)	13	3	20	17
South Dakota	15	1	2	4	2	1	(²)	2	(³)	2	1
Tennessee	134	11	11	26	11	20	(²)	13	5	25	12
Texas	596	43	60	129	75	93	8	57	18	45	63
Utah	57	4	4	14	7	9	(²)	6	2	6	6
Vermont	13	1	1	3	1	2	(²)	1	(³)	1	1
Virginia	135	9	16	28	17	20	(²)	13	5	13	12
Washington	187	15	20	39	21	28	10	19	7	13	13
West Virginia	38	2	2	9	4	4	(²)	7	2	3	4
Wisconsin	146	8	14	33	14	17	(²)	18	5	21	13
Wyoming	10	(³)	1	3	1	2	(²)	2	(³)	(³)	1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 17. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by occupation, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Unemployment Rate											
Alabama	5.4	1.6	2.7	8.8	6.6	3.9	(²)	8.8	5.6	7.5	4.7
Alaska	7.3	3.8	2.4	10.3	7.4	7.0	9.2	14.7	5.9	11.3	10.1
Arizona	4.6	1.8	2.3	5.9	4.1	5.8	(²)	6.4	2.8	8.1	7.6
Arkansas	5.4	1.2	2.4	10.1	7.6	3.4	(²)	6.8	4.5	6.0	8.1
California	5.5	3.0	3.6	5.7	5.6	5.0	24.3	9.0	4.8	7.6	9.8
Colorado	5.0	3.1	2.7	7.3	6.7	4.3	(²)	7.7	4.4	7.2	4.9
Connecticut	4.6	3.0	2.7	6.2	5.0	4.1	(²)	7.5	4.3	7.6	6.0
Delaware	3.7	2.0	2.1	5.6	4.6	3.3	(²)	7.5	2.4	4.8	3.0
District of Columbia	7.7	2.6	5.1	10.1	13.6	10.8	(²)	18.0	17.0	16.7	9.9
Florida	4.2	2.5	2.4	5.4	5.0	3.8	(²)	5.4	3.0	6.2	5.7
Georgia	4.3	2.3	2.0	6.6	3.6	4.7	(²)	7.3	1.2	6.0	6.3
Hawaii	3.2	1.5	2.1	3.5	4.2	2.2	(²)	9.4	1.6	2.1	4.3
Idaho	4.9	2.1	2.6	6.6	4.0	5.1	8.4	7.8	3.8	5.5	9.1
Illinois	5.7	3.2	2.7	7.3	6.8	5.5	(²)	9.0	5.2	6.7	9.2
Indiana	4.9	2.1	2.2	6.5	6.6	4.7	(²)	9.8	3.3	5.9	5.7
Iowa	4.3	2.1	2.1	6.0	5.2	5.2	(²)	6.7	3.8	3.0	6.6
Kansas	5.3	2.3	2.9	9.0	4.8	4.4	(²)	12.7	3.2	6.3	5.3
Kentucky	4.7	1.5	2.9	6.7	4.9	4.2	(²)	11.0	4.8	3.7	5.3
Louisiana	5.5	2.1	3.0	8.1	4.8	4.7	(²)	10.8	3.7	5.4	8.6
Maine	4.5	1.9	2.4	6.6	4.1	3.4	(²)	8.4	3.7	4.5	7.3
Maryland	3.9	2.3	2.2	5.0	5.5	5.1	(²)	5.9	4.6	4.1	4.0
Massachusetts	4.7	3.2	2.5	5.6	4.9	5.5	(²)	9.0	4.0	6.4	7.0
Michigan	6.5	3.3	3.5	8.0	5.8	5.6	(²)	12.3	5.9	9.8	11.6
Minnesota	4.6	2.0	2.4	5.5	5.1	5.1	(²)	11.3	2.4	7.4	6.5
Mississippi	5.4	1.7	2.5	8.9	5.2	6.0	(²)	7.7	5.2	7.7	4.8
Missouri	5.3	3.2	2.1	8.6	6.5	5.4	(²)	7.9	5.4	7.2	4.9
Montana	4.8	1.3	2.9	7.6	4.0	3.9	6.6	9.4	3.8	6.1	7.7
Nebraska	3.5	1.8	1.4	5.4	4.0	3.8	(²)	6.4	2.2	4.6	5.4
Nevada	3.7	3.4	3.0	3.9	3.7	3.4	(²)	3.8	2.8	4.5	6.1
New Hampshire	3.5	2.6	2.6	5.0	2.8	3.0	(²)	4.4	4.2	5.2	5.2
New Jersey	4.5	3.0	2.4	4.9	5.1	4.4	(²)	9.6	5.3	7.1	7.4
New Mexico	5.3	1.8	3.0	7.9	5.4	5.7	(²)	8.6	2.1	8.6	7.5
New York	5.4	3.4	3.3	6.4	5.8	5.2	(²)	9.7	3.3	7.7	8.1
North Carolina	4.9	2.0	2.5	6.9	5.0	5.3	(²)	6.6	3.3	7.7	5.9
North Dakota	3.2	1.0	1.4	4.1	3.3	2.0	(²)	10.6	2.2	2.7	5.4
Ohio	5.9	2.7	2.8	8.1	6.7	5.7	(²)	11.9	4.4	7.5	7.0
Oklahoma	4.7	1.8	2.4	6.8	5.7	3.8	(²)	4.6	6.1	7.4	7.3
Oregon	6.9	2.7	3.9	9.4	5.9	6.4	12.3	13.0	6.8	10.5	11.1
Pennsylvania	5.1	2.3	2.9	7.6	5.3	4.8	1.9	8.4	5.0	6.6	7.0
Rhode Island	4.8	2.8	3.2	6.9	4.8	4.2	(²)	6.2	5.9	6.3	6.1
South Carolina	6.4	3.1	1.6	8.2	5.9	6.6	(²)	11.7	3.6	9.4	11.6
South Dakota	3.4	1.1	2.3	5.3	3.6	2.2	(²)	7.3	2.3	4.5	4.9
Tennessee	4.7	2.9	2.0	6.2	3.4	4.7	(²)	6.7	5.4	8.6	5.4
Texas	5.5	2.9	2.9	7.0	5.9	6.3	8.5	7.3	4.2	6.4	8.5
Utah	4.8	2.7	1.6	7.4	4.8	4.8	(²)	6.8	5.1	7.5	7.0
Vermont	3.5	1.5	1.7	5.5	3.5	5.2	(²)	5.0	2.5	5.1	5.4
Virginia	3.6	1.5	1.8	5.1	4.0	4.1	(²)	5.5	3.8	6.6	5.3
Washington	5.8	3.0	3.0	7.0	6.2	6.7	17.6	10.2	6.1	7.0	6.8
West Virginia	4.8	2.1	1.4	6.6	4.7	3.3	(²)	10.7	5.3	5.4	7.1
Wisconsin	4.8	2.0	2.6	6.6	4.5	4.0	(²)	10.3	3.7	6.5	6.5
Wyoming	3.6	.3	1.7	6.3	3.5	4.0	(²)	6.9	1.9	3.8	3.9

¹ Excludes persons with no previous work experience.

² Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the area in question, as determined by the sample size. See appendix B.

³ Less than 500 persons.

NOTE: Totals for summary groups published include other occupations not shown separately. Items may not compute to displayed rates because of rounding.

Table 18. States: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2004 annual averages

Population group and State	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
			Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Total												
Alabama	2,053	100.0	12.1	19.2	15.9	10.3	13.6	1.1	6.6	4.1	9.7	7.4
Alaska	306	100.0	12.8	21.1	16.3	9.8	15.4	2.0	7.2	4.6	3.6	7.2
Arizona	2,637	100.0	14.0	18.7	18.6	13.2	13.5	.4	7.5	4.2	4.6	5.3
Arkansas	1,231	100.0	14.4	17.3	14.5	9.7	13.4	1.8	6.3	4.7	10.2	7.8
California	16,466	100.0	15.4	20.7	15.9	12.1	14.6	1.1	6.1	3.2	5.8	5.2
Colorado	2,389	100.0	16.4	22.2	16.2	11.6	13.0	.7	6.7	3.1	4.4	5.6
Connecticut	1,702	100.0	17.0	23.1	15.3	11.9	13.6	.1	5.4	3.1	6.2	4.4
Delaware	409	100.0	15.6	18.9	16.3	11.0	16.0	.4	6.5	3.8	5.4	6.1
District of Columbia	275	100.0	22.4	33.3	15.9	6.3	12.6	.1	3.0	1.5	1.2	3.7
Florida	8,021	100.0	15.0	17.9	18.3	13.7	14.4	.5	6.9	3.9	3.9	5.4
Georgia	4,194	100.0	15.9	18.6	14.3	11.6	13.4	.4	8.0	3.9	7.1	6.8
Hawaii	591	100.0	13.7	18.7	21.9	11.8	14.6	1.2	5.8	3.4	3.2	5.6
Idaho	669	100.0	14.3	17.3	17.4	11.0	14.5	2.9	7.2	3.9	5.0	6.5
Illinois	5,997	100.0	14.6	19.5	16.5	11.2	14.9	.2	5.7	3.2	7.7	6.5
Indiana	2,993	100.0	13.6	17.4	14.8	11.0	12.9	.5	5.5	4.8	11.6	7.8
Iowa	1,545	100.0	14.3	18.4	15.9	10.9	13.5	1.1	4.9	3.7	10.0	7.3
Kansas	1,398	100.0	14.6	19.9	15.8	12.1	13.6	1.1	5.3	4.5	7.2	5.9
Kentucky	1,874	100.0	12.7	18.9	15.7	10.8	14.3	.9	6.3	3.6	10.2	6.6
Louisiana	1,934	100.0	12.3	20.3	17.2	12.0	12.6	.7	7.8	4.3	6.2	6.7
Maine	664	100.0	12.2	19.3	17.6	11.2	13.7	1.2	6.6	4.5	7.5	6.3
Maryland	2,762	100.0	16.7	25.4	15.6	11.1	13.2	.3	6.2	2.9	3.7	4.9
Massachusetts	3,226	100.0	15.0	25.5	16.3	11.0	14.0	.2	5.8	3.0	5.2	4.0
Michigan	4,758	100.0	13.9	19.6	16.3	10.8	13.8	.5	4.9	3.7	10.7	5.8
Minnesota	2,800	100.0	17.1	22.0	14.7	11.6	13.4	.8	5.3	3.2	7.1	4.9
Mississippi	1,252	100.0	11.0	19.3	14.9	10.9	12.4	1.2	6.8	4.0	11.1	8.4
Missouri	2,844	100.0	13.6	20.4	14.9	11.8	16.0	.4	6.5	4.0	5.9	6.7
Montana	462	100.0	16.8	17.4	17.0	11.3	13.0	2.7	7.5	4.3	4.5	5.6
Nebraska	953	100.0	16.4	19.1	15.3	11.3	14.1	1.7	5.8	4.2	6.3	5.8
Nevada	1,125	100.0	11.9	14.5	24.5	14.5	13.4	.1	8.4	3.6	3.7	5.3
New Hampshire	698	100.0	15.1	23.6	13.4	12.4	13.1	.4	6.0	4.0	7.5	4.4
New Jersey	4,178	100.0	15.5	23.0	15.3	11.8	15.7	.3	4.5	2.6	4.7	6.6
New Mexico	860	100.0	14.1	22.4	18.3	11.3	12.0	.8	7.6	3.7	4.1	5.8
New York	8,823	100.0	13.4	22.7	18.9	11.0	14.4	.2	5.2	3.4	5.4	5.4
North Carolina	4,016	100.0	13.6	19.7	15.5	11.0	12.7	.9	7.4	3.9	9.0	6.3
North Dakota	347	100.0	17.6	17.8	17.6	10.7	13.1	2.0	6.4	3.7	4.9	6.4
Ohio	5,514	100.0	13.9	19.2	17.2	11.3	13.8	.3	5.0	3.4	8.8	7.1
Oklahoma	1,630	100.0	14.9	18.0	17.5	11.1	14.3	.6	6.4	4.5	6.9	5.8
Oregon	1,710	100.0	15.6	19.5	15.6	11.6	13.8	1.8	5.3	3.5	6.7	6.5
Pennsylvania	5,911	100.0	13.5	21.7	14.8	9.9	15.1	.9	5.5	3.4	7.7	7.3
Rhode Island	532	100.0	13.4	20.9	18.8	10.9	14.1	.5	4.7	2.9	8.7	5.2
South Carolina	1,935	100.0	13.4	16.8	16.2	13.0	13.3	.9	5.2	4.5	10.0	6.7
South Dakota	416	100.0	16.3	17.0	16.8	12.9	13.9	1.6	5.5	3.2	7.6	5.2
Tennessee	2,747	100.0	13.8	18.6	14.3	11.2	14.5	.6	6.4	3.4	9.6	7.5
Texas	10,332	100.0	14.1	19.6	16.5	11.5	13.5	.9	7.0	4.1	6.3	6.6
Utah	1,142	100.0	13.4	20.6	14.9	11.6	15.1	.6	6.9	4.0	6.4	6.5
Vermont	340	100.0	15.6	23.9	15.0	11.1	11.9	1.3	7.4	3.6	6.2	4.1
Virginia	3,619	100.0	16.2	23.4	14.2	11.2	13.2	.4	6.3	3.8	5.2	6.0
Washington	3,037	100.0	15.6	21.5	17.0	10.6	12.8	1.5	5.6	3.8	5.6	6.0
West Virginia	753	100.0	10.4	19.0	17.6	11.8	14.0	.4	8.3	4.1	6.7	7.7
Wisconsin	2,917	100.0	14.0	18.5	16.0	10.4	13.8	.8	5.4	4.1	10.4	6.6
Wyoming	271	100.0	15.4	16.0	15.6	10.6	13.8	1.8	9.4	5.7	4.4	7.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 18. States: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
			Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Men												
Alabama	1,096	100.0	13.7	14.6	11.2	9.0	5.9	2.1	11.7	7.2	12.4	12.2
Alaska	165	100.0	12.8	17.3	13.6	9.1	6.8	2.9	13.0	8.2	4.6	11.7
Arizona	1,458	100.0	14.3	14.9	15.7	12.5	6.6	.7	13.3	7.4	6.3	8.3
Arkansas	668	100.0	16.5	13.1	10.8	8.6	5.3	2.5	11.2	8.3	11.0	12.6
California	9,076	100.0	15.5	18.6	13.7	11.9	7.0	1.5	10.8	5.5	7.4	8.0
Colorado	1,305	100.0	17.4	18.8	14.7	10.5	6.1	1.0	11.7	5.2	5.8	8.8
Connecticut	895	100.0	18.8	18.5	12.4	12.3	6.8	.2	10.1	5.7	8.0	7.2
Delaware	212	100.0	16.5	15.4	14.3	9.7	7.1	.7	12.4	7.2	6.7	10.2
District of Columbia	136	100.0	23.5	32.4	14.8	5.2	7.6	.2	5.6	2.5	1.4	6.7
Florida	4,302	100.0	16.0	15.0	15.7	12.9	6.8	.8	12.6	7.0	4.8	8.5
Georgia	2,280	100.0	16.6	13.5	11.7	11.7	5.3	.4	14.4	6.7	9.2	10.3
Hawaii	304	100.0	14.7	15.6	22.0	8.8	6.4	1.8	11.0	6.4	4.1	9.3
Idaho	361	100.0	16.0	13.9	12.9	10.3	5.1	4.4	13.1	7.1	7.0	10.3
Illinois	3,203	100.0	15.8	15.4	13.6	10.9	7.0	.3	10.5	5.7	10.6	10.3
Indiana	1,588	100.0	14.8	13.0	11.4	10.0	5.2	.7	10.1	8.6	13.8	12.3
Iowa	809	100.0	17.1	14.2	9.4	10.6	6.0	1.8	9.2	6.8	13.2	11.6
Kansas	754	100.0	16.4	15.7	12.8	11.4	5.7	1.6	9.4	8.0	10.0	9.1
Kentucky	998	100.0	13.7	14.2	12.3	9.2	7.2	1.4	11.6	6.6	12.8	10.9
Louisiana	1,008	100.0	13.7	15.0	12.8	9.2	4.9	1.3	14.4	8.1	9.3	11.2
Maine	344	100.0	12.9	14.2	12.5	11.1	6.0	1.8	12.2	8.5	10.4	10.5
Maryland	1,431	100.0	17.2	22.2	13.4	10.2	6.5	.4	11.6	5.3	5.2	7.9
Massachusetts	1,665	100.0	16.5	22.3	13.9	10.2	7.2	.4	10.9	5.5	6.7	6.5
Michigan	2,516	100.0	15.6	16.8	11.7	9.9	5.4	.8	9.0	6.6	14.6	9.5
Minnesota	1,470	100.0	18.7	18.4	10.9	11.5	5.7	1.2	10.1	5.8	9.8	7.9
Mississippi	659	100.0	10.2	14.8	11.0	10.3	4.4	1.9	12.7	7.3	13.6	13.9
Missouri	1,479	100.0	15.1	15.3	11.9	12.2	6.3	.6	12.3	7.1	8.1	11.2
Montana	242	100.0	17.9	12.4	12.2	11.5	4.7	4.5	13.4	8.0	6.1	9.2
Nebraska	504	100.0	19.4	14.1	10.7	10.8	5.5	2.7	10.7	7.8	8.8	9.4
Nevada	629	100.0	12.4	12.2	22.9	13.0	5.7	.1	14.4	6.2	4.9	8.2
New Hampshire	372	100.0	16.7	19.2	10.1	12.1	6.8	.7	11.0	7.1	9.0	7.4
New Jersey	2,245	100.0	17.9	19.5	13.2	12.2	7.5	.4	8.3	4.6	6.0	10.4
New Mexico	457	100.0	15.7	18.4	15.0	10.3	4.8	1.3	13.6	6.8	5.3	8.7
New York	4,671	100.0	14.7	18.2	16.6	11.5	7.4	.3	9.5	6.2	6.7	8.7
North Carolina	2,154	100.0	15.5	14.9	12.0	9.7	5.3	1.5	13.5	7.1	10.1	10.3
North Dakota	181	100.0	21.7	12.4	10.7	10.6	5.1	3.2	11.7	6.7	6.5	11.4
Ohio	2,900	100.0	15.9	15.6	12.9	10.7	6.2	.3	9.1	6.2	11.7	11.5
Oklahoma	874	100.0	15.1	15.0	14.4	9.6	6.7	1.1	11.5	8.0	9.1	9.6
Oregon	930	100.0	17.5	16.4	12.1	10.9	5.9	2.3	9.4	6.1	9.5	10.0
Pennsylvania	3,103	100.0	15.3	18.4	10.7	9.1	6.7	1.4	10.4	6.2	10.0	11.9
Rhode Island	272	100.0	15.1	17.3	16.7	10.5	6.1	.7	9.1	5.4	10.6	8.6
South Carolina	1,004	100.0	14.9	11.6	12.9	11.6	6.2	1.4	9.7	8.4	12.7	10.6
South Dakota	216	100.0	18.5	11.3	11.6	14.0	7.0	2.6	10.2	6.0	10.2	8.6
Tennessee	1,452	100.0	14.3	13.2	12.2	10.4	6.4	1.0	11.8	6.0	12.7	12.0
Texas	5,718	100.0	14.8	16.3	13.0	10.3	5.7	1.2	12.4	7.0	8.6	10.5
Utah	633	100.0	15.3	18.5	11.1	10.9	7.0	.9	12.1	6.9	7.5	9.7
Vermont	177	100.0	16.3	18.6	11.7	11.5	5.1	1.7	13.6	6.5	8.2	6.9
Virginia	1,901	100.0	17.4	19.7	11.8	10.3	5.7	.6	11.8	6.9	6.5	9.2
Washington	1,637	100.0	17.0	19.4	13.1	9.5	5.2	2.2	10.2	6.6	7.7	9.2
West Virginia	401	100.0	11.3	13.3	13.2	9.0	6.4	.6	15.3	7.1	10.5	13.2
Wisconsin	1,526	100.0	16.4	13.9	11.2	9.7	5.5	1.1	9.8	7.6	14.5	10.3
Wyoming	146	100.0	17.1	12.0	10.3	9.2	3.8	2.5	16.7	10.2	6.4	11.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 18. States: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
			Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Women												
Alabama	957	100.0	10.3	24.5	21.3	11.8	22.3	(¹)	.8	.5	6.6	1.9
Alaska	141	100.0	12.7	25.5	19.6	10.7	25.4	.9	.5	.4	2.4	1.9
Arizona	1,179	100.0	13.6	23.3	22.1	14.0	22.0	.2	.3	.4	2.5	1.6
Arkansas	562	100.0	11.8	22.3	18.9	11.0	22.9	.9	.6	.3	9.3	2.1
California	7,390	100.0	15.2	23.4	18.5	12.3	23.8	.6	.2	.3	3.8	1.7
Colorado	1,084	100.0	15.2	26.4	18.1	13.0	21.3	.3	.6	.5	2.8	1.9
Connecticut	807	100.0	15.1	28.1	18.4	11.6	21.0	.1	.2	.1	4.2	1.2
Delaware	198	100.0	14.7	22.7	18.4	12.3	25.5	.1	.3	.3	4.0	1.6
District of Columbia	138	100.0	21.3	34.2	16.9	7.4	17.5	(¹)	.4	.5	1.0	.8
Florida	3,719	100.0	14.0	21.3	21.3	14.5	23.1	.2	.4	.3	2.9	1.9
Georgia	1,914	100.0	15.2	24.6	17.3	11.4	23.1	.3	.4	.6	4.5	2.7
Hawaii	287	100.0	12.7	21.9	21.9	15.0	23.2	.7	.3	.2	2.3	1.8
Idaho	307	100.0	12.3	21.4	22.6	11.8	25.5	1.2	.3	.1	2.6	2.2
Illinois	2,794	100.0	13.4	24.2	19.9	11.6	23.9	.1	.2	.2	4.4	2.1
Indiana	1,406	100.0	12.1	22.5	18.7	12.1	21.5	.3	.3	.6	9.2	2.8
Iowa	736	100.0	11.2	23.0	23.1	11.2	21.7	.4	.2	.3	6.4	2.4
Kansas	644	100.0	12.5	24.7	19.3	13.0	22.9	.5	.6	.3	3.9	2.2
Kentucky	876	100.0	11.6	24.1	19.6	12.6	22.4	.3	.4	.2	7.2	1.7
Louisiana	926	100.0	10.7	26.1	21.9	15.0	20.9	.1	.6	.1	2.9	1.7
Maine	320	100.0	11.5	24.7	23.0	11.4	21.9	.5	.6	.2	4.3	1.8
Maryland	1,331	100.0	16.3	28.7	18.0	12.0	20.5	.2	.5	.3	2.1	1.5
Massachusetts	1,562	100.0	13.5	29.0	18.9	11.8	21.2	.1	.3	.4	3.6	1.2
Michigan	2,241	100.0	11.9	22.8	21.5	11.9	23.3	.2	.3	.4	6.3	1.5
Minnesota	1,330	100.0	15.3	26.0	18.9	11.7	21.9	.3	.1	.2	4.1	1.6
Mississippi	593	100.0	11.9	24.2	19.2	11.6	21.4	.5	.3	.2	8.4	2.3
Missouri	1,365	100.0	12.0	25.8	18.0	11.3	26.6	.1	.2	.7	3.5	1.7
Montana	220	100.0	15.5	22.9	22.3	11.0	22.1	.7	1.0	.3	2.7	1.6
Nebraska	449	100.0	13.1	24.7	20.5	11.8	23.7	.6	.4	.2	3.4	1.7
Nevada	496	100.0	11.2	17.5	26.4	16.5	23.3	.1	.7	.3	2.2	1.7
New Hampshire	326	100.0	13.2	28.5	17.1	12.9	20.3	.1	.4	.6	5.9	1.0
New Jersey	1,933	100.0	12.8	27.1	17.6	11.3	25.4	.1	.2	.3	3.1	2.2
New Mexico	403	100.0	12.2	27.1	22.0	12.3	20.1	.1	.8	.2	2.7	2.5
New York	4,151	100.0	11.9	27.7	21.6	10.3	22.2	.1	.3	.3	3.9	1.7
North Carolina	1,862	100.0	11.3	25.2	19.6	12.4	21.1	.2	.3	.3	7.9	1.8
North Dakota	166	100.0	13.2	23.7	25.1	10.8	21.8	.6	.5	.4	3.1	.9
Ohio	2,613	100.0	11.6	23.3	22.1	11.9	22.3	.2	.4	.3	5.7	2.3
Oklahoma	756	100.0	14.7	21.5	21.0	12.9	23.1	.1	.5	.4	4.4	1.4
Oregon	780	100.0	13.3	23.3	19.8	12.5	23.3	1.3	.6	.3	3.4	2.4
Pennsylvania	2,808	100.0	11.6	25.4	19.4	10.7	24.5	.4	.2	.4	5.2	2.3
Rhode Island	261	100.0	11.7	24.7	21.0	11.3	22.4	.2	.2	.2	6.7	1.7
South Carolina	931	100.0	11.8	22.3	19.7	14.5	21.0	.4	.3	.3	7.1	2.6
South Dakota	200	100.0	13.9	23.1	22.4	11.7	21.3	.4	.5	.2	4.9	1.5
Tennessee	1,295	100.0	13.2	24.6	16.7	12.1	23.7	.3	.3	.4	6.2	2.6
Texas	4,614	100.0	13.2	23.6	20.9	12.9	23.0	.4	.3	.4	3.4	1.7
Utah	509	100.0	11.0	23.2	19.7	12.4	25.1	.2	.4	.5	5.0	2.5
Vermont	163	100.0	14.8	29.6	18.6	10.7	19.2	.8	.6	.4	4.1	1.1
Virginia	1,718	100.0	14.9	27.4	16.9	12.1	21.6	.1	.3	.5	3.8	2.4
Washington	1,400	100.0	13.9	24.0	21.6	12.0	21.8	.6	.3	.5	3.2	2.3
West Virginia	352	100.0	9.4	25.5	22.6	14.9	22.6	.2	.4	.5	2.5	1.3
Wisconsin	1,391	100.0	11.4	23.6	21.3	11.1	23.0	.5	.5	.3	5.8	2.6
Wyoming	125	100.0	13.4	20.6	21.8	12.2	25.5	1.0	.8	.4	2.0	2.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 18. States: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
			Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
White												
Alabama	1,535	100.0	14.4	20.5	12.3	10.6	14.1	1.0	7.3	4.6	8.7	6.3
Alaska	233	100.0	13.7	23.6	13.8	10.0	14.8	2.3	7.7	4.9	3.0	6.2
Arizona	2,405	100.0	14.5	18.3	18.6	13.1	12.9	.5	7.9	4.3	4.6	5.4
Arkansas	1,016	100.0	15.7	17.5	12.6	10.1	13.7	1.7	7.0	4.9	9.5	7.2
California	12,850	100.0	15.4	19.8	15.6	12.1	14.0	1.3	7.1	3.2	5.7	5.6
Colorado	2,202	100.0	16.9	22.6	16.0	11.6	12.8	.7	6.8	3.0	4.2	5.5
Connecticut	1,490	100.0	18.1	23.2	14.3	12.0	13.1	.2	5.7	3.1	6.2	4.2
Delaware	322	100.0	16.6	19.5	15.0	11.5	15.3	.5	7.2	4.3	5.0	5.1
District of Columbia	135	100.0	28.9	43.9	9.8	6.1	6.5	(¹)	2.9	.6	.7	.5
Florida	6,591	100.0	16.3	18.3	16.4	14.4	14.4	.5	7.1	4.1	3.7	4.7
Georgia	2,946	100.0	17.4	19.9	11.5	11.7	13.1	.3	9.3	3.8	6.9	6.1
Hawaii	134	100.0	18.8	28.1	16.2	11.5	9.0	.4	6.3	2.4	2.5	4.9
Idaho	640	100.0	14.3	17.3	17.2	11.1	14.6	2.9	7.3	3.9	4.9	6.4
Illinois	5,011	100.0	15.5	19.0	15.6	11.4	14.4	.2	6.3	3.4	7.9	6.3
Indiana	2,717	100.0	13.8	17.3	14.2	11.1	12.9	.6	5.8	5.0	11.6	7.7
Iowa	1,474	100.0	14.5	18.1	15.6	11.1	13.8	1.2	5.1	3.7	9.6	7.3
Kansas	1,259	100.0	15.4	19.8	15.0	12.6	13.6	1.1	5.3	4.6	6.8	5.9
Kentucky	1,698	100.0	12.9	19.1	14.8	11.1	14.5	.9	6.6	3.8	9.6	6.7
Louisiana	1,372	100.0	14.9	23.3	11.8	13.0	12.8	.6	8.2	5.1	5.4	4.9
Maine	644	100.0	12.3	19.4	17.6	11.3	13.6	1.1	6.6	4.5	7.3	6.3
Maryland	1,871	100.0	17.7	26.2	14.3	11.1	11.6	.4	7.3	3.2	3.8	4.3
Massachusetts	2,900	100.0	15.7	25.3	15.6	11.1	14.0	.2	6.1	3.2	4.9	3.9
Michigan	4,041	100.0	14.7	19.2	15.4	11.4	13.6	.6	5.3	4.0	10.3	5.6
Minnesota	2,566	100.0	17.6	21.6	14.3	11.8	13.6	.8	5.6	3.3	6.8	4.7
Mississippi	827	100.0	12.9	21.2	11.4	12.8	13.9	1.1	7.6	5.0	8.1	6.1
Missouri	2,479	100.0	14.3	20.1	13.7	12.4	15.7	.4	6.8	4.3	5.7	6.7
Montana	430	100.0	16.9	17.4	16.4	11.7	13.1	2.8	7.5	4.3	4.3	5.7
Nebraska	885	100.0	16.9	19.1	15.0	11.5	13.8	1.8	6.0	4.3	5.9	5.8
Nevada	948	100.0	12.5	14.7	22.8	14.6	13.5	.2	9.4	3.5	3.7	5.2
New Hampshire	670	100.0	15.1	23.5	13.3	12.4	13.4	.4	6.1	4.0	7.3	4.5
New Jersey	3,343	100.0	16.0	23.0	14.8	11.8	15.5	.3	5.1	2.7	4.5	6.3
New Mexico	744	100.0	14.5	23.4	17.7	11.4	11.8	.8	7.5	3.6	3.5	5.8
New York	6,774	100.0	14.3	22.9	17.0	11.4	14.2	.3	5.7	3.7	5.4	5.1
North Carolina	3,089	100.0	15.2	19.8	13.2	11.7	12.4	.9	8.4	4.5	8.5	5.3
North Dakota	330	100.0	18.1	17.7	17.2	10.8	13.2	1.9	6.3	3.8	4.8	6.2
Ohio	4,833	100.0	14.3	19.3	16.5	11.5	13.4	.3	5.4	3.7	8.7	6.9
Oklahoma	1,302	100.0	16.7	18.6	14.9	11.6	14.9	.7	6.3	4.5	6.4	5.5
Oregon	1,554	100.0	16.0	19.3	15.4	12.0	13.6	1.8	5.6	3.6	6.3	6.5
Pennsylvania	5,279	100.0	14.1	21.9	13.6	10.1	14.9	1.0	5.8	3.6	7.7	7.4
Rhode Island	481	100.0	13.8	21.3	17.8	11.1	14.2	.5	4.8	3.0	8.2	5.2
South Carolina	1,387	100.0	15.9	19.0	13.3	14.5	13.6	.7	5.5	4.8	7.8	4.8
South Dakota	391	100.0	16.7	17.3	16.3	13.0	14.0	1.5	5.5	3.2	7.3	5.1
Tennessee	2,263	100.0	14.9	18.5	13.6	11.8	13.5	.7	7.0	3.4	9.6	7.0
Texas	8,728	100.0	14.6	19.0	16.0	11.8	13.1	1.0	7.7	4.3	6.2	6.3
Utah	1,088	100.0	13.5	20.7	14.8	11.6	15.2	.7	7.0	4.1	6.0	6.5
Vermont	330	100.0	15.8	23.8	14.8	11.1	11.9	1.3	7.4	3.5	6.2	4.1
Virginia	2,764	100.0	17.5	24.3	13.0	11.6	12.7	.5	7.0	3.9	4.4	5.1
Washington	2,589	100.0	16.5	21.7	15.9	10.4	12.8	1.5	6.0	4.0	5.1	6.1
West Virginia	723	100.0	10.6	18.8	17.4	11.8	13.8	.4	8.5	4.2	6.8	7.8
Wisconsin	2,719	100.0	14.2	18.5	15.5	10.4	13.7	.8	5.6	4.2	10.5	6.6
Wyoming	260	100.0	15.7	16.1	15.1	10.5	14.0	1.8	9.3	5.8	4.4	7.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 18. States: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
			Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Black or African American												
Alabama	449	100.0	4.3	13.1	27.1	9.5	12.4	1.5	4.0	2.5	13.9	11.8
Alaska	9	100.0	10.4	16.5	23.8	14.3	16.5	(¹)	2.6	1.8	1.9	12.2
Arizona	83	100.0	6.5	20.3	19.3	17.1	21.6	(¹)	1.8	3.0	3.0	7.4
Arkansas	167	100.0	6.9	17.3	23.1	8.5	12.2	1.8	2.5	2.4	14.1	11.2
California	953	100.0	13.6	20.3	20.9	11.1	20.3	.1	3.2	2.5	3.2	4.9
Colorado	77	100.0	8.9	15.6	14.5	15.4	19.3	.1	4.1	5.6	4.5	11.9
Connecticut	149	100.0	8.1	18.3	24.5	11.6	19.0	(¹)	4.0	2.6	5.1	6.7
Delaware	71	100.0	11.3	14.8	21.0	8.2	19.3	.3	3.9	2.8	7.7	10.8
District of Columbia	128	100.0	15.3	22.1	21.6	6.6	19.2	.2	3.3	2.7	1.7	7.3
Florida	1,137	100.0	8.9	14.8	27.8	10.0	14.3	.1	6.7	2.2	4.8	10.4
Georgia	1,087	100.0	11.6	15.5	21.4	11.4	14.4	.4	4.9	4.0	7.0	9.3
Hawaii	10	100.0	12.8	18.6	27.1	9.1	23.9	(¹)	(¹)	2.3	1.9	4.3
Idaho	3	100.0	22.8	25.4	5.7	8.4	9.4	3.5	5.3	(¹)	4.5	14.9
Illinois	718	100.0	9.2	17.9	24.2	9.3	19.3	.2	2.4	2.6	6.4	8.6
Indiana	209	100.0	10.4	14.4	21.9	8.9	14.1	(¹)	2.0	3.1	13.1	12.0
Iowa	22	100.0	3.1	11.8	36.8	3.8	18.0	(¹)	4.6	3.5	13.3	5.0
Kansas	59	100.0	6.7	13.6	30.0	6.2	13.0	1.3	7.2	4.4	9.8	7.8
Kentucky	131	100.0	8.9	12.6	27.7	8.3	13.6	.5	3.1	1.2	16.7	7.4
Louisiana	533	100.0	5.5	12.9	31.5	8.8	11.8	1.0	6.9	2.2	8.2	11.2
Maine	3	100.0	10.2	10.5	18.6	2.2	11.4	2.9	3.9	8.5	31.8	(¹)
Maryland	725	100.0	13.9	21.6	19.4	10.4	18.2	.1	3.6	2.5	3.5	6.9
Massachusetts	181	100.0	9.4	18.8	27.6	8.8	18.4	.6	4.4	1.4	4.7	5.9
Michigan	523	100.0	8.9	17.0	23.1	8.3	16.3	.3	2.9	2.1	13.6	7.5
Minnesota	82	100.0	9.9	23.9	17.7	10.5	17.1	(¹)	1.8	1.3	5.4	12.3
Mississippi	396	100.0	7.1	15.4	21.8	6.4	9.8	1.5	5.5	1.8	17.3	13.3
Missouri	282	100.0	8.2	18.8	24.5	7.3	21.2	.4	5.0	2.1	5.3	7.1
Nebraska	29	100.0	13.8	19.2	20.9	9.2	20.5	.3	3.2	1.9	6.6	4.3
Nevada	68	100.0	8.3	9.5	35.9	17.0	14.5	(¹)	1.5	3.2	1.9	8.2
New Hampshire	7	100.0	8.3	18.2	17.5	8.5	18.6	(¹)	9.7	9.3	4.3	5.4
New Jersey	530	100.0	10.3	16.3	21.1	10.7	20.4	.1	2.7	2.4	5.7	10.2
New Mexico	17	100.0	12.8	17.7	21.3	15.6	14.5	(¹)	5.3	6.8	1.3	4.7
New York	1,330	100.0	9.2	20.1	28.2	8.7	17.3	(¹)	3.8	2.3	3.3	7.2
North Carolina	749	100.0	7.5	19.2	24.3	8.5	14.1	.8	3.4	1.9	9.5	10.8
North Dakota	3	100.0	11.3	27.1	18.6	15.3	13.4	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	5.7	8.6
Ohio	521	100.0	8.9	15.8	24.9	9.1	18.8	.2	2.1	1.3	8.8	10.1
Oklahoma	116	100.0	6.9	16.3	31.7	10.1	14.9	(¹)	3.8	3.0	7.1	6.2
Oregon	28	100.0	1.6	23.9	13.3	2.9	37.5	(¹)	(¹)	2.4	6.1	12.3
Pennsylvania	476	100.0	7.3	17.7	26.0	7.5	20.3	.2	3.7	2.1	7.4	7.7
Rhode Island	29	100.0	9.8	17.0	28.5	8.2	14.3	.2	3.0	1.3	10.8	7.0
South Carolina	514	100.0	6.6	10.6	24.1	8.9	12.2	1.4	4.4	4.0	15.6	12.2
South Dakota	3	100.0	4.6	6.2	23.4	5.6	4.4	(¹)	9.3	4.1	38.5	3.8
Tennessee	411	100.0	9.2	16.4	19.0	8.5	20.3	(¹)	2.4	3.2	10.1	10.8
Texas	1,034	100.0	10.7	17.6	20.4	10.4	17.9	.1	2.4	2.6	7.5	10.3
Utah	10	100.0	15.4	22.2	8.8	7.8	9.8	(¹)	8.3	3.8	17.1	6.8
Vermont	2	100.0	15.0	30.0	21.7	21.6	5.8	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	2.3	3.6
Virginia	629	100.0	9.9	16.1	18.3	10.4	17.4	(¹)	4.4	3.8	9.1	10.5
Washington	90	100.0	9.4	16.8	27.9	15.5	15.7	.8	1.2	.8	4.6	7.3
West Virginia	17	100.0	4.4	17.1	25.4	18.3	15.4	.7	4.2	(¹)	7.8	6.8
Wisconsin	110	100.0	10.0	16.6	23.3	8.6	20.0	(¹)	.8	4.1	6.4	10.1
Wyoming	2	100.0	(¹)	14.9	50.1	9.1	3.5	(¹)	16.2	(¹)	4.5	1.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 18. States: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
			Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Asian												
Alabama	24	100.0	18.4	35.6	27.0	7.0	3.4	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	8.6	(¹)
Alaska	20	100.0	9.5	8.4	30.4	9.6	18.7	1.0	.8	2.0	8.9	10.6
Arizona	56	100.0	13.4	39.2	10.1	15.5	6.0	(¹)	.4	7.2	8.2	(¹)
Arkansas	16	100.0	16.2	17.2	33.0	8.7	2.7	5.0	4.2	(¹)	7.7	5.4
California	2,071	100.0	17.2	26.9	14.8	12.2	14.9	.3	1.1	2.8	7.6	2.3
Colorado	51	100.0	13.6	27.4	17.7	13.1	8.5	(¹)	1.5	1.2	14.7	2.3
Connecticut	42	100.0	14.6	40.9	11.2	12.5	9.5	(¹)	1.6	3.4	6.2	(¹)
Delaware	11	100.0	20.5	29.5	13.6	17.5	9.8	(¹)	.8	(¹)	4.6	3.5
District of Columbia	8	100.0	23.1	34.1	21.9	6.4	10.4	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1.8	2.2
Florida	177	100.0	9.9	27.8	21.0	14.0	12.8	1.1	1.2	4.9	5.8	1.5
Georgia	113	100.0	18.4	18.1	15.0	12.1	13.6	(¹)	.3	5.6	14.0	2.9
Hawaii	290	100.0	13.2	17.0	22.9	11.7	16.4	2.0	4.4	3.5	4.0	4.8
Idaho	6	100.0	10.6	34.8	30.8	14.3	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	9.5	(¹)
Illinois	214	100.0	13.9	37.9	10.2	14.7	12.3	.1	.9	.6	5.8	3.6
Indiana	38	100.0	13.7	51.1	12.7	12.4	6.2	(¹)	(¹)	.6	1.1	2.2
Iowa	30	100.0	13.3	39.7	13.4	3.4	3.3	.3	(¹)	2.1	21.1	3.3
Kansas	38	100.0	8.9	36.0	17.4	8.3	12.6	(¹)	1.4	3.3	9.8	2.3
Kentucky	26	100.0	20.5	40.9	13.0	3.4	7.2	2.6	.7	.8	10.2	.8
Louisiana	14	100.0	10.7	18.3	16.7	23.8	6.2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	17.6	6.8
Maine	8	100.0	10.4	19.9	10.3	17.1	17.3	3.2	2.3	3.1	11.2	5.1
Maryland	120	100.0	19.4	35.4	12.9	14.4	7.1	(¹)	2.7	.1	4.9	3.0
Massachusetts	119	100.0	9.4	45.1	15.1	9.1	7.9	(¹)	1.4	.7	8.9	2.4
Michigan	114	100.0	7.0	48.4	14.4	5.3	7.8	(¹)	.1	.5	12.4	4.1
Minnesota	117	100.0	13.3	30.1	19.9	7.7	7.4	(¹)	1.3	2.4	15.7	2.4
Mississippi	10	100.0	14.8	41.8	11.4	23.8	5.7	2.5	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Missouri	36	100.0	9.5	52.3	9.5	4.2	8.1	(¹)	(¹)	1.9	12.1	2.3
Nebraska	17	100.0	7.3	23.7	24.4	12.7	12.1	(¹)	(¹)	1.7	8.4	9.5
Nevada	67	100.0	9.8	19.8	34.2	11.6	10.7	(¹)	2.9	2.3	5.1	3.6
New Hampshire	11	100.0	14.2	42.4	10.6	5.8	3.6	(¹)	(¹)	2.8	19.7	.9
New Jersey	257	100.0	21.9	37.0	7.4	14.3	9.5	(¹)	.5	2.3	4.2	2.8
New Mexico	13	100.0	21.1	40.2	14.3	3.0	3.3	(¹)	(¹)	8.0	6.7	3.5
New York	597	100.0	12.9	26.4	19.2	12.0	9.8	(¹)	2.7	2.9	9.5	4.6
North Carolina	82	100.0	13.4	22.2	13.8	7.3	12.6	(¹)	1.0	2.9	24.4	2.2
North Dakota	1	100.0	18.3	17.7	30.6	12.8	5.0	(¹)	4.3	(¹)	(¹)	11.4
Ohio	90	100.0	19.8	37.6	15.0	9.7	9.8	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	6.5	1.6
Oklahoma	31	100.0	7.6	19.1	41.5	8.8	6.8	.6	(¹)	(¹)	12.3	3.4
Oregon	60	100.0	20.3	29.1	14.5	7.4	10.7	.7	1.5	1.5	13.2	1.0
Pennsylvania	110	100.0	14.6	31.7	19.3	7.1	6.2	(¹)	2.4	1.9	12.8	4.0
Rhode Island	14	100.0	11.5	20.5	24.9	10.3	7.0	(¹)	1.7	1.7	20.3	2.1
South Carolina	15	100.0	7.0	28.4	26.9	(¹)	16.4	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	17.8	3.5
South Dakota	3	100.0	9.0	14.6	10.6	7.0	17.0	(¹)	(¹)	3.7	25.6	12.5
Tennessee	40	100.0	(¹)	49.7	8.7	9.6	14.2	3.3	(¹)	2.8	5.4	6.2
Texas	342	100.0	15.4	41.0	13.9	8.2	8.4	.6	1.0	4.0	5.4	2.1
Utah	17	100.0	14.0	22.0	20.3	7.4	11.6	(¹)	.6	2.0	21.0	1.1
Vermont	2	100.0	5.8	37.6	29.0	3.1	4.0	(¹)	1.1	6.4	8.0	5.0
Virginia	184	100.0	18.2	33.5	18.0	7.8	7.7	(¹)	3.3	2.8	4.8	3.9
Washington	195	100.0	9.2	28.4	20.5	10.7	12.0	.2	1.1	.5	14.3	3.0
West Virginia	3	100.0	(¹)	51.8	16.2	(¹)	20.9	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	11.1
Wisconsin	50	100.0	14.2	28.1	19.3	12.1	8.3	.4	1.4	.4	12.9	2.9
Wyoming	1	100.0	24.3	15.6	21.7	8.0	11.9	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	6.2	12.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 18. States: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
			Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity												
Alabama	48	100.0	8.1	16.9	6.1	2.4	1.9	11.8	17.7	1.9	26.9	6.3
Alaska	15	100.0	9.7	13.6	29.3	7.7	11.4	.4	9.5	5.0	4.3	9.1
Arizona	752	100.0	5.5	9.6	26.9	11.6	10.2	1.3	15.0	4.2	7.9	7.6
Arkansas	49	100.0	3.1	2.5	10.7	5.1	7.5	5.1	24.4	4.9	27.5	9.3
California	5,012	100.0	7.3	9.6	22.6	9.6	13.4	3.2	10.6	3.9	10.5	9.3
Colorado	415	100.0	6.2	9.8	26.6	9.0	12.6	2.2	14.6	2.1	7.9	8.9
Connecticut	146	100.0	6.8	13.5	26.7	9.8	13.2	.1	7.3	2.5	13.2	7.1
Delaware	25	100.0	6.2	7.5	30.4	6.2	12.2	3.0	8.6	2.3	13.4	10.3
District of Columbia	26	100.0	10.9	16.0	40.9	7.1	7.5	(¹)	13.5	.8	2.0	1.3
Florida	1,572	100.0	11.4	12.5	20.2	12.0	14.3	1.0	10.3	5.0	5.3	7.9
Georgia	285	100.0	6.1	7.8	14.9	6.7	5.8	.6	33.3	1.9	16.1	6.8
Hawaii	35	100.0	6.5	12.8	27.9	9.4	15.9	.5	9.8	3.8	4.2	9.2
Idaho	51	100.0	5.4	4.9	17.2	10.4	9.8	22.4	8.0	4.5	6.1	11.3
Illinois	704	100.0	6.0	8.0	23.5	8.1	12.9	.2	8.9	4.5	17.4	10.3
Indiana	114	100.0	4.8	8.8	17.3	8.5	7.0	1.5	8.5	5.8	26.3	11.4
Iowa	59	100.0	5.2	7.9	16.7	6.2	7.2	4.4	8.6	2.5	35.8	5.5
Kansas	80	100.0	5.6	7.5	26.1	9.2	13.9	1.1	9.0	3.0	15.1	9.4
Kentucky	30	100.0	8.4	7.8	33.3	4.6	12.2	4.8	14.3	(¹)	12.7	1.9
Louisiana	46	100.0	8.6	10.5	16.6	8.5	15.3	.6	13.1	11.6	11.5	3.7
Maine	5	100.0	7.5	28.2	11.8	6.9	14.6	2.1	.8	(¹)	12.8	15.3
Maryland	222	100.0	6.7	6.7	37.7	4.7	5.4	.9	22.8	3.9	5.8	5.4
Massachusetts	214	100.0	6.5	10.6	35.5	7.6	14.5	1.1	4.5	2.9	9.5	7.5
Michigan	140	100.0	8.8	13.6	23.1	5.0	15.7	2.2	8.2	2.9	15.1	5.4
Minnesota	76	100.0	8.3	11.3	32.8	8.6	4.0	2.9	10.0	1.1	16.6	4.3
Mississippi	25	100.0	3.0	4.9	20.6	5.7	2.5	9.2	19.9	(¹)	28.0	6.1
Missouri	90	100.0	7.7	10.0	26.8	5.3	7.9	.3	19.2	1.8	12.4	8.5
Montana	10	100.0	8.5	5.9	39.2	8.4	9.6	1.5	14.2	1.6	3.5	7.6
Nebraska	58	100.0	6.3	9.7	18.5	5.2	11.1	4.2	12.0	2.1	24.0	6.8
Nevada	211	100.0	3.4	5.8	38.8	8.9	9.5	.2	18.6	3.8	6.1	4.7
New Hampshire	13	100.0	11.8	9.5	21.9	12.7	12.2	(¹)	3.1	7.8	18.6	2.3
New Jersey	592	100.0	7.9	9.6	25.1	8.8	14.2	1.1	6.7	3.4	11.5	11.7
New Mexico	341	100.0	10.4	15.1	24.4	10.2	13.2	1.5	10.9	3.4	3.8	7.0
New York	1,249	100.0	7.3	10.9	30.5	9.0	13.9	(¹)	7.4	3.6	9.5	7.8
North Carolina	303	100.0	3.1	4.5	20.6	5.1	4.5	5.2	27.7	2.7	16.5	10.0
North Dakota	4	100.0	12.4	9.2	21.5	6.2	15.3	6.2	13.5	(¹)	11.1	4.6
Ohio	147	100.0	4.3	7.9	29.5	4.3	8.7	.4	12.9	3.2	16.3	12.5
Oklahoma	67	100.0	5.5	8.5	23.0	10.1	7.7	2.3	21.0	2.9	13.3	5.7
Oregon	158	100.0	6.5	6.8	26.3	5.5	10.0	11.1	7.9	1.6	13.4	10.7
Pennsylvania	199	100.0	6.3	17.4	19.1	7.3	10.2	6.9	6.6	4.0	14.3	7.9
Rhode Island	44	100.0	4.2	7.6	23.9	7.1	11.5	2.3	5.9	2.5	21.8	13.3
South Carolina	44	100.0	3.8	3.8	19.9	9.4	9.6	8.3	21.9	3.8	12.1	7.3
South Dakota	6	100.0	4.5	4.7	26.6	10.3	10.6	3.5	4.6	2.1	26.5	6.5
Tennessee	80	100.0	5.3	7.5	14.8	3.3	3.8	2.4	24.9	7.7	20.0	10.2
Texas	3,474	100.0	6.4	10.9	23.7	9.9	11.7	1.4	12.6	4.8	9.8	8.8
Utah	100	100.0	7.0	6.5	25.6	5.3	10.3	1.1	15.7	4.4	14.2	9.9
Vermont	3	100.0	18.6	35.3	5.5	14.1	11.8	2.2	7.2	1.2	(¹)	4.0
Virginia	213	100.0	9.3	8.1	30.7	8.1	6.8	(¹)	19.9	6.0	6.6	4.7
Washington	201	100.0	11.0	10.2	29.3	6.8	8.9	11.4	7.6	2.7	6.0	6.1
West Virginia	9	100.0	10.1	2.7	6.0	7.6	26.3	(¹)	18.4	(¹)	28.8	(¹)
Wisconsin	134	100.0	4.8	9.9	23.8	5.0	6.0	2.5	7.4	3.7	23.3	13.6
Wyoming	17	100.0	10.8	9.5	23.2	6.8	12.4	1.3	15.7	10.0	4.1	6.4

¹ Less than 0.05 percent.
NOTE: Totals for summary groups published include other occupations not shown separately. Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American,

and Asian) do not sum to totals because data for other race groups are not shown. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race.

Table 19. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by industry, 2004 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total	Mining	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Civilian Labor Force								
Alabama	2,169	(²)	185	363	239	125	338	110
Alaska	330	5	30	9	(²)	7	48	26
Arizona	2,764	(²)	271	226	181	(²)	460	136
Arkansas	1,300	(²)	109	212	107	105	209	74
California	17,433	(²)	1,387	1,903	1,229	674	2,596	766
Colorado	2,515	(²)	243	212	139	73	340	118
Connecticut	1,783	(²)	109	248	187	62	266	72
Delaware	425	(²)	39	49	21	28	60	22
District of Columbia	298	(²)	13	4	(²)	(²)	20	12
Florida	8,369	(²)	802	522	335	186	1,391	401
Georgia	4,384	(²)	462	556	233	323	655	229
Hawaii	611	(²)	44	21	(²)	(²)	96	37
Idaho	703	(²)	66	67	39	28	111	32
Illinois	6,358	(²)	480	839	520	319	934	365
Indiana	3,148	(²)	226	651	472	180	461	166
Iowa	1,615	(²)	107	257	150	107	257	71
Kansas	1,476	(²)	100	174	106	68	226	73
Kentucky	1,967	(²)	156	268	183	85	301	98
Louisiana	2,047	56	179	179	84	95	315	103
Maine	695	(²)	55	81	44	37	122	28
Maryland	2,875	(²)	246	168	98	70	392	129
Massachusetts	3,384	(²)	244	361	241	120	480	123
Michigan	5,091	(²)	341	1,026	820	206	760	212
Minnesota	2,935	(²)	207	412	274	138	455	128
Mississippi	1,324	(²)	103	224	141	84	187	72
Missouri	3,005	(²)	243	331	202	129	518	164
Montana	485	(²)	52	26	17	(²)	78	23
Nebraska	988	(²)	76	108	51	57	160	51
Nevada	1,169	(²)	112	53	37	(²)	188	49
New Hampshire	723	(²)	55	111	87	23	121	29
New Jersey	4,377	(²)	275	448	214	235	678	285
New Mexico	908	18	79	46	32	(²)	129	48
New York	9,325	(²)	616	763	442	321	1,304	520
North Carolina	4,221	(²)	396	644	330	314	620	194
North Dakota	358	(²)	27	23	16	(²)	55	18
Ohio	5,857	(²)	377	950	630	321	894	273
Oklahoma	1,710	(²)	124	172	113	59	249	86
Oregon	1,837	(²)	148	250	172	78	294	79
Pennsylvania	6,226	(²)	438	888	519	369	873	349
Rhode Island	559	(²)	33	80	56	24	87	17
South Carolina	2,067	(²)	152	355	192	163	346	110
South Dakota	430	(²)	31	48	31	17	70	15
Tennessee	2,881	(²)	234	444	274	170	440	172
Texas	10,928	140	981	1,134	663	471	1,645	591
Utah	1,200	(²)	102	136	87	49	181	61
Vermont	353	(²)	31	40	28	12	55	12
Virginia	3,754	(²)	312	325	190	135	526	184
Washington	3,224	(²)	238	382	288	94	492	165
West Virginia	790	24	63	77	47	30	130	42
Wisconsin	3,063	(²)	222	587	353	234	446	134
Wyoming	281	19	27	12	(²)	6	42	18

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by industry, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
Civilian Labor Force								
Alabama	47	119	162	434	170	106	89	(²)
Alaska	7	15	26	69	33	19	33	10
Arizona	58	209	320	502	285	126	145	(²)
Arkansas	(²)	69	88	255	104	59	52	49
California	572	1,361	2,168	3,199	1,505	897	727	330
Colorado	90	200	313	465	249	124	117	32
Connecticut	50	165	172	401	142	84	67	(²)
Delaware	(²)	52	36	81	34	19	21	(²)
District of Columbia	14	19	62	50	29	28	46	(²)
Florida	192	685	1,003	1,534	908	452	406	66
Georgia	110	283	483	788	340	245	178	(²)
Hawaii	(²)	41	56	118	95	28	49	(²)
Idaho	(²)	40	63	135	65	32	35	42
Illinois	147	475	728	1,212	565	313	237	54
Indiana	59	189	220	624	240	148	107	48
Iowa	32	117	121	341	116	72	56	66
Kansas	56	90	116	312	128	69	67	54
Kentucky	39	122	130	436	171	88	82	49
Louisiana	(²)	130	173	461	201	84	94	(²)
Maine	13	46	48	163	62	33	29	15
Maryland	79	190	400	608	197	155	299	(²)
Massachusetts	90	266	444	841	253	153	116	(²)
Michigan	91	289	442	1,044	433	216	176	58
Minnesota	62	245	274	610	230	139	95	73
Mississippi	(²)	56	73	286	106	82	66	37
Missouri	82	209	256	638	238	142	121	55
Montana	(²)	27	32	99	50	25	25	35
Nebraska	21	72	74	212	79	43	32	60
Nevada	21	84	123	149	277	50	41	(²)
New Hampshire	16	50	70	152	56	32	26	(²)
New Jersey	148	371	534	914	324	197	188	(²)
New Mexico	18	46	94	211	93	47	59	21
New York	300	766	1,036	2,232	769	492	464	53
North Carolina	87	277	366	834	326	233	158	84
North Dakota	(²)	21	22	88	29	17	16	31
Ohio	119	373	524	1,227	598	245	198	54
Oklahoma	46	114	137	355	158	102	96	44
Oregon	32	120	184	347	163	83	71	63
Pennsylvania	130	401	585	1,391	482	310	257	99
Rhode Island	9	41	53	133	54	25	24	(²)
South Carolina	35	135	159	369	197	89	92	(²)
South Dakota	(²)	31	22	101	41	18	15	31
Tennessee	53	181	228	597	246	130	122	(²)
Texas	282	751	1,148	2,096	904	573	445	233
Utah	29	77	129	236	102	54	61	(²)
Vermont	8	16	29	90	32	15	15	9
Virginia	124	248	482	697	307	222	275	(²)
Washington	89	202	320	612	294	155	169	103
West Virginia	14	34	57	181	77	37	47	(²)
Wisconsin	53	181	226	634	281	125	96	76
Wyoming	(²)	12	18	55	26	15	15	18

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by industry, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total	Mining	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Employed								
Alabama	2,053	(²)	172	341	229	113	324	107
Alaska	306	5	26	8	(²)	6	45	25
Arizona	2,637	(²)	256	214	172	(²)	440	130
Arkansas	1,231	(²)	103	200	102	97	199	70
California	16,466	(²)	1,288	1,778	1,158	620	2,421	735
Colorado	2,389	(²)	227	200	131	69	319	114
Connecticut	1,702	(²)	101	234	175	59	252	69
Delaware	409	(²)	37	47	20	27	57	22
District of Columbia	275	(²)	11	3	(²)	(²)	17	11
Florida	8,021	(²)	766	497	320	178	1,328	389
Georgia	4,194	(²)	432	533	222	312	617	224
Hawaii	591	(²)	40	20	(²)	(²)	93	36
Idaho	669	(²)	62	64	38	26	106	30
Illinois	5,997	(²)	441	794	493	302	876	342
Indiana	2,993	(²)	205	621	448	173	434	160
Iowa	1,545	(²)	101	248	146	102	244	69
Kansas	1,398	(²)	90	166	101	65	217	71
Kentucky	1,874	(²)	142	257	175	82	284	96
Louisiana	1,934	54	161	168	80	88	296	97
Maine	664	(²)	50	77	42	35	117	27
Maryland	2,762	(²)	234	161	95	66	372	123
Massachusetts	3,226	(²)	221	345	229	116	457	117
Michigan	4,758	(²)	304	948	763	185	714	199
Minnesota	2,800	(²)	184	393	261	132	437	124
Mississippi	1,252	(²)	95	210	131	79	177	70
Missouri	2,844	(²)	223	312	191	121	491	159
Montana	462	(²)	48	25	16	(²)	74	22
Nebraska	953	(²)	73	103	48	55	154	49
Nevada	1,125	(²)	108	50	36	(²)	180	46
New Hampshire	698	(²)	53	106	84	22	117	28
New Jersey	4,178	(²)	252	423	201	222	637	276
New Mexico	860	18	72	44	31	(²)	122	46
New York	8,823	(²)	560	718	417	301	1,217	501
North Carolina	4,016	(²)	373	601	308	293	589	188
North Dakota	347	(²)	24	22	15	(²)	53	18
Ohio	5,514	(²)	337	897	593	304	834	263
Oklahoma	1,630	(²)	117	161	105	56	236	84
Oregon	1,710	(²)	131	227	157	70	275	76
Pennsylvania	5,911	(²)	402	840	490	349	826	336
Rhode Island	532	(²)	30	76	53	23	82	16
South Carolina	1,935	(²)	134	329	176	153	322	106
South Dakota	416	(²)	29	46	30	16	68	15
Tennessee	2,747	(²)	221	415	257	158	419	167
Texas	10,332	135	914	1,077	629	448	1,546	563
Utah	1,142	(²)	95	130	83	47	173	59
Vermont	340	(²)	30	38	27	11	53	11
Virginia	3,619	(²)	296	311	182	129	506	180
Washington	3,037	(²)	219	362	274	88	464	158
West Virginia	753	23	56	73	44	29	124	40
Wisconsin	2,917	(²)	201	560	335	225	426	131
Wyoming	271	18	25	11	(²)	6	40	17

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by industry, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
Employed								
Alabama	43	114	152	420	150	100	88	(²)
Alaska	7	14	24	66	28	18	31	9
Arizona	57	205	298	484	268	120	143	(²)
Arkansas	(²)	67	83	246	90	55	50	47
California	523	1,323	2,044	3,105	1,407	846	710	269
Colorado	84	196	296	449	230	119	114	31
Connecticut	48	161	163	390	131	81	67	(²)
Delaware	(²)	51	34	79	32	18	21	(²)
District of Columbia	13	19	58	46	25	26	44	(²)
Florida	183	665	955	1,489	847	434	399	62
Georgia	107	275	461	769	319	237	172	(²)
Hawaii	(²)	41	54	115	92	27	49	(²)
Idaho	(²)	38	59	131	60	30	34	40
Illinois	139	456	679	1,167	515	297	230	52
Indiana	58	182	204	609	219	144	103	47
Iowa	31	113	113	332	105	69	54	65
Kansas	54	86	107	298	114	66	66	54
Kentucky	38	117	119	425	157	86	81	48
Louisiana	(²)	128	165	443	181	81	91	(²)
Maine	12	46	45	159	57	31	28	14
Maryland	75	186	385	592	181	148	292	(²)
Massachusetts	87	255	418	820	238	144	111	(²)
Michigan	86	276	407	1,006	389	197	172	55
Minnesota	60	239	257	595	211	130	93	72
Mississippi	(²)	55	68	275	94	79	65	36
Missouri	77	199	240	613	214	138	117	53
Montana	(²)	27	30	97	46	24	24	33
Nebraska	20	71	70	207	72	41	31	60
Nevada	20	82	118	145	266	49	40	(²)
New Hampshire	16	49	67	148	53	30	25	(²)
New Jersey	139	357	511	895	303	189	184	(²)
New Mexico	16	45	88	203	85	45	57	20
New York	290	734	966	2,161	702	465	453	49
North Carolina	83	271	344	809	296	223	156	82
North Dakota	(²)	21	21	86	28	16	16	31
Ohio	110	360	482	1,194	538	233	191	53
Oklahoma	44	112	127	344	143	98	95	42
Oregon	30	115	167	334	148	80	68	58
Pennsylvania	124	387	543	1,350	437	298	249	98
Rhode Island	9	40	50	129	49	24	23	(²)
South Carolina	32	128	145	358	178	85	90	(²)
South Dakota	(²)	31	21	99	37	17	15	31
Tennessee	49	178	211	579	231	125	118	(²)
Texas	269	713	1,063	2,020	828	547	434	221
Utah	28	75	118	232	93	51	58	(²)
Vermont	7	16	28	88	30	15	15	9
Virginia	119	242	462	681	285	212	274	(²)
Washington	83	189	298	593	266	143	165	94
West Virginia	13	33	53	177	71	35	46	(²)
Wisconsin	49	177	211	614	257	119	95	73
Wyoming	(²)	12	18	54	24	14	15	18

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by industry, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total	Mining	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Unemployed								
Alabama	117	(²)	12	22	10	12	14	4
Alaska	24	1	4	1	(²)	1	3	1
Arizona	126	(²)	15	12	9	(²)	20	6
Arkansas	70	(²)	6	12	5	7	10	4
California	966	(²)	99	125	71	53	174	32
Colorado	126	(²)	16	12	8	5	21	4
Connecticut	81	(²)	8	15	11	3	14	3
Delaware	16	(²)	2	2	1	1	3	1
District of Columbia	23	(²)	2	1	(²)	(²)	3	1
Florida	348	(²)	36	24	16	9	63	12
Georgia	190	(²)	31	23	12	11	39	5
Hawaii	20	(²)	4	(³)	(²)	(²)	3	1
Idaho	35	(²)	4	3	1	2	5	1
Illinois	361	(²)	38	45	27	17	58	23
Indiana	155	(²)	20	30	23	7	28	6
Iowa	70	(²)	7	9	4	5	13	2
Kansas	78	(²)	10	8	6	3	9	2
Kentucky	92	(²)	14	11	8	3	17	2
Louisiana	113	2	18	10	3	7	18	5
Maine	31	(²)	5	4	1	2	5	1
Maryland	113	(²)	12	7	3	4	20	6
Massachusetts	157	(²)	22	17	12	4	23	6
Michigan	333	(²)	36	78	57	21	45	13
Minnesota	135	(²)	23	19	13	6	19	4
Mississippi	72	(²)	8	14	9	5	10	2
Missouri	161	(²)	20	19	11	8	27	5
Montana	23	(²)	4	1	1	(²)	4	1
Nebraska	35	(²)	4	4	3	2	6	1
Nevada	44	(²)	5	2	1	(²)	8	3
New Hampshire	25	(²)	2	5	4	1	4	1
New Jersey	198	(²)	23	25	12	13	41	9
New Mexico	48	(³)	7	2	1	(²)	7	2
New York	502	(²)	56	45	25	19	87	19
North Carolina	205	(²)	23	43	23	21	31	7
North Dakota	11	(²)	3	1	(³)	(²)	2	(³)
Ohio	343	(²)	40	53	36	17	60	10
Oklahoma	80	(²)	6	11	8	3	13	3
Oregon	127	(²)	17	22	15	7	20	3
Pennsylvania	315	(²)	36	48	28	20	47	13
Rhode Island	27	(²)	2	3	2	1	5	1
South Carolina	132	(²)	18	26	15	11	24	3
South Dakota	15	(²)	2	2	1	1	2	(³)
Tennessee	134	(²)	14	29	16	12	20	5
Texas	596	6	67	57	34	23	99	28
Utah	57	(²)	7	6	4	2	9	1
Vermont	13	(²)	1	2	1	1	2	(³)
Virginia	135	(²)	16	14	9	5	20	4
Washington	187	(²)	20	19	13	6	28	7
West Virginia	38	2	7	4	3	1	6	1
Wisconsin	146	(²)	20	27	18	9	20	3
Wyoming	10	(³)	2	(³)	(²)	(³)	2	1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by industry, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
Unemployed								
Alabama	4	5	10	15	20	6	1	(²)
Alaska	(³)	1	2	3	4	1	2	1
Arizona	1	5	22	18	16	6	2	(²)
Arkansas	(²)	2	5	9	13	4	2	2
California	49	37	124	94	98	51	17	61
Colorado	6	5	17	15	18	5	3	1
Connecticut	2	4	9	11	12	4	(³)	(²)
Delaware	(²)	1	2	2	2	1	(³)	(²)
District of Columbia	1	(³)	4	4	4	2	2	(²)
Florida	9	20	48	45	60	17	7	3
Georgia	3	8	22	19	21	8	7	(²)
Hawaii	(²)	1	2	3	3	1	(³)	(²)
Idaho	(²)	1	4	4	5	2	1	2
Illinois	7	18	49	45	50	17	7	2
Indiana	1	7	16	15	22	4	3	2
Iowa	2	4	8	10	11	3	2	1
Kansas	2	4	9	14	14	2	1	1
Kentucky	1	5	11	11	14	2	1	1
Louisiana	(²)	2	8	18	20	3	2	(²)
Maine	1	1	3	4	5	1	(³)	1
Maryland	3	4	15	17	15	7	6	(²)
Massachusetts	3	10	26	20	15	9	5	(²)
Michigan	5	13	35	38	44	19	3	3
Minnesota	2	6	17	15	18	9	1	1
Mississippi	(²)	1	5	11	12	3	1	2
Missouri	5	10	16	25	24	4	4	2
Montana	(²)	1	2	3	4	1	1	1
Nebraska	1	1	4	4	6	1	(³)	(³)
Nevada	1	2	5	5	11	1	1	(²)
New Hampshire	(³)	1	3	4	3	2	(³)	(²)
New Jersey	9	14	23	19	21	8	4	(²)
New Mexico	2	1	6	8	8	2	2	1
New York	10	32	70	71	67	27	11	4
North Carolina	4	6	22	25	30	10	2	2
North Dakota	(²)	(³)	1	2	1	1	(³)	(³)
Ohio	9	13	42	34	60	12	8	1
Oklahoma	2	2	10	11	15	4	2	1
Oregon	2	5	17	13	15	3	2	5
Pennsylvania	6	14	42	41	45	12	7	1
Rhode Island	(³)	1	4	4	4	1	(³)	(²)
South Carolina	3	6	14	10	19	4	2	(²)
South Dakota	(²)	(³)	1	2	3	1	(³)	(³)
Tennessee	4	3	17	18	15	4	4	(²)
Texas	13	38	85	76	76	26	11	11
Utah	1	3	10	5	9	4	2	(²)
Vermont	(³)	(³)	1	2	2	1	(³)	(³)
Virginia	5	7	20	16	22	10	1	(²)
Washington	5	13	22	19	28	12	3	9
West Virginia	1	1	4	4	6	1	1	(²)
Wisconsin	4	4	15	20	24	6	1	2
Wyoming	(²)	(³)	1	1	2	(³)	(³)	(³)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by industry, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total	Mining	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Unemployment Rate								
Alabama	5.4	(²)	6.6	6.0	4.2	9.6	4.2	3.2
Alaska	7.3	11.1	13.6	14.4	(²)	16.5	5.9	4.3
Arizona	4.6	(²)	5.7	5.4	4.9	(²)	4.4	4.4
Arkansas	5.4	(²)	5.4	5.8	4.6	7.0	4.6	5.5
California	5.5	(²)	7.2	6.5	5.8	7.9	6.7	4.1
Colorado	5.0	(²)	6.7	5.7	5.4	6.3	6.1	3.3
Connecticut	4.6	(²)	7.5	5.9	6.2	5.2	5.1	4.0
Delaware	3.7	(²)	5.6	3.8	4.7	3.0	4.3	2.3
District of Columbia	7.7	(²)	14.7	20.5	(²)	(²)	12.7	9.1
Florida	4.2	(²)	4.5	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.5	3.0
Georgia	4.3	(²)	6.7	4.1	5.0	3.5	5.9	2.4
Hawaii	3.2	(²)	8.7	1.9	(²)	(²)	3.6	2.2
Idaho	4.9	(²)	6.4	4.8	3.3	6.9	4.8	4.5
Illinois	5.7	(²)	8.0	5.4	5.3	5.5	6.2	6.3
Indiana	4.9	(²)	9.1	4.6	5.0	3.7	6.0	3.7
Iowa	4.3	(²)	6.1	3.3	2.4	4.7	5.0	2.2
Kansas	5.3	(²)	10.0	4.9	5.3	4.2	4.1	2.9
Kentucky	4.7	(²)	8.8	3.9	4.4	3.0	5.5	2.5
Louisiana	5.5	4.0	10.2	5.7	4.2	7.1	5.9	5.2
Maine	4.5	(²)	8.5	4.5	3.2	6.0	4.0	4.2
Maryland	3.9	(²)	4.8	4.0	3.2	5.1	5.2	4.5
Massachusetts	4.7	(²)	9.2	4.6	5.1	3.7	4.7	5.1
Michigan	6.5	(²)	10.7	7.6	7.0	10.1	6.0	6.0
Minnesota	4.6	(²)	10.9	4.6	4.7	4.4	4.1	3.2
Mississippi	5.4	(²)	8.1	6.3	6.5	5.8	5.2	3.1
Missouri	5.3	(²)	8.2	5.8	5.6	6.2	5.2	2.8
Montana	4.8	(²)	7.3	4.9	5.9	(²)	4.8	4.2
Nebraska	3.5	(²)	4.9	3.9	5.0	3.0	3.7	2.8
Nevada	3.7	(²)	4.0	4.7	3.9	(²)	4.0	5.5
New Hampshire	3.5	(²)	3.9	4.2	4.1	4.9	3.4	3.6
New Jersey	4.5	(²)	8.5	5.6	5.6	5.6	6.0	3.3
New Mexico	5.3	2.0	9.1	4.2	3.8	(²)	5.3	4.0
New York	5.4	(²)	9.1	5.8	5.7	6.0	6.7	3.6
North Carolina	4.9	(²)	5.7	6.7	6.8	6.7	5.0	3.4
North Dakota	3.2	(²)	10.9	2.6	1.7	(²)	3.0	1.4
Ohio	5.9	(²)	10.6	5.6	5.8	5.2	6.7	3.6
Oklahoma	4.7	(²)	5.2	6.6	7.4	5.0	5.1	3.3
Oregon	6.9	(²)	11.8	9.0	8.8	9.3	6.7	3.7
Pennsylvania	5.1	(²)	8.2	5.4	5.5	5.4	5.4	3.7
Rhode Island	4.8	(²)	6.7	4.3	4.4	4.0	5.5	4.9
South Carolina	6.4	(²)	11.6	7.3	8.0	6.5	6.9	3.0
South Dakota	3.4	(²)	6.1	3.8	3.6	4.1	3.4	1.5
Tennessee	4.7	(²)	5.8	6.5	6.0	7.2	4.7	2.8
Texas	5.5	4.1	6.8	5.0	5.1	4.9	6.0	4.7
Utah	4.8	(²)	6.8	4.4	4.5	4.2	4.9	2.4
Vermont	3.5	(²)	4.1	4.6	4.5	4.9	3.9	3.6
Virginia	3.6	(²)	5.2	4.3	4.6	4.0	3.8	2.0
Washington	5.8	(²)	8.2	5.0	4.6	6.5	5.7	4.0
West Virginia	4.8	6.5	11.4	4.8	6.2	2.4	4.3	2.7
Wisconsin	4.8	(²)	9.1	4.6	5.0	4.0	4.6	2.1
Wyoming	3.6	1.3	6.3	3.5	(²)	3.0	4.0	2.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. States: employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by industry, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
Unemployment Rate								
Alabama	8.1	4.2	6.3	3.4	11.8	6.0	1.3	(²)
Alaska	4.2	4.1	6.9	4.4	12.7	7.0	6.0	8.3
Arizona	1.8	2.2	6.8	3.5	5.8	4.8	1.1	(²)
Arkansas	(²)	2.5	5.2	3.5	12.9	6.9	3.4	4.2
California	8.6	2.7	5.7	2.9	6.5	5.7	2.3	18.4
Colorado	7.0	2.3	5.4	3.2	7.4	4.0	2.8	4.0
Connecticut	3.3	2.5	5.1	2.8	8.1	4.4	.6	(²)
Delaware	(²)	2.1	6.7	2.3	6.8	2.8	2.1	(²)
District of Columbia	6.3	2.4	6.8	8.0	12.9	5.6	3.4	(²)
Florida	4.7	3.0	4.8	3.0	6.6	3.9	1.7	5.0
Georgia	2.3	2.8	4.5	2.4	6.3	3.4	3.7	(²)
Hawaii	(²)	1.6	3.8	2.5	3.6	2.6	.3	(²)
Idaho	(²)	2.8	6.2	3.1	7.1	6.7	4.0	5.9
Illinois	4.9	3.9	6.8	3.7	8.9	5.3	3.0	4.6
Indiana	2.0	3.7	7.3	2.4	9.0	3.0	3.0	3.9
Iowa	5.1	3.5	6.3	2.8	9.5	3.6	3.4	1.9
Kansas	3.7	4.5	8.0	4.6	10.6	3.1	1.0	1.7
Kentucky	3.4	3.9	8.3	2.4	8.0	2.6	1.5	2.2
Louisiana	(²)	1.7	4.8	3.9	9.8	3.2	2.6	(²)
Maine	8.1	1.3	6.5	2.4	8.5	4.0	1.5	6.8
Maryland	4.1	2.0	3.7	2.8	7.8	4.6	2.1	(²)
Massachusetts	3.8	3.9	5.8	2.4	6.0	5.8	4.1	(²)
Michigan	5.8	4.5	7.9	3.7	10.2	8.8	1.9	5.0
Minnesota	3.8	2.4	6.2	2.4	8.0	6.6	1.3	1.5
Mississippi	(²)	2.4	7.3	3.9	11.6	4.2	1.4	4.4
Missouri	5.9	4.9	6.3	3.8	10.3	2.8	3.3	3.2
Montana	(²)	2.2	7.1	2.5	8.0	3.4	5.5	4.2
Nebraska	4.5	2.1	5.9	2.0	8.2	2.9	1.1	.7
Nevada	7.0	2.3	3.9	3.0	4.1	1.7	2.2	(²)
New Hampshire	1.9	2.2	4.2	2.3	5.6	4.9	1.8	(²)
New Jersey	6.3	3.8	4.4	2.1	6.4	4.1	2.0	(²)
New Mexico	9.0	3.1	6.4	3.8	9.0	4.0	3.3	2.7
New York	3.3	4.2	6.7	3.2	8.7	5.5	2.5	6.8
North Carolina	4.9	2.1	6.1	3.0	9.1	4.1	1.6	2.3
North Dakota	(²)	1.6	5.2	1.8	4.1	3.7	1.0	1.4
Ohio	7.3	3.6	8.0	2.7	10.1	4.9	3.9	2.1
Oklahoma	3.8	1.7	7.6	3.0	9.3	4.1	1.6	3.3
Oregon	7.4	4.6	9.3	3.8	9.2	4.1	3.2	8.0
Pennsylvania	4.6	3.6	7.2	3.0	9.3	3.8	2.9	1.0
Rhode Island	3.0	3.2	6.9	3.2	8.1	5.2	1.2	(²)
South Carolina	8.2	4.7	8.8	2.8	9.8	4.4	2.1	(²)
South Dakota	(²)	1.5	4.6	1.8	8.1	3.9	3.1	.8
Tennessee	8.3	1.5	7.5	3.0	6.1	3.3	3.3	(²)
Texas	4.6	5.0	7.4	3.6	8.4	4.6	2.4	4.9
Utah	4.5	3.4	7.9	2.0	8.4	6.6	3.8	(²)
Vermont	1.7	2.6	4.0	2.0	6.8	3.8	.5	5.0
Virginia	4.3	2.6	4.1	2.3	7.3	4.3	.3	(²)
Washington	6.1	6.6	6.8	3.1	9.5	7.8	2.1	8.7
West Virginia	7.5	3.0	6.7	2.2	8.2	3.5	2.2	(²)
Wisconsin	7.0	2.2	6.7	3.1	8.4	4.6	1.6	3.1
Wyoming	(²)	1.6	3.4	2.6	7.8	1.8	1.8	2.1

¹ Excludes persons with no previous work experience.

² Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the area in question, as determined by the sample size. See appendix B.

³ Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Totals for summary groups published include other industries not shown separately. Items may not compute to displayed rates because of rounding.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2004 annual averages

Population group and State	Total employed		Mining	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
	Number (in thousands)	Percent			Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
TOTAL									
Alabama	2,053	100.0	.7	8.4	16.6	11.1	5.5	15.8	5.2
Alaska	306	100.0	1.5	8.4	2.6	.8	1.8	14.7	8.1
Arizona	2,637	100.0	.2	9.7	8.1	6.5	1.6	16.7	4.9
Arkansas	1,231	100.0	.4	8.4	16.2	8.3	7.9	16.2	5.7
California	16,466	100.0	.1	7.8	10.8	7.0	3.8	14.7	4.5
Colorado	2,389	100.0	.4	9.5	8.4	5.5	2.9	13.4	4.8
Connecticut	1,702	100.0	(¹)	5.9	13.7	10.3	3.4	14.8	4.0
Delaware	409	100.0	.1	9.0	11.5	4.9	6.6	14.0	5.3
District of Columbia	275	100.0	(¹)	4.0	1.3	.4	.8	6.4	4.1
Florida	8,021	100.0	.1	9.5	6.2	4.0	2.2	16.6	4.8
Georgia	4,194	100.0	.3	10.3	12.7	5.3	7.4	14.7	5.3
Hawaii	591	100.0	(¹)	6.8	3.4	1.4	2.1	15.7	6.1
Idaho	669	100.0	.5	9.2	9.6	5.7	3.9	15.8	4.5
Illinois	5,997	100.0	.1	7.4	13.2	8.2	5.0	14.6	5.7
Indiana	2,993	100.0	.3	6.9	20.8	15.0	5.8	14.5	5.3
Iowa	1,545	100.0	.1	6.5	16.1	9.5	6.6	15.8	4.5
Kansas	1,398	100.0	.7	6.4	11.9	7.2	4.7	15.5	5.1
Kentucky	1,874	100.0	1.3	7.6	13.7	9.3	4.4	15.2	5.1
Louisiana	1,934	100.0	2.8	8.3	8.7	4.2	4.6	15.3	5.0
Maine	664	100.0	.1	7.6	11.7	6.3	5.3	17.6	4.0
Maryland	2,762	100.0	(¹)	8.5	5.8	3.4	2.4	13.5	4.5
Massachusetts	3,226	100.0	.1	6.9	10.7	7.1	3.6	14.2	3.6
Michigan	4,758	100.0	.1	6.4	19.9	16.0	3.9	15.0	4.2
Minnesota	2,800	100.0	.1	6.6	14.1	9.3	4.7	15.6	4.4
Mississippi	1,252	100.0	.8	7.6	16.8	10.5	6.3	14.1	5.6
Missouri	2,844	100.0	.2	7.9	11.0	6.7	4.3	17.3	5.6
Montana	462	100.0	.8	10.4	5.4	3.5	1.9	16.1	4.7
Nebraska	953	100.0	.1	7.6	10.9	5.1	5.8	16.1	5.2
Nevada	1,125	100.0	1.5	9.6	4.5	3.2	1.3	16.0	4.1
New Hampshire	698	100.0	(¹)	7.5	15.2	12.0	3.2	16.8	4.0
New Jersey	4,178	100.0	(¹)	6.0	10.1	4.8	5.3	15.2	6.6
New Mexico	860	100.0	2.1	8.3	5.1	3.6	1.5	14.2	5.4
New York	8,823	100.0	.1	6.4	8.1	4.7	3.4	13.8	5.7
North Carolina	4,016	100.0	(¹)	9.3	15.0	7.7	7.3	14.7	4.7
North Dakota	347	100.0	.9	7.0	6.5	4.4	2.1	15.3	5.2
Ohio	5,514	100.0	.4	6.1	16.3	10.8	5.5	15.1	4.8
Oklahoma	1,630	100.0	1.7	7.2	9.9	6.4	3.4	14.5	5.1
Oregon	1,710	100.0	(¹)	7.7	13.3	9.2	4.1	16.1	4.5
Pennsylvania	5,911	100.0	.3	6.8	14.2	8.3	5.9	14.0	5.7
Rhode Island	532	100.0	(¹)	5.7	14.3	10.0	4.3	15.5	3.0
South Carolina	1,935	100.0	.1	6.9	17.0	9.1	7.9	16.7	5.5
South Dakota	416	100.0	.2	6.9	11.1	7.2	3.9	16.2	3.6
Tennessee	2,747	100.0	(¹)	8.0	15.1	9.4	5.8	15.3	6.1
Texas	10,332	100.0	1.3	8.8	10.4	6.1	4.3	15.0	5.5
Utah	1,142	100.0	1.3	8.3	11.4	7.2	4.1	15.1	5.2
Vermont	340	100.0	.2	8.8	11.3	8.0	3.3	15.5	3.4
Virginia	3,619	100.0	.3	8.2	8.6	5.0	3.6	14.0	5.0
Washington	3,037	100.0	.1	7.2	11.9	9.0	2.9	15.3	5.2
West Virginia	753	100.0	3.0	7.4	9.7	5.9	3.8	16.5	5.4
Wisconsin	2,917	100.0	.1	6.9	19.2	11.5	7.7	14.6	4.5
Wyoming	271	100.0	6.8	9.4	4.1	1.9	2.2	14.8	6.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
TOTAL								
Alabama	2.1	5.6	7.4	20.4	7.3	4.9	4.3	1.4
Alaska	2.2	4.7	8.0	21.5	9.3	5.8	10.2	2.9
Arizona	2.2	7.8	11.3	18.4	10.2	4.6	5.4	.7
Arkansas	1.2	5.5	6.8	20.0	7.4	4.5	4.1	3.8
California	3.2	8.0	12.4	18.9	8.5	5.1	4.3	1.6
Colorado	3.5	8.2	12.4	18.8	9.6	5.0	4.8	1.3
Connecticut	2.8	9.4	9.6	22.9	7.7	4.7	3.9	.4
Delaware	2.0	12.4	8.3	19.3	7.8	4.4	5.0	1.0
District of Columbia	4.9	6.8	21.2	16.6	9.0	9.5	16.1	.1
Florida	2.3	8.3	11.9	18.6	10.6	5.4	5.0	.8
Georgia	2.6	6.6	11.0	18.3	7.6	5.6	4.1	.9
Hawaii	1.7	6.9	9.2	19.4	15.6	4.6	8.3	2.2
Idaho	1.9	5.8	8.8	19.6	9.0	4.5	5.0	5.9
Illinois	2.3	7.6	11.3	19.5	8.6	4.9	3.8	.9
Indiana	1.9	6.1	6.8	20.3	7.3	4.8	3.5	1.6
Iowa	2.0	7.3	7.3	21.5	6.8	4.5	3.5	4.2
Kansas	3.9	6.1	7.6	21.3	8.2	4.8	4.7	3.8
Kentucky	2.0	6.2	6.4	22.7	8.4	4.6	4.3	2.5
Louisiana	1.9	6.6	8.5	22.9	9.4	4.2	4.7	1.6
Maine	1.9	6.9	6.8	23.9	8.6	4.7	4.2	2.1
Maryland	2.7	6.7	14.0	21.4	6.6	5.4	10.6	.4
Massachusetts	2.7	7.9	13.0	25.4	7.4	4.5	3.4	.3
Michigan	1.8	5.8	8.6	21.1	8.2	4.1	3.6	1.2
Minnesota	2.1	8.5	9.2	21.2	7.5	4.7	3.3	2.6
Mississippi	1.6	4.4	5.4	21.9	7.5	6.3	5.2	2.8
Missouri	2.7	7.0	8.4	21.6	7.5	4.9	4.1	1.9
Montana	2.0	5.7	6.4	21.0	9.9	5.2	5.2	7.2
Nebraska	2.1	7.4	7.3	21.8	7.6	4.3	3.3	6.3
Nevada	1.7	7.3	10.5	12.9	23.6	4.3	3.5	.4
New Hampshire	2.2	7.0	9.6	21.2	7.5	4.3	3.6	.9
New Jersey	3.3	8.5	12.2	21.4	7.3	4.5	4.4	.3
New Mexico	1.9	5.2	10.2	23.6	9.9	5.2	6.6	2.3
New York	3.3	8.3	11.0	24.5	8.0	5.3	5.1	.6
North Carolina	2.1	6.7	8.6	20.1	7.4	5.6	3.9	2.1
North Dakota	1.9	6.0	6.1	24.9	8.0	4.7	4.7	8.9
Ohio	2.0	6.5	8.7	21.7	9.7	4.2	3.5	1.0
Oklahoma	2.7	6.9	7.8	21.1	8.8	6.0	5.8	2.6
Oregon	1.8	6.7	9.8	19.5	8.7	4.7	4.0	3.4
Pennsylvania	2.1	6.5	9.2	22.8	7.4	5.0	4.2	1.7
Rhode Island	1.7	7.5	9.3	24.2	9.3	4.5	4.4	.6
South Carolina	1.7	6.6	7.5	18.5	9.2	4.4	4.7	1.3
South Dakota	1.6	7.4	4.9	23.9	9.0	4.1	3.6	7.3
Tennessee	1.8	6.5	7.7	21.1	8.4	4.6	4.3	1.2
Texas	2.6	6.9	10.3	19.6	8.0	5.3	4.2	2.1
Utah	2.4	6.5	10.4	20.3	8.2	4.4	5.1	1.3
Vermont	2.2	4.6	8.1	25.9	8.7	4.3	4.4	2.6
Virginia	3.3	6.7	12.8	18.8	7.9	5.9	7.6	1.1
Washington	2.7	6.2	9.8	19.5	8.8	4.7	5.4	3.1
West Virginia	1.8	4.4	7.1	23.5	9.4	4.7	6.2	1.1
Wisconsin	1.7	6.1	7.2	21.1	8.8	4.1	3.2	2.5
Wyoming	1.6	4.3	6.5	19.8	9.0	5.3	5.4	6.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Total employed		Mining	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
	Number (in thousands)	Percent			Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Men									
Alabama	1,096	100.0	1.0	13.6	22.4	15.9	6.5	15.5	7.6
Alaska	165	100.0	2.4	14.1	3.6	1.2	2.3	14.8	11.4
Arizona	1,458	100.0	.2	16.2	10.8	8.8	1.9	17.5	6.8
Arkansas	668	100.0	.7	13.7	19.5	11.3	8.2	17.5	8.3
California	9,076	100.0	.2	12.7	13.3	9.2	4.1	15.7	6.0
Colorado	1,305	100.0	.7	15.3	10.9	7.3	3.6	13.1	6.7
Connecticut	895	100.0	.1	10.7	18.4	14.2	4.1	16.9	5.8
Delaware	212	100.0	.1	15.2	14.6	6.9	7.7	14.0	8.3
District of Columbia	136	100.0	(¹)	7.3	1.8	.7	1.0	6.6	5.9
Florida	4,302	100.0	.2	15.8	7.9	5.4	2.5	17.0	7.1
Georgia	2,280	100.0	.5	17.0	16.2	7.1	9.0	16.2	7.1
Hawaii	304	100.0	(¹)	12.5	4.1	1.9	2.1	15.1	7.2
Idaho	361	100.0	.9	14.9	13.7	8.9	4.8	15.8	6.4
Illinois	3,203	100.0	.2	12.4	17.5	11.4	6.1	15.1	7.9
Indiana	1,588	100.0	.5	12.0	25.4	18.7	6.7	14.6	8.1
Iowa	809	100.0	.2	11.3	21.5	13.3	8.1	17.0	6.7
Kansas	754	100.0	1.1	10.9	16.3	10.4	5.8	15.4	7.0
Kentucky	998	100.0	2.3	12.8	18.6	13.3	5.3	14.5	7.3
Louisiana	1,008	100.0	5.2	14.5	12.4	6.2	6.3	14.3	7.4
Maine	344	100.0	.2	13.5	17.1	9.7	7.3	19.2	6.1
Maryland	1,431	100.0	(¹)	14.7	7.9	4.7	3.2	13.6	6.4
Massachusetts	1,665	100.0	.1	12.1	13.7	9.8	3.9	15.5	5.5
Michigan	2,516	100.0	.1	10.7	27.9	23.0	4.8	15.0	5.6
Minnesota	1,470	100.0	.3	11.5	18.7	12.9	5.8	16.2	6.0
Mississippi	659	100.0	1.5	13.4	22.0	15.4	6.6	14.8	8.6
Missouri	1,479	100.0	.5	13.9	14.8	10.0	4.8	18.7	8.5
Montana	242	100.0	1.4	17.5	7.4	5.5	1.9	17.4	6.6
Nebraska	504	100.0	.2	13.1	14.3	6.5	7.8	17.9	7.7
Nevada	629	100.0	2.5	14.8	5.7	4.1	1.6	15.4	5.5
New Hampshire	372	100.0	(¹)	13.0	19.4	15.6	3.8	17.3	6.4
New Jersey	2,245	100.0	(¹)	10.2	12.9	6.7	6.2	16.7	9.4
New Mexico	457	100.0	3.6	14.1	6.4	4.5	1.8	13.9	7.0
New York	4,671	100.0	.1	11.1	9.6	6.2	3.4	15.3	8.2
North Carolina	2,154	100.0	(¹)	16.1	17.3	9.3	8.0	15.7	7.2
North Dakota	181	100.0	1.5	12.5	8.7	6.1	2.6	17.4	7.7
Ohio	2,900	100.0	.7	10.2	21.7	15.0	6.7	15.5	7.4
Oklahoma	874	100.0	2.5	12.3	13.4	9.4	4.0	14.7	7.8
Oregon	930	100.0	(¹)	12.6	18.1	13.3	4.8	16.5	6.1
Pennsylvania	3,103	100.0	.7	11.9	19.3	11.9	7.4	13.6	8.4
Rhode Island	272	100.0	.1	10.3	18.2	13.3	4.9	16.6	4.6
South Carolina	1,004	100.0	.1	12.0	22.3	12.3	10.0	17.0	7.6
South Dakota	216	100.0	.4	11.8	14.9	9.6	5.3	17.9	5.5
Tennessee	1,452	100.0	(¹)	14.3	19.4	12.5	6.9	15.8	8.3
Texas	5,718	100.0	2.0	14.5	14.1	8.6	5.5	14.9	7.5
Utah	633	100.0	2.2	13.7	14.2	9.8	4.4	14.5	7.3
Vermont	177	100.0	.4	15.3	15.0	11.3	3.7	16.9	4.5
Virginia	1,901	100.0	.5	13.9	11.5	7.6	3.9	14.4	7.2
Washington	1,637	100.0	.2	12.2	16.6	13.1	3.5	14.9	7.0
West Virginia	401	100.0	5.5	13.1	14.4	9.2	5.2	15.0	8.4
Wisconsin	1,526	100.0	.1	11.8	25.7	16.2	9.6	15.5	6.6
Wyoming	146	100.0	11.2	15.3	5.5	2.6	2.9	13.1	9.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
Men								
Alabama	1.8	4.3	9.0	8.0	5.6	4.2	4.8	2.2
Alaska	2.2	3.6	8.7	10.8	7.9	5.9	10.4	4.1
Arizona	2.1	6.5	11.8	9.0	9.3	3.7	5.3	.9
Arkansas	1.3	4.5	6.9	8.0	6.3	4.0	3.5	5.8
California	3.5	6.7	13.1	9.8	8.1	4.8	4.0	2.2
Colorado	3.5	6.6	13.4	9.7	9.4	4.2	4.8	1.7
Connecticut	3.0	8.0	10.4	11.4	7.1	3.6	4.1	.6
Delaware	2.3	9.0	9.5	8.1	8.0	4.2	5.1	1.6
District of Columbia	5.6	6.4	22.7	10.9	9.8	8.2	14.6	.2
Florida	2.5	6.7	12.4	9.4	9.8	4.9	5.4	1.0
Georgia	2.2	5.0	11.0	7.3	7.0	5.8	3.6	1.1
Hawaii	2.0	5.9	10.7	10.4	15.5	4.3	9.5	2.9
Idaho	1.7	3.9	9.4	7.7	8.6	3.9	4.7	8.4
Illinois	2.4	6.4	11.9	8.6	8.2	4.4	3.9	1.2
Indiana	1.7	4.8	6.7	9.2	6.5	4.8	3.7	2.0
Iowa	2.3	5.3	8.0	8.7	5.2	3.5	3.7	6.6
Kansas	4.2	5.3	7.7	11.0	7.3	4.1	4.3	5.4
Kentucky	2.2	4.5	7.1	10.3	7.5	4.4	5.0	3.4
Louisiana	2.2	5.2	9.2	9.4	7.8	4.1	5.4	2.8
Maine	1.6	5.3	7.4	10.8	6.7	4.6	4.4	3.2
Maryland	3.0	6.1	15.9	11.4	6.0	4.2	10.2	.5
Massachusetts	3.0	6.6	14.7	13.6	6.3	4.0	4.5	.4
Michigan	1.8	4.1	9.3	9.6	7.0	3.7	3.5	1.7
Minnesota	2.5	7.2	9.8	10.2	7.1	4.0	3.0	3.5
Mississippi	1.5	3.0	6.1	9.0	5.4	5.7	4.9	4.2
Missouri	2.4	5.2	8.8	9.8	6.5	3.9	4.0	2.9
Montana	1.9	4.5	7.1	9.6	7.4	4.6	4.3	10.3
Nebraska	2.4	5.5	7.2	8.4	6.6	4.3	2.9	9.5
Nevada	1.6	6.1	11.4	6.3	22.7	4.1	3.5	.4
New Hampshire	2.0	6.6	10.4	9.9	6.0	3.9	3.8	1.2
New Jersey	3.7	8.3	12.6	10.8	6.7	3.4	4.7	.4
New Mexico	2.4	4.1	12.5	12.4	8.9	4.7	6.8	3.3
New York	3.6	8.5	12.0	12.5	8.3	4.4	5.5	.8
North Carolina	2.4	5.2	9.6	8.2	6.2	5.5	3.6	2.9
North Dakota	1.7	4.1	5.1	11.3	6.3	4.4	5.1	14.2
Ohio	2.2	6.1	8.9	9.7	9.0	3.5	3.8	1.3
Oklahoma	2.5	4.6	8.1	10.0	9.2	5.8	5.6	3.4
Oregon	1.7	4.8	10.1	9.1	7.6	4.3	4.5	4.5
Pennsylvania	2.3	5.4	9.7	11.1	6.3	4.6	4.3	2.4
Rhode Island	1.8	6.0	10.6	12.8	8.9	3.9	5.5	.9
South Carolina	2.1	5.6	8.3	7.0	7.0	3.9	5.1	1.9
South Dakota	1.8	5.4	4.7	11.4	7.3	3.9	4.0	11.1
Tennessee	1.7	4.1	8.1	9.9	7.4	4.5	4.6	1.8
Texas	2.8	5.4	10.9	8.6	7.5	5.0	4.1	2.9
Utah	2.5	6.1	11.5	11.1	6.8	3.5	5.1	1.7
Vermont	2.1	3.7	9.0	13.0	8.3	3.8	4.5	3.5
Virginia	3.4	5.5	13.8	7.2	7.1	5.5	8.3	1.6
Washington	2.6	4.1	11.2	8.8	8.4	4.2	5.2	4.5
West Virginia	1.5	3.1	6.8	11.9	7.8	5.0	6.0	1.4
Wisconsin	1.8	4.2	7.5	8.9	7.2	3.7	3.2	3.6
Wyoming	1.5	3.0	5.8	9.6	7.1	5.1	4.9	8.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Total employed		Mining	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
	Number (in thousands)	Percent			Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Women									
Alabama	957	100.0	.3	2.5	10.1	5.7	4.3	16.1	2.4
Alaska	141	100.0	.5	1.9	1.5	.2	1.3	14.5	4.2
Arizona	1,179	100.0	.1	1.7	4.8	3.7	1.1	15.7	2.7
Arkansas	562	100.0	.1	2.0	12.4	4.8	7.6	14.6	2.5
California	7,390	100.0	(¹)	1.8	7.7	4.4	3.4	13.5	2.6
Colorado	1,084	100.0	.1	2.5	5.3	3.3	2.0	13.6	2.5
Connecticut	807	100.0	(¹)	.6	8.6	5.9	2.7	12.5	2.1
Delaware	198	100.0	.1	2.3	8.2	2.8	5.4	14.0	2.1
District of Columbia	138	100.0	(¹)	.9	.8	.1	.6	6.2	2.3
Florida	3,719	100.0	(¹)	2.4	4.3	2.4	1.9	16.0	2.3
Georgia	1,914	100.0	(¹)	2.3	8.6	3.1	5.5	12.9	3.2
Hawaii	287	100.0	(¹)	.9	2.8	.8	2.0	16.3	4.9
Idaho	307	100.0	(¹)	2.6	4.8	2.0	2.8	15.8	2.3
Illinois	2,794	100.0	.1	1.6	8.4	4.6	3.8	14.1	3.1
Indiana	1,406	100.0	.1	1.0	15.5	10.7	4.7	14.3	2.2
Iowa	736	100.0	(¹)	1.3	10.1	5.2	4.9	14.4	2.0
Kansas	644	100.0	.2	1.2	6.7	3.5	3.3	15.7	2.7
Kentucky	876	100.0	.1	1.7	8.2	4.9	3.3	15.9	2.6
Louisiana	926	100.0	.2	1.7	4.6	2.0	2.7	16.4	2.4
Maine	320	100.0	(¹)	1.2	5.9	2.7	3.1	16.0	1.8
Maryland	1,331	100.0	(¹)	1.7	3.7	2.1	1.6	13.3	2.4
Massachusetts	1,562	100.0	(¹)	1.3	7.4	4.2	3.2	12.8	1.7
Michigan	2,241	100.0	(¹)	1.5	11.0	8.2	2.8	15.1	2.5
Minnesota	1,330	100.0	(¹)	1.2	8.9	5.4	3.5	14.9	2.7
Mississippi	593	100.0	(¹)	1.2	11.0	5.0	6.0	13.4	2.2
Missouri	1,365	100.0	(¹)	1.3	6.8	3.2	3.6	15.7	2.4
Montana	220	100.0	.1	2.6	3.1	1.3	1.8	14.6	2.7
Nebraska	449	100.0	(¹)	1.4	7.0	3.5	3.5	14.2	2.3
Nevada	496	100.0	.2	2.9	2.9	2.0	.9	16.8	2.3
New Hampshire	326	100.0	(¹)	1.3	10.4	7.9	2.5	16.2	1.4
New Jersey	1,933	100.0	(¹)	1.1	6.9	2.7	4.3	13.5	3.4
New Mexico	403	100.0	.4	1.8	3.7	2.6	1.1	14.5	3.5
New York	4,151	100.0	(¹)	1.1	6.5	3.0	3.4	12.1	2.8
North Carolina	1,862	100.0	(¹)	1.5	12.3	5.8	6.5	13.5	1.7
North Dakota	166	100.0	.2	1.0	4.1	2.6	1.5	13.1	2.5
Ohio	2,613	100.0	.1	1.6	10.2	6.0	4.2	14.7	1.9
Oklahoma	756	100.0	.7	1.3	5.8	3.0	2.8	14.2	2.0
Oregon	780	100.0	(¹)	1.8	7.5	4.3	3.3	15.5	2.6
Pennsylvania	2,808	100.0	(¹)	1.2	8.6	4.4	4.2	14.4	2.7
Rhode Island	261	100.0	(¹)	1.0	10.3	6.5	3.8	14.3	1.3
South Carolina	931	100.0	(¹)	1.5	11.3	5.7	5.6	16.3	3.2
South Dakota	200	100.0	(¹)	1.7	7.1	4.7	2.5	14.5	1.5
Tennessee	1,295	100.0	(¹)	1.0	10.3	5.9	4.4	14.7	3.6
Texas	4,614	100.0	.4	1.9	5.9	3.0	2.8	15.1	3.0
Utah	509	100.0	.3	1.7	7.9	4.1	3.8	15.8	2.6
Vermont	163	100.0	.1	1.6	7.2	4.3	2.9	14.0	2.1
Virginia	1,718	100.0	.1	1.9	5.4	2.2	3.3	13.6	2.5
Washington	1,400	100.0	(¹)	1.4	6.5	4.3	2.2	15.7	3.1
West Virginia	352	100.0	.1	.9	4.4	2.0	2.3	18.1	1.9
Wisconsin	1,391	100.0	(¹)	1.6	12.0	6.4	5.7	13.6	2.2
Wyoming	125	100.0	1.6	2.4	2.5	1.1	1.5	16.8	2.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
Women								
Alabama	2.4	7.0	5.5	34.7	9.3	5.6	3.7	.5
Alaska	2.2	6.0	7.1	34.1	11.0	5.7	9.9	1.5
Arizona	2.2	9.3	10.7	30.0	11.2	5.7	5.6	.4
Arkansas	1.0	6.7	6.5	34.3	8.7	5.0	4.7	1.4
California	2.8	9.7	11.5	30.0	9.1	5.6	4.6	.9
Colorado	3.5	10.1	11.2	29.8	9.9	6.0	4.7	.8
Connecticut	2.6	11.0	8.7	35.7	8.3	6.0	3.7	.2
Delaware	1.6	16.0	7.0	31.3	7.6	4.6	5.0	.4
District of Columbia	4.1	7.2	19.7	22.2	8.3	10.8	17.5	.1
Florida	2.0	10.1	11.3	29.2	11.4	6.1	4.5	.5
Georgia	3.0	8.4	11.0	31.5	8.3	5.5	4.6	.6
Hawaii	1.4	7.9	7.6	29.0	15.6	4.8	7.1	1.6
Idaho	2.0	7.9	8.1	33.5	9.4	5.2	5.4	3.0
Illinois	2.3	8.9	10.6	32.0	9.1	5.6	3.7	.4
Indiana	2.1	7.5	7.0	33.0	8.2	4.8	3.2	1.1
Iowa	1.7	9.5	6.5	35.5	8.5	5.5	3.3	1.5
Kansas	3.5	7.1	7.6	33.3	9.2	5.5	5.3	2.0
Kentucky	1.8	8.3	5.5	36.7	9.4	4.8	3.5	1.6
Louisiana	1.5	8.1	7.8	37.7	11.1	4.2	4.0	.3
Maine	2.1	8.6	6.1	38.0	10.6	4.8	4.0	1.0
Maryland	2.5	7.4	11.8	32.2	7.1	6.6	11.0	.3
Massachusetts	2.4	9.3	11.2	38.0	8.5	5.0	2.3	.1
Michigan	1.8	7.7	7.8	34.1	9.6	4.6	3.7	.5
Minnesota	1.8	10.0	8.5	33.4	8.0	5.4	3.7	1.5
Mississippi	1.6	5.9	4.7	36.3	9.9	6.9	5.6	1.4
Missouri	3.0	8.9	8.0	34.3	8.6	5.9	4.3	.7
Montana	2.0	7.1	5.8	33.5	12.6	5.8	6.2	3.8
Nebraska	1.8	9.6	7.4	36.8	8.7	4.4	3.7	2.6
Nevada	2.0	8.8	9.4	21.3	24.8	4.6	3.6	.5
New Hampshire	2.5	7.4	8.7	34.2	9.3	4.8	3.3	.5
New Jersey	2.9	8.8	11.8	33.7	7.9	5.8	4.0	.2
New Mexico	1.2	6.5	7.6	36.4	11.0	5.8	6.4	1.3
New York	3.0	8.1	9.8	37.9	7.5	6.2	4.7	.2
North Carolina	1.6	8.5	7.3	33.9	8.7	5.6	4.1	1.1
North Dakota	2.2	8.1	7.2	39.6	9.8	4.9	4.3	3.1
Ohio	1.8	7.0	8.6	34.9	10.6	5.0	3.1	.6
Oklahoma	2.9	9.5	7.4	34.0	8.3	6.3	6.0	1.6
Oregon	1.8	9.0	9.4	31.9	9.9	5.1	3.4	2.1
Pennsylvania	1.8	7.9	8.6	35.8	8.7	5.5	4.2	.8
Rhode Island	1.5	9.0	8.0	36.2	9.6	5.2	3.2	.4
South Carolina	1.2	7.8	6.7	30.9	11.5	5.0	4.2	.5
South Dakota	1.5	9.7	5.2	37.5	10.9	4.2	3.1	3.3
Tennessee	1.8	9.1	7.2	33.6	9.5	4.7	3.9	.6
Texas	2.4	8.7	9.6	33.2	8.7	5.7	4.3	1.3
Utah	2.3	7.1	9.0	31.7	9.9	5.7	5.2	.8
Vermont	2.3	5.6	7.2	39.9	9.1	4.9	4.3	1.5
Virginia	3.1	8.0	11.6	31.6	8.7	6.2	6.8	.5
Washington	2.9	8.7	8.1	32.0	9.2	5.3	5.7	1.4
West Virginia	2.1	5.8	7.4	36.6	11.3	4.3	6.3	.7
Wisconsin	1.6	8.1	6.9	34.4	10.6	4.5	3.3	1.3
Wyoming	1.7	5.8	7.4	31.7	11.1	5.6	6.0	4.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Total employed		Mining	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
	Number (in thousands)	Percent			Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
White									
Alabama	1,535	100.0	.8	9.8	16.2	11.4	4.8	16.4	5.0
Alaska	233	100.0	1.7	9.0	2.0	.9	1.1	14.6	7.2
Arizona	2,405	100.0	.1	10.4	8.0	6.4	1.5	17.1	4.6
Arkansas	1,016	100.0	.5	9.5	15.7	8.4	7.3	17.1	5.5
California	12,850	100.0	.1	9.0	10.6	6.8	3.9	14.6	4.3
Colorado	2,202	100.0	.4	9.8	8.2	5.5	2.7	13.1	4.5
Connecticut	1,490	100.0	(¹)	6.2	14.2	10.7	3.5	14.7	3.9
Delaware	322	100.0	.1	10.5	11.2	4.9	6.4	14.5	4.8
District of Columbia	135	100.0	(¹)	4.3	1.2	.6	.6	4.3	1.0
Florida	6,591	100.0	.1	10.1	6.4	4.3	2.1	16.7	4.7
Georgia	2,946	100.0	.2	12.1	13.8	5.9	7.9	14.8	4.6
Hawaii	134	100.0	(¹)	7.2	3.4	2.0	1.4	11.9	5.3
Idaho	640	100.0	.5	9.3	9.1	5.3	3.8	16.1	4.5
Illinois	5,011	100.0	.2	8.2	13.6	8.5	5.1	15.0	5.2
Indiana	2,717	100.0	.3	7.3	21.2	15.1	6.0	14.8	5.3
Iowa	1,474	100.0	.1	6.7	15.9	9.5	6.4	16.2	4.7
Kansas	1,259	100.0	.7	6.5	11.6	6.9	4.6	15.8	5.2
Kentucky	1,698	100.0	1.4	8.1	13.4	9.3	4.2	15.3	5.1
Louisiana	1,372	100.0	3.5	9.3	8.6	4.5	4.1	15.8	4.5
Maine	644	100.0	.1	7.7	11.5	6.4	5.0	17.7	4.1
Maryland	1,871	100.0	(¹)	10.1	6.2	3.9	2.3	13.2	4.0
Massachusetts	2,900	100.0	.1	7.3	10.4	6.9	3.6	14.5	3.4
Michigan	4,041	100.0	.1	7.1	19.6	15.6	4.1	15.7	4.0
Minnesota	2,566	100.0	.2	7.0	13.7	9.1	4.7	15.7	4.5
Mississippi	827	100.0	.8	8.8	13.5	8.4	5.1	15.9	6.2
Missouri	2,479	100.0	.3	8.4	10.8	6.9	4.0	17.8	5.8
Montana	430	100.0	.8	10.3	5.4	3.4	2.0	16.4	4.9
Nebraska	885	100.0	.1	7.7	10.5	5.1	5.4	16.3	5.2
Nevada	948	100.0	1.7	10.7	4.6	3.3	1.3	16.3	4.1
New Hampshire	670	100.0	(¹)	7.7	14.8	11.6	3.2	16.7	4.1
New Jersey	3,343	100.0	(¹)	6.9	10.0	4.7	5.3	15.1	6.2
New Mexico	744	100.0	2.3	8.4	5.0	3.5	1.5	13.9	5.2
New York	6,774	100.0	.1	7.0	9.0	5.4	3.6	14.1	4.9
North Carolina	3,089	100.0	(¹)	10.9	15.0	7.8	7.1	15.1	4.4
North Dakota	330	100.0	.9	6.9	6.2	4.3	1.9	15.8	5.2
Ohio	4,833	100.0	.5	6.6	16.5	10.8	5.7	15.8	4.6
Oklahoma	1,302	100.0	1.9	7.3	9.7	6.3	3.4	14.9	5.2
Oregon	1,554	100.0	(¹)	7.9	12.9	8.8	4.1	16.1	4.5
Pennsylvania	5,279	100.0	.4	7.2	14.6	8.7	5.9	14.4	5.6
Rhode Island	481	100.0	(¹)	6.0	13.9	9.7	4.2	15.8	3.2
South Carolina	1,387	100.0	(¹)	7.8	14.8	8.3	6.5	17.9	5.5
South Dakota	391	100.0	.2	7.0	10.9	7.2	3.7	16.5	3.7
Tennessee	2,263	100.0	(¹)	8.9	16.0	9.9	6.1	15.5	5.5
Texas	8,728	100.0	1.4	9.8	10.2	5.9	4.3	15.3	5.2
Utah	1,088	100.0	1.4	8.5	11.0	6.9	4.1	15.1	5.3
Vermont	330	100.0	.2	8.8	11.2	7.9	3.3	15.5	3.4
Virginia	2,764	100.0	.4	9.2	8.2	5.0	3.2	14.0	4.2
Washington	2,589	100.0	.1	7.7	11.5	8.8	2.7	15.2	5.5
West Virginia	723	100.0	3.1	7.5	9.9	6.0	3.9	16.5	5.5
Wisconsin	2,719	100.0	.1	7.3	19.7	11.9	7.8	14.7	4.4
Wyoming	260	100.0	6.9	9.3	4.2	2.0	2.2	14.5	6.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
White								
Alabama	2.3	6.1	8.3	19.0	6.1	4.7	3.7	1.5
Alaska	2.5	4.9	8.7	22.1	8.6	5.7	9.7	3.4
Arizona	2.0	7.8	11.0	18.1	10.4	4.8	5.1	.8
Arkansas	1.1	6.0	7.1	18.8	6.7	4.4	3.6	4.0
California	3.2	7.9	12.5	18.1	8.5	5.1	4.0	2.0
Colorado	3.4	8.3	12.6	19.1	9.5	5.0	4.6	1.4
Connecticut	2.8	9.6	9.7	22.4	7.8	4.7	3.6	.5
Delaware	1.9	11.4	8.3	18.6	8.0	4.4	4.9	1.3
District of Columbia	5.9	6.9	27.3	12.5	7.5	11.6	17.4	.2
Florida	2.4	8.6	12.4	17.3	10.3	5.4	4.8	.8
Georgia	2.4	6.8	11.5	17.6	6.2	4.9	4.0	1.2
Hawaii	2.2	6.9	12.7	22.3	14.0	4.9	7.0	2.1
Idaho	1.9	6.0	9.0	19.7	8.7	4.3	5.0	6.0
Illinois	2.1	7.7	11.6	18.2	8.6	5.0	3.6	1.0
Indiana	1.9	6.2	6.8	19.5	7.1	4.7	3.3	1.7
Iowa	2.0	7.4	7.0	21.4	6.4	4.5	3.5	4.3
Kansas	3.9	6.2	7.8	20.8	7.9	4.9	4.7	4.1
Kentucky	2.0	6.4	6.1	22.5	8.2	4.5	4.3	2.8
Louisiana	2.2	7.5	9.5	21.0	7.8	4.2	4.2	1.8
Maine	1.8	6.8	6.8	24.1	8.6	4.6	4.2	2.1
Maryland	2.8	7.8	15.1	19.7	7.0	5.1	8.5	.5
Massachusetts	2.8	8.0	13.2	24.8	7.4	4.5	3.3	.3
Michigan	1.9	5.7	8.7	20.2	8.2	4.1	3.4	1.3
Minnesota	2.1	8.6	9.2	20.9	7.3	4.7	3.4	2.8
Mississippi	1.8	5.7	5.8	19.6	6.9	6.6	4.7	3.7
Missouri	2.7	6.9	8.5	20.7	7.4	4.8	3.9	2.1
Montana	2.0	6.0	6.6	20.4	9.5	5.3	4.8	7.4
Nebraska	2.1	7.6	7.3	21.7	7.3	4.3	3.2	6.6
Nevada	1.6	7.6	10.8	12.3	22.0	4.2	3.5	.5
New Hampshire	2.2	7.0	9.6	21.7	7.3	4.2	3.6	.9
New Jersey	3.2	8.4	12.6	20.6	7.4	4.7	4.6	.4
New Mexico	1.9	5.6	10.8	23.2	9.7	5.1	6.4	2.5
New York	3.4	8.5	11.3	23.0	7.9	4.8	5.2	.7
North Carolina	2.2	6.9	8.7	18.3	7.0	5.8	3.5	2.3
North Dakota	1.9	6.1	6.2	24.4	7.6	4.8	4.7	9.3
Ohio	2.0	6.6	8.6	20.8	9.4	4.2	3.3	1.1
Oklahoma	3.0	7.4	8.0	20.4	8.3	5.5	5.4	2.9
Oregon	1.8	6.8	10.0	19.6	8.4	4.6	4.1	3.4
Pennsylvania	2.1	6.4	9.1	22.3	7.1	5.0	3.9	1.8
Rhode Island	1.7	7.3	9.6	24.3	8.7	4.4	4.5	.7
South Carolina	1.9	7.4	8.7	17.7	9.2	4.5	3.4	1.2
South Dakota	1.7	7.7	5.0	23.9	8.6	4.1	3.2	7.6
Tennessee	1.6	6.5	7.5	20.6	8.5	4.5	3.5	1.5
Texas	2.6	6.9	10.3	18.6	7.8	5.3	4.1	2.5
Utah	2.4	6.5	10.4	20.6	8.2	4.4	5.0	1.3
Vermont	2.1	4.7	8.2	25.9	8.7	4.4	4.4	2.6
Virginia	3.5	7.0	13.5	18.1	7.3	5.7	7.6	1.4
Washington	2.6	6.3	10.2	19.7	8.1	4.5	5.3	3.3
West Virginia	1.8	4.4	6.9	23.2	9.3	4.8	6.0	1.1
Wisconsin	1.7	6.2	7.3	20.4	8.3	4.1	3.1	2.6
Wyoming	1.6	4.3	6.7	19.7	8.8	5.3	5.5	6.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Total employed		Mining	Construc-tion	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
	Number (in thousands)	Percent			Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Black or African American									
Alabama	449	100.0	.4	3.6	18.6	10.5	8.1	14.7	6.0
Alaska	9	100.0	.3	4.2	.5	.3	.2	18.5	10.9
Arizona	83	100.0	(¹)	1.3	7.8	4.6	3.2	13.1	9.7
Arkansas	167	100.0	.3	2.7	17.8	6.7	11.1	11.4	6.6
California	953	100.0	(¹)	4.2	8.0	5.1	2.9	12.2	6.9
Colorado	77	100.0	.8	3.1	7.7	4.2	3.5	20.9	12.6
Connecticut	149	100.0	(¹)	4.6	9.6	7.0	2.6	15.8	5.2
Delaware	71	100.0	(¹)	3.2	12.3	5.5	6.8	11.9	8.2
District of Columbia	128	100.0	(¹)	4.2	1.5	.3	1.2	8.7	7.4
Florida	1,137	100.0	(¹)	7.4	4.8	2.1	2.7	15.3	6.3
Georgia	1,087	100.0	.4	6.0	9.6	3.4	6.2	14.0	7.9
Hawaii	10	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	14.7	(¹)
Idaho	3	100.0	(¹)	9.8	41.3	41.3	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Illinois	718	100.0	(¹)	2.6	9.7	4.6	5.2	11.2	9.5
Indiana	209	100.0	(¹)	2.7	16.9	13.6	3.3	11.6	6.3
Iowa	22	100.0	(¹)	8.3	15.3	2.9	12.5	3.1	(¹)
Kansas	59	100.0	(¹)	9.1	13.2	7.7	5.6	11.1	3.1
Kentucky	131	100.0	.4	2.2	15.5	8.1	7.3	14.7	5.2
Louisiana	533	100.0	.9	6.2	9.5	3.5	6.0	13.1	6.5
Maine	3	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	28.9	10.4	18.4	(¹)	(¹)
Maryland	725	100.0	(¹)	4.6	4.9	2.1	2.8	13.7	6.1
Massachusetts	181	100.0	(¹)	4.2	5.7	3.8	1.9	12.6	7.7
Michigan	523	100.0	(¹)	2.6	19.6	17.7	1.9	11.6	5.7
Minnesota	82	100.0	(¹)	1.8	10.5	7.1	3.4	16.3	4.1
Mississippi	396	100.0	.6	5.6	23.8	15.0	8.8	10.2	4.3
Missouri	282	100.0	(¹)	4.6	10.4	4.7	5.8	14.3	5.4
Nebraska	29	100.0	(¹)	6.0	10.6	1.8	8.9	11.2	8.1
Nevada	68	100.0	(¹)	2.5	1.5	.5	1.0	16.0	5.9
New Hampshire	7	100.0	(¹)	9.7	9.9	6.3	3.6	16.4	2.9
New Jersey	530	100.0	(¹)	3.0	8.8	4.8	4.0	16.2	9.5
New Mexico	17	100.0	2.0	1.4	3.4	.7	2.7	15.9	10.0
New York	1,330	100.0	(¹)	4.4	3.5	1.7	1.8	11.5	9.1
North Carolina	749	100.0	(¹)	3.2	13.7	5.7	8.0	13.6	6.4
North Dakota	3	100.0	(¹)	6.9	16.2	5.4	10.8	10.2	(¹)
Ohio	521	100.0	(¹)	2.1	13.7	10.0	3.7	10.8	6.5
Oklahoma	116	100.0	.5	2.7	7.1	5.5	1.6	15.1	4.0
Oregon	28	100.0	(¹)	4.5	13.1	11.9	1.2	20.7	8.3
Pennsylvania	476	100.0	(¹)	3.3	8.9	3.9	5.1	10.1	7.6
Rhode Island	29	100.0	(¹)	3.3	12.6	7.6	5.1	10.7	1.5
South Carolina	514	100.0	.2	5.0	22.3	11.1	11.2	13.2	5.5
South Dakota	3	100.0	(¹)	7.0	41.3	13.0	28.3	13.1	(¹)
Tennessee	411	100.0	(¹)	2.9	10.9	6.8	4.1	13.2	10.4
Texas	1,034	100.0	.8	3.5	11.1	5.5	5.5	14.2	8.5
Utah	10	100.0	3.3	1.1	21.8	16.4	5.4	12.4	(¹)
Vermont	2	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	19.7	10.3	9.3	16.8	6.2
Virginia	629	100.0	(¹)	5.0	11.7	6.0	5.7	14.8	8.7
Washington	90	100.0	(¹)	1.2	8.8	4.0	4.8	16.7	5.2
West Virginia	17	100.0	1.2	3.0	7.3	2.8	4.5	18.7	4.2
Wisconsin	110	100.0	(¹)	1.5	9.0	3.6	5.3	14.3	10.0
Wyoming	2	100.0	5.8	7.5	4.5	(¹)	4.5	23.9	(¹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
Black or African American								
Alabama	1.6	3.9	4.3	24.4	9.8	5.4	6.2	1.1
Alaska	2.7	7.5	6.0	23.6	7.6	7.0	11.2	(¹)
Arizona	3.4	7.6	14.8	21.9	4.8	.7	14.8	(¹)
Arkansas	1.7	3.0	5.0	29.3	9.5	4.1	6.8	1.9
California	4.1	8.9	11.1	25.2	6.5	4.8	7.9	.1
Colorado	5.8	6.7	9.3	14.2	8.7	2.9	7.1	.1
Connecticut	3.4	8.1	7.5	27.0	6.2	5.1	7.6	(¹)
Delaware	1.9	15.6	7.3	22.6	6.0	4.7	6.2	.1
District of Columbia	3.4	6.6	14.7	21.1	9.8	7.3	15.3	.1
Florida	2.3	6.9	9.2	25.9	11.0	4.1	6.4	.3
Georgia	3.2	6.3	8.8	21.1	10.6	6.9	5.0	.4
Hawaii .....	.8	12.0	10.4	18.8	11.3	2.0	30.1	(¹)
Idaho	(¹)	1.7	5.3	17.7	(¹)	20.7	(¹)	3.5
Illinois	3.7	7.2	9.7	26.8	8.3	5.8	5.5	.1
Indiana	3.0	4.8	8.0	27.6	8.2	5.1	5.6	.1
Iowa	2.7	5.1	18.4	23.3	14.0	3.1	6.8	(¹)
Kansas	4.1	5.5	6.6	24.2	9.4	4.7	8.5	.7
Kentucky	2.6	4.7	9.3	25.1	10.5	4.1	5.6	(¹)
Louisiana	1.2	4.2	5.9	27.8	13.3	4.3	5.9	1.1
Maine	4.0	(¹)	5.7	11.9	22.5	16.8	10.2	(¹)
Maryland	2.9	4.7	10.8	25.6	5.3	5.2	16.0	.2
Massachusetts	1.2	7.4	7.3	37.2	7.6	3.3	5.8	(¹)
Michigan	1.5	5.9	7.3	27.9	8.0	4.2	5.4	.3
Minnesota	2.9	9.7	10.5	30.9	4.8	3.8	4.5	(¹)
Mississippi .....	.8	1.6	4.7	27.6	8.0	5.6	6.2	1.1
Missouri	3.4	8.6	6.9	26.8	8.1	4.8	6.8	(¹)
Nebraska	2.2	5.2	10.2	25.4	10.7	4.4	6.1	(¹)
Nevada	4.0	5.5	9.1	13.7	31.4	5.7	4.7	(¹)
New Hampshire	(¹)	7.6	10.0	12.1	14.1	14.4	2.8	(¹)
New Jersey	2.8	8.8	9.0	27.3	6.2	3.2	5.0	(¹)
New Mexico	3.6	8.9	6.7	29.1	6.1	6.0	5.6	1.2
New York	2.6	8.2	9.2	33.6	5.1	6.8	6.0	(¹)
North Carolina	2.0	6.6	7.7	28.6	8.2	4.3	4.8	.9
North Dakota	9.5	7.5	(¹)	41.5	2.6	.9	4.8	(¹)
Ohio	1.8	6.8	8.6	29.5	10.5	4.4	5.2	(¹)
Oklahoma	3.1	6.3	6.9	28.9	9.9	6.5	8.8	.1
Oregon	3.0	6.5	7.9	18.5	5.5	3.5	2.6	5.8
Pennsylvania	2.9	8.4	8.5	30.1	7.9	4.8	7.5	(¹)
Rhode Island	1.9	11.1	8.3	29.4	9.4	6.1	5.7	(¹)
South Carolina	1.2	4.6	4.4	20.8	9.3	3.7	8.3	1.4
South Dakota	(¹)	(¹)	.6	13.0	19.1	2.2	2.8	.9
Tennessee	2.2	7.2	7.1	23.1	8.5	5.0	9.2	.1
Texas	2.3	7.0	8.2	27.2	7.9	3.4	5.7	.4
Utah	3.8	8.2	11.1	14.8	3.6	4.2	15.6	(¹)
Vermont	4.0	(¹)	1.2	37.2	5.4	(¹)	9.7	(¹)
Virginia	2.0	5.4	7.8	23.3	8.0	4.5	8.5	.1
Washington	6.0	5.7	3.8	26.7	6.3	10.0	8.9	.6
West Virginia	1.0	4.5	7.4	27.4	15.9	.3	9.2	(¹)
Wisconsin .....	.2	4.0	5.2	34.3	11.5	2.9	7.1	(¹)
Wyoming	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	45.2	10.3	(¹)	2.8	(¹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Total employed		Mining	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
	Number (in thousands)	Percent			Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Asian									
Alabama	24	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	16.7	11.8	4.9	2.6	3.4
Alaska	20	100.0	.5	3.3	13.3	.6	12.8	16.6	13.5
Arizona	56	100.0	(¹)	.4	11.7	11.0	.7	7.9	6.5
Arkansas	16	100.0	(¹)	2.6	26.7	14.9	11.8	10.2	3.7
California	2,071	100.0	(¹)	2.3	13.7	10.0	3.8	16.4	4.6
Colorado	51	100.0	(¹)	1.5	22.5	10.9	11.6	8.7	2.9
Connecticut	42	100.0	(¹)	1.6	15.8	8.5	7.3	14.3	3.4
Delaware	11	100.0	(¹)	.8	16.6	5.5	11.1	12.7	2.1
District of Columbia	8	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	.5	.5	(¹)	4.3	2.4
Florida	177	100.0	(¹)	3.1	8.6	5.1	3.5	17.3	.9
Georgia	113	100.0	(¹)	.7	16.7	6.6	10.1	21.8	.4
Hawaii	290	100.0	(¹)	5.9	3.4	1.0	2.4	16.4	5.5
Idaho	6	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	21.0	21.0	(¹)	13.7	4.9
Illinois	214	100.0	(¹)	1.5	14.7	10.9	3.9	18.9	5.0
Indiana	38	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	11.5	8.6	2.9	8.4	2.2
Iowa	30	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	21.3	9.5	11.8	7.4	(¹)
Kansas	38	100.0	(¹)	1.4	14.6	8.8	5.8	10.7	2.8
Kentucky	26	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	20.0	14.3	5.6	11.7	1.0
Louisiana	14	100.0	1.5	9.2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	32.7	6.8
Maine	8	100.0	(¹)	1.6	15.9	2.7	13.3	21.3	(¹)
Maryland	120	100.0	(¹)	3.0	6.4	4.7	1.7	17.4	2.1
Massachusetts	119	100.0	(¹)	1.4	22.1	15.5	6.7	10.0	2.3
Michigan	114	100.0	(¹)	.7	33.6	28.0	5.6	6.6	1.5
Minnesota	117	100.0	(¹)	.2	25.0	17.2	7.8	14.3	.4
Mississippi	10	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	10.5	10.5	(¹)	17.4	(¹)
Missouri	36	100.0	(¹)	1.9	19.5	6.6	12.9	10.9	(¹)
Nebraska	17	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	13.1	7.1	6.0	18.3	4.3
Nevada	67	100.0	(¹)	4.1	4.1	3.6	.6	14.0	2.2
New Hampshire	11	100.0	(¹)	.5	35.9	35.9	(¹)	10.6	(¹)
New Jersey	257	100.0	.1	1.4	13.3	6.0	7.3	16.7	6.5
New Mexico	13	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	6.7	1.9	4.8	14.7	3.4
New York	597	100.0	(¹)	3.8	8.2	3.7	4.6	15.4	6.9
North Carolina	82	100.0	(¹)	2.1	27.9	20.5	7.4	13.5	2.1
North Dakota	1	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	4.3	4.3	(¹)	10.0	(¹)
Ohio	90	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	17.6	9.5	8.1	6.4	1.1
Oklahoma	31	100.0	.8	(¹)	13.1	7.3	5.8	10.2	2.9
Oregon	60	100.0	(¹)	2.5	26.6	23.2	3.4	13.7	1.7
Pennsylvania	110	100.0	(¹)	3.1	18.1	9.2	8.9	10.3	1.5
Rhode Island	14	100.0	(¹)	1.7	27.5	19.6	7.8	16.2	(¹)
South Carolina	15	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	36.4	22.6	13.9	3.4	4.2
South Dakota	3	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	30.9	4.0	26.9	15.3	1.2
Tennessee	40	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	12.8	4.4	8.5	18.2	.6
Texas	342	100.0	1.0	1.0	13.4	10.4	3.0	9.9	3.0
Utah	17	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	24.0	17.9	6.0	12.3	3.9
Vermont	2	100.0	4.0	1.1	21.2	16.8	4.4	13.4	(¹)
Virginia	184	100.0	(¹)	4.1	5.0	2.3	2.7	10.5	4.3
Washington	195	100.0	(¹)	2.0	22.9	17.1	5.8	16.2	1.6
West Virginia	3	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	11.1	(¹)
Wisconsin	50	100.0	(¹)	.9	20.3	9.6	10.7	13.2	(¹)
Wyoming	1	100.0	6.5	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	25.7	(¹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
Asian								
Alabama	(¹)	3.8	10.5	27.7	31.5	3.9	(¹)	(¹)
Alaska	(¹)	5.8	5.9	10.2	18.4	4.6	7.5	.3
Arizona	9.0	8.9	12.0	25.0	10.1	5.3	3.3	(¹)
Arkansas	(¹)	(¹)	5.2	14.2	19.3	5.9	2.7	9.7
California	2.4	8.2	12.7	20.2	9.5	5.4	4.2	.3
Colorado	1.5	11.0	7.5	14.2	15.2	8.4	6.6	(¹)
Connecticut	1.3	8.1	14.5	26.1	7.1	4.5	3.2	(¹)
Delaware .....	.7	20.2	13.6	16.1	11.6	5.2	.3	(¹)
District of Columbia	10.0	5.5	25.0	10.6	20.0	13.4	8.4	(¹)
Florida .....	.2	6.4	7.4	25.8	12.3	13.2	3.8	1.0
Georgia	2.4	2.0	18.0	11.1	14.5	12.3	(¹)	(¹)
Hawaii	1.7	6.7	8.5	19.1	17.0	4.6	8.5	2.7
Idaho	(¹)	(¹)	2.6	17.0	23.1	15.3	2.3	(¹)
Illinois	3.1	7.6	11.8	26.0	6.7	1.9	2.7	.1
Indiana	(¹)	4.9	4.9	44.0	16.5	1.7	3.5	2.2
Iowa .....	.9	6.4	15.9	25.4	15.2	6.0	1.6	(¹)
Kansas	2.3	7.6	7.6	33.4	13.3	3.7	2.7	(¹)
Kentucky	2.8	7.2	10.4	21.7	10.5	8.8	3.4	2.6
Louisiana	(¹)	(¹)	5.2	31.9	10.6	(¹)	2.1	(¹)
Maine	2.4	22.2	3.9	17.5	7.8	7.3	(¹)	(¹)
Maryland	1.2	5.0	14.6	24.3	5.5	10.3	10.2	(¹)
Massachusetts	4.2	7.9	17.8	21.7	4.1	6.9	1.6	(¹)
Michigan	2.5	3.9	11.1	28.1	7.4	3.4	1.2	(¹)
Minnesota	2.3	7.0	10.8	21.7	12.6	5.5	(¹)	(¹)
Mississippi	5.0	8.1	(¹)	18.6	24.2	6.1	7.6	2.5
Missouri	3.2	(¹)	12.0	39.5	7.0	6.0	(¹)	(¹)
Nebraska	2.9	8.4	8.8	21.8	13.7	6.6	2.1	(¹)
Nevada	1.9	5.3	9.1	19.0	35.7	3.0	1.5	(¹)
New Hampshire	1.2	9.1	14.6	7.2	14.8	1.1	5.0	(¹)
New Jersey	4.9	11.3	14.0	18.8	6.7	4.9	1.4	(¹)
New Mexico	(¹)	(¹)	15.6	25.9	17.6	11.9	4.2	(¹)
New York	2.5	7.3	10.9	20.5	14.9	7.0	2.6	(¹)
North Carolina .....	.3	7.3	10.1	8.5	12.2	10.3	4.7	1.0
North Dakota	4.0	(¹)	10.1	35.8	17.9	5.0	12.8	(¹)
Ohio	2.6	4.6	12.1	27.1	22.0	1.8	4.7	(¹)
Oklahoma	(¹)	.7	7.4	19.7	15.8	25.5	3.3	.6
Oregon	2.3	3.7	8.5	16.6	15.8	6.8	1.8	(¹)
Pennsylvania	1.3	6.5	13.2	17.8	15.4	8.7	4.0	(¹)
Rhode Island	1.0	4.9	4.6	10.5	27.7	5.7	.3	(¹)
South Carolina	(¹)	(¹)	11.3	19.8	4.4	20.4	(¹)	(¹)
South Dakota .....	.8	8.8	(¹)	31.5	8.1	(¹)	3.3	(¹)
Tennessee	6.3	4.5	16.0	35.6	3.3	2.7	(¹)	(¹)
Texas	3.6	6.0	13.9	24.0	11.6	9.6	2.0	1.0
Utah	(¹)	12.3	10.0	13.1	15.0	3.0	6.5	(¹)
Vermont	(¹)	1.8	6.6	23.9	19.1	3.9	5.0	(¹)
Virginia	5.1	7.3	19.6	14.2	13.6	12.1	4.3	(¹)
Washington	3.0	6.5	9.4	16.8	13.1	4.5	3.8	.1
West Virginia	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	72.7	8.3	7.9	(¹)	(¹)
Wisconsin	3.4	4.0	10.5	24.5	17.8	3.7	1.3	.4
Wyoming	(¹)	20.1	(¹)	9.1	20.7	17.9	(¹)	(¹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Total employed		Mining	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
	Number (in thousands)	Percent			Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity									
Alabama	48	100.0	2.0	19.6	35.2	23.1	12.1	5.2	2.0
Alaska	15	100.0	.4	11.8	1.3	(¹)	1.3	16.7	4.8
Arizona	752	100.0	.3	15.9	8.8	6.5	2.3	16.5	3.9
Arkansas	49	100.0	(¹)	26.4	37.0	8.4	28.6	5.2	1.7
California	5,012	100.0	(¹)	11.6	13.5	7.4	6.2	15.6	5.2
Colorado	415	100.0	.3	15.6	8.9	4.3	4.6	12.9	4.7
Connecticut	146	100.0	(¹)	6.6	16.1	10.4	5.7	15.3	4.3
Delaware	25	100.0	(¹)	10.3	22.2	5.8	16.4	10.1	1.4
District of Columbia	26	100.0	(¹)	16.4	1.1	(¹)	1.1	6.7	.8
Florida	1,572	100.0	.1	11.9	7.6	4.4	3.1	16.8	5.6
Georgia	285	100.0	(¹)	32.8	23.0	5.7	17.3	6.1	1.6
Hawaii	35	100.0	(¹)	9.6	3.3	1.8	1.5	15.2	5.6
Idaho	51	100.0	(¹)	8.3	15.3	4.7	10.6	12.5	3.2
Illinois	704	100.0	.1	9.8	20.9	12.0	8.9	12.5	4.6
Indiana	114	100.0	(¹)	10.6	31.8	21.6	10.2	16.5	6.4
Iowa	59	100.0	(¹)	9.8	42.3	2.9	39.4	8.6	3.4
Kansas	80	100.0	(¹)	11.8	17.7	9.6	8.1	11.2	5.3
Kentucky	30	100.0	(¹)	17.3	15.8	5.9	9.9	7.3	(¹)
Louisiana	46	100.0	2.8	14.4	18.1	11.6	6.4	6.1	2.7
Maine	5	100.0	(¹)	.8	27.5	4.6	23.0	19.5	2.4
Maryland	222	100.0	(¹)	24.5	4.0	2.5	1.5	8.5	3.5
Massachusetts	214	100.0	(¹)	4.4	14.8	6.5	8.4	11.7	3.5
Michigan	140	100.0	(¹)	8.8	25.6	15.9	9.7	12.0	4.3
Minnesota	76	100.0	(¹)	10.0	18.8	10.9	7.9	12.4	1.8
Mississippi	25	100.0	(¹)	24.0	30.1	15.8	14.3	6.8	1.0
Missouri	90	100.0	(¹)	20.6	14.6	10.5	4.0	10.6	5.3
Montana	10	100.0	2.3	11.9	3.1	(¹)	3.1	17.2	5.9
Nebraska	58	100.0	(¹)	12.6	31.7	2.3	29.5	11.2	1.6
Nevada	211	100.0	1.0	18.3	5.4	4.0	1.5	13.3	2.5
New Hampshire	13	100.0	(¹)	3.0	22.9	15.6	7.3	16.9	1.8
New Jersey	592	100.0	(¹)	6.7	15.3	7.2	8.1	16.8	6.8
New Mexico	341	100.0	1.4	11.2	4.9	3.1	1.8	13.0	5.6
New York	1,249	100.0	.1	8.2	10.2	4.8	5.4	14.0	5.9
North Carolina	303	100.0	(¹)	28.1	19.7	6.3	13.4	8.3	2.6
North Dakota	4	100.0	(¹)	14.1	11.1	10.5	.6	6.4	2.1
Ohio	147	100.0	(¹)	12.1	20.6	11.4	9.3	11.3	3.3
Oklahoma	67	100.0	2.8	19.4	14.8	6.8	7.9	13.7	2.2
Oregon	158	100.0	(¹)	9.0	18.3	6.7	11.6	14.2	2.5
Pennsylvania	199	100.0	(¹)	5.7	19.8	9.9	9.8	13.0	3.6
Rhode Island	44	100.0	(¹)	6.0	26.4	17.1	9.3	13.7	2.0
South Carolina	44	100.0	(¹)	21.9	17.3	6.2	11.1	13.9	5.4
South Dakota	6	100.0	(¹)	4.0	36.0	11.5	24.5	6.7	(¹)
Tennessee	80	100.0	(¹)	28.3	24.4	7.0	17.4	5.2	4.8
Texas	3,474	100.0	1.2	14.2	11.4	5.9	5.5	15.1	5.3
Utah	100	100.0	.3	15.5	22.5	9.1	13.4	10.5	5.5
Vermont	3	100.0	(¹)	9.0	3.3	3.3	(¹)	20.1	3.4
Virginia	213	100.0	.7	21.5	5.3	3.8	1.5	8.2	2.4
Washington	201	100.0	(¹)	7.6	8.3	5.1	3.2	12.0	2.3
West Virginia	9	100.0	(¹)	2.9	48.5	48.5	(¹)	5.5	8.4
Wisconsin	134	100.0	(¹)	8.1	28.3	13.4	14.8	11.1	3.0
Wyoming	17	100.0	4.2	15.1	6.4	3.1	3.2	12.4	5.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity								
Alabama	(¹)	1.6	11.8	10.8	2.1	2.4	1.7	5.5
Alaska	2.3	1.6	6.8	19.7	19.8	8.0	5.9	.9
Arizona	1.3	3.9	9.9	14.1	13.6	5.2	5.2	1.5
Arkansas	(¹)	1.2	3.1	4.2	11.0	3.6	2.3	4.3
California	2.0	5.3	10.2	14.3	9.9	6.4	2.5	3.5
Colorado	3.1	4.8	9.3	14.7	14.9	4.5	3.9	2.3
Connecticut .....	.7	7.2	8.6	19.0	11.4	5.1	5.8	.1
Delaware .....	.7	7.7	7.2	14.2	15.6	3.2	3.8	3.7
District of Columbia	1.9	8.3	18.4	10.8	17.8	9.0	8.6	.2
Florida	1.8	7.2	13.1	14.1	11.3	6.1	3.2	1.3
Georgia	2.4	2.4	9.1	6.7	10.1	3.6	1.4	.8
Hawaii	1.4	6.6	7.5	15.6	22.2	3.8	7.7	1.4
Idaho	2.1	5.1	7.8	8.4	10.0	3.5	.8	23.0
Illinois	1.3	6.0	12.6	9.6	14.2	5.7	2.6	.1
Indiana	1.5	1.2	3.8	8.5	9.9	1.9	4.9	2.8
Iowa .....	.7	3.0	5.5	10.1	7.8	4.6	.6	3.6
Kansas	2.6	6.2	9.3	7.8	16.4	4.6	5.2	2.0
Kentucky	(¹)	3.5	4.9	16.5	27.7	(¹)	2.0	4.8
Louisiana	(¹)	3.0	5.4	8.0	25.7	6.0	(¹)	7.8
Maine	(¹)	7.8	7.8	20.1	7.1	4.1	2.9	(¹)
Maryland .....	.6	2.9	22.0	8.1	15.4	7.3	3.0	.2
Massachusetts	1.4	5.0	13.9	24.4	13.2	4.8	2.8	(¹)
Michigan	2.5	2.6	8.4	18.1	11.9	3.0	1.7	1.1
Minnesota	2.2	4.5	10.9	11.0	19.9	4.9	1.0	2.6
Mississippi	(¹)	1.9	13.3	2.0	9.0	1.3	.6	10.0
Missouri .....	.4	3.9	7.8	10.9	20.2	3.1	1.6	1.0
Montana	4.8	4.3	6.8	11.4	24.2	2.5	2.0	3.6
Nebraska .....	.5	2.5	9.3	12.0	10.0	3.1	1.8	3.8
Nevada	1.2	2.6	7.9	7.5	33.6	5.2	1.0	.6
New Hampshire	3.1	6.4	7.5	14.7	14.9	6.1	2.6	(¹)
New Jersey	2.2	5.0	11.8	14.6	11.2	6.9	2.2	.4
New Mexico	1.9	4.5	8.3	23.7	11.6	4.4	7.1	2.2
New York	1.6	6.9	10.2	20.6	11.7	7.4	3.0	.2
North Carolina .....	.6	1.6	10.9	5.3	9.5	4.9	.4	8.0
North Dakota	1.8	2.7	9.1	12.7	11.4	9.1	12.3	7.1
Ohio	1.0	2.2	12.8	14.3	15.7	5.0	1.5	.2
Oklahoma	(¹)	2.3	11.5	8.2	10.3	8.0	3.3	3.5
Oregon	1.4	3.4	10.6	9.8	13.9	2.7	2.8	11.5
Pennsylvania	1.9	6.2	7.5	18.7	8.8	4.5	2.2	8.2
Rhode Island .....	.2	5.6	10.4	18.1	9.3	4.5	1.3	2.5
South Carolina	(¹)	(¹)	14.1	7.4	5.2	4.3	2.2	8.3
South Dakota .....	.5	8.3	(¹)	24.7	10.7	2.8	2.7	3.5
Tennessee	1.8	6.8	10.2	5.0	7.9	3.0	.4	2.4
Texas	1.9	4.9	8.3	16.6	10.3	5.7	3.3	1.7
Utah	1.0	2.5	9.5	10.9	14.8	2.5	3.4	1.1
Vermont	(¹)	(¹)	6.7	43.6	7.0	1.2	3.4	2.2
Virginia	3.4	6.0	15.3	9.1	15.4	8.0	4.2	.5
Washington	1.7	4.4	14.7	14.8	11.2	2.8	3.8	16.4
West Virginia	(¹)	12.5	5.6	6.6	4.3	(¹)	5.6	(¹)
Wisconsin	1.9	2.9	10.0	14.6	14.8	3.7	.2	1.4
Wyoming	1.0	2.1	7.7	19.6	12.2	7.0	4.6	2.4

¹ Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Totals for summary groups published include other industries not shown separately. Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American,

and Asian) do not sum to totals because data for other race groups are not shown. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race.

Table 21. States: employed persons by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2004 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Agricultural industries			Nonagricultural industries							
		Total	Wage and salary	Self-employed	Total	Wage and salary workers						Self-employed
						Total	Private		Government			
							Total	Private household	Total	Federal	State and local	
TOTAL												
Alabama	2,053	28	19	9	2,024	1,898	1,601	11	296	65	231	126
Alaska	306	9	4	4	297	269	193	1	76	16	59	28
Arizona	2,637	19	16	2	2,619	2,440	2,055	12	385	58	328	176
Arkansas	1,231	47	27	19	1,184	1,087	907	4	180	24	156	96
California	16,466	269	220	49	16,197	14,621	12,308	145	2,313	319	1,994	1,556
Colorado	2,389	31	21	10	2,358	2,163	1,808	12	354	67	287	192
Connecticut	1,702	7	4	3	1,695	1,593	1,367	10	225	26	200	102
Delaware	409	4	3	1	405	386	332	1	55	10	44	19
District of Columbia	275	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	274	260	191	2	70	49	21	14
Florida	8,021	62	46	16	7,959	7,499	6,437	51	1,062	172	890	457
Georgia	4,194	38	28	10	4,155	3,879	3,323	19	556	77	479	275
Hawaii	591	13	7	6	578	539	423	1	116	34	82	38
Idaho	669	40	26	13	629	566	465	4	101	11	90	63
Illinois	5,997	52	15	36	5,945	5,623	4,908	30	715	99	617	320
Indiana	2,993	47	25	22	2,947	2,790	2,446	3	344	33	310	157
Iowa	1,545	65	28	36	1,481	1,384	1,158	6	226	23	203	96
Kansas	1,398	54	21	31	1,344	1,256	1,005	9	251	38	213	87
Kentucky	1,874	48	19	26	1,827	1,720	1,426	5	294	46	247	106
Louisiana	1,934	31	21	11	1,902	1,760	1,457	20	303	40	263	141
Maine	664	14	7	7	650	588	494	4	93	16	77	62
Maryland	2,762	11	6	5	2,750	2,595	2,006	17	589	253	336	155
Massachusetts	3,226	9	7	2	3,217	2,976	2,600	11	376	68	308	241
Michigan	4,758	55	30	24	4,702	4,440	3,809	22	631	67	564	260
Minnesota	2,800	72	22	49	2,728	2,553	2,182	11	371	45	326	174
Mississippi	1,252	36	24	12	1,217	1,131	898	5	234	32	202	84
Missouri	2,844	53	13	40	2,791	2,615	2,242	16	373	57	316	176
Montana	462	33	20	13	428	375	298	1	77	14	63	53
Nebraska	953	60	24	35	893	837	691	3	146	25	121	56
Nevada	1,125	5	4	1	1,120	1,055	940	4	116	17	99	64
New Hampshire	698	6	3	3	691	640	556	2	84	13	71	51
New Jersey	4,178	13	10	3	4,165	3,955	3,337	26	618	79	539	208
New Mexico	860	20	10	11	840	771	572	5	199	57	142	68
New York	8,823	49	23	25	8,773	8,172	6,716	74	1,456	159	1,296	599
North Carolina	4,016	82	53	29	3,933	3,686	3,131	19	555	63	492	245
North Dakota	347	31	9	21	316	294	230	1	65	11	53	21
Ohio	5,514	53	17	33	5,460	5,161	4,477	24	684	93	591	296
Oklahoma	1,630	42	18	24	1,587	1,468	1,213	6	255	52	203	118
Oregon	1,710	58	39	18	1,652	1,491	1,265	8	226	29	197	159
Pennsylvania	5,911	98	48	44	5,813	5,434	4,712	20	722	128	595	372
Rhode Island	532	3	2	1	529	498	429	2	68	11	57	31
South Carolina	1,935	24	17	7	1,910	1,806	1,491	11	314	38	276	105
South Dakota	416	31	8	22	385	358	292	1	66	17	50	27
Tennessee	2,747	34	13	21	2,713	2,502	2,127	11	375	73	302	209
Texas	10,332	221	115	105	10,110	9,282	7,788	74	1,494	210	1,284	815
Utah	1,142	15	9	5	1,128	1,048	870	5	178	37	141	78
Vermont	340	9	5	3	331	300	254	2	46	8	38	31
Virginia	3,619	39	22	17	3,579	3,377	2,724	20	652	236	416	201
Washington	3,037	94	70	24	2,943	2,708	2,242	14	466	61	405	233
West Virginia	753	8	4	4	744	707	569	5	138	28	110	37
Wisconsin	2,917	73	32	41	2,843	2,681	2,340	6	340	29	312	161
Wyoming	271	18	8	9	253	230	178	1	52	7	44	23

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 21. States: employed persons by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Agricultural industries			Nonagricultural industries							
		Total	Wage and salary	Self-employed	Total	Wage and salary workers						Self-employed
						Total	Private		Government			
							Total	Private household	Total	Federal	State and local	
Men												
Alabama	1,096	24	16	7	1,072	996	868	(1)	128	41	87	75
Alaska	165	7	3	3	158	142	104	(1)	38	11	27	16
Arizona	1,458	14	12	2	1,444	1,343	1,171	2	172	34	138	101
Arkansas	668	39	23	16	630	563	495	(1)	69	12	57	66
California	9,076	200	167	32	8,876	7,883	6,907	19	976	188	788	987
Colorado	1,305	22	17	5	1,283	1,178	1,014	(1)	165	44	121	104
Connecticut	895	5	3	2	889	822	727	1	96	16	80	67
Delaware	212	3	2	1	208	196	173	(1)	23	5	17	12
District of Columbia	136	(1)	(1)	(1)	136	128	97	(1)	31	23	8	8
Florida	4,302	42	33	9	4,260	3,978	3,482	3	496	104	392	281
Georgia	2,280	26	17	9	2,254	2,077	1,881	1	196	31	166	175
Hawaii	304	9	5	4	295	275	221	(1)	55	21	34	20
Idaho	361	30	21	9	331	296	256	(1)	40	7	33	34
Illinois	3,203	39	11	28	3,164	2,976	2,658	1	318	50	268	188
Indiana	1,588	31	17	14	1,557	1,464	1,303	(1)	160	18	143	93
Iowa	809	54	23	30	756	706	613	(1)	93	12	81	49
Kansas	754	41	16	24	713	664	549	(1)	115	21	94	48
Kentucky	998	34	14	18	964	895	772	(1)	123	25	98	69
Louisiana	1,008	28	19	9	980	891	771	3	120	19	101	89
Maine	344	11	5	6	333	296	254	1	42	10	31	37
Maryland	1,431	7	4	3	1,424	1,341	1,066	(1)	275	128	147	83
Massachusetts	1,665	7	6	2	1,657	1,502	1,314	2	188	40	148	155
Michigan	2,516	44	25	18	2,472	2,325	2,076	2	249	24	224	147
Minnesota	1,470	52	16	35	1,418	1,323	1,179	(1)	144	23	120	95
Mississippi	659	27	18	9	631	580	485	(1)	94	15	79	52
Missouri	1,479	43	9	33	1,436	1,332	1,189	2	142	27	115	105
Montana	242	25	16	9	217	185	155	(1)	30	6	24	32
Nebraska	504	48	20	28	456	424	364	1	60	12	48	33
Nevada	629	3	2	(1)	627	588	535	1	53	10	43	38
New Hampshire	372	5	2	2	367	334	298	(1)	36	9	28	33
New Jersey	2,245	9	7	2	2,235	2,102	1,817	3	285	46	239	133
New Mexico	457	15	8	7	442	405	319	1	87	32	55	37
New York	4,671	39	18	21	4,632	4,251	3,598	4	653	89	563	380
North Carolina	2,154	63	44	19	2,091	1,919	1,705	1	214	36	178	171
North Dakota	181	26	8	17	155	143	116	(1)	28	6	22	12
Ohio	2,900	38	12	24	2,863	2,680	2,380	1	300	55	245	183
Oklahoma	874	30	15	14	844	770	656	1	114	32	82	73
Oregon	930	42	29	12	888	797	697	(1)	101	19	82	90
Pennsylvania	3,103	76	41	33	3,027	2,776	2,442	2	334	69	265	248
Rhode Island	272	2	2	1	269	250	218	(1)	32	8	24	19
South Carolina	1,004	20	14	5	984	922	804	(1)	119	20	99	62
South Dakota	216	24	7	17	192	177	148	(1)	29	10	20	15
Tennessee	1,452	27	12	14	1,425	1,289	1,118	(1)	171	43	127	134
Texas	5,718	163	88	75	5,555	5,010	4,407	5	603	125	479	541
Utah	633	11	6	4	622	578	501	(1)	77	21	56	44
Vermont	177	6	4	3	171	151	132	(1)	19	5	14	20
Virginia	1,901	31	19	12	1,870	1,743	1,450	1	292	144	148	127
Washington	1,637	74	58	17	1,563	1,425	1,214	1	211	35	176	137
West Virginia	401	6	3	2	395	370	304	1	66	17	49	25
Wisconsin	1,526	55	23	31	1,470	1,367	1,231	(1)	136	12	124	103
Wyoming	146	12	6	6	134	122	100	(1)	21	3	18	13

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 21. States: employed persons by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Agricultural industries			Nonagricultural industries								Self-employed
		Total	Wage and salary	Self-employed	Total	Wage and salary workers							
						Total	Private		Government				
							Total	Private household	Total	Federal	State and local		
Women													
Alabama	957	5	3	1	953	902	734	11	168	24	144	51	
Alaska	141	2	1	1	139	127	89	1	38	6	33	12	
Arizona	1,179	5	4	(¹)	1,175	1,097	884	10	213	23	190	75	
Arkansas	562	8	4	4	554	524	412	4	112	13	99	30	
California	7,390	69	52	17	7,321	6,738	5,401	126	1,337	131	1,206	569	
Colorado	1,084	9	4	5	1,075	984	795	12	190	23	167	88	
Connecticut	807	2	(¹)	1	806	770	640	10	130	10	120	35	
Delaware	198	1	(¹)	(¹)	197	190	158	(¹)	32	5	27	7	
District of Columbia	138	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	138	133	94	2	39	26	13	6	
Florida	3,719	20	13	8	3,699	3,521	2,954	48	566	68	498	176	
Georgia	1,914	12	11	1	1,901	1,801	1,441	18	360	47	313	100	
Hawaii	287	4	2	2	283	264	202	1	62	14	48	18	
Idaho	307	9	5	4	298	269	208	3	61	3	57	29	
Illinois	2,794	12	4	8	2,781	2,647	2,249	29	397	48	349	133	
Indiana	1,406	15	8	8	1,390	1,326	1,143	3	183	15	168	64	
Iowa	736	11	5	6	725	678	545	6	133	11	122	47	
Kansas	644	13	5	7	632	592	456	8	136	17	119	39	
Kentucky	876	14	5	8	863	826	655	5	171	21	149	37	
Louisiana	926	3	2	1	923	869	686	17	183	21	162	52	
Maine	320	3	2	1	317	292	241	4	51	6	46	25	
Maryland	1,331	4	2	2	1,327	1,254	940	16	314	125	189	72	
Massachusetts	1,562	2	1	1	1,560	1,474	1,286	10	188	28	160	85	
Michigan	2,241	12	5	6	2,230	2,115	1,733	20	382	43	339	113	
Minnesota	1,330	20	5	14	1,310	1,230	1,003	11	228	22	206	80	
Mississippi	593	8	5	3	585	552	412	5	139	16	123	32	
Missouri	1,365	10	3	6	1,355	1,284	1,053	14	230	30	200	71	
Montana	220	8	4	4	212	189	143	1	47	9	38	21	
Nebraska	449	12	4	7	437	413	327	3	86	13	73	23	
Nevada	496	2	2	(¹)	494	467	404	4	63	6	57	26	
New Hampshire	326	2	(¹)	1	324	306	258	2	48	4	44	18	
New Jersey	1,933	3	3	1	1,930	1,853	1,520	23	333	32	301	76	
New Mexico	403	5	2	4	397	365	253	4	112	25	87	31	
New York	4,151	10	5	4	4,141	3,921	3,118	70	803	70	733	219	
North Carolina	1,862	20	10	10	1,842	1,767	1,426	18	341	27	314	74	
North Dakota	166	5	1	4	161	151	114	1	37	5	32	10	
Ohio	2,613	16	5	9	2,597	2,481	2,097	23	384	37	347	113	
Oklahoma	756	12	2	10	744	698	557	5	141	20	121	45	
Oregon	780	16	10	6	764	693	568	8	125	10	115	69	
Pennsylvania	2,808	22	7	11	2,786	2,658	2,269	18	388	59	330	124	
Rhode Island	261	1	1	(¹)	260	248	211	1	36	4	33	12	
South Carolina	931	5	3	2	926	883	688	11	196	18	178	43	
South Dakota	200	7	1	5	193	180	143	1	37	7	30	12	
Tennessee	1,295	7	1	6	1,288	1,212	1,008	10	204	30	175	75	
Texas	4,614	58	27	31	4,556	4,272	3,381	69	890	85	805	274	
Utah	509	4	3	1	505	470	369	5	101	16	85	35	
Vermont	163	2	2	1	160	149	122	2	28	4	24	11	
Virginia	1,718	9	4	5	1,710	1,634	1,274	19	360	92	268	74	
Washington	1,400	20	12	7	1,381	1,283	1,028	13	256	26	229	96	
West Virginia	352	3	1	1	349	338	265	4	72	12	61	11	
Wisconsin	1,391	18	8	10	1,373	1,314	1,109	6	204	16	188	59	
Wyoming	125	6	2	4	119	108	78	1	30	4	26	10	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 21. States: employed persons by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Agricultural industries			Nonagricultural industries							
		Total	Wage and salary	Self-employed	Total	Wage and salary workers						Self-employed
						Total	Private		Government			
							Total	Private household	Total	Federal	State and local	
White												
Alabama	1,535	24	16	7	1,511	1,405	1,195	6	210	46	164	106
Alaska	233	8	4	4	225	202	147	1	55	12	43	23
Arizona	2,405	18	16	2	2,387	2,223	1,888	12	335	46	289	163
Arkansas	1,016	40	23	17	976	889	756	4	133	18	115	86
California	12,850	252	207	45	12,598	11,309	9,588	131	1,721	185	1,536	1,274
Colorado	2,202	31	20	10	2,171	1,991	1,667	12	324	55	268	179
Connecticut	1,490	7	4	3	1,483	1,388	1,196	9	193	20	173	95
Delaware	322	4	3	1	317	301	260	1	41	7	34	16
District of Columbia	135	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	135	126	96	1	30	25	5	8
Florida	6,591	56	40	16	6,535	6,137	5,337	41	800	129	670	396
Georgia	2,946	34	24	10	2,912	2,700	2,325	11	375	48	327	211
Hawaii	134	3	1	2	131	114	88	(¹)	26	8	18	17
Idaho	640	38	25	13	602	541	446	3	96	9	87	60
Illinois	5,011	51	14	36	4,960	4,677	4,109	24	568	72	496	281
Indiana	2,717	45	24	21	2,671	2,522	2,217	3	305	28	277	149
Iowa	1,474	64	28	35	1,410	1,318	1,104	6	214	21	192	92
Kansas	1,259	52	20	31	1,207	1,124	904	8	220	32	188	83
Kentucky	1,698	47	18	26	1,651	1,549	1,287	5	261	43	218	102
Louisiana	1,372	25	15	10	1,347	1,231	1,030	8	202	29	172	114
Maine	644	14	7	7	630	569	477	4	91	16	75	61
Maryland	1,871	10	5	5	1,861	1,737	1,394	10	343	137	206	124
Massachusetts	2,900	9	7	2	2,891	2,657	2,323	10	335	57	278	233
Michigan	4,041	53	28	24	3,988	3,749	3,232	18	517	46	471	238
Minnesota	2,566	71	20	49	2,496	2,328	1,983	11	345	44	301	167
Mississippi	827	30	20	11	796	731	596	3	135	20	114	65
Missouri	2,479	52	13	39	2,427	2,268	1,957	15	311	44	267	159
Montana	430	32	19	13	398	346	279	1	67	11	56	51
Nebraska	885	59	23	35	826	772	637	3	135	22	113	54
Nevada	948	5	4	1	943	888	789	3	99	11	88	54
New Hampshire	670	6	3	3	664	614	531	2	82	13	70	50
New Jersey	3,343	12	10	2	3,331	3,154	2,661	22	493	60	433	175
New Mexico	744	18	9	10	726	665	501	4	164	44	120	60
New York	6,774	48	23	24	6,726	6,246	5,142	48	1,104	109	995	479
North Carolina	3,089	71	45	26	3,018	2,814	2,418	17	397	39	358	203
North Dakota	330	31	9	21	299	279	220	1	58	10	49	20
Ohio	4,833	53	17	33	4,780	4,507	3,928	20	579	73	506	269
Oklahoma	1,302	38	16	22	1,264	1,162	962	5	201	41	159	101
Oregon	1,554	53	34	17	1,502	1,355	1,142	6	213	27	186	145
Pennsylvania	5,279	98	48	44	5,181	4,839	4,211	15	628	102	526	336
Rhode Island	481	3	2	1	478	449	385	1	64	11	53	28
South Carolina	1,387	17	10	7	1,370	1,286	1,087	7	198	21	177	84
South Dakota	391	30	8	22	361	335	278	1	57	12	45	26
Tennessee	2,263	33	13	21	2,230	2,043	1,766	6	277	51	226	183
Texas	8,728	214	109	104	8,514	7,757	6,540	67	1,217	154	1,063	745
Utah	1,088	15	9	5	1,073	996	825	5	171	35	136	76
Vermont	330	9	5	3	322	291	247	2	44	8	36	30
Virginia	2,764	39	21	17	2,726	2,557	2,070	11	487	168	319	168
Washington	2,589	85	62	23	2,504	2,302	1,915	10	386	45	341	200
West Virginia	723	8	4	4	715	679	548	5	131	26	106	36
Wisconsin	2,719	72	30	41	2,647	2,491	2,184	6	306	27	279	155
Wyoming	260	18	8	9	243	220	171	1	50	7	43	22

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 21. States: employed persons by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Agricultural industries			Nonagricultural industries								Self-employed
		Total	Wage and salary	Self-employed	Total	Wage and salary workers							
						Total	Private		Government				
							Total	Private household	Total	Federal	State and local		
Black or African American													
Alabama	449	5	3	2	444	429	350	4	78	17	62	15	
Alaska	9	(1)	(1)	(1)	9	8	6	(1)	3	1	2	1	
Arizona	83	(1)	(1)	(1)	83	81	57	(1)	24	7	17	1	
Arkansas	167	3	3	(1)	164	158	115	1	43	5	38	6	
California	953	1	1	(1)	952	900	690	4	210	51	159	52	
Colorado	77	(1)	(1)	(1)	77	75	61	(1)	14	6	7	3	
Connecticut	149	(1)	(1)	(1)	149	144	118	1	26	5	21	5	
Delaware	71	(1)	(1)	(1)	71	69	58	(1)	11	3	8	2	
District of Columbia	128	(1)	(1)	(1)	128	122	85	1	37	22	15	6	
Florida	1,137	3	3	(1)	1,134	1,095	872	7	223	31	192	38	
Georgia	1,087	4	4	(1)	1,083	1,026	853	6	173	27	146	57	
Hawaii	10	(1)	(1)	(1)	10	8	4	(1)	5	3	1	1	
Idaho	3	(1)	(1)	(1)	3	2	2	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	1	
Illinois	718	1	1	(1)	717	689	571	6	118	22	97	28	
Indiana	209	(1)	(1)	(1)	209	204	174	(1)	30	4	26	5	
Iowa	22	(1)	(1)	(1)	22	21	17	(1)	4	(1)	4	1	
Kansas	59	(1)	(1)	(1)	58	56	42	(1)	13	3	10	3	
Kentucky	131	(1)	(1)	(1)	131	128	102	(1)	26	2	24	3	
Louisiana	533	6	6	1	527	502	409	11	94	10	83	24	
Maine	3	(1)	(1)	(1)	3	3	3	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	
Maryland	725	1	1	(1)	724	700	488	4	212	96	116	24	
Massachusetts	181	(1)	(1)	(1)	181	178	147	(1)	31	7	24	3	
Michigan	523	1	1	(1)	521	504	418	3	87	16	71	16	
Minnesota	82	(1)	(1)	(1)	82	78	65	(1)	13	(1)	12	4	
Mississippi	396	4	3	1	391	372	280	2	92	11	82	19	
Missouri	282	(1)	(1)	(1)	282	272	216	2	55	13	42	10	
Nebraska	29	(1)	(1)	(1)	29	27	23	(1)	4	1	4	1	
Nevada	68	(1)	(1)	(1)	68	64	57	(1)	7	3	5	4	
New Hampshire	7	(1)	(1)	(1)	7	7	6	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	
New Jersey	530	(1)	(1)	(1)	530	516	417	3	99	13	86	13	
New Mexico	17	(1)	(1)	(1)	17	15	12	(1)	4	1	3	1	
New York	1,330	(1)	(1)	(1)	1,330	1,261	976	20	285	38	247	69	
North Carolina	749	7	6	1	742	715	577	1	138	19	119	27	
North Dakota	3	(1)	(1)	(1)	3	3	2	(1)	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	
Ohio	521	(1)	(1)	(1)	521	500	412	4	89	17	72	21	
Oklahoma	116	(1)	(1)	(1)	116	111	94	(1)	17	4	14	5	
Oregon	28	2	2	(1)	26	26	22	1	3	2	1	1	
Pennsylvania	476	(1)	(1)	(1)	476	456	372	5	84	25	59	20	
Rhode Island	29	(1)	(1)	(1)	29	28	24	(1)	4	(1)	4	1	
South Carolina	514	7	7	(1)	507	487	374	4	113	15	97	20	
South Dakota	3	(1)	(1)	(1)	3	3	3	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	
Tennessee	411	(1)	(1)	(1)	411	390	300	4	91	22	69	20	
Texas	1,034	4	2	1	1,030	995	771	3	224	45	179	35	
Utah	10	(1)	(1)	(1)	10	10	8	(1)	1	1	1	(1)	
Vermont	2	(1)	(1)	(1)	2	2	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	
Virginia	629	1	1	(1)	628	609	474	3	135	52	82	19	
Washington	90	1	1	(1)	89	77	58	2	19	4	15	12	
West Virginia	17	(1)	(1)	(1)	17	17	13	(1)	4	1	3	(1)	
Wisconsin	110	(1)	(1)	(1)	110	108	89	(1)	19	1	18	2	
Wyoming	2	(1)	(1)	(1)	2	2	1	(1)	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 21. States: employed persons by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Agricultural industries			Nonagricultural industries							Self-employed
		Total	Wage and salary	Self-employed	Total	Wage and salary workers						
						Total	Private		Government			
							Total	Private household	Total	Federal	State and local	
Asian												
Alabama	24	(1)	(1)	(1)	24	22	22	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	2
Alaska	20	(1)	(1)	(1)	20	19	16	(1)	3	1	2	1
Arizona	56	(1)	(1)	(1)	56	49	38	(1)	11	2	9	7
Arkansas	16	2	(1)	1	14	13	11	(1)	2	1	1	1
California	2,071	6	4	1	2,065	1,883	1,604	6	279	74	206	178
Colorado	51	(1)	(1)	(1)	51	45	35	(1)	10	4	6	5
Connecticut	42	(1)	(1)	(1)	42	41	37	(1)	4	1	3	1
Delaware	11	(1)	(1)	(1)	11	10	9	(1)	1	(1)	1	1
District of Columbia	8	(1)	(1)	(1)	8	8	7	(1)	1	1	(1)	(1)
Florida	177	2	2	(1)	176	164	139	(1)	24	6	18	12
Georgia	113	(1)	(1)	(1)	113	107	103	(1)	4	(1)	4	6
Hawaii	290	8	5	2	283	270	212	1	58	16	43	12
Idaho	6	(1)	(1)	(1)	6	6	4	(1)	1	1	1	(1)
Illinois	214	(1)	(1)	(1)	214	206	186	(1)	21	4	17	8
Indiana	38	1	(1)	1	37	35	31	(1)	4	1	3	2
Iowa	30	(1)	(1)	(1)	30	27	21	(1)	6	1	5	3
Kansas	38	(1)	(1)	(1)	38	36	26	(1)	10	1	9	1
Kentucky	26	1	1	(1)	25	25	20	(1)	5	1	4	(1)
Louisiana	14	(1)	(1)	(1)	14	13	9	(1)	4	(1)	4	1
Maine	8	(1)	(1)	(1)	8	8	8	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Maryland	120	(1)	(1)	(1)	120	113	91	3	23	16	7	7
Massachusetts	119	(1)	(1)	(1)	119	115	108	1	7	4	4	4
Michigan	114	(1)	(1)	(1)	114	110	95	(1)	15	1	14	4
Minnesota	117	(1)	(1)	(1)	117	115	109	(1)	7	(1)	6	2
Mississippi	10	(1)	(1)	(1)	10	10	8	(1)	2	1	1	(1)
Missouri	36	(1)	(1)	(1)	36	33	31	(1)	2	(1)	2	3
Nebraska	17	(1)	(1)	(1)	17	16	13	(1)	3	1	2	1
Nevada	67	(1)	(1)	(1)	67	64	61	(1)	3	1	2	2
New Hampshire	11	(1)	(1)	(1)	11	11	10	(1)	1	(1)	(1)	(1)
New Jersey	257	(1)	(1)	(1)	257	242	224	(1)	18	5	13	14
New Mexico	13	(1)	(1)	(1)	13	12	9	(1)	3	1	2	(1)
New York	597	(1)	(1)	(1)	597	555	505	4	50	8	42	42
North Carolina	82	1	(1)	1	82	74	67	(1)	7	3	5	7
North Dakota	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	1	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Ohio	90	(1)	(1)	(1)	90	87	76	(1)	11	3	8	3
Oklahoma	31	(1)	(1)	(1)	30	28	22	(1)	6	1	5	2
Oregon	60	(1)	(1)	(1)	60	52	49	(1)	3	(1)	3	8
Pennsylvania	110	(1)	(1)	(1)	110	97	89	(1)	8	(1)	8	13
Rhode Island	14	(1)	(1)	(1)	14	13	13	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	1
South Carolina	15	(1)	(1)	(1)	15	15	15	(1)	1	1	(1)	(1)
South Dakota	3	(1)	(1)	(1)	3	3	3	(1)	1	(1)	1	(1)
Tennessee	40	(1)	(1)	(1)	40	39	33	(1)	5	(1)	5	2
Texas	342	3	3	(1)	339	318	285	(1)	33	6	28	21
Utah	17	(1)	(1)	(1)	17	17	14	(1)	3	1	2	(1)
Vermont	2	(1)	(1)	(1)	2	2	2	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Virginia	184	(1)	(1)	(1)	184	170	146	5	24	11	13	13
Washington	195	(1)	(1)	(1)	195	178	154	1	24	5	19	17
West Virginia	3	(1)	(1)	(1)	3	2	1	(1)	1	1	(1)	(1)
Wisconsin	50	(1)	(1)	(1)	49	47	41	(1)	6	1	5	2
Wyoming	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	1	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 21. States: employed persons by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Agricultural industries			Nonagricultural industries							Self-employed
		Total	Wage and salary	Self-employed	Total	Wage and salary workers						
						Total	Private		Government			
							Total	Private household	Total	Federal	State and local	
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity												
Alabama	48	3	3	(1)	45	43	39	(1)	4	2	2	3
Alaska	15	(1)	(1)	(1)	15	13	10	(1)	3	1	2	1
Arizona	752	11	10	1	741	701	604	5	97	16	81	39
Arkansas	49	2	2	(1)	47	45	43	(1)	2	(1)	2	2
California	5,012	175	165	10	4,837	4,513	4,030	103	483	47	436	316
Colorado	415	10	10	(1)	406	386	333	4	53	10	43	20
Connecticut	146	(1)	(1)	(1)	146	140	122	2	18	3	16	6
Delaware	25	1	1	(1)	24	23	21	(1)	3	1	2	1
District of Columbia	26	(1)	(1)	(1)	26	25	22	1	3	2	2	1
Florida	1,572	20	20	(1)	1,552	1,466	1,326	14	140	39	101	86
Georgia	285	2	2	(1)	283	263	250	3	14	3	11	20
Hawaii	35	(1)	(1)	(1)	35	32	26	(1)	6	3	3	3
Idaho	51	12	12	(1)	39	37	34	(1)	3	1	2	3
Illinois	704	1	1	(1)	703	683	635	3	49	8	40	20
Indiana	114	3	3	(1)	111	110	101	1	9	2	8	1
Iowa	59	2	2	(1)	57	56	51	(1)	4	(1)	4	1
Kansas	80	2	1	(1)	78	74	66	(1)	8	1	7	4
Kentucky	30	1	1	(1)	29	27	23	(1)	4	1	4	2
Louisiana	46	4	4	(1)	42	38	38	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	3
Maine	5	(1)	(1)	(1)	5	4	4	(1)	1	(1)	1	(1)
Maryland	222	1	(1)	1	221	219	205	5	14	7	6	3
Massachusetts	214	(1)	(1)	(1)	214	210	195	1	16	3	13	4
Michigan	140	2	2	(1)	138	134	122	3	11	(1)	11	5
Minnesota	76	2	2	(1)	74	71	66	(1)	5	(1)	5	2
Mississippi	25	2	2	(1)	22	22	21	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	1
Missouri	90	1	1	(1)	89	84	77	(1)	7	(1)	7	5
Montana	10	(1)	(1)	(1)	10	9	8	(1)	1	(1)	1	1
Nebraska	58	2	2	(1)	56	54	49	(1)	5	1	4	2
Nevada	211	1	1	(1)	210	201	192	2	8	(1)	8	10
New Hampshire	13	(1)	(1)	(1)	13	12	11	(1)	1	(1)	1	1
New Jersey	592	3	3	(1)	590	570	523	7	48	6	42	19
New Mexico	341	8	6	2	334	312	236	3	76	18	58	22
New York	1,249	3	3	(1)	1,246	1,169	1,031	28	138	23	115	77
North Carolina	303	24	24	(1)	279	271	260	3	11	3	8	8
North Dakota	4	(1)	(1)	(1)	4	4	3	(1)	1	(1)	1	(1)
Ohio	147	(1)	(1)	(1)	147	143	136	1	7	(1)	6	4
Oklahoma	67	2	2	(1)	65	60	54	(1)	5	1	4	5
Oregon	158	18	18	1	140	131	119	1	12	1	11	9
Pennsylvania	199	16	16	(1)	182	178	167	1	11	2	8	5
Rhode Island	44	1	1	(1)	43	41	39	(1)	2	(1)	2	2
South Carolina	44	4	4	(1)	40	39	38	1	1	(1)	1	1
South Dakota	6	(1)	(1)	(1)	6	6	4	(1)	1	1	1	(1)
Tennessee	80	2	2	(1)	78	67	66	(1)	1	(1)	1	11
Texas	3,474	59	53	6	3,415	3,150	2,745	44	406	63	342	257
Utah	100	1	1	(1)	99	96	86	1	10	2	8	3
Vermont	3	(1)	(1)	(1)	3	2	2	(1)	1	(1)	(1)	(1)
Virginia	213	1	1	(1)	212	203	186	4	17	7	10	8
Washington	201	33	33	(1)	168	157	137	1	20	4	16	11
West Virginia	9	(1)	(1)	(1)	9	9	7	(1)	1	1	(1)	(1)
Wisconsin	134	2	2	(1)	132	131	122	(1)	9	(1)	9	1
Wyoming	17	(1)	(1)	(1)	17	16	13	(1)	3	1	2	1

1 Less than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is

identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 22. States: persons at work by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2004 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
TOTAL											
Alabama	1,976	99	247	152	1,477	136	843	173	325	38.5	41.8
Alaska	286	19	34	26	207	28	88	30	61	39.8	44.1
Arizona	2,538	100	264	214	1,961	154	1,088	248	471	39.5	42.8
Arkansas	1,188	54	122	84	928	80	520	125	203	39.6	42.9
California	15,817	682	1,875	1,249	12,011	878	7,152	1,335	2,646	38.8	42.5
Colorado	2,286	119	258	191	1,718	151	832	267	468	39.4	43.2
Connecticut	1,621	88	223	137	1,173	136	568	176	293	38.3	42.6
Delaware	394	16	39	27	311	28	191	33	58	38.9	41.8
District of Columbia	266	8	23	20	215	15	123	22	54	40.4	42.9
Florida	7,762	277	824	527	6,134	475	3,595	631	1,433	39.7	42.8
Georgia	4,062	120	376	239	3,327	218	2,016	385	708	40.1	42.8
Hawaii	567	25	68	44	430	31	276	38	85	38.6	42.1
Idaho	642	46	88	54	454	46	209	73	125	38.3	43.4
Illinois	5,757	275	688	415	4,378	383	2,411	585	999	38.8	42.6
Indiana	2,879	142	298	215	2,224	208	1,148	331	537	39.4	43.0
Iowa	1,485	95	201	119	1,070	98	471	189	312	38.9	43.5
Kansas	1,354	92	183	105	974	93	432	156	293	39.0	44.0
Kentucky	1,798	90	231	141	1,336	157	655	191	333	39.0	43.1
Louisiana	1,843	76	228	121	1,419	129	765	171	353	39.8	43.0
Maine	634	39	94	58	442	52	195	76	119	38.2	42.9
Maryland	2,658	128	272	213	2,045	166	1,170	245	464	39.1	42.4
Massachusetts	3,077	178	433	268	2,198	223	1,142	302	531	37.9	42.6
Michigan	4,526	252	605	340	3,329	277	1,738	484	830	38.6	43.3
Minnesota	2,685	180	343	222	1,940	184	876	346	534	38.7	43.6
Mississippi	1,215	54	129	94	938	60	557	115	206	39.6	42.7
Missouri	2,738	121	343	203	2,071	174	1,076	316	505	39.3	43.0
Montana	439	33	62	37	307	31	140	45	91	38.5	43.8
Nebraska	916	54	115	76	671	68	275	120	207	39.9	44.7
Nevada	1,085	36	101	69	879	50	567	89	173	39.7	42.5
New Hampshire	669	38	79	56	496	49	221	91	135	38.9	43.4
New Jersey	4,009	181	471	244	3,112	323	1,788	309	692	38.8	42.4
New Mexico	829	43	102	68	616	62	330	80	144	38.7	42.9
New York	8,466	374	1,064	512	6,516	885	3,587	675	1,369	38.7	42.4
North Carolina	3,858	188	473	290	2,907	267	1,514	425	701	38.9	42.6
North Dakota	334	21	44	28	241	22	106	39	74	39.7	44.3
Ohio	5,257	297	715	416	3,829	363	1,901	607	958	38.5	43.0
Oklahoma	1,574	72	193	108	1,200	90	669	138	303	39.5	43.4
Oregon	1,647	103	207	134	1,202	113	621	164	304	38.5	43.0
Pennsylvania	5,687	301	748	410	4,229	418	2,201	594	1,016	38.6	42.9
Rhode Island	503	28	74	53	349	43	177	54	75	37.4	41.8
South Carolina	1,863	86	216	140	1,420	139	749	195	337	39.2	42.8
South Dakota	402	25	51	31	295	26	126	48	95	40.0	44.6
Tennessee	2,631	121	281	185	2,045	187	1,101	269	488	39.5	42.8
Texas	9,960	395	1,086	704	7,775	640	4,153	1,015	1,967	40.1	43.4
Utah	1,093	82	174	102	735	70	355	107	203	37.4	43.2
Vermont	324	22	43	26	233	25	105	39	64	38.6	43.3
Virginia	3,487	145	368	247	2,727	206	1,587	312	621	39.3	42.6
Washington	2,909	163	380	258	2,108	202	1,086	311	509	38.3	42.6
West Virginia	720	30	80	54	556	53	319	66	118	39.2	42.5
Wisconsin	2,798	172	369	212	2,046	196	981	338	531	38.7	43.4
Wyoming	258	16	32	20	190	18	74	33	65	40.7	45.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 22. States: persons at work by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
Men											
Alabama	1,064	32	92	71	870	53	458	110	248	41.4	43.4
Alaska	154	8	14	11	121	12	49	17	43	42.9	45.8
Arizona	1,418	36	103	90	1,188	67	639	157	325	41.7	43.8
Arkansas	651	20	46	39	546	28	290	78	150	42.1	44.2
California	8,806	255	714	546	7,291	387	4,181	824	1,899	41.1	43.5
Colorado	1,258	43	101	83	1,032	68	472	167	325	42.0	44.4
Connecticut	859	32	77	53	698	48	324	110	217	41.4	44.1
Delaware	205	5	14	10	175	11	103	21	41	41.2	43.1
District of Columbia	132	3	10	8	112	6	61	12	33	41.9	43.8
Florida	4,193	113	334	224	3,522	180	1,958	357	1,027	41.8	44.0
Georgia	2,223	52	139	92	1,940	95	1,074	244	527	42.4	44.1
Hawaii	293	9	26	22	236	14	144	22	56	40.5	43.1
Idaho	350	15	32	24	279	18	122	45	94	41.9	45.0
Illinois	3,098	108	261	168	2,561	145	1,328	357	731	41.3	43.9
Indiana	1,540	57	109	86	1,288	79	621	200	388	41.9	44.4
Iowa	784	40	74	46	625	40	246	109	229	42.1	45.5
Kansas	737	34	77	50	576	39	237	93	208	41.9	45.5
Kentucky	965	37	93	58	776	56	357	116	248	41.7	44.8
Louisiana	968	31	84	45	808	40	391	104	272	43.3	45.4
Maine	330	15	34	22	260	18	107	47	88	41.4	44.6
Maryland	1,384	45	95	90	1,154	64	629	142	318	41.6	43.6
Massachusetts	1,598	67	133	105	1,293	77	639	184	393	41.1	44.1
Michigan	2,420	98	207	132	1,983	104	941	311	627	41.7	44.8
Minnesota	1,420	67	124	88	1,142	78	479	205	379	41.8	45.1
Mississippi	642	22	52	39	529	24	284	70	151	42.1	44.2
Missouri	1,433	47	123	86	1,177	70	575	183	348	41.8	44.2
Montana	231	13	22	14	182	13	78	26	65	41.9	45.5
Nebraska	488	18	39	31	401	26	146	75	154	43.9	47.0
Nevada	611	13	39	33	526	22	324	56	125	41.7	43.5
New Hampshire	360	12	24	21	303	18	127	57	101	42.4	44.8
New Jersey	2,175	61	157	104	1,852	100	1,030	210	512	41.6	43.8
New Mexico	445	17	39	29	359	25	183	50	102	41.2	44.1
New York	4,515	135	375	201	3,805	321	2,096	410	978	41.4	43.8
North Carolina	2,087	70	191	131	1,696	112	814	270	500	41.3	43.6
North Dakota	175	9	16	10	140	8	53	24	55	43.5	46.6
Ohio	2,793	106	256	165	2,266	147	1,030	380	709	41.6	44.5
Oklahoma	849	25	84	46	693	35	353	82	224	42.3	45.0
Oregon	902	37	72	52	741	48	368	103	222	41.6	44.2
Pennsylvania	3,008	93	259	165	2,491	151	1,230	351	759	41.9	44.5
Rhode Island	260	10	26	21	203	15	99	34	55	40.3	43.3
South Carolina	973	33	78	56	807	53	394	119	241	41.9	44.2
South Dakota	210	10	20	12	168	9	63	28	68	43.4	46.9
Tennessee	1,401	44	114	86	1,157	67	593	150	347	41.9	44.2
Texas	5,552	151	426	329	4,646	283	2,310	610	1,442	42.6	44.7
Utah	612	32	67	44	469	30	208	71	159	40.9	44.7
Vermont	170	8	16	10	136	10	59	23	44	41.3	44.4
Virginia	1,851	56	135	108	1,552	83	862	176	431	41.5	43.6
Washington	1,579	59	136	113	1,271	81	621	202	366	41.2	43.8
West Virginia	387	11	27	22	327	19	180	40	88	42.0	44.0
Wisconsin	1,475	62	131	81	1,201	78	524	205	394	41.9	44.9
Wyoming	140	5	11	8	116	7	39	20	49	44.8	47.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 22. States: persons at work by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
Women											
Alabama	911	67	155	81	608	83	385	63	77	35.1	39.7
Alaska	132	11	20	14	86	16	39	12	18	36.2	41.7
Arizona	1,120	64	161	124	773	87	449	91	146	36.7	41.3
Arkansas	538	34	76	46	383	52	230	47	54	36.5	40.9
California	7,011	427	1,161	703	4,720	491	2,971	511	747	36.0	41.1
Colorado	1,028	77	157	108	686	84	361	99	143	36.3	41.4
Connecticut	762	56	147	84	475	88	244	66	77	34.7	40.4
Delaware	189	11	25	17	136	18	88	12	18	36.5	40.3
District of Columbia	133	5	14	12	103	9	62	10	21	38.9	41.9
Florida	3,569	164	490	303	2,612	295	1,637	273	406	37.2	41.2
Georgia	1,839	68	237	147	1,387	123	941	141	181	37.4	41.1
Hawaii	274	16	42	22	194	17	132	16	29	36.4	40.9
Idaho	292	31	57	30	175	28	88	28	31	34.1	40.9
Illinois	2,659	167	427	247	1,818	238	1,083	228	268	35.9	40.8
Indiana	1,339	84	189	129	936	129	527	131	149	36.4	41.2
Iowa	701	55	127	73	446	58	225	79	83	35.3	40.9
Kansas	617	57	107	55	398	54	195	63	85	35.6	41.8
Kentucky	833	52	138	83	560	102	298	75	85	35.8	40.8
Louisiana	875	44	144	76	610	89	373	67	81	36.0	40.0
Maine	304	25	60	37	183	34	88	29	32	34.6	40.6
Maryland	1,274	84	177	124	890	102	541	102	145	36.5	41.0
Massachusetts	1,479	111	300	163	905	147	503	118	138	34.5	40.6
Michigan	2,106	154	398	208	1,346	173	797	172	204	35.1	41.0
Minnesota	1,265	113	220	134	798	106	397	140	154	35.1	41.5
Mississippi	572	32	76	55	409	36	273	45	55	36.8	40.7
Missouri	1,305	75	219	116	894	104	501	132	157	36.5	41.5
Montana	208	20	40	23	125	18	62	19	26	34.8	41.4
Nebraska	428	36	76	46	270	43	129	45	53	35.4	41.5
Nevada	474	23	62	36	353	29	243	33	49	37.2	41.1
New Hampshire	310	26	55	36	193	31	94	34	35	34.9	41.2
New Jersey	1,834	121	314	139	1,260	223	758	99	180	35.5	40.5
New Mexico	384	26	63	39	257	37	147	30	42	35.9	41.3
New York	3,951	240	689	311	2,712	565	1,490	265	391	35.6	40.6
North Carolina	1,771	118	282	159	1,211	155	700	155	201	36.1	41.1
North Dakota	158	13	27	18	101	14	53	15	19	35.5	41.1
Ohio	2,464	190	460	251	1,563	217	870	227	249	35.0	40.8
Oklahoma	725	47	109	62	507	55	317	55	80	36.3	41.3
Oregon	745	67	135	83	461	65	254	61	81	34.8	41.0
Pennsylvania	2,679	208	489	245	1,737	267	972	243	256	35.0	40.7
Rhode Island	243	17	48	32	146	28	78	20	20	34.2	39.8
South Carolina	889	53	138	85	613	85	355	76	96	36.2	40.9
South Dakota	192	15	31	19	127	17	63	20	27	36.2	41.7
Tennessee	1,230	77	167	99	887	119	509	119	140	36.8	41.1
Texas	4,408	244	659	376	3,129	357	1,843	405	525	36.9	41.4
Utah	481	50	107	57	267	40	147	36	44	33.1	40.7
Vermont	154	13	27	16	97	15	46	16	20	35.5	41.7
Virginia	1,636	90	233	139	1,175	123	725	136	191	36.8	41.2
Washington	1,330	103	244	145	838	121	464	109	143	35.0	40.9
West Virginia	333	19	53	32	229	33	140	26	30	36.0	40.5
Wisconsin	1,323	110	238	131	845	118	457	133	137	35.1	41.3
Wyoming	118	11	21	12	75	10	35	13	16	35.8	42.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 22. States: persons at work by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years											
Alabama	87	19	37	7	23	4	16	1	2	23.6	39.4
Alaska	14	3	4	2	4	1	2	1	1	26.1	41.3
Arizona	101	15	36	13	36	7	22	4	4	27.6	39.6
Arkansas	48	10	19	4	15	3	9	1	2	25.4	39.0
California	576	111	232	64	170	32	111	14	12	25.2	38.1
Colorado	88	21	33	8	26	6	14	3	2	24.3	37.6
Connecticut	71	20	30	6	15	4	8	2	1	22.1	37.0
Delaware	19	4	7	2	6	1	4	(1)	(1)	24.4	38.0
District of Columbia	5	1	1	1	2	(1)	1	(1)	(1)	28.7	39.9
Florida	291	39	117	36	98	20	64	5	9	26.9	39.0
Georgia	132	21	46	13	51	8	34	4	5	27.6	39.7
Hawaii	18	3	8	2	5	1	2	1	1	25.5	39.2
Idaho	36	8	15	3	11	2	6	1	2	25.1	39.6
Illinois	249	58	114	19	59	12	35	6	6	23.1	39.0
Indiana	132	34	53	13	32	6	18	5	3	23.3	39.1
Iowa	88	24	36	8	21	5	8	3	5	23.1	39.5
Kansas	74	24	28	6	16	5	6	1	3	21.9	40.3
Kentucky	84	19	34	7	23	6	12	3	2	24.4	39.6
Louisiana	67	11	28	7	22	6	13	3	1	25.8	35.7
Maine	29	8	12	2	7	2	4	1	1	22.7	38.4
Maryland	113	29	38	11	35	7	25	3	1	24.3	38.8
Massachusetts	143	42	62	13	26	4	16	4	2	21.4	36.7
Michigan	220	65	88	20	47	11	25	6	5	22.2	39.3
Minnesota	145	48	52	13	32	12	13	4	4	21.8	39.3
Mississippi	43	9	18	4	13	3	8	1	1	24.5	37.7
Missouri	139	29	62	13	35	8	18	4	3	23.9	39.1
Montana	25	7	9	2	8	2	3	1	1	25.0	39.3
Nebraska	53	15	20	4	14	3	7	1	2	23.1	39.2
Nevada	46	4	18	5	20	3	13	2	2	29.4	40.6
New Hampshire	34	10	13	3	8	2	4	1	1	22.3	39.0
New Jersey	146	43	59	11	34	5	24	2	3	22.1	37.8
New Mexico	35	5	13	4	12	3	6	1	1	27.2	39.6
New York	310	84	136	22	67	14	37	5	11	22.8	40.3
North Carolina	145	30	60	12	43	9	27	4	3	24.7	39.3
North Dakota	19	5	7	2	5	1	2	1	1	25.4	40.6
Ohio	276	71	118	27	59	14	33	7	5	22.5	37.5
Oklahoma	77	11	31	6	28	2	22	2	2	27.0	39.5
Oregon	58	16	19	5	18	3	11	2	2	24.2	37.9
Pennsylvania	267	68	110	20	68	12	38	8	9	23.6	39.9
Rhode Island	28	7	13	2	6	2	3	1	1	22.9	38.3
South Carolina	73	15	33	9	16	5	9	1	2	23.1	35.3
South Dakota	26	7	10	2	7	1	4	1	1	23.7	39.2
Tennessee	118	21	53	10	33	8	18	3	4	25.2	39.1
Texas	380	70	165	37	107	30	55	11	11	25.2	38.0
Utah	79	23	26	7	23	4	13	2	4	24.1	40.7
Vermont	18	5	6	2	5	1	2	1	1	23.0	39.3
Virginia	154	32	57	15	50	9	30	5	7	26.2	40.3
Washington	113	26	44	13	30	7	16	3	4	24.3	37.8
West Virginia	30	8	13	3	6	2	4	(1)	(1)	22.8	36.6
Wisconsin	157	45	64	12	37	8	19	5	4	22.5	39.0
Wyoming	17	4	6	1	6	1	2	1	1	26.4	41.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 22. States: persons at work by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
White											
Alabama	1,478	82	183	116	1,098	90	599	141	267	38.7	42.2
Alaska	218	14	25	19	160	20	66	24	50	40.4	44.5
Arizona	2,313	91	239	196	1,787	141	986	225	435	39.6	42.9
Arkansas	982	44	98	68	772	63	422	105	182	39.9	43.2
California	12,332	552	1,492	994	9,294	702	5,393	1,062	2,137	38.8	42.6
Colorado	2,106	113	237	176	1,580	140	754	247	438	39.4	43.2
Connecticut	1,418	81	196	121	1,020	114	484	154	267	38.2	42.7
Delaware	309	14	31	23	241	23	143	28	47	38.8	41.9
District of Columbia	131	4	11	9	106	7	45	15	39	42.2	44.7
Florida	6,377	229	681	430	5,037	398	2,837	549	1,253	39.9	43.0
Georgia	2,843	92	264	168	2,319	155	1,300	302	563	40.4	43.3
Hawaii	127	7	15	11	93	8	50	10	26	39.6	43.6
Idaho	615	44	85	51	435	44	200	70	121	38.3	43.4
Illinois	4,803	245	592	346	3,620	319	1,877	526	898	38.9	42.9
Indiana	2,614	133	269	197	2,015	187	1,032	302	494	39.4	43.1
Iowa	1,416	90	188	114	1,024	93	446	182	303	39.0	43.6
Kansas	1,218	84	162	93	879	85	381	143	270	39.2	44.1
Kentucky	1,628	80	208	125	1,214	144	589	173	308	39.0	43.1
Louisiana	1,310	59	157	82	1,012	89	500	130	294	40.5	43.7
Maine	614	38	91	57	429	50	188	74	117	38.2	42.9
Maryland	1,796	100	205	144	1,347	119	696	182	350	39.0	42.8
Massachusetts	2,763	164	394	242	1,964	198	997	282	487	37.9	42.8
Michigan	3,839	229	531	299	2,781	243	1,361	437	740	38.6	43.5
Minnesota	2,458	164	314	204	1,777	171	780	323	503	38.8	43.7
Mississippi	801	37	88	62	613	38	345	82	148	39.8	43.2
Missouri	2,384	108	301	180	1,795	158	896	287	453	39.2	43.1
Montana	409	32	57	34	286	28	128	42	88	38.7	44.0
Nebraska	852	51	105	72	624	62	249	115	198	40.1	44.9
Nevada	914	31	87	59	737	43	467	77	150	39.7	42.6
New Hampshire	643	37	76	55	475	47	209	88	132	39.0	43.4
New Jersey	3,203	156	395	199	2,453	247	1,371	253	582	38.7	42.6
New Mexico	716	36	90	58	532	53	275	72	132	39.0	43.1
New York	6,486	314	851	413	4,908	621	2,603	566	1,118	38.7	42.7
North Carolina	2,966	147	370	222	2,227	205	1,089	351	581	39.1	42.9
North Dakota	317	21	41	26	230	21	100	37	72	39.8	44.4
Ohio	4,609	269	627	362	3,352	316	1,605	557	873	38.6	43.1
Oklahoma	1,256	60	152	87	957	71	515	118	253	39.7	43.6
Oregon	1,498	95	194	125	1,084	105	557	151	272	38.4	42.8
Pennsylvania	5,073	274	688	373	3,738	376	1,875	553	934	38.6	43.0
Rhode Island	454	26	66	48	314	39	157	49	70	37.4	41.9
South Carolina	1,331	67	154	101	1,009	94	482	153	280	39.6	43.5
South Dakota	378	23	48	28	279	24	115	47	93	40.1	44.8
Tennessee	2,166	104	239	158	1,665	153	845	234	433	39.6	43.1
Texas	8,416	348	922	604	6,542	547	3,392	871	1,732	40.1	43.6
Utah	1,040	79	166	96	699	67	335	103	195	37.4	43.3
Vermont	314	21	41	25	226	24	102	39	62	38.5	43.2
Virginia	2,657	121	281	195	2,060	156	1,140	256	508	39.4	42.8
Washington	2,480	140	330	223	1,787	178	903	270	436	38.3	42.6
West Virginia	692	29	76	52	535	50	307	64	114	39.3	42.5
Wisconsin	2,609	162	338	201	1,908	181	897	322	508	38.8	43.5
Wyoming	248	16	31	19	183	17	71	32	64	40.7	45.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 22. States: persons at work by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
Black or African American											
Alabama	433	16	55	31	331	38	222	27	44	37.7	40.4
Alaska	9	1	1	1	7	1	4	1	1	38.6	42.3
Arizona	79	2	10	6	61	3	37	6	14	39.9	42.9
Arkansas	160	7	18	13	122	13	80	14	16	37.9	41.0
California	915	33	94	64	725	40	485	75	124	38.9	41.8
Colorado	74	2	8	7	57	6	34	8	10	39.0	41.8
Connecticut	145	4	18	12	110	15	63	15	17	38.5	41.7
Delaware	69	2	6	3	58	5	41	4	8	39.2	41.1
District of Columbia	124	4	11	10	99	7	74	6	12	38.5	40.8
Florida	1,101	32	109	76	884	64	633	63	124	38.9	41.1
Georgia	1,063	24	101	66	871	56	638	63	115	39.1	41.5
Hawaii	10	(¹)	2	1	6	1	4	1	1	36.1	40.7
Idaho	3	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	3	(¹)	1	1	1	43.6	45.8
Illinois	694	19	68	54	553	49	405	41	57	38.2	40.7
Indiana	201	5	22	12	161	18	96	19	27	39.4	42.3
Iowa	22	2	3	2	15	3	8	2	2	34.3	38.7
Kansas	57	3	7	5	43	3	25	5	10	38.9	43.1
Kentucky	125	7	18	13	87	11	51	12	13	37.3	41.2
Louisiana	506	16	69	37	384	39	251	41	53	38.0	41.1
Maine	3	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	2	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	37.0	40.7
Maryland	703	19	55	57	573	38	403	49	83	39.3	41.3
Massachusetts	174	6	23	15	130	14	84	11	22	38.2	41.6
Michigan	498	15	51	32	400	24	288	31	57	38.7	41.6
Minnesota	79	4	12	8	54	5	29	8	12	37.4	42.3
Mississippi	385	16	39	30	300	20	196	31	53	39.1	41.6
Missouri	274	9	30	18	217	14	151	20	32	38.9	41.6
Nebraska	27	1	4	2	19	3	11	2	4	37.3	41.9
Nevada	65	2	5	4	55	2	44	3	5	38.7	41.1
New Hampshire	6	(¹)	1	1	4	(¹)	3	1	(¹)	36.3	41.5
New Jersey	513	14	55	29	415	53	274	33	55	38.5	41.1
New Mexico	16	1	2	2	11	1	7	2	1	35.9	42.5
New York	1,283	40	152	69	1,023	194	662	61	106	37.6	40.2
North Carolina	725	33	80	52	560	50	353	57	100	38.5	41.6
North Dakota	3	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	2	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	41.5	45.3
Ohio	495	21	66	41	366	40	242	33	51	37.3	40.8
Oklahoma	114	5	13	7	90	8	62	5	15	38.7	42.1
Oregon	26	1	3	1	21	1	15	1	4	39.6	43.0
Pennsylvania	462	20	44	28	371	34	259	28	49	38.3	41.2
Rhode Island	28	1	4	3	19	3	12	2	2	36.0	39.2
South Carolina	499	17	58	36	388	42	255	39	51	38.2	40.8
South Dakota	3	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	2	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	39.3	43.1
Tennessee	394	15	33	23	323	30	227	30	36	38.6	41.0
Texas	993	28	102	70	793	62	508	85	137	39.5	41.8
Utah	9	(¹)	1	1	8	1	4	1	2	41.8	45.3
Vermont	2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	38.9	46.8
Virginia	609	18	63	43	486	40	330	40	75	38.7	41.4
Washington	85	7	9	5	64	6	38	5	14	38.5	42.5
West Virginia	17	1	2	1	13	2	7	1	2	37.9	41.4
Wisconsin	105	4	17	7	78	8	51	8	11	37.1	41.7
Wyoming	2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	38.7	45.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 22. States: persons at work by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
Asian											
Alabama	24	(¹)	3	1	19	3	7	1	8	41.1	44.6
Alaska	19	1	2	2	14	2	6	1	3	39.5	43.8
Arizona	56	4	6	3	42	4	21	6	12	38.3	42.9
Arkansas	15	1	2	1	12	1	7	2	2	38.3	41.8
California	2,006	69	207	144	1,586	100	1,039	141	307	39.2	42.4
Colorado	50	3	6	3	39	2	21	6	11	40.6	44.7
Connecticut	39	1	6	2	30	3	16	5	6	39.0	42.8
Delaware	10	(¹)	1	(¹)	9	1	5	1	3	42.0	44.2
District of Columbia	8	(¹)	1	(¹)	6	(¹)	4	1	1	39.9	42.9
Florida	171	11	17	10	132	5	83	9	34	39.7	44.4
Georgia	110	3	6	2	100	5	52	16	26	42.9	44.9
Hawaii	280	12	30	19	219	15	147	17	39	38.6	41.8
Idaho	6	(¹)	(¹)	1	4	1	2	1	1	40.1	42.5
Illinois	208	7	21	11	169	10	111	14	33	39.5	42.3
Indiana	36	(¹)	4	3	29	2	10	4	12	43.1	46.7
Iowa	29	2	6	1	20	1	12	3	4	36.3	41.7
Kansas	37	2	9	4	22	1	12	4	5	35.0	43.7
Kentucky	26	1	2	1	22	1	9	3	8	46.2	49.7
Louisiana	14	1	(¹)	1	12	(¹)	7	(¹)	5	43.9	46.0
Maine	8	1	1	1	6	1	3	1	1	37.0	41.4
Maryland	116	4	7	8	96	6	54	10	27	42.0	44.8
Massachusetts	116	6	12	9	89	9	55	8	18	38.4	41.7
Michigan	110	3	14	3	90	3	57	10	20	40.3	44.1
Minnesota	114	8	13	7	87	6	55	11	14	37.4	42.1
Mississippi	10	(¹)	1	1	8	(¹)	6	(¹)	2	40.7	43.1
Missouri	34	(¹)	3	2	29	(¹)	15	3	11	45.5	48.0
Nebraska	16	1	3	1	11	1	7	1	2	36.3	42.1
Nevada	65	1	6	4	54	3	37	5	9	40.0	42.5
New Hampshire	11	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	10	1	7	1	1	40.7	42.7
New Jersey	247	7	14	13	214	19	125	21	50	41.4	43.4
New Mexico	12	2	2	(¹)	8	1	5	1	2	36.6	45.6
New York	582	14	50	24	494	55	272	39	127	41.6	44.2
North Carolina	79	3	7	6	63	6	38	8	11	39.0	42.2
North Dakota	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	38.1	42.1
Ohio	85	2	12	6	65	3	34	8	20	40.7	45.0
Oklahoma	31	2	4	2	23	(¹)	13	(¹)	10	42.8	48.5
Oregon	59	3	4	3	49	3	24	5	16	42.3	46.2
Pennsylvania	109	4	9	6	91	4	51	11	24	41.6	44.3
Rhode Island	14	(¹)	2	2	10	1	5	1	2	39.3	43.5
South Carolina	15	(¹)	2	1	12	2	7	(¹)	2	39.4	41.5
South Dakota	3	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	2	(¹)	2	(¹)	(¹)	39.0	43.4
Tennessee	38	1	7	1	29	2	15	1	10	40.0	45.6
Texas	331	11	27	17	277	14	166	33	64	40.9	43.9
Utah	16	1	3	1	11	1	6	1	3	37.8	44.5
Vermont	2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	2	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	38.0	42.7
Virginia	180	4	19	7	150	8	102	12	28	40.1	42.7
Washington	187	9	25	13	140	7	79	16	37	39.4	43.9
West Virginia	3	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	2	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	44.7	49.7
Wisconsin	48	3	8	2	35	4	18	5	8	37.9	44.6
Wyoming	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	38.7	39.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 22. States: persons at work by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity											
Alabama	46	1	5	5	35	2	29	2	1	37.1	38.2
Alaska	14	1	2	1	11	1	5	1	3	39.8	44.1
Arizona	729	17	67	71	574	47	381	56	90	39.1	41.4
Arkansas	48	2	4	4	38	2	25	5	6	39.3	41.3
California	4,845	152	537	392	3,764	278	2,632	349	504	38.2	41.1
Colorado	399	13	43	42	301	36	185	36	44	38.1	40.9
Connecticut	141	4	19	15	103	13	60	12	18	38.0	41.2
Delaware	24	1	2	2	19	2	15	1	2	38.4	40.4
District of Columbia	25	1	3	2	19	2	13	2	3	38.3	41.5
Florida	1,536	33	150	93	1,261	80	909	82	189	39.1	41.6
Georgia	278	6	23	21	228	17	151	28	32	39.3	41.3
Hawaii	33	1	5	3	24	2	16	3	3	37.0	40.6
Idaho	50	3	5	3	39	4	20	5	10	39.8	42.9
Illinois	678	18	55	41	564	41	381	54	89	39.5	41.5
Indiana	111	3	7	8	93	12	59	10	12	39.1	40.6
Iowa	56	3	5	5	44	6	24	6	8	38.2	41.4
Kansas	79	3	11	7	58	8	30	7	13	38.5	42.4
Kentucky	30	1	5	3	20	4	9	2	6	39.3	44.9
Louisiana	44	1	8	6	29	3	14	6	7	37.5	40.4
Maine	4	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	4	1	1	1	1	46.1	47.1
Maryland	217	4	17	13	183	13	134	13	23	39.6	41.2
Massachusetts	206	6	32	15	152	19	106	12	15	36.6	39.7
Michigan	136	6	19	8	104	10	57	16	21	39.0	42.9
Minnesota	74	5	9	5	55	7	27	9	12	37.7	41.8
Mississippi	24	(¹)	3	2	19	1	11	3	2	38.3	40.7
Missouri	87	1	15	8	63	8	35	9	11	38.1	41.3
Montana	10	1	2	1	6	1	2	1	3	40.5	47.7
Nebraska	56	2	6	7	41	7	22	6	7	38.2	41.9
Nevada	206	4	13	13	176	8	137	13	17	39.6	41.1
New Hampshire	12	(¹)	1	2	9	1	4	1	2	39.7	43.2
New Jersey	573	13	60	26	474	40	337	31	66	39.2	41.7
New Mexico	331	13	40	31	247	25	148	31	43	38.2	41.9
New York	1,216	31	139	63	984	136	661	67	120	38.3	41.1
North Carolina	298	8	38	32	220	32	139	23	26	37.4	39.0
North Dakota	4	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	3	(¹)	1	1	1	39.7	43.1
Ohio	141	2	16	10	112	13	65	12	22	39.8	42.0
Oklahoma	66	2	9	4	51	4	33	7	7	38.1	40.8
Oregon	155	5	19	11	121	15	77	13	15	38.0	40.6
Pennsylvania	196	9	17	14	156	16	93	15	33	39.9	43.4
Rhode Island	42	1	5	4	32	3	22	3	4	38.1	40.9
South Carolina	43	1	6	5	32	2	19	5	6	38.3	40.3
South Dakota	6	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	4	(¹)	3	1	1	37.7	40.3
Tennessee	77	1	5	7	64	3	43	6	11	40.1	41.4
Texas	3,368	100	381	255	2,632	249	1,592	295	496	39.3	42.1
Utah	96	5	11	10	70	7	42	8	13	38.1	41.0
Vermont	2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	2	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	42.7	44.8
Virginia	208	6	23	21	158	15	109	12	22	38.0	40.3
Washington	196	5	17	20	155	18	96	16	25	39.1	41.4
West Virginia	9	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	8	1	6	1	1	38.7	40.0
Wisconsin	130	3	19	10	99	11	58	13	16	38.4	41.9
Wyoming	17	1	2	2	12	1	5	2	3	39.0	44.2

¹ Less than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose

ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 23. States: persons at work 1 to 34 hours by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2004 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could only find part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
TOTAL														
Alabama	202	18	46	20	56	62	296	18	19	10	57	94	25	72
Alaska	30	3	10	2	1	14	49	4	3	1	13	11	4	13
Arizona	193	27	74	18	3	71	385	35	27	11	77	94	31	110
Arkansas	89	16	28	4	6	36	171	15	12	5	30	43	13	53
California	1,163	205	385	154	21	399	2,643	279	170	94	532	766	152	649
Colorado	192	27	77	15	2	70	376	27	25	10	79	95	32	108
Connecticut	132	12	45	24	7	43	317	21	19	12	87	72	31	75
Delaware	30	3	12	4	1	9	53	2	3	2	12	15	6	13
District of Columbia	22	1	7	7	(³)	6	29	3	4	1	4	5	3	9
Florida	547	73	147	48	93	186	1,080	85	68	28	209	301	114	276
Georgia	234	36	74	12	21	91	501	36	36	14	103	113	36	162
Hawaii	47	5	14	11	2	16	90	6	8	2	16	25	9	24
Idaho	54	7	19	3	1	24	134	6	8	3	39	37	12	29
Illinois	409	66	148	40	9	146	969	62	60	29	201	268	98	252
Indiana	197	30	73	10	7	77	458	31	24	16	103	126	42	116
Iowa	130	15	54	6	4	51	285	11	13	5	72	99	28	58
Kansas	116	12	48	8	5	43	264	13	15	6	51	98	26	54
Kentucky	139	15	44	8	10	62	323	22	17	13	63	98	35	74
Louisiana	162	18	39	9	41	54	263	15	31	9	50	69	25	63
Maine	61	6	22	9	2	22	131	9	5	3	35	29	14	36
Maryland	231	16	75	48	10	82	383	16	25	22	84	110	47	79
Massachusetts	243	17	79	60	9	79	636	32	28	34	168	155	51	166
Michigan	297	46	132	11	7	101	900	65	88	22	213	252	82	177
Minnesota	203	19	97	9	3	75	542	21	37	8	160	160	56	100
Mississippi	109	17	24	8	19	40	168	11	12	4	33	42	16	50
Missouri	213	28	76	14	12	82	453	31	27	15	97	139	48	96
Montana	39	6	14	4	1	14	93	5	6	1	24	24	12	21
Nebraska	69	9	30	5	2	23	176	8	11	2	45	56	18	36
Nevada	64	12	23	3	1	26	141	10	11	5	27	32	12	45
New Hampshire	49	5	18	7	1	18	124	4	6	3	37	34	11	29
New Jersey	255	19	88	44	12	93	641	34	38	30	154	163	68	154
New Mexico	62	6	21	10	2	23	151	12	7	6	26	40	13	48
New York	551	46	198	120	18	168	1,399	88	111	70	272	411	121	326
North Carolina	333	47	112	28	39	107	618	55	46	20	118	159	64	156
North Dakota	31	3	13	3	2	10	62	1	3	1	15	19	7	15
Ohio	408	47	171	26	11	153	1,021	63	78	22	246	302	112	197
Oklahoma	116	19	37	9	6	45	257	15	19	5	56	70	30	63
Oregon	133	30	47	9	1	46	312	29	28	9	77	63	27	79
Pennsylvania	422	50	171	42	16	143	1,036	51	68	27	305	253	123	209
Rhode Island	52	4	15	18	2	13	103	5	5	6	24	30	9	24
South Carolina	149	26	47	8	6	62	293	22	23	12	52	87	27	71
South Dakota	33	3	14	4	1	11	74	2	3	1	14	29	8	16
Tennessee	206	29	69	11	13	84	381	22	24	7	83	126	28	91
Texas	742	150	221	47	41	282	1,443	142	103	45	254	401	108	392
Utah	94	10	39	7	2	36	264	12	20	5	81	94	13	39
Vermont	27	3	11	2	1	10	64	3	3	3	13	16	8	18
Virginia	257	28	89	40	16	84	503	26	30	10	117	131	50	139
Washington	243	38	97	19	3	86	558	58	42	18	142	119	39	139
West Virginia	56	5	18	7	4	22	108	7	12	3	22	28	7	30
Wisconsin	197	28	89	5	7	68	555	34	29	16	133	168	71	103
Wyoming	21	2	8	2	(³)	9	47	3	2	1	11	15	5	11

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. States: persons at work 1 to 34 hours by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could only find part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
Men														
Alabama	106	10	24	9	33	30	89	9	7	(3)	2	39	10	21
Alaska	17	2	6	1	1	7	17	2	1	(3)	2	5	2	5
Arizona	99	19	41	5	3	31	131	17	13	(3)	8	37	15	41
Arkansas	48	11	14	1	6	16	57	6	4	(3)	3	17	7	20
California	603	136	191	65	20	191	913	137	71	5	47	337	88	228
Colorado	95	20	39	6	2	29	131	15	13	1	6	42	16	38
Connecticut	64	8	21	10	4	20	97	8	8	1	6	34	17	23
Delaware	13	2	5	2	1	4	16	1	1	(3)	1	6	3	4
District of Columbia	10	1	3	3	(3)	3	11	1	2	(3)	1	2	1	3
Florida	279	45	68	25	51	89	391	39	27	2	24	128	62	109
Georgia	120	24	38	3	16	38	163	21	16	(3)	7	51	18	51
Hawaii	24	3	6	5	1	8	33	3	4	(3)	2	10	5	10
Idaho	28	4	11	2	1	11	42	3	3	(3)	2	16	7	10
Illinois	213	42	73	18	9	71	324	34	26	2	9	122	50	81
Indiana	102	19	38	6	6	33	150	12	8	1	3	66	23	37
Iowa	63	8	27	2	3	22	97	5	4	(3)	6	48	14	19
Kansas	61	7	25	5	4	20	100	8	6	(3)	2	49	14	21
Kentucky	71	9	24	4	9	26	118	11	8	(3)	3	45	22	29
Louisiana	79	10	17	4	28	20	81	6	9	(3)	4	26	12	24
Maine	29	4	11	3	2	10	41	4	2	(3)	4	13	7	12
Maryland	114	10	37	23	8	36	115	8	9	(3)	5	43	22	28
Massachusetts	119	8	41	31	6	34	185	19	14	(3)	10	64	26	52
Michigan	145	27	65	4	6	43	293	30	28	2	11	114	44	63
Minnesota	102	12	49	5	3	32	177	8	19	(3)	15	75	25	35
Mississippi	56	10	13	4	13	17	57	6	5	(3)	4	18	6	17
Missouri	114	19	40	6	12	38	142	16	10	1	5	59	25	27
Montana	19	3	7	1	1	6	31	2	3	(3)	2	10	7	7
Nebraska	33	5	14	2	2	10	55	4	5	(3)	1	23	9	13
Nevada	36	8	14	1	1	13	48	4	4	(3)	2	14	7	18
New Hampshire	24	3	9	3	1	8	33	2	2	(3)	2	14	5	7
New Jersey	124	12	44	19	7	43	198	17	17	(3)	6	67	38	52
New Mexico	32	4	12	4	1	10	53	7	4	(3)	2	17	7	16
New York	263	27	100	55	10	70	448	41	47	3	18	168	60	113
North Carolina	189	31	57	16	33	52	203	26	15	1	11	61	34	54
North Dakota	16	2	6	1	2	5	19	(3)	1	(3)	1	8	3	5
Ohio	197	26	86	8	9	68	330	30	38	1	9	135	58	59
Oklahoma	64	12	20	5	6	22	91	9	8	(3)	4	34	12	23
Oregon	67	18	21	5	1	22	94	12	9	(3)	3	27	15	27
Pennsylvania	205	30	83	18	13	61	313	25	24	1	18	107	66	72
Rhode Island	25	3	7	8	1	6	32	3	2	(3)	1	13	5	8
South Carolina	71	14	24	3	6	25	95	10	8	(3)	4	40	13	20
South Dakota	15	2	6	1	1	5	26	1	1	(3)	1	13	3	5
Tennessee	112	19	39	4	11	39	131	13	8	1	5	52	17	34
Texas	398	108	116	17	39	118	508	69	35	1	18	181	59	144
Utah	52	7	21	3	2	18	91	7	8	(3)	3	49	8	17
Vermont	14	2	6	1	1	5	20	2	1	(3)	1	6	4	6
Virginia	141	17	50	23	15	36	158	12	11	(3)	8	59	27	41
Washington	137	27	55	10	3	42	172	27	18	1	10	53	21	42
West Virginia	27	4	8	2	3	10	33	3	5	(3)	2	8	4	10
Wisconsin	103	17	43	2	7	33	171	16	12	1	7	67	37	32
Wyoming	11	1	4	1	(3)	4	14	1	1	(3)	(3)	7	2	3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. States: persons at work 1 to 34 hours by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could only find part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
Women														
Alabama	96	8	22	11	23	32	207	9	12	10	55	55	14	52
Alaska	13	1	4	1	(3)	6	33	2	2	1	12	7	2	8
Arizona	93	8	32	13	(3)	40	254	18	14	10	69	57	16	69
Arkansas	41	5	14	2	(3)	20	114	9	8	4	27	26	6	33
California	561	69	194	88	1	208	1,730	141	100	89	485	430	64	421
Colorado	96	8	38	9	(3)	41	245	12	12	9	73	53	16	70
Connecticut	68	4	24	14	3	23	220	13	12	11	81	38	14	51
Delaware	16	1	7	3	(3)	6	37	1	2	2	11	9	3	9
District of Columbia	12	1	4	4	(3)	3	19	2	2	1	4	3	2	6
Florida	268	28	80	23	42	96	689	45	41	27	185	173	52	167
Georgia	114	12	35	9	5	52	338	15	21	14	97	62	17	111
Hawaii	23	1	7	5	(3)	8	57	3	4	2	14	15	5	14
Idaho	26	3	8	2	(3)	13	91	3	4	2	38	21	4	19
Illinois	196	24	75	22	(3)	75	645	27	34	27	192	146	49	171
Indiana	95	10	35	4	1	44	308	19	17	14	100	60	19	79
Iowa	67	7	27	4	1	29	189	6	8	5	65	51	15	39
Kansas	55	5	23	4	1	23	164	5	10	6	49	49	12	33
Kentucky	68	7	20	4	1	37	205	11	10	13	60	53	13	45
Louisiana	83	8	23	5	14	34	182	9	22	9	46	43	13	39
Maine	32	3	11	6	(3)	12	89	5	3	3	31	16	7	25
Maryland	116	6	37	25	1	47	268	8	16	22	79	67	25	50
Massachusetts	124	8	39	29	3	45	450	13	14	34	159	91	25	114
Michigan	152	19	67	7	1	58	607	35	60	21	201	138	38	114
Minnesota	101	7	48	4	(3)	42	365	12	17	8	146	86	31	66
Mississippi	52	7	12	5	7	23	111	5	7	4	29	24	10	33
Missouri	99	9	37	9	(3)	45	311	15	18	14	92	81	23	68
Montana	20	2	7	3	(3)	8	63	3	4	1	22	14	6	14
Nebraska	37	4	16	3	1	13	121	3	7	2	44	33	9	23
Nevada	28	4	10	2	(3)	13	93	6	7	5	25	18	5	27
New Hampshire	25	2	9	4	(3)	10	92	2	4	3	35	21	5	22
New Jersey	131	7	43	25	6	50	443	17	21	29	148	96	30	102
New Mexico	30	2	9	6	1	12	98	5	3	6	24	23	6	31
New York	289	19	98	66	8	97	951	48	64	67	254	244	61	213
North Carolina	144	16	55	12	6	56	416	29	31	19	107	98	30	102
North Dakota	15	1	7	2	(3)	5	42	1	2	1	14	10	4	11
Ohio	210	21	84	18	2	85	691	33	41	21	237	168	54	138
Oklahoma	52	6	18	4	(3)	24	166	6	10	5	52	36	18	39
Oregon	66	12	26	5	(3)	24	218	17	19	9	73	36	12	52
Pennsylvania	218	20	88	24	3	82	724	26	44	26	287	146	58	137
Rhode Island	27	1	8	10	1	7	71	3	3	6	22	17	4	16
South Carolina	78	12	23	5	1	37	198	12	15	12	48	47	14	51
South Dakota	18	1	7	2	(3)	7	48	1	2	1	13	15	4	11
Tennessee	93	10	30	7	1	45	250	9	15	6	78	74	11	57
Texas	344	42	106	29	2	164	935	72	68	44	236	219	49	248
Utah	42	3	17	4	(3)	18	172	5	12	5	78	45	5	22
Vermont	13	1	6	1	(3)	5	43	2	2	2	12	10	4	12
Virginia	117	10	39	18	1	48	345	14	18	9	109	72	23	99
Washington	107	11	42	9	1	43	386	31	24	17	132	66	18	97
West Virginia	29	2	11	4	1	12	76	4	7	3	20	19	3	20
Wisconsin	94	10	46	3	(3)	35	384	18	17	15	126	101	34	72
Wyoming	11	1	4	1	(3)	5	33	2	1	1	11	8	2	8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. States: persons at work 1 to 34 hours by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could only find part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
White														
Alabama	153	13	37	13	41	48	227	12	10	8	50	71	20	57
Alaska	23	2	8	2	(³)	10	36	3	1	1	11	8	3	9
Arizona	174	23	67	17	3	64	352	31	22	10	74	80	31	104
Arkansas	74	14	24	2	6	29	137	10	9	4	26	34	13	41
California	945	180	307	116	20	322	2,093	226	124	72	429	575	132	535
Colorado	177	26	71	14	2	65	349	23	22	9	74	89	30	103
Connecticut	117	11	41	22	6	37	281	15	14	10	81	64	30	68
Delaware	24	2	10	3	1	7	44	2	2	2	10	13	5	11
District of Columbia	11	1	4	3	(³)	3	13	1	1	(³)	3	3	1	4
Florida	436	53	121	37	78	148	904	64	43	23	187	244	105	237
Georgia	170	24	59	5	16	65	354	20	14	9	87	82	28	114
Hawaii	13	2	4	2	(³)	5	21	1	1	(³)	5	4	2	7
Idaho	52	7	18	3	1	22	128	6	7	3	37	35	12	28
Illinois	345	56	127	35	7	120	837	49	41	25	183	237	91	211
Indiana	179	26	66	8	6	72	420	26	21	15	96	115	39	108
Iowa	124	14	52	6	3	49	268	9	11	5	69	90	28	55
Kansas	106	10	45	7	4	40	233	11	14	6	49	81	25	48
Kentucky	123	12	40	7	9	55	291	18	14	12	59	87	33	68
Louisiana	119	7	32	7	36	37	179	8	14	6	41	53	21	37
Maine	60	6	21	8	2	21	126	8	5	3	34	27	13	35
Maryland	161	11	55	29	8	58	289	10	12	18	74	74	39	60
Massachusetts	218	16	72	53	8	69	581	30	24	31	160	132	50	154
Michigan	260	41	116	9	6	88	799	48	73	21	203	222	79	154
Minnesota	186	16	90	8	3	68	495	18	30	7	154	138	55	94
Mississippi	70	9	19	6	12	24	118	6	6	3	28	28	15	32
Missouri	188	23	69	12	11	72	401	24	21	13	91	122	44	85
Montana	36	5	14	3	1	13	86	4	5	1	23	22	12	19
Nebraska	64	8	28	5	2	21	164	7	10	2	43	51	18	33
Nevada	55	10	21	2	1	22	122	9	8	4	24	28	12	37
New Hampshire	48	4	18	7	1	18	120	4	6	3	36	33	11	28
New Jersey	210	17	73	33	9	77	541	28	23	26	137	135	64	128
New Mexico	53	5	18	8	2	20	131	10	6	6	23	33	13	41
New York	433	36	156	97	17	127	1,145	65	75	59	248	333	112	254
North Carolina	256	37	89	21	32	76	484	42	31	18	104	120	53	117
North Dakota	29	3	12	3	2	9	59	1	3	1	14	18	7	15
Ohio	359	42	158	19	11	129	899	50	60	19	231	256	107	176
Oklahoma	91	15	30	7	5	34	208	11	12	4	46	54	27	54
Oregon	125	29	44	9	1	42	288	26	25	9	73	56	26	73
Pennsylvania	381	46	158	36	15	127	953	40	59	24	296	228	113	194
Rhode Island	46	3	14	16	2	11	94	5	4	6	22	27	8	22
South Carolina	103	14	34	6	5	44	219	12	14	8	46	65	22	52
South Dakota	30	3	13	3	1	11	69	2	3	1	14	27	8	15
Tennessee	174	25	61	10	12	67	327	18	17	7	73	115	25	73
Texas	629	128	188	39	40	233	1,246	115	79	42	236	326	101	347
Utah	89	9	37	7	2	34	252	11	19	5	79	89	13	37
Vermont	27	3	11	2	1	10	61	3	3	2	13	15	8	17
Virginia	202	21	71	32	15	63	396	22	20	8	99	93	41	112
Washington	209	32	84	17	3	73	484	47	37	14	128	98	37	123
West Virginia	54	5	18	6	4	21	103	7	11	3	21	26	7	29
Wisconsin	189	27	86	5	7	64	512	30	23	14	129	151	67	98
Wyoming	21	2	8	2	(³)	8	45	2	2	1	11	14	5	10

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. States: persons at work 1 to 34 hours by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could only find part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
Black or African American														
Alabama	45	5	8	7	14	11	57	6	8	2	6	17	4	13
Alaska	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)
Arizona	8	1	3	(3)	(3)	3	10	1	4	(3)	1	4	(3)	1
Arkansas	12	1	3	1	(3)	6	25	4	2	1	3	7	(3)	8
California	63	7	19	14	(3)	24	127	14	14	3	22	39	9	27
Colorado	6	1	3	1	(3)	2	11	2	1	(3)	2	1	2	2
Connecticut	11	1	3	2	1	4	24	5	5	1	4	4	(3)	5
Delaware	5	1	1	1	(3)	2	7	(3)	1	(3)	1	2	1	2
District of Columbia	10	1	3	4	(3)	3	14	1	3	(3)	1	2	2	5
Florida	90	17	22	10	10	30	127	18	20	3	13	37	5	30
Georgia	59	10	13	7	4	24	132	15	20	4	14	27	7	44
Hawaii	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	1
Idaho	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Illinois	45	8	12	3	1	20	97	10	15	2	11	22	6	30
Indiana	12	3	4	1	(3)	4	27	4	3	1	3	9	3	4
Iowa	2	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	1	5	1	1	(3)	1	2	(3)	1
Kansas	4	1	1	(3)	(3)	1	10	1	1	1	1	4	1	2
Kentucky	13	3	3	1	(3)	7	24	4	2	1	2	7	2	6
Louisiana	41	10	7	2	5	17	81	7	18	3	9	15	4	25
Maine	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Maryland	58	3	17	15	1	22	72	5	12	2	7	25	7	15
Massachusetts	14	(3)	4	3	(3)	6	30	2	2	1	5	12	(3)	7
Michigan	28	4	11	2	1	11	71	16	13	1	5	22	2	12
Minnesota	7	1	2	(3)	(3)	3	18	1	5	1	3	7	(3)	2
Mississippi	37	8	5	3	7	15	48	5	6	1	4	14	1	17
Missouri	20	5	6	2	(3)	7	37	5	6	1	4	10	3	8
Nebraska	2	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	1	5	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	(3)	1
Nevada	3	1	1	(3)	(3)	1	7	(3)	1	(3)	1	2	(3)	3
New Hampshire	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1
New Jersey	30	1	8	8	2	11	68	6	13	3	9	17	3	18
New Mexico	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	5	1	1	(3)	1	1	(3)	1
New York	87	8	29	19	1	30	174	16	28	8	12	53	7	49
North Carolina	61	7	18	5	5	26	104	8	13	2	11	28	9	32
North Dakota	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Ohio	40	4	10	6	(3)	19	89	10	17	2	10	31	4	16
Oklahoma	7	1	1	1	(3)	4	18	2	3	(3)	5	4	2	2
Oregon	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	4	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	1	1	1
Pennsylvania	30	3	10	5	(3)	12	61	10	6	1	6	20	9	9
Rhode Island	4	1	1	1	(3)	1	5	1	1	(3)	1	2	(3)	1
South Carolina	42	11	12	2	1	17	68	9	8	3	5	20	5	19
South Dakota	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Tennessee	27	4	6	2	1	15	44	3	6	1	7	10	3	14
Texas	86	15	24	6	1	39	115	17	20	1	6	36	6	29
Utah	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1
Vermont	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Virginia	43	6	14	6	1	16	80	4	8	1	8	31	8	19
Washington	7	1	3	1	(3)	2	14	3	1	(3)	5	2	(3)	3
West Virginia	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	3	(3)	1	(3)	1	1	(3)	1
Wisconsin	5	(3)	2	(3)	(3)	2	22	3	3	1	2	6	3	4
Wyoming	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. States: persons at work 1 to 34 hours by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could only find part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
Asian														
Alabama	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	4	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	(3)	1
Alaska	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	3	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	1	(3)	1
Arizona	3	1	1	(3)	(3)	1	10	1	(3)	(3)	1	7	(3)	1
Arkansas	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	3	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	1
California	113	13	45	19	(4)	35	307	29	22	13	62	108	9	64
Colorado	3	(3)	2	(3)	(3)	1	8	(3)	1	(3)	2	3	(3)	2
Connecticut	2	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	1	7	1	1	1	1	2	(3)	1
Delaware	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
District of Columbia	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Florida	9	1	2	1	2	3	29	1	1	1	5	14	2	5
Georgia	2	1	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	8	1	(3)	(3)	2	2	(3)	3
Hawaii	22	2	7	5	1	7	40	3	3	1	6	12	6	9
Idaho	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Illinois	12	1	6	1	(3)	4	27	2	3	1	5	7	(3)	8
Indiana	2	(3)	1	1	(3)	(3)	6	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	1	(3)	2
Iowa	2	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	7	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	3	(3)	1
Kansas	2	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	13	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	11	(3)	2
Kentucky	1	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	1	3	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	1	(3)	1
Louisiana	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)
Maine	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	1	(3)	(3)
Maryland	7	(3)	1	3	(3)	2	12	(3)	1	2	2	5	(3)	2
Massachusetts	9	1	3	3	(3)	2	18	(3)	1	2	2	7	1	4
Michigan	4	1	2	(3)	(3)	1	17	1	(3)	(3)	4	3	1	8
Minnesota	6	1	3	(3)	(3)	2	21	(3)	1	(3)	3	13	(3)	4
Mississippi	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1
Missouri	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	3	1	(3)	(3)	1	1	(3)	1
Nebraska	1	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	4	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	1	(3)	(3)
Nevada	3	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	8	(3)	1	(3)	1	2	(3)	3
New Hampshire	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
New Jersey	13	1	5	2	(3)	5	20	1	3	(3)	5	7	(3)	4
New Mexico	1	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	3	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	2	(3)	(3)
New York	22	3	8	4	(3)	7	65	7	6	3	10	19	2	19
North Carolina	4	(3)	1	1	(3)	1	12	4	1	(3)	2	4	(3)	1
North Dakota	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Ohio	4	(3)	1	1	(3)	2	15	(3)	(3)	1	4	7	(3)	3
Oklahoma	2	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	6	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	3	(3)	1
Oregon	2	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	1	8	1	1	(3)	1	2	(3)	2
Pennsylvania	6	(3)	3	(3)	(3)	2	12	1	1	1	3	3	2	3
Rhode Island	1	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	3	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	1	(3)	1
South Carolina	1	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
South Dakota	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Tennessee	1	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	9	1	1	(3)	2	(3)	(3)	4
Texas	13	1	6	2	(3)	5	41	5	2	2	8	19	(3)	5
Utah	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	4	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	2	(3)	(3)
Vermont	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Virginia	9	1	3	1	(3)	3	20	(3)	1	(3)	7	5	(3)	7
Washington	13	1	7	(3)	(3)	5	35	5	3	2	8	9	1	6
West Virginia	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Wisconsin	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	12	(3)	2	(3)	1	8	(3)	1
Wyoming	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. States: persons at work 1 to 34 hours by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could only find part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity														
Alabama	8	(3)	1	1	3	3	3	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	1	(3)	1
Alaska	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	3	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	1
Arizona	58	12	15	4	2	24	97	20	9	5	19	20	(3)	25
Arkansas	5	2	(3)	(3)	2	1	5	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	(3)	1
California	364	111	80	36	12	125	717	130	64	29	120	216	14	146
Colorado	36	9	12	4	1	11	62	9	7	3	11	13	1	17
Connecticut	14	2	4	2	1	5	24	4	3	1	5	5	(3)	6
Delaware	2	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	1	3	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	1
District of Columbia	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	4	1	1	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	1
Florida	81	16	19	6	12	28	194	33	17	7	33	57	7	40
Georgia	21	8	3	(3)	7	3	29	6	1	3	6	3	1	10
Hawaii	3	1	1	1	(3)	1	6	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	3	(3)	1
Idaho	4	1	1	(3)	(3)	2	7	1	1	(3)	1	2	(3)	1
Illinois	45	12	13	2	1	17	69	13	6	3	6	23	2	16
Indiana	10	3	1	1	(3)	4	8	2	1	(3)	2	2	(3)	1
Iowa	5	1	2	(3)	(3)	1	8	1	1	(3)	(3)	4	(3)	1
Kansas	6	2	1	(3)	(3)	2	14	2	1	1	2	4	1	2
Kentucky	2	(3)	1	(3)	1	1	7	(3)	1	1	1	3	(3)	1
Louisiana	8	1	1	(3)	4	2	7	1	1	1	2	2	(3)	1
Maine	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Maryland	14	2	2	2	4	4	19	6	2	1	2	4	1	3
Massachusetts	18	4	5	4	(3)	6	35	5	2	3	9	11	(3)	6
Michigan	9	2	3	(3)	(3)	4	23	3	4	(3)	3	8	1	3
Minnesota	5	(3)	2	(3)	(3)	1	13	1	4	(3)	3	4	(3)	2
Mississippi	2	1	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	3	1	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	1
Missouri	8	2	2	(3)	1	3	16	4	2	(3)	(3)	5	1	4
Montana	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	1	(3)	(3)
Nebraska	4	1	1	(3)	(3)	1	11	3	2	(3)	2	3	(3)	2
Nevada	13	4	4	(3)	(3)	4	17	4	2	1	2	4	(3)	5
New Hampshire	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)
New Jersey	28	6	7	2	2	11	71	10	7	4	15	19	1	15
New Mexico	25	2	7	5	1	10	59	7	4	3	11	16	5	14
New York	60	8	14	10	4	24	172	24	17	17	30	41	4	39
North Carolina	49	14	7	8	13	7	29	13	2	2	6	2	(3)	4
North Dakota	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Ohio	12	4	3	(3)	1	4	17	4	3	1	3	3	(3)	3
Oklahoma	6	3	(3)	(3)	1	2	9	2	1	1	1	2	1	2
Oregon	15	8	2	1	(3)	4	20	4	4	1	4	3	(3)	3
Pennsylvania	9	1	3	(3)	1	4	30	3	3	2	6	8	(3)	7
Rhode Island	3	1	1	1	(3)	1	6	1	1	(3)	1	2	(3)	1
South Carolina	7	2	(3)	1	2	1	5	1	(3)	(3)	1	1	(3)	(3)
South Dakota	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Tennessee	8	3	1	1	1	2	5	1	(3)	1	1	3	(3)	1
Texas	265	91	49	15	29	81	471	75	41	23	66	112	13	141
Utah	12	4	3	(3)	(3)	5	14	2	2	1	2	4	(3)	2
Vermont	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Virginia	26	6	6	7	4	3	25	8	1	1	5	6	(3)	4
Washington	17	6	4	1	1	5	24	5	2	2	5	4	(3)	7
West Virginia	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Wisconsin	9	4	2	(3)	(3)	3	22	5	3	2	6	3	(3)	4
Wyoming	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	4	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	1	(3)	1

¹ Includes seasonal work, job started or ended, own illness, child-care problems, other family or personal obligations, labor dispute, in school or training, civic or military duty, and all other reasons.

² Includes seasonal work, health and medical limitations, full-time workweek less than 35 hours, and all other reasons.

³ Less than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 24. States: employed persons with a job but not at work by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2004 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Vacation	Child-care problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
TOTAL					
Alabama	77	33	11	20	13
Alaska	20	11	2	2	5
Arizona	99	56	13	18	12
Arkansas	42	21	5	10	6
California	649	347	72	118	112
Colorado	103	61	8	13	20
Connecticut	81	52	8	10	10
Delaware	16	8	2	4	2
District of Columbia	9	5	1	2	2
Florida	259	128	33	48	51
Georgia	132	60	17	28	27
Hawaii	24	12	2	6	4
Idaho	26	13	3	5	6
Illinois	240	131	21	49	38
Indiana	114	58	13	23	21
Iowa	60	31	6	10	13
Kansas	44	22	6	8	8
Kentucky	77	36	9	17	14
Louisiana	90	46	8	20	16
Maine	30	16	3	5	6
Maryland	104	52	11	23	17
Massachusetts	149	94	9	27	18
Michigan	231	131	26	47	27
Minnesota	115	58	14	17	27
Mississippi	38	16	4	9	9
Missouri	106	51	12	25	18
Montana	22	11	3	3	5
Nebraska	37	18	3	6	9
Nevada	40	22	5	9	5
New Hampshire	28	17	3	4	4
New Jersey	169	96	18	33	21
New Mexico	31	18	4	5	4
New York	357	208	36	60	52
North Carolina	158	79	16	35	29
North Dakota	13	7	1	2	2
Ohio	256	136	25	61	34
Oklahoma	56	26	6	12	12
Oregon	63	35	7	7	14
Pennsylvania	224	113	23	58	28
Rhode Island	29	16	3	6	3
South Carolina	72	36	5	16	15
South Dakota	14	7	1	2	3
Tennessee	116	63	10	23	20
Texas	371	196	44	64	67
Utah	49	24	4	8	13
Vermont	16	9	1	3	4
Virginia	132	76	16	23	17
Washington	128	72	13	25	18
West Virginia	32	18	2	7	5
Wisconsin	119	61	13	19	26
Wyoming	12	7	1	2	3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. States: employed persons with a job but not at work by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Vacation	Child-care problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
Men					
Alabama	31	14	1	11	6
Alaska	11	5	(³)	1	3
Arizona	40	25	3	7	6
Arkansas	18	9	1	4	4
California	270	155	13	51	51
Colorado	47	31	1	6	10
Connecticut	35	24	2	5	5
Delaware	7	4	(³)	2	1
District of Columbia	4	2	(³)	1	1
Florida	109	56	7	21	26
Georgia	57	25	5	13	15
Hawaii	11	6	(³)	3	2
Idaho	11	6	1	2	3
Illinois	106	58	2	24	21
Indiana	48	26	2	10	9
Iowa	25	13	1	5	6
Kansas	16	9	1	3	4
Kentucky	33	15	1	9	8
Louisiana	40	20	1	8	10
Maine	14	8	1	2	3
Maryland	47	25	2	11	9
Massachusetts	67	45	1	12	9
Michigan	96	58	3	20	14
Minnesota	50	27	2	8	13
Mississippi	17	6	1	5	5
Missouri	46	23	2	12	10
Montana	11	5	(³)	2	3
Nebraska	16	7	1	3	5
Nevada	18	11	1	4	3
New Hampshire	12	7	1	3	1
New Jersey	70	44	1	13	11
New Mexico	13	7	1	3	2
New York	156	91	7	27	31
North Carolina	66	33	3	15	15
North Dakota	5	3	(³)	1	1
Ohio	108	60	4	25	18
Oklahoma	25	11	1	6	6
Oregon	28	17	1	3	7
Pennsylvania	94	52	3	25	14
Rhode Island	12	7	1	3	2
South Carolina	30	16	1	8	6
South Dakota	6	3	(³)	1	2
Tennessee	51	28	1	12	10
Texas	166	86	10	30	40
Utah	21	11	1	4	6
Vermont	7	4	(³)	1	2
Virginia	50	31	2	8	8
Washington	58	32	3	16	7
West Virginia	14	8	(³)	3	2
Wisconsin	51	26	1	9	15
Wyoming	6	3	(³)	1	1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. States: employed persons with a job but not at work by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Vacation	Child-care problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
Women					
Alabama	46	19	10	9	7
Alaska	9	5	2	1	1
Arizona	59	31	10	11	6
Arkansas	25	12	4	6	2
California	379	192	59	67	62
Colorado	56	31	7	8	11
Connecticut	45	28	7	6	5
Delaware	9	4	2	2	1
District of Columbia	5	2	1	1	1
Florida	150	72	26	27	25
Georgia	75	35	12	16	12
Hawaii	13	6	2	3	1
Idaho	15	7	2	3	3
Illinois	135	73	19	25	17
Indiana	67	32	11	12	12
Iowa	35	18	5	5	7
Kansas	27	13	5	5	4
Kentucky	44	21	8	8	6
Louisiana	51	26	7	12	6
Maine	16	8	2	3	3
Maryland	56	27	9	11	8
Massachusetts	82	49	8	16	10
Michigan	135	73	23	26	13
Minnesota	66	31	12	9	14
Mississippi	21	10	3	4	3
Missouri	60	28	11	13	8
Montana	12	6	2	1	2
Nebraska	21	11	3	3	4
Nevada	22	11	4	5	2
New Hampshire	16	9	2	2	3
New Jersey	100	52	17	20	10
New Mexico	19	11	3	2	2
New York	201	117	29	33	22
North Carolina	91	46	12	20	13
North Dakota	8	4	1	1	1
Ohio	149	77	21	36	16
Oklahoma	31	14	5	6	6
Oregon	35	17	6	4	7
Pennsylvania	129	61	20	33	15
Rhode Island	17	9	2	3	2
South Carolina	42	21	4	9	9
South Dakota	7	4	1	1	2
Tennessee	65	35	9	11	10
Texas	206	110	34	34	27
Utah	28	13	3	5	7
Vermont	9	5	1	2	1
Virginia	82	45	13	15	9
Washington	70	40	10	9	10
West Virginia	19	10	2	4	3
Wisconsin	68	35	11	10	11
Wyoming	7	3	1	1	1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. States: employed persons with a job but not at work by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Vacation	Child-care problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
White					
Alabama	57	26	9	12	10
Alaska	15	8	1	2	4
Arizona	92	52	12	17	12
Arkansas	34	18	4	7	5
California	519	278	55	91	94
Colorado	96	57	7	12	18
Connecticut	72	47	7	10	9
Delaware	13	7	1	3	2
District of Columbia	4	3	(³)	(³)	1
Florida	214	110	25	36	43
Georgia	103	47	13	22	21
Hawaii	7	4	1	2	1
Idaho	25	12	3	5	5
Illinois	208	115	19	42	32
Indiana	103	52	11	20	19
Iowa	58	30	5	10	13
Kansas	41	21	5	7	8
Kentucky	70	34	9	14	13
Louisiana	62	35	6	11	10
Maine	29	16	3	5	6
Maryland	75	39	8	14	14
Massachusetts	137	88	9	23	17
Michigan	202	115	23	40	24
Minnesota	108	54	13	16	26
Mississippi	26	11	2	7	6
Missouri	94	48	10	20	16
Montana	21	11	2	3	5
Nebraska	33	17	3	5	8
Nevada	34	19	4	6	4
New Hampshire	27	16	3	4	4
New Jersey	140	81	14	27	18
New Mexico	28	16	3	5	4
New York	289	174	25	44	45
North Carolina	123	65	12	25	21
North Dakota	12	7	1	2	2
Ohio	223	122	20	52	28
Oklahoma	46	22	5	10	9
Oregon	56	32	6	6	12
Pennsylvania	206	108	21	50	28
Rhode Island	27	15	3	6	3
South Carolina	55	30	4	10	12
South Dakota	13	6	1	2	3
Tennessee	97	53	7	20	17
Texas	312	168	40	46	58
Utah	48	23	4	8	12
Vermont	16	8	1	2	4
Virginia	107	66	12	15	14
Washington	109	62	11	20	15
West Virginia	31	18	2	6	5
Wisconsin	110	59	11	18	22
Wyoming	12	6	1	2	3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. States: employed persons with a job but not at work by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Vacation	Child-care problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
Black or African American					
Alabama	16	6	1	6	3
Alaska	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Arizona	4	2	1	1	(³)
Arkansas	7	3	1	3	1
California	37	18	5	10	4
Colorado	3	2	(³)	(³)	1
Connecticut	4	2	1	1	1
Delaware	2	1	(³)	1	(³)
District of Columbia	4	2	(³)	1	1
Florida	37	15	7	10	5
Georgia	24	9	4	6	5
Hawaii	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Idaho	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Illinois	24	11	2	6	6
Indiana	9	5	1	2	1
Iowa	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Kansas	1	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
Kentucky	6	2	(³)	3	1
Louisiana	27	10	3	8	6
Maine	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Maryland	22	9	2	8	3
Massachusetts	8	4	(³)	3	1
Michigan	24	11	3	6	3
Minnesota	3	2	(³)	1	(³)
Mississippi	11	5	1	2	3
Missouri	8	2	1	4	1
Nebraska	2	(³)	(³)	(³)	1
Nevada	3	1	(³)	2	1
New Hampshire	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
New Jersey	17	8	3	5	2
New Mexico	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
New York	47	22	7	13	5
North Carolina	24	11	2	6	5
North Dakota	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Ohio	26	11	3	7	5
Oklahoma	2	1	(³)	1	(³)
Oregon	2	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
Pennsylvania	15	4	2	8	1
Rhode Island	1	(³)	(³)	1	(³)
South Carolina	16	6	1	6	3
South Dakota	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Tennessee	17	9	2	3	3
Texas	41	18	3	15	5
Utah	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Vermont	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Virginia	20	8	2	8	3
Washington	5	2	1	1	(³)
West Virginia	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Wisconsin	5	1	1	(³)	3
Wyoming	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. States: employed persons with a job but not at work by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Vacation	Child-care problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
Asian					
Alabama	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Alaska	2	1	(3)	(3)	(3)
Arizona	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Arkansas	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
California	64	36	7	11	11
Colorado	1	1	(3)	(3)	(3)
Connecticut	3	2	(3)	(3)	(3)
Delaware	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
District of Columbia	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Florida	6	2	1	1	2
Georgia	3	3	(3)	(3)	(3)
Hawaii	11	6	1	3	2
Idaho	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Illinois	6	5	1	(3)	(3)
Indiana	1	1	(3)	(3)	(3)
Iowa	1	1	(3)	(3)	(3)
Kansas	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Kentucky	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Louisiana	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Maine	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Maryland	4	3	1	(3)	(3)
Massachusetts	3	2	(3)	1	(3)
Michigan	3	3	(3)	(3)	(3)
Minnesota	3	2	1	(3)	(3)
Mississippi	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Missouri	1	(3)	1	(3)	(3)
Nebraska	1	1	(3)	(3)	(3)
Nevada	2	1	(3)	1	(3)
New Hampshire	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
New Jersey	10	6	1	2	1
New Mexico	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
New York	15	9	3	2	1
North Carolina	3	1	1	1	1
North Dakota	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Ohio	5	3	1	(3)	(3)
Oklahoma	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Oregon	1	1	(3)	(3)	(3)
Pennsylvania	1	1	(3)	(3)	(3)
Rhode Island	1	1	(3)	(3)	(3)
South Carolina	1	1	(3)	(3)	(3)
South Dakota	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Tennessee	2	2	(3)	(3)	(3)
Texas	11	6	1	1	3
Utah	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Vermont	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Virginia	4	2	1	(3)	(3)
Washington	8	5	(3)	2	1
West Virginia	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Wisconsin	2	(3)	1	(3)	1
Wyoming	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. States: employed persons with a job but not at work by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Vacation	Child-care problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity					
Alabama	2	1	(³)	1	(³)
Alaska	1	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
Arizona	23	11	4	5	3
Arkansas	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
California	166	83	22	38	24
Colorado	16	10	1	3	2
Connecticut	5	3	1	1	1
Delaware	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
District of Columbia	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Florida	36	21	4	6	6
Georgia	7	5	1	1	(³)
Hawaii	2	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
Idaho	2	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
Illinois	26	13	3	5	6
Indiana	4	2	1	1	(³)
Iowa	2	2	(³)	(³)	(³)
Kansas	1	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
Kentucky	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Louisiana	2	1	1	(³)	(³)
Maine	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Maryland	5	2	2	1	1
Massachusetts	8	5	1	1	1
Michigan	3	1	(³)	1	1
Minnesota	2	(³)	1	(³)	(³)
Mississippi	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Missouri	3	2	1	(³)	(³)
Montana	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Nebraska	1	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
Nevada	6	3	1	1	1
New Hampshire	1	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
New Jersey	19	9	3	4	3
New Mexico	10	5	2	2	2
New York	32	18	4	5	5
North Carolina	5	2	1	1	1
North Dakota	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Ohio	6	3	(³)	2	1
Oklahoma	2	1	(³)	(³)	1
Oregon	3	2	(³)	(³)	1
Pennsylvania	3	1	(³)	(³)	1
Rhode Island	2	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
South Carolina	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
South Dakota	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Tennessee	3	(³)	1	(³)	1
Texas	106	58	15	16	17
Utah	4	2	1	1	1
Vermont	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Virginia	5	3	(³)	1	1
Washington	5	3	2	(³)	1
West Virginia	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Wisconsin	4	2	1	1	(³)
Wyoming	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)

¹ Includes maternity or paternity leave and other family obligations.

² Includes labor disputes, bad weather, in school or training, civic or military duty, and all other reasons.

³ Less than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Estimates for

the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 25. States: unemployed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2004 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total unemployed	Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
TOTAL						
Alabama	126	58	12	16	43	10
Alaska	25	12	6	3	9	1
Arizona	141	62	15	19	46	14
Arkansas	77	34	9	7	29	8
California	1,084	582	136	83	300	118
Colorado	137	72	12	18	35	11
Connecticut	88	49	10	8	23	7
Delaware	17	9	2	2	4	1
District of Columbia	25	12	2	2	9	2
Florida	390	198	30	51	99	42
Georgia	205	97	17	27	66	15
Hawaii	21	8	3	3	8	1
Idaho	37	19	8	4	11	3
Illinois	389	211	46	40	110	28
Indiana	167	91	29	19	44	12
Iowa	75	38	12	10	22	5
Kansas	82	39	10	9	29	4
Kentucky	103	41	12	14	37	11
Louisiana	124	59	14	15	39	11
Maine	32	19	6	3	9	1
Maryland	121	51	16	14	48	8
Massachusetts	172	103	24	15	40	15
Michigan	356	216	60	27	90	23
Minnesota	140	73	26	16	46	6
Mississippi	83	35	9	8	28	11
Missouri	173	86	19	24	50	12
Montana	24	12	6	3	8	1
Nebraska	37	16	5	5	14	3
Nevada	50	23	4	7	13	6
New Hampshire	27	15	3	3	7	1
New Jersey	210	122	23	22	55	12
New Mexico	51	22	5	7	19	3
New York	548	286	62	36	180	45
North Carolina	227	117	21	23	66	22
North Dakota	12	5	2	2	4	1
Ohio	370	198	53	36	109	27
Oklahoma	84	33	6	16	31	3
Oregon	140	78	22	13	36	13
Pennsylvania	350	196	60	28	91	34
Rhode Island	30	15	5	3	8	3
South Carolina	142	73	13	15	44	10
South Dakota	16	6	2	2	6	1
Tennessee	147	68	18	20	46	13
Texas	657	315	55	87	195	61
Utah	64	26	8	7	24	6
Vermont	13	7	3	2	4	1
Virginia	147	67	11	19	49	12
Washington	202	103	27	22	62	15
West Virginia	42	21	7	6	11	4
Wisconsin	155	90	30	14	42	8
Wyoming	11	5	2	1	4	(¹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 25. States: unemployed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total unemployed	Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
Men						
Alabama	61	34	7	7	15	5
Alaska	14	8	4	1	5	(¹)
Arizona	77	41	7	9	17	10
Arkansas	39	20	7	4	11	4
California	614	378	90	40	134	63
Colorado	78	47	8	10	17	5
Connecticut	48	29	7	5	10	4
Delaware	9	6	1	1	2	(¹)
District of Columbia	14	7	1	1	4	1
Florida	205	111	18	30	44	20
Georgia	109	63	11	16	24	6
Hawaii	13	6	2	2	5	1
Idaho	22	12	5	2	7	1
Illinois	204	123	28	21	46	14
Indiana	87	53	19	8	20	6
Iowa	37	23	8	3	8	3
Kansas	41	23	7	3	12	3
Kentucky	59	29	9	7	18	6
Louisiana	68	35	10	7	20	6
Maine	18	12	5	1	4	1
Maryland	58	31	9	5	19	3
Massachusetts	105	65	15	9	21	9
Michigan	204	133	42	11	48	11
Minnesota	86	47	20	12	23	3
Mississippi	39	20	5	5	10	4
Missouri	93	50	13	16	21	6
Montana	14	8	4	1	4	1
Nebraska	19	10	3	2	6	1
Nevada	28	15	2	4	7	3
New Hampshire	16	11	2	1	3	1
New Jersey	111	70	13	12	25	4
New Mexico	26	15	3	3	7	2
New York	293	171	42	17	82	23
North Carolina	116	66	13	12	28	10
North Dakota	8	4	2	1	3	1
Ohio	205	128	35	16	48	14
Oklahoma	41	19	4	8	12	2
Oregon	80	49	14	8	16	7
Pennsylvania	207	127	36	14	45	21
Rhode Island	16	9	3	1	4	2
South Carolina	72	40	7	9	17	5
South Dakota	8	3	2	1	3	1
Tennessee	77	40	9	12	21	5
Texas	370	208	38	47	88	26
Utah	35	17	5	4	11	3
Vermont	7	4	2	1	2	(¹)
Virginia	74	40	8	8	22	4
Washington	109	65	19	9	24	10
West Virginia	25	15	5	3	5	2
Wisconsin	90	56	20	8	21	4
Wyoming	5	3	1	1	2	(¹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 25. States: unemployed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total unemployed	Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
Women						
Alabama	66	24	5	9	29	5
Alaska	11	4	2	1	5	1
Arizona	63	21	8	9	28	5
Arkansas	38	14	2	4	17	4
California	470	205	46	44	167	55
Colorado	58	26	5	8	19	6
Connecticut	40	20	3	4	14	3
Delaware	8	3	1	2	3	1
District of Columbia	11	5	1	1	4	1
Florida	185	87	12	21	55	21
Georgia	96	34	6	11	43	9
Hawaii	8	3	1	2	3	1
Idaho	15	7	3	2	4	2
Illinois	185	88	18	19	64	14
Indiana	80	38	10	12	25	6
Iowa	38	16	4	6	14	2
Kansas	40	16	3	6	17	1
Kentucky	44	12	3	7	19	5
Louisiana	56	23	4	8	20	6
Maine	14	7	2	2	4	1
Maryland	64	21	7	9	29	5
Massachusetts	68	38	9	5	18	6
Michigan	153	82	18	17	42	12
Minnesota	54	26	7	3	22	2
Mississippi	43	15	4	3	18	7
Missouri	80	36	6	9	29	6
Montana	10	4	2	2	4	(¹)
Nebraska	18	6	1	2	8	1
Nevada	22	9	2	4	6	3
New Hampshire	11	5	1	2	4	1
New Jersey	99	51	10	10	29	8
New Mexico	25	7	2	4	12	1
New York	254	114	21	19	98	22
North Carolina	111	50	9	11	38	12
North Dakota	4	1	(¹)	1	2	(¹)
Ohio	165	71	18	20	62	13
Oklahoma	42	13	2	8	19	1
Oregon	60	29	8	5	20	6
Pennsylvania	143	69	24	14	46	13
Rhode Island	14	6	2	2	5	2
South Carolina	71	33	6	6	27	5
South Dakota	8	2	1	2	4	(¹)
Tennessee	70	28	9	9	26	8
Texas	287	106	17	40	106	34
Utah	29	9	3	3	13	3
Vermont	6	3	1	1	2	(¹)
Virginia	72	27	3	11	28	7
Washington	94	38	8	13	38	5
West Virginia	18	6	2	3	6	2
Wisconsin	65	34	10	6	20	4
Wyoming	5	2	1	1	3	(¹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 25. States: unemployed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total unemployed	Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
White						
Alabama	61	30	6	9	17	5
Alaska	14	7	4	2	4	(¹)
Arizona	121	55	14	16	37	13
Arkansas	50	23	8	5	18	4
California	810	428	111	69	223	89
Colorado	117	62	11	15	31	9
Connecticut	72	40	9	8	18	6
Delaware	12	7	2	2	3	(¹)
District of Columbia	5	2	(¹)	1	2	(¹)
Florida	269	138	24	41	69	21
Georgia	106	51	11	15	34	5
Hawaii	4	2	1	1	1	(¹)
Idaho	34	18	7	4	10	2
Illinois	271	156	39	31	67	17
Indiana	138	76	26	17	36	9
Iowa	68	35	11	9	19	5
Kansas	62	30	9	8	21	3
Kentucky	83	33	10	12	29	9
Louisiana	63	33	8	10	18	2
Maine	31	18	6	3	8	1
Maryland	68	28	10	11	23	5
Massachusetts	141	88	23	13	32	8
Michigan	250	159	50	21	52	18
Minnesota	115	63	24	13	35	4
Mississippi	36	13	3	5	14	3
Missouri	127	67	16	19	34	8
Montana	19	10	5	3	6	1
Nebraska	29	14	4	4	10	1
Nevada	38	18	3	6	10	5
New Hampshire	25	14	3	3	7	1
New Jersey	146	90	19	14	35	7
New Mexico	39	17	3	6	14	2
New York	361	194	49	27	111	29
North Carolina	127	67	14	12	36	12
North Dakota	10	5	2	1	3	1
Ohio	278	161	45	26	70	20
Oklahoma	56	24	5	11	20	2
Oregon	124	70	20	11	32	10
Pennsylvania	273	159	53	21	69	24
Rhode Island	25	13	5	3	6	3
South Carolina	82	44	7	9	25	4
South Dakota	12	5	2	2	4	1
Tennessee	98	44	13	13	34	6
Texas	482	231	45	62	148	41
Utah	59	24	8	7	22	6
Vermont	13	7	3	2	4	1
Virginia	85	40	8	13	27	6
Washington	168	89	25	19	48	12
West Virginia	37	19	6	5	9	4
Wisconsin	127	78	27	12	30	6
Wyoming	10	4	2	1	4	(¹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 25. States: unemployed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total unemployed	Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
Black or African American						
Alabama	62	27	6	6	25	5
Alaska	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Arizona	9	3	1	1	6	(1)
Arkansas	25	10	2	2	9	4
California	113	61	12	3	38	11
Colorado	11	6	(1)	2	2	1
Connecticut	13	7	1	1	4	1
Delaware	5	2	(1)	1	1	(1)
District of Columbia	19	10	1	1	7	1
Florida	108	56	5	9	27	16
Georgia	91	44	6	10	29	8
Illinois	107	49	6	7	41	10
Indiana	23	12	2	2	7	2
Iowa	5	3	(1)	1	2	(1)
Kansas	12	6	1	1	5	(1)
Kentucky	17	6	1	1	7	2
Louisiana	61	26	6	5	21	9
Maryland	48	19	5	2	24	2
Massachusetts	19	8	(1)	1	5	5
Michigan	88	49	8	3	32	4
Minnesota	12	7	1	(1)	5	(1)
Mississippi	46	21	5	3	14	8
Missouri	43	18	2	6	14	4
Nebraska	4	1	(1)	(1)	2	1
Nevada	5	3	(1)	(1)	1	1
New Jersey	53	28	3	6	15	4
New Mexico	3	2	(1)	(1)	1	(1)
New York	150	68	10	8	60	13
North Carolina	88	45	6	10	24	9
Ohio	78	31	7	6	35	5
Oklahoma	9	3	(1)	1	4	(1)
Oregon	4	2	(1)	(1)	1	(1)
Pennsylvania	64	35	6	5	18	6
Rhode Island	4	1	(1)	(1)	1	(1)
South Carolina	58	28	6	6	18	6
Tennessee	47	23	4	6	12	7
Texas	137	67	7	19	38	14
Virginia	52	23	3	5	19	4
Washington	9	5	1	(1)	4	(1)
West Virginia	3	1	(1)	(1)	1	1
Wisconsin	22	11	3	1	8	2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 25. States: unemployed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total unemployed	Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
Asian						
Alaska	1	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)
Arizona	3	1	(1)	(1)	1	(1)
California	111	66	8	9	25	12
Colorado	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Connecticut	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Delaware	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
District of Columbia	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Florida	7	2	(1)	(1)	1	4
Georgia	4	1	(1)	2	(1)	1
Hawaii	7	3	1	1	2	1
Illinois	9	5	1	1	3	(1)
Iowa	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Kansas	2	1	(1)	(1)	1	(1)
Maryland	3	2	1	(1)	1	(1)
Massachusetts	9	5	(1)	1	1	2
Michigan	7	3	1	2	2	(1)
Minnesota	6	1	1	1	3	1
Missouri	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Nevada	3	2	(1)	1	1	(1)
New Hampshire	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
New Jersey	9	3	(1)	2	3	1
New York	25	16	1	(1)	5	3
North Carolina	2	1	(1)	(1)	1	(1)
Ohio	5	2	(1)	1	1	(1)
Oregon	5	3	(1)	(1)	1	1
Pennsylvania	8	1	(1)	2	2	3
Rhode Island	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Texas	14	7	1	2	3	2
Virginia	8	3	(1)	1	3	1
Washington	10	3	(1)	1	5	2
Wisconsin	3	1	(1)	1	1	1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 25. States: unemployed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total unemployed	Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity						
Alabama	2	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	1
Alaska	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Arizona	52	26	10	6	12	7
Arkansas	3	2	1	(¹)	(¹)	1
California	445	239	79	33	113	60
Colorado	34	16	4	4	10	3
Connecticut	15	7	1	2	4	3
Delaware	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)
District of Columbia	2	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Florida	82	44	8	9	20	9
Georgia	14	5	1	2	7	1
Hawaii	3	1	1	(¹)	2	(¹)
Idaho	4	3	1	(¹)	1	(¹)
Illinois	48	25	7	4	15	4
Indiana	12	9	2	(¹)	1	1
Iowa	5	2	1	(¹)	2	(¹)
Kansas	6	4	1	1	2	(¹)
Kentucky	2	1	(¹)	(¹)	1	1
Louisiana	3	1	(¹)	(¹)	2	(¹)
Maryland	10	5	1	2	3	1
Massachusetts	20	12	2	1	5	2
Michigan	20	14	6	1	4	2
Minnesota	5	1	1	2	2	(¹)
Mississippi	2	1	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)
Missouri	7	4	2	(¹)	2	(¹)
Montana	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Nebraska	5	1	1	(¹)	2	(¹)
Nevada	8	5	1	1	1	1
New Hampshire	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
New Jersey	28	17	5	3	7	2
New Mexico	28	12	2	4	11	1
New York	105	51	10	7	36	11
North Carolina	16	9	3	1	5	1
Ohio	9	6	3	1	3	(¹)
Oklahoma	3	(¹)	(¹)	1	1	(¹)
Oregon	17	8	3	1	5	3
Pennsylvania	17	7	3	1	6	3
Rhode Island	4	1	(¹)	(¹)	1	1
South Carolina	2	1	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)
Tennessee	4	2	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)
Texas	241	120	26	25	68	28
Utah	11	5	2	1	4	1
Virginia	11	5	3	1	4	1
Washington	15	8	3	1	6	(¹)
Wisconsin	15	7	3	2	5	1
Wyoming	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)

¹ Less than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In

addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 26. States: unemployed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2004 annual averages

Population group and State	Thousands of persons								Weeks	
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over					Average (mean) duration	Median duration
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over				
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over		
TOTAL										
Alabama	126	37	37	52	22	31	16	15	18.7	11.0
Alaska	25	10	8	7	4	3	2	1	13.1	7.2
Arizona	141	58	36	46	20	26	11	15	17.3	7.6
Arkansas	77	28	23	26	13	13	5	8	17.3	8.3
California	1,084	349	301	434	178	255	108	147	20.3	10.3
Colorado	137	49	41	47	20	27	13	14	18.0	8.9
Connecticut	88	24	26	39	17	22	10	12	21.3	12.1
Delaware	17	6	5	6	3	3	1	2	17.5	9.0
District of Columbia	25	7	7	11	4	7	2	5	25.4	12.0
Florida	390	134	117	138	66	73	33	40	17.4	9.2
Georgia	205	71	56	78	33	46	13	32	20.4	9.7
Hawaii	21	9	6	6	2	4	1	2	17.5	7.2
Idaho	37	19	9	9	4	5	2	3	13.3	4.4
Illinois	389	114	108	167	65	101	38	64	23.1	11.5
Indiana	167	53	54	60	24	35	17	18	19.4	9.3
Iowa	75	28	25	22	9	13	5	7	16.7	7.8
Kansas	82	27	24	30	13	17	9	9	18.2	9.6
Kentucky	103	41	34	28	14	14	5	9	16.1	7.3
Louisiana	124	43	37	44	23	21	10	11	17.9	9.0
Maine	32	12	10	11	5	6	2	3	16.5	8.6
Maryland	121	45	35	41	18	24	9	15	17.8	8.7
Massachusetts	172	57	49	67	25	42	15	27	21.0	9.9
Michigan	356	102	102	152	54	99	46	53	21.8	11.4
Minnesota	140	45	49	47	19	27	13	14	17.5	9.2
Mississippi	83	25	26	32	10	21	7	14	22.0	10.1
Missouri	173	49	51	74	29	45	25	20	20.8	11.8
Montana	24	10	6	8	4	4	2	2	15.0	8.2
Nebraska	37	14	12	11	5	6	2	3	15.3	8.3
Nevada	50	19	16	15	8	7	3	4	15.7	7.8
New Hampshire	27	10	8	8	4	4	2	2	15.8	7.9
New Jersey	210	68	58	84	34	50	21	29	21.1	10.6
New Mexico	51	21	14	16	6	9	4	6	17.2	7.5
New York	548	151	150	246	96	150	58	92	24.5	12.5
North Carolina	227	81	66	80	30	50	21	30	20.2	9.2
North Dakota	12	5	4	3	2	2	1	1	15.1	7.5
Ohio	370	116	116	139	60	79	35	44	19.0	10.0
Oklahoma	84	32	23	29	11	18	9	9	18.5	7.9
Oregon	140	45	39	57	23	34	14	20	21.8	10.2
Pennsylvania	350	113	108	129	60	69	23	46	19.0	9.7
Rhode Island	30	10	9	11	5	6	3	4	19.7	9.6
South Carolina	142	41	45	56	26	30	12	18	19.1	10.7
South Dakota	16	7	5	3	2	2	1	1	13.6	6.2
Tennessee	147	52	39	56	22	34	17	17	19.3	9.4
Texas	657	239	204	215	100	115	48	67	17.2	8.8
Utah	64	26	20	18	8	10	5	5	15.1	7.4
Vermont	13	5	4	3	2	2	1	1	13.2	6.7
Virginia	147	52	42	52	20	32	9	22	18.6	9.3
Washington	202	71	52	79	34	45	19	26	19.7	9.5
West Virginia	42	14	13	15	7	8	4	4	17.1	9.0
Wisconsin	155	47	47	61	30	31	14	17	19.1	10.6
Wyoming	11	5	4	2	1	1	1	(¹)	10.4	5.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 26. States: unemployed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2004 annual averages
— Continued

Population group and State	Thousands of persons								Weeks	
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over					Average (mean) duration	Median duration
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over				
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over		
Men										
Alabama	61	19	17	25	9	15	7	8	19.2	10.4
Alaska	14	5	5	4	2	2	1	1	13.4	7.7
Arizona	77	30	17	30	12	18	7	11	19.8	9.0
Arkansas	39	14	13	11	7	4	2	3	15.1	8.0
California	614	202	164	248	105	142	63	79	19.7	10.2
Colorado	78	26	23	29	13	15	8	7	17.9	9.8
Connecticut	48	12	14	22	10	11	5	7	21.2	12.5
Delaware	9	3	3	3	1	2	1	1	18.1	9.4
District of Columbia	14	4	4	6	2	4	1	3	25.9	12.2
Florida	205	74	57	74	28	46	19	27	18.9	9.0
Georgia	109	38	31	40	15	25	6	19	21.1	9.7
Hawaii	13	6	3	4	2	2	1	1	17.5	7.0
Idaho	22	11	5	6	3	3	2	1	13.0	4.5
Illinois	204	60	50	93	35	58	21	37	25.2	12.3
Indiana	87	28	28	32	14	18	9	9	19.7	9.3
Iowa	37	14	11	13	5	8	3	5	19.8	8.3
Kansas	41	15	12	14	6	8	5	4	16.8	8.8
Kentucky	59	23	20	16	9	7	2	5	15.2	7.6
Louisiana	68	22	21	24	13	11	6	5	16.9	9.5
Maine	18	6	6	7	4	3	1	2	16.9	9.3
Maryland	58	23	18	17	6	11	4	8	17.0	7.9
Massachusetts	105	33	29	43	17	26	10	16	21.6	10.4
Michigan	204	58	58	87	31	56	23	33	22.4	11.6
Minnesota	86	25	32	30	12	18	7	11	18.8	9.9
Mississippi	39	11	14	15	5	10	5	5	21.2	10.1
Missouri	93	24	26	43	16	27	14	13	22.1	13.1
Montana	14	6	4	4	2	2	1	1	13.9	7.6
Nebraska	19	8	7	5	2	3	1	2	15.5	7.5
Nevada	28	11	8	9	5	5	2	3	18.9	8.5
New Hampshire	16	5	5	6	2	3	1	2	19.1	9.1
New Jersey	111	36	29	46	19	27	10	17	21.4	10.4
New Mexico	26	10	7	9	3	6	2	3	18.6	7.7
New York	293	83	79	131	46	84	31	54	25.0	12.3
North Carolina	116	43	36	37	11	26	8	17	20.7	8.8
North Dakota	8	3	3	2	1	1	(¹)	1	17.5	8.1
Ohio	205	63	61	80	32	48	18	30	20.8	10.6
Oklahoma	41	17	10	15	5	10	5	6	21.2	8.2
Oregon	80	27	22	32	13	18	8	10	21.7	10.2
Pennsylvania	207	61	63	83	33	49	16	34	21.6	10.8
Rhode Island	16	5	5	6	2	4	1	2	21.8	10.0
South Carolina	72	19	21	32	13	19	7	11	22.0	12.5
South Dakota	8	4	2	2	1	1	(¹)	1	16.5	6.0
Tennessee	77	27	21	30	14	16	7	9	18.8	9.5
Texas	370	140	109	121	51	70	27	44	18.0	8.4
Utah	35	14	12	10	4	6	3	3	16.0	7.7
Vermont	7	3	2	2	1	1	(¹)	1	15.1	7.0
Virginia	74	26	20	28	9	19	6	12	20.1	10.0
Washington	109	40	28	41	15	26	11	15	19.6	9.0
West Virginia	25	8	8	9	4	5	2	2	17.9	9.9
Wisconsin	90	26	26	38	17	20	9	11	20.6	11.6
Wyoming	5	2	2	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	10.9	5.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 26. States: unemployed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2004 annual averages
— Continued

Population group and State	Thousands of persons								Weeks	
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over					Average (mean) duration	Median duration
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over				
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over		
Women										
Alabama	66	18	20	28	13	15	8	7	18.3	11.6
Alaska	11	5	3	3	2	1	1	(¹)	12.7	6.5
Arizona	63	28	19	17	8	8	4	4	14.1	6.3
Arkansas	38	14	10	14	6	9	4	5	19.4	8.9
California	470	147	137	186	73	113	45	68	21.1	10.4
Colorado	58	23	17	18	6	12	5	7	18.1	7.9
Connecticut	40	11	12	17	6	11	6	5	21.3	11.7
Delaware	8	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	16.9	8.6
District of Columbia	11	3	3	5	2	3	1	2	24.7	11.7
Florida	185	61	60	65	38	27	14	13	15.8	9.4
Georgia	96	33	25	38	18	21	8	13	19.6	9.7
Hawaii	8	3	2	2	1	2	1	1	17.6	7.4
Idaho	15	8	4	3	1	2	(¹)	2	13.7	4.3
Illinois	185	54	58	74	30	43	16	27	20.9	10.8
Indiana	80	25	26	28	11	17	8	9	19.0	9.3
Iowa	38	14	14	9	5	5	2	2	13.5	7.5
Kansas	40	12	12	16	7	9	4	5	19.6	10.6
Kentucky	44	18	14	12	5	7	3	4	17.2	6.9
Louisiana	56	21	16	19	9	10	4	6	19.1	8.5
Maine	14	6	4	4	2	3	1	1	15.9	7.4
Maryland	64	22	17	25	12	13	6	7	18.5	9.8
Massachusetts	68	23	20	24	9	16	5	11	20.0	9.1
Michigan	153	44	44	65	23	43	23	20	21.1	11.1
Minnesota	54	20	17	17	8	9	6	4	15.4	8.0
Mississippi	43	15	12	17	5	11	2	9	22.8	10.1
Missouri	80	25	25	31	12	18	12	7	19.3	10.6
Montana	10	4	2	4	2	2	1	1	16.5	9.3
Nebraska	18	6	6	6	3	3	1	1	15.0	9.3
Nevada	22	9	8	5	3	2	1	1	11.7	7.0
New Hampshire	11	5	3	2	1	1	1	(¹)	11.2	6.2
New Jersey	99	32	29	38	15	23	11	12	20.8	10.8
New Mexico	25	10	7	7	3	4	1	2	15.8	7.3
New York	254	68	71	116	50	66	28	38	24.0	12.6
North Carolina	111	37	31	43	19	25	12	12	19.6	9.8
North Dakota	4	2	1	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	10.6	5.4
Ohio	165	52	54	59	28	31	17	14	16.8	9.4
Oklahoma	42	16	13	14	6	8	4	4	15.8	7.7
Oregon	60	18	17	25	10	15	6	10	21.8	10.2
Pennsylvania	143	52	45	46	27	19	8	12	15.3	8.3
Rhode Island	14	5	4	5	3	2	1	1	17.3	9.1
South Carolina	71	22	24	24	13	11	5	7	16.2	9.4
South Dakota	8	3	3	1	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	10.7	6.3
Tennessee	70	25	18	26	8	18	10	8	19.7	9.2
Texas	287	99	95	94	49	45	21	24	16.3	9.2
Utah	29	12	9	8	4	5	2	2	13.9	7.1
Vermont	6	2	2	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	10.8	6.4
Virginia	72	26	22	24	11	13	3	10	17.1	8.7
Washington	94	31	25	38	18	20	9	11	19.8	9.9
West Virginia	18	7	6	5	2	3	1	2	15.9	7.9
Wisconsin	65	21	21	23	13	11	5	6	17.1	9.6
Wyoming	5	3	2	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	10.0	4.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 26. States: unemployed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2004 annual averages
— Continued

Population group and State	Thousands of persons								Weeks	
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over					Average (mean) duration	Median duration
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over				
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over		
White										
Alabama	61	22	16	23	7	16	8	9	19.2	9.1
Alaska	14	6	5	3	2	1	1	(¹)	11.2	6.9
Arizona	121	52	30	39	18	22	9	12	17.1	7.3
Arkansas	50	19	15	16	7	8	4	5	16.3	7.6
California	810	277	227	306	131	175	76	98	18.9	9.7
Colorado	117	43	35	40	16	23	10	13	18.3	8.7
Connecticut	72	20	22	30	12	18	8	10	21.0	11.4
Delaware	12	4	4	4	1	3	1	2	19.2	9.0
District of Columbia	5	2	1	1	1	1	(¹)	1	17.3	7.2
Florida	269	100	76	93	40	52	25	28	17.4	8.5
Georgia	106	41	28	37	16	20	7	14	18.9	8.8
Hawaii	4	2	1	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	20.7	4.4
Idaho	34	18	8	8	4	4	2	2	12.5	4.3
Illinois	271	90	78	103	43	60	23	37	20.3	9.7
Indiana	138	45	43	50	20	29	15	15	19.5	9.2
Iowa	68	26	23	19	8	11	5	6	15.7	7.5
Kansas	62	23	18	21	10	12	6	5	16.2	8.5
Kentucky	83	34	27	22	11	12	4	8	15.7	7.0
Louisiana	63	26	16	21	11	10	6	5	16.0	8.0
Maine	31	11	9	10	5	5	2	3	16.5	8.6
Maryland	68	28	20	19	9	11	5	6	14.5	7.1
Massachusetts	141	47	39	55	22	33	12	21	20.8	10.0
Michigan	250	77	73	100	36	64	30	34	20.4	10.3
Minnesota	115	36	41	37	16	21	10	11	17.4	9.1
Mississippi	36	12	11	13	5	8	3	6	23.6	9.5
Missouri	127	39	37	50	20	30	18	13	19.3	10.5
Montana	19	8	5	6	3	3	2	1	14.6	7.3
Nebraska	29	11	10	8	4	5	2	3	15.3	8.3
Nevada	38	16	12	11	6	5	3	2	15.0	7.3
New Hampshire	25	10	8	8	4	4	2	2	16.0	8.0
New Jersey	146	50	40	56	24	32	13	19	20.5	10.0
New Mexico	39	16	11	12	5	7	3	3	16.1	7.4
New York	361	109	101	151	63	88	35	52	22.8	11.3
North Carolina	127	52	36	38	15	23	7	16	18.1	7.5
North Dakota	10	4	3	2	1	1	1	(¹)	11.0	6.5
Ohio	278	90	83	105	44	61	28	33	19.0	9.9
Oklahoma	56	24	16	16	6	10	6	4	14.8	6.7
Oregon	124	39	35	50	20	30	13	17	21.4	10.2
Pennsylvania	273	95	82	96	44	52	17	35	18.3	8.9
Rhode Island	25	8	8	9	4	5	2	3	19.3	9.9
South Carolina	82	25	24	33	14	19	7	12	19.7	10.2
South Dakota	12	5	4	2	1	1	(¹)	1	10.9	6.0
Tennessee	98	40	27	31	11	20	11	9	16.3	7.8
Texas	482	184	156	143	66	77	30	47	16.1	8.2
Utah	59	24	19	16	7	9	4	5	15.0	7.3
Vermont	13	5	4	3	2	2	1	1	13.1	6.6
Virginia	85	34	25	26	10	15	5	11	16.1	7.8
Washington	168	60	42	66	29	37	16	21	19.9	9.4
West Virginia	37	12	12	13	6	7	4	4	17.6	9.4
Wisconsin	127	41	39	47	24	23	12	11	17.6	10.1
Wyoming	10	5	3	1	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	9.4	4.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 26. States: unemployed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2004 annual averages
— Continued

Population group and State	Thousands of persons								Weeks	
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over					Average (mean) duration	Median duration
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over				
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over		
Black or African American										
Alabama	62	14	21	27	14	13	7	6	18.1	12.4
Alaska	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	19.7	7.5
Arizona	9	3	2	4	2	2	1	1	18.2	11.9
Arkansas	25	8	7	10	5	5	1	3	20.2	10.2
California	113	25	29	59	23	36	12	24	27.5	15.6
Colorado	11	3	3	5	2	2	2	(¹)	16.0	11.3
Connecticut	13	2	4	6	3	3	1	2	23.7	14.7
Delaware	5	2	1	2	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	13.1	8.3
District of Columbia	19	4	6	9	3	6	2	4	28.0	13.9
Florida	108	29	36	43	24	19	7	11	18.1	11.1
Georgia	91	29	25	38	16	22	7	15	20.8	10.6
Illinois	107	21	27	60	20	39	14	25	30.6	17.9
Indiana	23	6	10	7	3	3	1	2	16.3	9.3
Iowa	5	2	2	2	1	2	(¹)	1	27.8	11.9
Kansas	12	2	4	6	3	4	1	2	26.3	14.4
Kentucky	17	5	5	6	3	3	1	2	20.1	9.3
Louisiana	61	17	21	23	12	11	4	7	19.9	10.3
Maryland	48	15	13	20	8	13	4	8	23.0	11.2
Massachusetts	19	5	6	8	2	7	3	4	21.1	10.8
Michigan	88	20	24	44	15	29	13	15	25.2	14.6
Minnesota	12	4	3	6	1	4	1	3	23.5	13.4
Mississippi	46	13	15	18	5	12	4	8	20.7	10.4
Missouri	43	8	12	23	9	14	8	7	25.8	16.7
Nebraska	4	1	1	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	12.6	8.5
Nevada	5	2	2	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	15.4	8.3
New Jersey	53	15	14	24	8	16	7	9	23.6	12.6
New Mexico	3	1	1	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	23.6	6.8
New York	150	35	38	76	25	51	19	33	28.4	15.2
North Carolina	88	25	27	36	13	23	11	12	22.0	11.1
Ohio	78	21	28	30	14	16	6	10	19.9	10.8
Oklahoma	9	3	1	5	2	3	(¹)	3	30.4	14.8
Oregon	4	1	1	2	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	21.7	14.7
Pennsylvania	64	16	20	27	12	15	5	10	22.6	12.4
Rhode Island	4	1	1	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	17.6	6.8
South Carolina	58	16	20	23	12	11	5	6	18.3	11.2
Tennessee	47	12	11	24	11	13	6	8	24.5	15.2
Texas	137	40	40	57	26	31	13	18	20.9	10.7
Virginia	52	16	13	23	8	15	5	11	23.0	12.4
Washington	9	2	3	3	2	1	1	1	15.9	12.4
West Virginia	3	2	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	11.9	5.1
Wisconsin	22	4	6	12	5	7	1	6	29.4	17.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 26. States: unemployed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2004 annual averages
— Continued

Population group and State	Thousands of persons								Weeks	
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over					Average (mean) duration	Median duration
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over				
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over		
Asian										
Alaska	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	11.6	3.3
Arizona	3	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	7.2	6.5
California	111	31	28	52	18	34	14	20	24.6	12.8
Colorado	1	(1)	(1)	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	37.6	24.8
Connecticut	1	1	(1)	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	19.5	18.1
Delaware	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	9.7	9.1
District of Columbia	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	6.3	5.2
Florida	7	3	2	2	1	1	(1)	1	12.5	6.0
Georgia	4	2	2	1	(1)	1	(1)	1	18.0	7.7
Hawaii	7	3	2	2	1	1	(1)	1	16.7	5.0
Illinois	9	2	3	3	1	2	(1)	2	22.2	10.4
Iowa	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	18.3	6.9
Kansas	2	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	13.2	8.2
Maryland	3	2	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	11.7	4.8
Massachusetts	9	3	2	3	1	2	(1)	2	27.3	7.4
Michigan	7	2	2	4	1	2	2	1	25.0	14.2
Minnesota	6	3	3	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	9.2	7.1
Missouri	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	8.0	8.5
Nevada	3	1	1	1	1	1	(1)	(1)	22.6	10.1
New Hampshire	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	25.4	34.0
New Jersey	9	1	3	4	2	2	1	1	20.8	13.2
New York	25	3	7	15	5	10	3	7	31.0	21.7
North Carolina	2	(1)	(1)	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	20.9	19.1
Ohio	5	2	2	1	(1)	1	(1)	(1)	11.0	6.3
Oregon	5	1	1	2	(1)	2	(1)	2	44.0	15.7
Pennsylvania	8	1	4	4	2	1	1	1	17.2	12.3
Rhode Island	1	(1)	(1)	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	31.8	9.8
Texas	14	5	3	7	2	4	2	2	25.2	13.1
Virginia	8	2	4	3	2	1	(1)	1	17.9	10.5
Washington	10	4	3	4	1	3	1	2	19.9	6.3
Wisconsin	3	1	1	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	10.9	7.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 26. States: unemployed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2004 annual averages
— Continued

Population group and State	Thousands of persons								Weeks	
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over					Average (mean) duration	Median duration
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over				
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over		
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity										
Alabama	2	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	3.3	1.9
Alaska	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	10.4	9.3
Arizona	52	23	13	16	7	9	5	4	15.6	6.2
Arkansas	3	1	1	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	7.1	4.6
California	445	148	136	161	74	87	35	52	18.3	9.6
Colorado	34	14	10	9	5	4	3	2	13.2	6.8
Connecticut	15	4	5	6	2	4	2	2	21.8	10.4
Delaware	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	23.0	7.0
District of Columbia	2	1	(1)	1	(1)	1	(1)	(1)	22.1	6.8
Florida	82	30	23	29	11	18	10	8	17.4	8.9
Georgia	14	8	4	3	1	1	(1)	1	11.2	4.2
Hawaii	3	1	1	1	(1)	1	(1)	(1)	15.4	7.4
Idaho	4	3	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	7.2	3.9
Illinois	48	14	15	18	10	8	3	5	18.1	9.6
Indiana	12	4	3	5	2	2	2	(1)	16.2	10.4
Iowa	5	2	2	1	(1)	1	(1)	(1)	11.5	6.6
Kansas	6	2	1	2	1	1	1	(1)	13.8	6.7
Kentucky	2	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	7.2	4.2
Louisiana	3	1	2	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	6.9	6.8
Maryland	10	5	4	1	1	1	1	(1)	9.5	6.2
Massachusetts	20	8	6	6	2	4	2	2	16.7	7.5
Michigan	20	8	7	4	2	2	1	1	11.3	7.1
Minnesota	5	3	1	1	(1)	1	1	(1)	16.5	4.4
Mississippi	2	(1)	(1)	1	(1)	1	(1)	1	64.8	95.4
Missouri	7	3	1	2	1	2	1	1	17.6	5.8
Montana	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	13.8	9.1
Nebraska	5	2	1	1	1	1	(1)	(1)	12.0	7.7
Nevada	8	4	2	3	2	1	1	(1)	14.2	7.2
New Hampshire	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	2.8	2.1
New Jersey	28	9	9	10	3	7	3	4	19.7	10.0
New Mexico	28	11	8	9	5	4	3	2	14.5	7.8
New York	105	30	27	47	13	34	13	21	27.9	12.6
North Carolina	16	9	5	3	(1)	2	(1)	2	12.8	4.1
Ohio	9	5	2	2	1	1	(1)	1	12.7	3.8
Oklahoma	3	1	1	2	1	1	(1)	(1)	18.4	17.3
Oregon	17	8	3	6	3	3	2	2	17.2	7.8
Pennsylvania	17	7	5	5	2	3	(1)	3	16.9	7.3
Rhode Island	4	1	1	1	(1)	1	(1)	(1)	16.7	8.7
South Carolina	2	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	14.4	8.2
Tennessee	4	2	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	10.2	4.3
Texas	241	93	74	74	38	36	18	19	15.4	8.2
Utah	11	4	4	3	2	1	1	1	11.3	7.8
Virginia	11	5	3	3	2	1	(1)	1	12.0	6.2
Washington	15	9	2	4	2	2	1	1	13.0	2.5
Wisconsin	15	6	5	5	3	1	(1)	1	12.5	8.2
Wyoming	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	7.1	5.9

¹ Less than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose

ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Section III. Estimates for Metropolitan Areas and Cities

Labor force, employment, and unemployment levels from the CPS for metropolitan areas and cities usually shown in tables 27 through 32 are not provided because updated population controls are not available. As a consequence, only rates, ratios, and percent distributions are published and the usual table formats and sequence have been altered. Unemployment rates shown in table 27 may differ from the estimates produced through the LAUS program.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Atlanta MSA						
Total	71.0	68.1	4.0	3.4	-	4.6
Men	78.5	75.6	3.7	2.9	-	4.5
Women	63.7	60.9	4.4	3.5	-	5.3
White	70.7	68.4	3.2	2.6	-	3.8
Men	80.2	77.7	3.1	2.3	-	3.9
Women	60.8	58.8	3.4	2.4	-	4.4
Black or African American	72.1	68.2	5.4	4.2	-	6.6
Men	75.3	71.6	4.9	3.2	-	6.6
Women	69.5	65.4	5.9	4.2	-	7.6
Asian	68.6	65.7	4.1	1.2	-	7.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	76.6	73.3	4.3	2.2	-	6.4
Men	91.2	88.2	3.2	1.2	-	5.2
Married men, spouse present	83.3	81.5	2.1	1.3	-	2.9
Married women, spouse present	62.6	60.7	3.0	1.9	-	4.1
Women who maintain families	76.2	70.1	8.0	5.2	-	10.8
Baltimore PMSA						
Total	66.2	63.5	4.1	3.5	-	4.7
Men	72.3	69.7	3.6	2.8	-	4.4
Women	60.8	58.0	4.6	3.7	-	5.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	41.8	36.0	13.9	9.2	-	18.6
White	66.5	64.3	3.3	2.7	-	3.9
Men	73.5	71.1	3.3	2.4	-	4.2
Women	59.9	57.8	3.4	2.4	-	4.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	50.8	44.3	12.8	7.6	-	18.0
Black or African American	64.2	59.9	6.8	5.2	-	8.4
Men	67.7	64.1	5.3	3.2	-	7.4
Women	61.7	56.7	8.1	5.8	-	10.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	80.4	78.9	1.9	(²)	-	(²)
Married men, spouse present	78.1	76.6	1.8	1.0	-	2.6
Married women, spouse present	65.0	62.6	3.6	2.4	-	4.8
Women who maintain families	77.2	74.2	3.9	1.8	-	6.0
Bergen-Passaic PMSA						
Total	62.8	60.5	3.7	2.8	-	4.6
Men	73.7	71.5	3.0	1.9	-	4.1
Women	52.9	50.5	4.6	3.1	-	6.1
White	62.7	60.7	3.2	2.3	-	4.1
Men	73.9	71.7	3.0	1.8	-	4.2
Women	52.3	50.6	3.4	2.0	-	4.8
Black or African American	65.3	59.2	9.4	5.1	-	13.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	72.5	70.2	3.1	1.4	-	4.8
Men	83.7	82.5	1.4	(²)	-	(²)
Married men, spouse present	79.9	78.6	1.7	.7	-	2.7
Married women, spouse present	56.0	54.4	2.9	1.3	-	4.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Boston PMSA						
Total	67.9	64.4	5.1	4.5	-	5.7
Men	74.1	69.4	6.3	5.3	-	7.3
Women	62.4	60.0	3.9	3.1	-	4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	44.2	37.8	14.5	10.1	-	18.9
White	68.4	65.3	4.6	4.0	-	5.2
Men	74.7	70.3	5.8	4.8	-	6.8
Women	62.8	60.7	3.4	2.6	-	4.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	44.9	39.8	11.4	6.7	-	16.1
Black or African American	63.4	57.7	8.9	6.0	-	11.8
Men	69.3	64.0	7.7	3.9	-	11.5
Women	58.4	52.5	10.1	5.9	-	14.3
Asian	66.6	61.7	7.3	4.1	-	10.5
Men	73.1	66.0	9.7	4.9	-	14.5
Women	60.2	57.5	4.5	.7	-	8.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	74.5	69.6	6.6	3.9	-	9.3
Men	83.8	77.4	7.6	3.8	-	11.4
Women	65.5	62.1	5.3	1.7	-	8.9
Married men, spouse present	79.3	75.5	4.8	3.7	-	5.9
Married women, spouse present	63.2	61.3	3.0	2.0	-	4.0
Women who maintain families	71.1	66.6	6.3	3.7	-	8.9
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA						
Total	64.4	59.9	7.0	5.7	-	8.3
Men	69.1	64.5	6.6	4.8	-	8.4
Women	60.4	55.9	7.4	5.5	-	9.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	65.0	57.0	12.3	6.7	-	17.9
White	65.1	61.2	6.0	4.7	-	7.3
Men	70.1	65.8	6.2	4.3	-	8.1
Women	60.6	57.0	5.9	4.1	-	7.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	68.5	61.7	9.9	4.5	-	15.3
Black or African American	58.7	49.1	16.4	10.6	-	22.2
Married men, spouse present	71.6	69.5	3.1	1.4	-	4.8
Married women, spouse present	63.5	60.6	4.5	2.3	-	6.7
Women who maintain families	72.3	62.2	14.0	7.8	-	20.2
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA						
Total	68.4	64.4	5.8	4.8	-	6.8
Men	76.1	72.0	5.3	3.9	-	6.7
Women	61.3	57.4	6.4	4.8	-	8.0
White	69.3	66.2	4.5	3.4	-	5.6
Men	78.8	75.3	4.4	3.0	-	5.8
Women	59.8	57.0	4.7	3.0	-	6.4
Black or African American	65.8	58.7	10.9	8.0	-	13.8
Men	67.8	60.5	10.8	6.4	-	15.2
Women	64.4	57.3	11.0	7.1	-	14.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	75.2	71.5	4.9	1.7	-	8.1
Men	90.0	84.5	6.0	1.8	-	10.2
Married men, spouse present	80.4	77.6	3.4	2.0	-	4.8
Married women, spouse present	60.0	57.3	4.5	2.6	-	6.4
Women who maintain families	74.6	68.6	8.1	3.6	-	12.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Chicago PMSA						
Total	67.0	62.9	6.1	5.6	-	6.6
Men	75.0	70.6	5.8	5.2	-	6.4
Women	59.5	55.6	6.5	5.8	-	7.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	40.8	33.2	18.7	15.5	-	21.9
White	67.9	64.6	4.8	4.3	-	5.3
Men	77.0	73.5	4.5	3.9	-	5.1
Women	59.0	55.9	5.1	4.4	-	5.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	43.0	36.8	14.6	11.3	-	17.9
Black or African American	62.8	54.4	13.3	11.8	-	14.8
Men	63.4	53.9	14.9	12.5	-	17.3
Women	62.3	54.8	12.0	10.0	-	14.0
Asian	66.8	64.2	3.9	2.2	-	5.6
Men	76.2	73.7	3.3	1.3	-	5.3
Women	57.4	54.7	4.7	2.0	-	7.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	69.8	65.2	6.5	5.4	-	7.6
Men	82.6	78.5	5.0	3.7	-	6.3
Women	54.5	49.4	9.3	7.1	-	11.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	38.9	32.2	17.2	9.7	-	24.7
Married men, spouse present	81.0	78.3	3.3	2.7	-	3.9
Married women, spouse present	61.3	58.6	4.3	3.5	-	5.1
Women who maintain families	72.0	65.3	9.3	7.2	-	11.4
Cincinnati PMSA						
Total	68.4	65.4	4.4	3.5	-	5.3
Men	75.5	71.9	4.8	3.6	-	6.0
Women	61.7	59.3	3.9	2.7	-	5.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	55.1	48.2	12.5	7.5	-	17.5
White	68.4	65.9	3.6	2.8	-	4.4
Men	75.5	72.2	4.4	3.1	-	5.7
Women	61.5	59.8	2.8	1.7	-	3.9
Black or African American	67.7	62.2	8.2	4.6	-	11.8
Married men, spouse present	79.7	77.8	2.4	1.3	-	3.5
Married women, spouse present	63.2	61.8	2.3	1.0	-	3.6
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA						
Total	66.9	63.1	5.8	4.9	-	6.7
Men	73.0	68.2	6.5	5.2	-	7.8
Women	61.7	58.6	5.0	3.8	-	6.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	52.9	43.8	17.1	12.1	-	22.1
White	68.4	65.4	4.4	3.5	-	5.3
Men	75.2	71.6	4.7	3.5	-	5.9
Women	62.2	59.7	4.1	2.9	-	5.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	58.0	51.2	11.8	6.6	-	17.0
Black or African American	59.3	51.7	12.8	9.8	-	15.8
Men	58.3	47.2	19.0	13.6	-	24.4
Women	59.9	54.5	9.1	5.8	-	12.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	66.0	61.3	7.1	1.9	-	12.3
Married men, spouse present	76.3	73.0	4.3	2.9	-	5.7
Married women, spouse present	60.5	58.8	2.8	1.5	-	4.1
Women who maintain families	71.4	66.5	6.8	3.5	-	10.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Columbus, Ohio MSA						
Total	72.6	68.1	6.3	5.2	-	7.4
Men	78.8	73.2	7.1	5.6	-	8.6
Women	67.0	63.3	5.5	4.1	-	6.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	54.5	41.9	23.1	16.9	-	29.3
White	71.8	67.6	5.9	4.7	-	7.1
Men	79.0	73.5	6.9	5.2	-	8.6
Women	65.2	62.1	4.7	3.2	-	6.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	54.4	43.5	20.0	12.9	-	27.1
Black or African American	74.6	67.2	10.0	6.8	-	13.2
Men	76.2	68.3	10.4	5.7	-	15.1
Women	73.3	66.3	9.6	5.4	-	13.8
Asian	76.4	74.4	2.6	(²)	-	(²)
Married men, spouse present	81.7	77.6	5.0	3.2	-	6.8
Married women, spouse present	68.4	66.6	2.7	1.2	-	4.2
Women who maintain families	73.9	69.0	6.7	2.7	-	10.7
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA						
Total	72.6	68.0	6.3	5.7	-	6.9
Men	81.6	76.8	5.8	5.1	-	6.5
Women	63.9	59.6	6.8	5.9	-	7.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	42.5	33.4	21.3	17.9	-	24.7
White	73.0	69.4	5.0	4.4	-	5.6
Men	83.0	78.9	4.9	4.1	-	5.7
Women	63.0	59.8	5.0	4.1	-	5.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	43.1	35.9	16.9	12.8	-	21.0
Black or African American	70.3	60.6	13.8	11.8	-	15.8
Men	72.0	62.3	13.4	10.4	-	16.4
Women	69.0	59.3	14.1	11.4	-	16.8
Asian	70.3	68.2	2.9	1.1	-	4.7
Men	78.4	75.7	3.4	.8	-	6.0
Women	62.9	61.4	2.4	(³)	-	4.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	74.0	69.1	6.5	5.3	-	7.7
Men	88.4	83.4	5.6	4.2	-	7.0
Women	57.9	53.2	8.0	5.9	-	10.1
Married men, spouse present	86.7	83.7	3.5	2.7	-	4.3
Married women, spouse present	63.4	60.5	4.5	3.5	-	5.5
Women who maintain families	82.6	73.9	10.5	8.0	-	13.0
Dayton-Springfield MSA						
Total	63.1	57.9	8.3	6.6	-	10.0
Men	70.1	64.4	8.3	6.0	-	10.6
Women	57.1	52.3	8.3	5.9	-	10.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	48.0	38.3	20.3	12.8	-	27.8
White	62.7	58.1	7.3	5.6	-	9.0
Men	70.8	65.2	7.9	5.5	-	10.3
Women	55.5	51.9	6.6	4.2	-	9.0
Black or African American	64.0	54.6	14.8	8.9	-	20.7
Women	69.1	59.4	14.0	6.6	-	21.4
Married men, spouse present	72.7	70.0	3.7	1.5	-	5.9
Married women, spouse present	58.5	55.5	5.2	2.4	-	8.0
Women who maintain families	72.6	63.9	12.0	5.1	-	18.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA						
Total	73.8	69.9	5.3	4.8	-	5.8
Men	81.3	76.7	5.7	4.9	-	6.5
Women	66.6	63.3	4.9	4.1	-	5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	51.1	40.3	21.2	17.6	-	24.8
White	74.4	70.7	5.0	4.4	-	5.6
Men	81.6	77.2	5.5	4.7	-	6.3
Women	67.3	64.3	4.4	3.6	-	5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	53.7	43.5	19.1	15.3	-	22.9
Black or African American	68.8	60.0	12.9	9.2	-	16.6
Men	79.2	69.3	12.5	7.6	-	17.4
Women	59.2	51.4	13.3	7.8	-	18.8
Asian	68.5	66.8	2.5	.1	-	4.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	73.2	67.8	7.3	5.8	-	8.8
Men	86.0	80.7	6.1	4.3	-	7.9
Women	59.2	53.9	9.1	6.5	-	11.7
Married men, spouse present	84.1	80.9	3.9	3.1	-	4.7
Married women, spouse present	65.2	63.3	2.8	2.0	-	3.6
Women who maintain families	73.9	67.6	8.4	5.5	-	11.3
Detroit PMSA						
Total	65.0	60.4	7.1	6.4	-	7.8
Men	71.5	66.1	7.5	6.6	-	8.4
Women	58.8	55.0	6.6	5.7	-	7.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	46.2	38.2	17.4	13.4	-	21.4
White	66.1	62.7	5.2	4.5	-	5.9
Men	74.1	69.8	5.8	4.9	-	6.7
Women	58.3	55.7	4.5	3.6	-	5.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	51.0	44.4	13.0	8.9	-	17.1
Black or African American	60.6	52.2	13.9	12.0	-	15.8
Men	59.5	50.3	15.5	12.5	-	18.5
Women	61.4	53.7	12.6	10.1	-	15.1
Asian	68.8	64.2	6.7	3.2	-	10.2
Men	83.0	78.5	5.5	1.5	-	9.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	67.1	61.9	7.8	3.3	-	12.3
Men	83.3	75.3	9.6	3.2	-	16.0
Married men, spouse present	75.9	72.7	4.2	3.3	-	5.1
Married women, spouse present	59.2	56.6	4.5	3.4	-	5.6
Women who maintain families	67.1	60.8	9.5	6.8	-	12.2
Fort Lauderdale PMSA						
Total	65.6	62.5	4.7	3.8	-	5.6
Men	73.5	70.0	4.8	3.6	-	6.0
Women	58.4	55.7	4.6	3.3	-	5.9
White	63.9	61.9	3.1	2.2	-	4.0
Men	73.2	70.8	3.2	2.0	-	4.4
Women	55.2	53.7	2.8	1.6	-	4.0
Black or African American	69.8	63.6	8.9	6.8	-	11.0
Men	73.4	66.5	9.5	6.4	-	12.6
Women	66.5	61.0	8.2	5.3	-	11.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	66.5	64.7	2.8	1.2	-	4.4
Men	76.2	73.5	3.5	1.1	-	5.9
Women	57.7	56.6	1.9	(²)	-	(²)
Married men, spouse present	79.2	76.3	3.6	2.2	-	5.0
Married women, spouse present	59.6	58.1	2.6	1.2	-	4.0
Women who maintain families	69.0	64.7	6.2	2.7	-	9.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Hartford PMSA						
Total	66.2	63.1	4.6	3.9	-	5.3
Men	73.7	70.2	4.8	3.8	-	5.8
Women	59.2	56.6	4.4	3.4	-	5.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	45.5	38.6	15.0	10.6	-	19.4
White	67.1	64.2	4.3	3.6	-	5.0
Men	74.2	70.6	4.8	3.7	-	5.9
Women	60.4	58.1	3.7	2.7	-	4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	50.5	44.6	11.5	7.0	-	16.0
Black or African American	61.4	57.2	6.9	4.3	-	9.5
Men	70.2	67.2	4.3	1.3	-	7.3
Women	54.6	49.4	9.5	5.3	-	13.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	64.1	57.3	10.7	7.1	-	14.3
Men	69.6	62.2	10.7	5.6	-	15.8
Women	59.7	53.3	10.7	5.8	-	15.6
Married men, spouse present	77.7	75.8	2.5	1.6	-	3.4
Married women, spouse present	66.0	65.0	1.5	.7	-	2.3
Women who maintain families	60.6	55.5	8.4	4.6	-	12.2
Houston PMSA						
Total	67.6	63.0	6.8	6.0	-	7.6
Men	77.8	72.0	7.4	6.4	-	8.4
Women	57.7	54.3	5.9	4.9	-	6.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	29.7	22.8	23.2	18.3	-	28.1
White	68.0	64.0	5.9	5.1	-	6.7
Men	80.3	75.6	5.9	4.9	-	6.9
Women	55.4	52.1	5.9	4.7	-	7.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	31.5	23.9	24.2	18.5	-	29.9
Black or African American	64.6	57.5	11.1	9.0	-	13.2
Men	66.0	55.6	15.7	12.4	-	19.0
Women	63.5	58.9	7.2	4.8	-	9.6
Asian	69.7	66.0	5.3	2.7	-	7.9
Men	75.9	70.2	7.5	3.3	-	11.7
Women	64.0	62.1	2.9	(³)	-	5.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	68.1	63.7	6.5	5.2	-	7.8
Men	84.6	78.9	6.7	5.1	-	8.3
Women	50.4	47.3	6.1	4.0	-	8.2
Married men, spouse present	83.2	79.8	4.1	3.1	-	5.1
Married women, spouse present	55.2	52.7	4.5	3.2	-	5.8
Women who maintain families	70.1	63.7	9.1	6.3	-	11.9
Indianapolis MSA						
Total	68.7	65.9	4.2	3.4	-	5.0
Men	76.8	73.7	4.0	2.9	-	5.1
Women	61.2	58.6	4.3	3.1	-	5.5
White	68.0	65.6	3.6	2.7	-	4.5
Men	77.5	75.2	3.0	1.9	-	4.1
Women	59.2	56.7	4.3	2.9	-	5.7
Black or African American	70.7	65.0	8.0	4.9	-	11.1
Women	71.1	67.8	4.6	1.3	-	7.9
Married men, spouse present	81.8	80.3	1.8	.8	-	2.8
Married women, spouse present	62.5	60.9	2.6	1.3	-	3.9
Women who maintain families	74.1	72.3	2.5	(²)	-	(²)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Kansas City MSA						
Total	73.2	68.6	6.3	5.4	-	7.2
Men	79.9	75.1	6.1	4.9	-	7.3
Women	66.8	62.5	6.4	5.2	-	7.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	57.6	46.5	19.3	14.7	-	23.9
White	73.7	69.6	5.5	4.6	-	6.4
Men	80.6	75.9	5.8	4.6	-	7.0
Women	67.1	63.7	5.1	3.9	-	6.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	61.3	50.2	18.1	13.3	-	22.9
Black or African American	69.9	58.9	15.7	11.8	-	19.6
Men	71.8	62.9	12.4	7.1	-	17.7
Women	68.2	55.5	18.6	13.0	-	24.2
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	77.7	71.1	8.5	5.1	-	11.9
Men	88.1	82.4	6.5	2.7	-	10.3
Women	64.4	56.8	11.9	5.4	-	18.4
Married men, spouse present	83.1	80.3	3.3	2.2	-	4.4
Married women, spouse present	67.8	66.0	2.7	1.5	-	3.9
Women who maintain families	78.2	69.0	11.7	7.4	-	16.0
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA						
Total	64.7	60.5	6.5	6.0	-	7.0
Men	73.9	69.3	6.3	5.6	-	7.0
Women	55.9	52.1	6.7	5.9	-	7.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	31.3	23.3	25.4	21.0	-	29.8
White	66.1	61.9	6.2	5.6	-	6.8
Men	76.5	71.9	5.9	5.1	-	6.7
Women	55.9	52.1	6.6	5.7	-	7.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	34.8	26.2	24.8	20.1	-	29.5
Black or African American	59.0	52.4	11.1	8.9	-	13.3
Men	59.6	52.1	12.6	9.2	-	16.0
Women	58.5	52.7	9.9	7.1	-	12.7
Asian	60.0	57.2	4.5	3.3	-	5.7
Men	67.8	64.5	4.9	3.2	-	6.6
Women	52.6	50.5	4.1	2.4	-	5.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	66.9	62.0	7.4	6.6	-	8.2
Men	79.5	74.1	6.8	5.8	-	7.8
Women	54.3	49.8	8.3	6.9	-	9.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	32.6	24.1	26.2	20.1	-	32.3
Married men, spouse present	80.5	77.7	3.5	2.8	-	4.2
Married women, spouse present	55.7	53.3	4.2	3.3	-	5.1
Women who maintain families	68.6	62.9	8.3	6.1	-	10.5
Louisville MSA						
Total	65.8	62.1	5.6	4.6	-	6.6
Men	72.1	68.3	5.2	3.8	-	6.6
Women	60.1	56.5	5.9	4.4	-	7.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	50.6	40.8	19.3	13.1	-	25.5
White	65.5	62.6	4.4	3.4	-	5.4
Men	71.3	68.5	3.9	2.6	-	5.2
Women	59.9	56.9	5.0	3.5	-	6.5
Black or African American	66.7	56.9	14.7	10.5	-	18.9
Men	73.6	60.1	18.3	11.4	-	25.2
Women	62.4	54.8	12.2	6.9	-	17.5
Married men, spouse present	73.4	71.6	2.5	1.2	-	3.8
Married women, spouse present	60.0	58.3	2.8	1.3	-	4.3
Women who maintain families	66.7	57.9	13.2	8.4	-	18.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Memphis MSA						
Total	68.9	64.8	6.0	4.7	-	7.3
Men	76.0	71.7	5.6	3.9	-	7.3
Women	62.6	58.5	6.5	4.6	-	8.4
White	68.8	66.8	2.8	1.7	-	3.9
Men	79.6	77.7	2.4	1.0	-	3.8
Women	57.9	55.9	3.5	1.5	-	5.5
Black or African American	69.4	61.7	11.2	8.6	-	13.8
Men	69.3	60.6	12.6	8.5	-	16.7
Women	69.5	62.5	10.1	6.8	-	13.4
Married men, spouse present	82.5	80.5	2.5	.9	-	4.1
Married women, spouse present	57.8	55.7	3.7	1.4	-	6.0
Women who maintain families	79.3	73.0	7.9	3.8	-	12.0
Miami PMSA						
Total	59.5	56.4	5.1	4.2	-	6.0
Men	69.6	65.7	5.6	4.4	-	6.8
Women	49.8	47.6	4.3	3.1	-	5.5
White	59.4	57.0	4.0	3.1	-	4.9
Men	70.3	67.0	4.7	3.5	-	5.9
Women	48.7	47.3	2.9	1.8	-	4.0
Black or African American	60.7	54.7	9.9	7.3	-	12.5
Men	68.3	61.5	9.9	6.4	-	13.4
Women	53.9	48.6	9.8	6.1	-	13.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	58.6	56.2	4.1	3.1	-	5.1
Men	70.2	67.0	4.5	3.2	-	5.8
Women	47.1	45.5	3.4	2.0	-	4.8
Married men, spouse present	76.7	73.9	3.7	2.4	-	5.0
Married women, spouse present	52.4	50.5	3.7	2.1	-	5.3
Women who maintain families	59.2	56.1	5.1	1.9	-	8.3
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA						
Total	70.5	65.9	6.5	5.6	-	7.4
Men	77.0	71.2	7.5	6.1	-	8.9
Women	64.8	61.1	5.6	4.4	-	6.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	57.9	48.1	16.8	12.2	-	21.4
White	72.2	68.8	4.7	3.8	-	5.6
Men	79.2	74.6	5.7	4.4	-	7.0
Women	65.5	63.2	3.6	2.5	-	4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	67.8	59.3	12.6	7.7	-	17.5
Black or African American	60.6	50.0	17.5	14.0	-	21.0
Men	62.3	49.0	21.4	15.7	-	27.1
Women	59.6	50.7	14.9	10.5	-	19.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	74.3	65.3	12.0	8.2	-	15.8
Men	84.0	73.2	12.8	7.8	-	17.8
Women	62.5	55.7	10.8	4.9	-	16.7
Married men, spouse present	77.8	75.7	2.7	1.5	-	3.9
Married women, spouse present	66.0	64.4	2.4	1.2	-	3.6
Women who maintain families	67.2	58.2	13.4	9.2	-	17.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA						
Total	76.9	73.4	4.6	4.1	-	5.1
Men	82.8	78.4	5.3	4.6	-	6.0
Women	71.2	68.4	3.9	3.2	-	4.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	60.4	53.0	12.3	9.3	-	15.3
White	77.2	74.1	4.0	3.5	-	4.5
Men	82.7	78.8	4.7	4.0	-	5.4
Women	71.9	69.6	3.3	2.6	-	4.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	61.4	55.1	10.3	7.2	-	13.4
Black or African American	75.8	65.9	13.0	9.6	-	16.4
Men	85.4	72.7	14.9	10.2	-	19.6
Women	65.7	58.9	10.4	5.6	-	15.2
Asian	74.0	70.3	5.0	3.0	-	7.0
Men	83.0	78.9	4.9	2.2	-	7.6
Women	65.4	62.0	5.2	2.1	-	8.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	82.6	78.3	5.2	2.4	-	8.0
Men	90.0	85.7	4.8	1.4	-	8.2
Married men, spouse present	86.0	83.3	3.1	2.4	-	3.8
Married women, spouse present	71.9	70.0	2.7	1.9	-	3.5
Women who maintain families	76.7	73.0	4.9	2.5	-	7.3
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA						
Total	67.4	65.4	3.1	2.5	-	3.7
Men	75.1	72.8	3.1	2.3	-	3.9
Women	60.1	58.3	3.1	2.3	-	3.9
White	67.3	65.3	2.9	2.3	-	3.5
Men	75.8	73.5	3.0	2.2	-	3.8
Women	59.2	57.5	2.8	1.9	-	3.7
Black or African American	68.2	64.8	5.0	2.7	-	7.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	78.2	76.4	2.4	.9	-	3.9
Men	82.2	80.5	2.1	.2	-	4.0
Women	74.1	72.1	2.8	.5	-	5.1
Married men, spouse present	80.2	78.5	2.2	1.4	-	3.0
Married women, spouse present	60.9	59.7	2.0	1.1	-	2.9
New Orleans MSA						
Total	60.8	58.7	3.5	2.5	-	4.5
Men	68.1	65.7	3.5	2.2	-	4.8
Women	54.8	52.9	3.4	2.1	-	4.7
White	63.6	61.9	2.7	1.7	-	3.7
Men	73.3	71.1	2.9	1.5	-	4.3
Women	55.0	53.6	2.4	1.0	-	3.8
Black or African American	55.2	52.3	5.2	3.2	-	7.2
Men	56.9	54.0	5.1	2.1	-	8.1
Women	54.0	51.2	5.3	2.6	-	8.0
Married men, spouse present	73.3	71.9	1.9	.6	-	3.2
Married women, spouse present	56.4	55.6	1.3	(³)	-	2.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
New York PMSA						
Total	60.5	56.5	6.5	6.0	-	7.0
Men	69.3	65.0	6.2	5.6	-	6.8
Women	52.7	49.1	6.9	6.2	-	7.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	24.0	19.2	20.1	16.5	-	23.7
White	60.8	57.5	5.5	5.0	-	6.0
Men	70.1	66.5	5.2	4.5	-	5.9
Women	52.1	49.1	5.8	5.0	-	6.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	27.3	21.7	20.6	15.9	-	25.3
Black or African American	58.3	52.4	10.2	9.2	-	11.2
Men	63.7	57.1	10.3	8.8	-	11.8
Women	54.4	48.9	10.0	8.6	-	11.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	20.0	15.1	24.5	17.1	-	31.9
Asian	62.8	60.1	4.3	3.2	-	5.4
Men	75.9	72.5	4.4	3.0	-	5.8
Women	49.9	47.8	4.3	2.6	-	6.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	61.1	56.1	8.1	7.1	-	9.1
Men	70.7	65.0	8.0	6.6	-	9.4
Women	52.6	48.3	8.2	6.7	-	9.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	24.7	18.5	25.2	17.6	-	32.8
Married men, spouse present	76.1	73.4	3.5	2.9	-	4.1
Married women, spouse present	54.5	51.8	4.9	4.0	-	5.8
Women who maintain families	66.8	60.3	9.8	8.1	-	11.5
Newark PMSA						
Total	66.7	63.2	5.3	4.5	-	6.1
Men	74.2	70.0	5.7	4.5	-	6.9
Women	59.8	56.9	4.9	3.7	-	6.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	30.3	24.6	18.9	12.0	-	25.8
White	68.1	65.3	4.1	3.2	-	5.0
Men	75.9	72.7	4.3	3.1	-	5.5
Women	60.5	58.2	3.8	2.6	-	5.0
Black or African American	61.0	54.8	10.2	7.9	-	12.5
Men	65.3	57.0	12.7	9.0	-	16.4
Women	57.6	53.0	8.0	5.1	-	10.9
Asian	71.4	69.0	3.3	.5	-	6.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	74.1	70.8	4.4	2.4	-	6.4
Men	86.2	82.8	3.9	1.5	-	6.3
Women	62.1	58.9	5.1	1.9	-	8.3
Married men, spouse present	81.9	78.9	3.7	2.5	-	4.9
Married women, spouse present	63.4	61.2	3.5	2.1	-	4.9
Women who maintain families	67.8	62.7	7.5	3.7	-	11.3
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA						
Total	62.8	60.3	4.0	2.9	-	5.1
Men	68.0	65.8	3.2	1.9	-	4.5
Women	58.2	55.5	4.8	3.2	-	6.4
White	64.5	62.9	2.5	1.5	-	3.5
Men	70.1	68.6	2.2	.9	-	3.5
Women	59.1	57.5	2.7	1.2	-	4.2
Black or African American	59.2	54.7	7.6	5.0	-	10.2
Men	61.3	57.7	5.9	2.5	-	9.3
Women	57.5	52.4	9.0	5.3	-	12.7
Married men, spouse present	72.2	70.6	2.3	.8	-	3.8
Married women, spouse present	59.3	57.9	2.4	.8	-	4.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Oakland PMSA						
Total	68.1	64.3	5.7	4.7	-	6.7
Men	77.6	72.4	6.6	5.2	-	8.0
Women	59.1	56.5	4.4	3.1	-	5.7
White	70.1	66.0	5.8	4.6	-	7.0
Men	79.3	74.0	6.6	4.9	-	8.3
Women	61.0	58.1	4.7	3.1	-	6.3
Black or African American	64.9	60.6	6.5	3.3	-	9.7
Men	72.5	67.2	7.4	2.6	-	12.2
Women	58.4	55.1	5.6	1.3	-	9.9
Asian	63.7	61.4	3.6	1.8	-	5.4
Men	73.5	70.4	4.2	1.7	-	6.7
Women	54.1	52.7	2.7	.3	-	5.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	69.9	65.6	6.2	4.0	-	8.4
Men	82.9	77.8	6.2	3.4	-	9.0
Women	56.1	52.7	6.1	2.7	-	9.5
Married men, spouse present	80.2	77.3	3.6	2.3	-	4.9
Married women, spouse present	58.7	56.5	3.7	2.1	-	5.3
Women who maintain families	77.4	73.4	5.2	1.6	-	8.8
Oklahoma City MSA						
Total	66.3	63.7	4.0	3.1	-	4.9
Men	74.2	71.5	3.6	2.4	-	4.8
Women	59.3	56.8	4.3	3.0	-	5.6
White	66.3	64.1	3.3	2.4	-	4.2
Men	73.6	71.2	3.2	1.9	-	4.5
Women	59.7	57.6	3.5	2.1	-	4.9
Black or African American	65.3	61.9	5.2	2.2	-	8.2
Married men, spouse present	78.4	76.3	2.7	1.4	-	4.0
Married women, spouse present	60.7	59.2	2.4	1.0	-	3.8
Orange County PMSA						
Total	66.2	63.6	4.0	3.3	-	4.7
Men	76.6	73.0	4.7	3.7	-	5.7
Women	55.9	54.3	2.9	1.9	-	3.9
White	66.0	63.4	3.9	3.1	-	4.7
Men	76.2	72.6	4.6	3.4	-	5.8
Women	55.9	54.2	3.0	1.9	-	4.1
Asian	64.5	62.3	3.5	1.9	-	5.1
Men	75.9	72.2	4.8	2.4	-	7.2
Women	53.1	52.2	1.7	(²)	-	(²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	69.2	65.8	4.8	3.4	-	6.2
Men	82.3	78.5	4.5	2.7	-	6.3
Women	54.2	51.3	5.3	2.8	-	7.8
Married men, spouse present	81.6	79.5	2.6	1.6	-	3.6
Married women, spouse present	54.0	52.5	2.7	1.4	-	4.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Philadelphia PMSA						
Total	65.0	61.6	5.2	4.6	-	5.8
Men	71.7	67.4	5.9	5.1	-	6.7
Women	58.7	56.2	4.3	3.6	-	5.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	42.7	33.9	20.7	16.3	-	25.1
White	66.6	64.1	3.9	3.4	-	4.4
Men	73.7	70.7	4.2	3.4	-	5.0
Women	59.8	57.7	3.5	2.7	-	4.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	45.9	39.4	14.1	9.6	-	18.6
Black or African American	59.0	52.8	10.5	8.8	-	12.2
Men	62.7	53.7	14.4	11.5	-	17.3
Women	56.2	52.2	7.1	5.1	-	9.1
Asian	62.9	58.2	7.4	4.3	-	10.5
Men	72.8	66.7	8.3	4.0	-	12.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	66.3	62.4	5.8	3.3	-	8.3
Men	72.2	67.8	6.1	2.6	-	9.6
Women	59.9	56.6	5.5	1.7	-	9.3
Married men, spouse present	76.8	74.9	2.5	1.8	-	3.2
Married women, spouse present	62.6	60.9	2.7	1.9	-	3.5
Women who maintain families	64.7	60.0	7.2	4.7	-	9.7
Phoenix-Mesa MSA						
Total	67.0	63.8	4.7	4.1	-	5.3
Men	75.8	72.0	5.0	4.2	-	5.8
Women	58.1	55.5	4.4	3.5	-	5.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	47.8	37.6	21.2	16.6	-	25.8
White	67.1	64.1	4.4	3.8	-	5.0
Men	75.9	72.5	4.6	3.8	-	5.4
Women	58.0	55.6	4.2	3.3	-	5.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	47.9	38.3	20.2	15.4	-	25.0
Black or African American	66.6	60.4	9.3	5.3	-	13.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	69.6	65.5	5.9	4.6	-	7.2
Men	86.0	81.2	5.5	4.0	-	7.0
Women	50.4	47.0	6.8	4.4	-	9.2
Married men, spouse present	78.3	76.9	1.7	1.0	-	2.4
Married women, spouse present	56.1	54.5	2.8	1.8	-	3.8
Women who maintain families	70.3	67.1	4.5	2.0	-	7.0
Pittsburgh MSA						
Total	62.9	59.1	6.1	5.2	-	7.0
Men	70.7	66.5	6.0	4.8	-	7.2
Women	56.2	52.7	6.2	4.9	-	7.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	45.4	36.7	19.2	13.0	-	25.4
White	62.7	59.3	5.5	4.6	-	6.4
Men	70.3	66.5	5.3	4.1	-	6.5
Women	56.1	52.9	5.7	4.4	-	7.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	46.3	38.6	16.7	10.6	-	22.8
Black or African American	65.1	54.6	16.1	10.3	-	21.9
Married men, spouse present	72.8	70.4	3.4	2.2	-	4.6
Married women, spouse present	59.9	57.7	3.7	2.3	-	5.1
Women who maintain families	60.2	54.8	8.8	4.6	-	13.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Portland-Vancouver PMSA						
Total	70.6	65.4	7.3	6.6	-	8.0
Men	78.2	72.1	7.8	6.8	-	8.8
Women	63.0	58.7	6.8	5.7	-	7.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	45.2	34.5	23.7	18.3	-	29.1
White	70.7	65.7	7.0	6.2	-	7.8
Men	78.4	72.8	7.1	6.1	-	8.1
Women	63.1	58.8	6.8	5.7	-	7.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	46.4	36.2	21.9	16.3	-	27.5
Black or African American	69.7	61.9	11.1	5.9	-	16.3
Asian	72.0	66.5	7.7	4.4	-	11.0
Men	81.2	72.8	10.3	5.3	-	15.3
Women	63.3	60.5	4.4	.6	-	8.2
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	78.7	72.4	8.0	5.3	-	10.7
Men	90.9	84.5	7.0	3.9	-	10.1
Women	63.2	57.2	9.6	4.8	-	14.4
Married men, spouse present	80.7	76.8	4.9	3.8	-	6.0
Married women, spouse present	63.6	60.8	4.4	3.2	-	5.6
Women who maintain families	66.0	57.8	12.3	8.3	-	16.3
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA						
Total	66.8	63.2	5.4	5.0	-	5.8
Men	72.7	68.5	5.8	5.2	-	6.4
Women	61.4	58.3	5.0	4.4	-	5.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	52.5	44.7	14.9	12.2	-	17.6
White	66.6	63.3	5.0	4.6	-	5.4
Men	72.9	68.8	5.5	4.9	-	6.1
Women	60.9	58.2	4.5	3.9	-	5.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	55.9	47.9	14.3	11.5	-	17.1
Black or African American	69.5	62.0	10.8	8.3	-	13.3
Men	66.4	59.9	9.8	6.3	-	13.3
Women	72.4	64.0	11.6	8.0	-	15.2
Asian	70.2	64.5	8.1	4.8	-	11.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	67.4	62.4	7.4	5.6	-	9.2
Men	72.6	67.2	7.5	5.0	-	10.0
Women	62.8	58.2	7.3	4.8	-	9.8
Married men, spouse present	75.5	72.8	3.5	2.8	-	4.2
Married women, spouse present	66.6	63.9	4.0	3.2	-	4.8
Women who maintain families	68.3	63.5	7.1	5.3	-	8.9
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA						
Total	63.8	59.9	6.1	5.2	-	7.0
Men	72.9	68.2	6.5	5.3	-	7.7
Women	55.0	51.9	5.6	4.3	-	6.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	35.3	30.1	14.9	9.4	-	20.4
White	63.2	59.6	5.7	4.8	-	6.6
Men	73.3	68.5	6.6	5.3	-	7.9
Women	53.2	50.8	4.5	3.2	-	5.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	37.1	31.1	16.3	9.9	-	22.7
Black or African American	66.0	59.1	10.5	6.8	-	14.2
Men	71.5	65.6	8.2	3.7	-	12.7
Women	60.9	53.0	13.0	7.2	-	18.8
Asian	66.9	64.3	4.0	1.1	-	6.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	66.5	61.4	7.7	6.2	-	9.2
Men	78.0	71.7	8.1	6.1	-	10.1
Women	54.7	50.9	7.1	4.8	-	9.4
Married men, spouse present	80.4	77.7	3.4	2.3	-	4.5
Married women, spouse present	54.8	52.1	5.0	3.3	-	6.7
Women who maintain families	68.2	64.0	6.1	2.8	-	9.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Rochester MSA						
Total	63.2	59.1	6.5	5.2	-	7.8
Men	65.8	60.6	8.0	6.0	-	10.0
Women	60.9	57.8	5.1	3.5	-	6.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	53.5	43.5	18.7	11.5	-	25.9
White	63.5	60.0	5.6	4.3	-	6.9
Men	66.0	61.2	7.3	5.3	-	9.3
Women	61.3	58.9	3.9	2.4	-	5.4
Black or African American	60.3	51.7	14.2	8.5	-	19.9
Married men, spouse present	65.5	62.4	4.6	2.5	-	6.7
Married women, spouse present	59.4	56.8	4.5	2.3	-	6.7
Women who maintain families	65.5	61.1	6.7	1.9	-	11.5
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA						
Total	67.1	63.1	6.0	4.9	-	7.1
Men	73.0	68.7	5.8	4.3	-	7.3
Women	61.8	58.0	6.2	4.6	-	7.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	50.9	39.9	21.6	14.0	-	29.2
White	68.5	64.6	5.8	4.6	-	7.0
Men	74.2	70.1	5.5	3.9	-	7.1
Women	63.0	59.2	6.0	4.3	-	7.7
Black or African American	58.5	51.8	11.5	5.8	-	17.2
Asian	62.2	58.8	5.6	2.4	-	8.8
Women	58.1	55.1	5.2	1.1	-	9.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	73.9	67.1	9.1	5.5	-	12.7
Men	85.1	78.0	8.4	4.0	-	12.8
Married men, spouse present	78.2	75.9	3.0	1.6	-	4.4
Married women, spouse present	59.4	56.4	5.1	3.0	-	7.2
Women who maintain families	72.4	66.7	7.9	3.1	-	12.7
St. Louis MSA ⁴						
Total	69.2	65.3	5.7	5.0	-	6.4
Men	75.5	71.1	5.8	4.8	-	6.8
Women	63.7	60.1	5.6	4.6	-	6.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	56.2	44.7	20.4	16.1	-	24.7
White	69.1	66.0	4.4	3.7	-	5.1
Men	76.3	72.6	4.8	3.8	-	5.8
Women	62.3	59.9	3.9	2.9	-	4.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	57.9	50.5	12.9	8.4	-	17.4
Black or African American	70.7	62.2	12.0	9.7	-	14.3
Men	72.2	63.4	12.2	8.6	-	15.8
Women	69.6	61.4	11.9	8.9	-	14.9
Married men, spouse present	76.5	74.9	2.1	1.2	-	3.0
Married women, spouse present	61.9	60.3	2.6	1.5	-	3.7
Women who maintain families	79.5	70.6	11.1	7.8	-	14.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA						
Total	72.4	68.4	5.5	4.8	-	6.2
Men	80.9	76.4	5.6	4.7	-	6.5
Women	64.2	60.7	5.4	4.4	-	6.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	53.9	44.0	18.4	14.6	-	22.2
White	72.5	68.7	5.2	4.5	-	5.9
Men	80.9	76.8	5.1	4.2	-	6.0
Women	64.2	60.8	5.3	4.3	-	6.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	55.8	46.1	17.4	13.5	-	21.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	75.6	67.5	10.7	7.9	-	13.5
Men	84.7	77.1	8.9	5.6	-	12.2
Women	65.2	56.4	13.4	8.6	-	18.2
Married men, spouse present	85.6	83.1	2.9	2.0	-	3.8
Married women, spouse present	63.0	61.2	2.8	1.8	-	3.8
Women who maintain families	75.6	68.6	9.2	5.6	-	12.8
San Antonio MSA						
Total	63.5	59.4	6.4	5.2	-	7.6
Men	74.0	69.1	6.6	5.0	-	8.2
Women	54.0	50.7	6.2	4.5	-	7.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	38.6	31.3	18.8	12.2	-	25.4
White	63.6	59.6	6.2	5.0	-	7.4
Men	75.0	70.4	6.2	4.6	-	7.8
Women	52.9	49.6	6.3	4.5	-	8.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	39.9	34.0	14.9	8.2	-	21.6
Black or African American	62.4	55.2	11.5	5.4	-	17.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	63.6	58.6	7.9	6.2	-	9.6
Men	76.4	70.5	7.7	5.5	-	9.9
Women	51.3	47.1	8.2	5.5	-	10.9
Married men, spouse present	80.4	77.5	3.7	2.1	-	5.3
Married women, spouse present	54.6	52.5	3.9	2.0	-	5.8
Women who maintain families	58.8	54.3	7.5	2.7	-	12.3
San Diego MSA						
Total	66.1	63.5	4.0	3.2	-	4.8
Men	74.4	71.4	4.1	3.0	-	5.2
Women	58.2	55.9	3.9	2.8	-	5.0
White	66.1	63.6	3.8	3.0	-	4.6
Men	74.7	71.6	4.2	3.0	-	5.4
Women	57.7	55.7	3.4	2.2	-	4.6
Asian	63.4	60.6	4.4	2.1	-	6.7
Men	70.0	68.7	1.8	(²)	-	(²)
Women	58.3	54.3	6.9	3.0	-	10.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	68.1	64.3	5.6	3.8	-	7.4
Men	81.2	76.2	6.1	3.7	-	8.5
Women	54.9	52.1	5.0	2.3	-	7.7
Married men, spouse present	77.7	76.5	1.5	.6	-	2.4
Married women, spouse present	54.8	53.6	2.1	.9	-	3.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
San Francisco PMSA						
Total	66.6	62.8	5.6	4.5	-	6.7
Men	70.2	66.5	5.3	3.8	-	6.8
Women	63.0	59.2	6.1	4.5	-	7.7
White	68.2	65.3	4.2	3.1	-	5.3
Men	72.8	69.9	4.1	2.6	-	5.6
Women	63.4	60.7	4.3	2.6	-	6.0
Asian	66.0	61.0	7.5	5.0	-	10.0
Men	68.2	63.3	7.1	3.5	-	10.7
Women	64.1	59.1	7.9	4.3	-	11.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	74.1	71.1	4.0	2.1	-	5.9
Men	84.0	80.7	3.9	1.5	-	6.3
Women	62.7	60.1	4.1	1.1	-	7.1
Married men, spouse present	75.5	73.3	2.9	1.3	-	4.5
Married women, spouse present	60.7	56.9	6.2	3.7	-	8.7
Women who maintain families	69.7	62.9	9.6	3.9	-	15.3
San Jose PMSA						
Total	70.6	65.8	6.8	5.6	-	8.0
Men	76.6	71.1	7.1	5.5	-	8.7
Women	64.5	60.3	6.5	4.8	-	8.2
White	70.5	66.2	6.1	4.7	-	7.5
Men	77.4	72.5	6.3	4.4	-	8.2
Women	63.3	59.7	5.8	3.7	-	7.9
Asian	70.6	65.0	7.8	5.6	-	10.0
Men	74.7	68.8	7.8	4.8	-	10.8
Women	66.3	61.2	7.8	4.6	-	11.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	74.1	67.3	9.1	6.1	-	12.1
Men	80.3	72.8	9.3	5.3	-	13.3
Women	67.1	61.1	9.0	4.3	-	13.7
Married men, spouse present	78.9	74.3	5.8	3.8	-	7.8
Married women, spouse present	60.2	57.1	5.2	3.0	-	7.4
Women who maintain families	84.6	78.5	7.2	2.2	-	12.2
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA						
Total	70.1	66.4	5.2	4.5	-	5.9
Men	78.0	74.0	5.1	4.2	-	6.0
Women	62.4	59.1	5.3	4.3	-	6.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	45.8	38.2	16.5	11.1	-	21.9
White	69.9	66.3	5.2	4.4	-	6.0
Men	79.0	75.0	5.0	4.0	-	6.0
Women	61.2	58.0	5.3	4.1	-	6.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	46.3	39.3	15.1	9.2	-	21.0
Black or African American	69.3	63.5	8.3	4.0	-	12.6
Asian	68.4	65.7	4.0	2.2	-	5.8
Men	74.4	71.5	3.9	1.5	-	6.3
Women	63.3	60.8	4.0	1.5	-	6.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	73.0	69.8	4.4	1.9	-	6.9
Men	87.6	83.2	4.9	1.7	-	8.1
Married men, spouse present	81.4	79.3	2.6	1.7	-	3.5
Married women, spouse present	62.7	60.5	3.4	2.2	-	4.6
Women who maintain families	76.6	72.8	4.9	2.1	-	7.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA						
Total	63.1	60.2	4.6	3.9	-	5.3
Men	71.7	68.7	4.2	3.2	-	5.2
Women	55.6	52.8	5.1	4.0	-	6.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	46.5	40.5	12.8	7.8	-	17.8
White	62.3	59.5	4.6	3.8	-	5.4
Men	71.6	68.3	4.6	3.5	-	5.7
Women	54.0	51.6	4.6	3.4	-	5.8
Black or African American	67.7	64.0	5.5	3.0	-	8.0
Men	72.4	71.8	.9	(²)	-	(²)
Women	64.5	58.8	8.9	4.9	-	12.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	73.7	69.6	5.5	3.5	-	7.5
Men	83.9	79.5	5.2	2.6	-	7.8
Women	62.5	58.7	6.0	2.7	-	9.3
Married men, spouse present	72.3	70.5	2.4	1.4	-	3.4
Married women, spouse present	56.5	54.2	4.1	2.6	-	5.6
Women who maintain families	66.1	62.9	4.9	2.0	-	7.8
Washington D.C. PMSA						
Total	72.4	69.5	4.0	3.8	-	4.2
Men	80.1	76.9	4.0	3.8	-	4.2
Women	65.4	62.7	4.1	3.9	-	4.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	41.3	35.7	13.7	12.4	-	15.0
White	73.3	71.1	2.9	2.7	-	3.1
Men	82.1	79.8	2.8	2.6	-	3.0
Women	64.7	62.6	3.2	2.9	-	3.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	44.9	39.6	11.8	10.3	-	13.3
Black or African American	70.7	65.8	7.0	6.6	-	7.4
Men	74.6	68.8	7.7	7.1	-	8.3
Women	67.6	63.3	6.4	5.9	-	6.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	32.5	25.2	22.3	19.1	-	25.5
Asian	71.1	68.3	4.0	3.5	-	4.5
Men	80.4	76.9	4.3	3.5	-	5.1
Women	63.9	61.6	3.7	3.0	-	4.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	43.8	43.2	1.3	(²)	-	(²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	80.9	77.3	4.5	4.0	-	5.0
Men	91.8	87.8	4.3	3.7	-	4.9
Women	67.1	63.9	4.7	3.9	-	5.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	45.1	39.0	13.7	9.9	-	17.5
Married men, spouse present	85.4	83.9	1.7	1.5	-	1.9
Married women, spouse present	66.2	64.3	2.8	2.5	-	3.1
Women who maintain families	75.6	71.3	5.7	5.0	-	6.4
Baltimore central city						
Total	56.4	52.1	7.6	5.7	-	9.5
Men	63.0	60.0	4.9	2.7	-	7.1
Women	50.7	45.5	10.4	7.3	-	13.5
White	54.2	52.6	3.0	.9	-	5.1
Men	64.2	62.4	2.8	.2	-	5.4
Women	44.4	42.9	3.3	(²)	-	(²)
Black or African American	57.4	51.4	10.5	7.8	-	13.2
Men	62.3	58.2	6.7	3.5	-	9.9
Women	53.6	46.1	13.9	9.8	-	18.0
Married men, spouse present	70.4	69.3	1.6	(²)	-	(²)
Married women, spouse present	57.0	53.8	5.7	1.3	-	10.1
Women who maintain families	67.8	62.2	8.3	3.5	-	13.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Chicago central city						
Total	62.8	56.8	9.5	8.4	-	10.6
Men	68.9	62.8	8.8	7.4	-	10.2
Women	57.4	51.5	10.2	8.7	-	11.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	31.9	18.3	42.7	37.3	-	48.1
White	65.7	61.9	5.8	4.7	-	6.9
Men	74.4	70.7	4.9	3.6	-	6.2
Women	57.4	53.5	6.9	5.2	-	8.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	35.0	25.9	26.1	16.2	-	36.0
Black or African American	58.0	47.8	17.6	15.3	-	19.9
Men	58.4	46.8	19.7	16.1	-	23.3
Women	57.7	48.5	16.0	13.1	-	18.9
Asian	63.1	61.9	1.9	(2)	-	(2)
Men	69.4	67.8	2.3	(2)	-	(2)
Women	55.4	54.7	1.3	(2)	-	(2)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	64.1	60.3	6.0	4.3	-	7.7
Men	76.9	73.7	4.2	2.4	-	6.0
Women	50.0	45.4	9.1	5.7	-	12.5
Married men, spouse present	79.4	75.9	4.5	3.0	-	6.0
Married women, spouse present	59.5	56.6	4.9	3.0	-	6.8
Women who maintain families	64.2	54.6	15.0	11.2	-	18.8
Cleveland central city						
Total	57.3	49.4	13.8	10.6	-	17.0
Men	60.0	51.7	13.8	9.1	-	18.5
Women	55.4	47.8	13.7	9.6	-	17.8
White	58.4	52.4	10.3	6.1	-	14.5
Men	62.0	58.3	6.0	1.2	-	10.8
Women	55.5	47.5	14.3	8.0	-	20.6
Black or African American	55.8	46.1	17.4	12.6	-	22.2
Men	55.0	41.5	24.5	16.2	-	32.8
Women	56.2	48.7	13.4	8.0	-	18.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	68.1	63.3	7.1	(2)	-	(2)
Married men, spouse present	65.1	60.2	7.4	1.9	-	12.9
Married women, spouse present	57.4	54.9	4.4	(2)	-	(2)
Women who maintain families	61.3	53.8	12.2	5.4	-	19.0
Dallas central city						
Total	66.6	61.7	7.4	6.0	-	8.8
Men	75.8	71.1	6.2	4.5	-	7.9
Women	58.1	53.0	8.8	6.6	-	11.0
White	68.3	65.7	3.8	2.6	-	5.0
Men	81.1	78.0	3.8	2.2	-	5.4
Women	55.2	53.1	3.7	1.8	-	5.6
Black or African American	60.0	48.0	20.0	16.1	-	23.9
Men	56.8	46.0	18.9	12.7	-	25.1
Women	62.2	49.4	20.7	15.7	-	25.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	68.1	64.7	5.1	3.2	-	7.0
Men	84.6	80.7	4.6	2.3	-	6.9
Women	50.9	47.9	5.9	2.5	-	9.3
Married men, spouse present	87.1	83.4	4.3	2.4	-	6.2
Married women, spouse present	50.2	47.9	4.6	1.9	-	7.3
Women who maintain families	77.3	67.7	12.5	7.2	-	17.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Detroit central city						
Total	54.6	46.4	15.1	12.7	-	17.5
Men	52.9	44.0	16.8	13.2	-	20.4
Women	56.0	48.3	13.8	10.8	-	16.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	25.5	18.0	29.4	16.9	-	41.9
White	56.4	48.3	14.4	7.7	-	21.1
Men	60.4	46.2	23.6	13.4	-	33.8
Women	52.6	50.4	4.3	(²)	-	(²)
Black or African American	55.2	46.7	15.3	12.8	-	17.8
Men	52.8	44.5	15.8	11.9	-	19.7
Women	57.1	48.5	14.9	11.6	-	18.2
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	68.4	61.3	10.4	1.7	-	19.1
Married men, spouse present	60.9	52.7	13.6	8.0	-	19.2
Married women, spouse present	53.4	48.2	9.6	4.1	-	15.1
Women who maintain families	66.7	58.1	12.8	7.9	-	17.7
District of Columbia						
Total	67.6	62.0	8.2	7.5	-	8.9
Men	73.9	67.2	9.0	8.0	-	10.0
Women	62.3	57.7	7.4	6.5	-	8.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	28.6	19.9	30.4	24.4	-	36.4
White	79.1	76.4	3.5	2.8	-	4.2
Men	84.6	81.8	3.2	2.3	-	4.1
Women	73.8	71.0	3.8	2.8	-	4.8
Black or African American	59.5	51.8	13.0	11.8	-	14.2
Men	65.3	55.1	15.6	13.8	-	17.4
Women	55.1	49.3	10.5	9.0	-	12.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	29.6	19.7	33.3	25.9	-	40.7
Asian	66.3	62.5	5.7	2.4	-	9.0
Men	71.9	69.5	3.4	(²)	-	(²)
Women	62.9	58.3	7.3	2.6	-	12.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	76.4	70.7	7.4	5.3	-	9.5
Men	82.7	74.8	9.7	6.5	-	12.9
Women	70.2	66.8	4.9	2.3	-	7.5
Married men, spouse present	76.4	73.2	4.2	2.9	-	5.5
Married women, spouse present	66.0	62.8	4.9	3.5	-	6.3
Women who maintain families	58.5	52.6	10.1	7.6	-	12.6
Houston central city						
Total	65.7	60.6	7.7	6.5	-	8.9
Men	76.5	70.3	8.0	6.4	-	9.6
Women	55.7	51.6	7.4	5.7	-	9.1
White	67.7	62.7	7.3	5.9	-	8.7
Men	82.0	76.4	6.9	5.2	-	8.6
Women	53.5	49.3	7.9	5.7	-	10.1
Black or African American	57.9	51.7	10.7	7.9	-	13.5
Men	58.2	49.6	14.8	10.1	-	19.5
Women	57.6	53.4	7.4	4.1	-	10.7
Asian	69.9	66.5	4.8	1.3	-	8.3
Men	74.5	70.8	5.0	(³)	-	10.0
Women	65.7	62.6	4.7	(²)	-	(²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	64.0	59.4	7.2	5.4	-	9.0
Men	83.2	77.9	6.3	4.2	-	8.4
Women	43.5	39.5	9.0	5.5	-	12.5
Married men, spouse present	81.3	76.8	5.5	3.6	-	7.4
Married women, spouse present	51.4	47.8	7.0	4.3	-	9.7
Women who maintain families	64.0	56.8	11.2	6.6	-	15.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Indianapolis central city						
Total	70.5	66.7	5.4	4.0	-	6.8
Men	79.3	75.2	5.2	3.3	-	7.1
Women	62.6	59.1	5.7	3.6	-	7.8
White	70.5	67.5	4.4	2.9	-	5.9
Men	82.1	79.3	3.4	1.7	-	5.1
Women	60.0	56.6	5.5	3.1	-	7.9
Black or African American	70.1	64.8	7.5	4.1	-	10.9
Women	71.3	67.7	5.1	1.2	-	9.0
Married men, spouse present	83.4	81.3	2.4	.5	-	4.3
Married women, spouse present	63.6	61.0	4.2	1.4	-	7.0
Los Angeles central city						
Total	64.6	59.7	7.5	6.6	-	8.4
Men	74.1	68.9	7.0	5.9	-	8.1
Women	55.2	50.7	8.2	6.8	-	9.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	28.0	20.7	25.9	18.6	-	33.2
White	66.6	62.0	7.0	6.0	-	8.0
Men	77.2	72.1	6.6	5.4	-	7.8
Women	55.8	51.5	7.6	6.0	-	9.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	30.6	23.1	24.3	16.6	-	32.0
Black or African American	56.3	48.6	13.8	10.1	-	17.5
Men	57.1	50.1	12.3	7.1	-	17.5
Women	55.7	47.4	14.9	9.9	-	19.9
Asian	55.3	51.9	6.2	3.4	-	9.0
Men	62.9	58.2	7.5	3.4	-	11.6
Women	48.5	46.3	4.6	1.0	-	8.2
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	67.7	62.4	7.8	6.5	-	9.1
Men	80.4	74.7	7.1	5.5	-	8.7
Women	54.6	49.8	8.8	6.7	-	10.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	29.1	21.4	26.6	16.7	-	36.5
Married men, spouse present	80.9	76.9	4.9	3.5	-	6.3
Married women, spouse present	54.7	51.7	5.5	3.7	-	7.3
Women who maintain families	65.8	59.2	10.1	6.3	-	13.9
Milwaukee central city						
Total	62.6	55.0	12.1	9.9	-	14.3
Men	67.6	58.7	13.2	10.2	-	16.2
Women	58.2	51.8	11.0	8.2	-	13.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	39.4	29.8	24.4	16.3	-	32.5
White	65.0	59.8	8.1	5.8	-	10.4
Men	71.7	65.9	8.1	5.1	-	11.1
Women	57.8	53.2	8.0	4.6	-	11.4
Black or African American	58.5	47.7	18.5	14.6	-	22.4
Men	57.9	43.8	24.3	18.0	-	30.6
Women	58.8	50.0	15.0	10.4	-	19.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	72.0	61.5	14.6	9.5	-	19.7
Men	81.0	69.3	14.4	8.1	-	20.7
Women	60.6	51.6	14.8	6.5	-	23.1
Married men, spouse present	59.7	57.0	4.5	1.0	-	8.0
Married women, spouse present	49.5	46.2	6.7	2.1	-	11.3
Women who maintain families	61.6	49.7	19.3	13.6	-	25.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
New York central city						
Total	59.3	55.1	7.1	6.6	-	7.6
Men	68.1	63.5	6.7	6.0	-	7.4
Women	51.7	47.8	7.4	6.6	-	8.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	21.9	16.9	23.0	18.9	-	27.1
White	59.2	55.7	6.0	5.4	-	6.6
Men	68.4	64.6	5.6	4.8	-	6.4
Women	50.9	47.6	6.4	5.4	-	7.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	24.1	18.0	25.2	19.8	-	30.6
Black or African American	57.7	51.5	10.7	9.6	-	11.8
Men	63.3	56.4	11.0	9.3	-	12.7
Women	53.5	47.9	10.4	8.9	-	11.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	19.3	14.2	26.1	18.1	-	34.1
Asian	62.6	59.8	4.5	3.4	-	5.6
Men	75.4	72.0	4.6	3.1	-	6.1
Women	49.6	47.4	4.4	2.6	-	6.2
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	59.7	54.6	8.5	7.4	-	9.6
Men	69.2	63.5	8.3	6.8	-	9.8
Women	51.6	47.1	8.8	7.2	-	10.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	21.0	14.6	30.4	21.5	-	39.3
Married men, spouse present	74.7	71.9	3.8	3.1	-	4.5
Married women, spouse present	52.8	50.1	5.2	4.1	-	6.3
Women who maintain families	65.3	58.4	10.5	8.7	-	12.3
Philadelphia central city						
Total	55.6	50.8	8.7	7.3	-	10.1
Men	57.9	51.0	11.9	9.6	-	14.2
Women	53.8	50.6	5.9	4.3	-	7.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	35.2	25.0	29.2	19.8	-	38.6
White	55.2	51.8	6.3	4.6	-	8.0
Men	57.4	53.4	7.1	4.5	-	9.7
Women	53.2	50.3	5.5	3.2	-	7.8
Black or African American	55.3	49.1	11.2	8.9	-	13.5
Men	56.0	46.3	17.4	13.2	-	21.6
Women	54.8	51.1	6.7	4.3	-	9.1
Asian	61.4	54.0	12.1	5.5	-	18.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	55.9	51.3	8.3	3.4	-	13.2
Men	59.7	53.5	10.4	2.7	-	18.1
Women	52.7	49.4	6.2	.2	-	12.2
Married men, spouse present	65.0	62.1	4.4	2.2	-	6.6
Married women, spouse present	57.8	55.7	3.6	1.4	-	5.8
Women who maintain families	58.0	53.5	7.8	4.0	-	11.6
Phoenix central city						
Total	69.6	65.3	6.2	5.1	-	7.3
Men	80.1	74.9	6.4	4.9	-	7.9
Women	58.4	55.0	5.8	4.1	-	7.5
White	70.3	66.3	5.7	4.6	-	6.8
Men	81.2	76.5	5.7	4.3	-	7.1
Women	58.1	54.9	5.6	3.8	-	7.4
Black or African American	64.4	56.8	11.9	6.1	-	17.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	69.2	65.0	6.1	4.3	-	7.9
Men	87.0	82.3	5.4	3.3	-	7.5
Women	48.2	44.6	7.6	4.1	-	11.1
Married men, spouse present	85.5	83.9	1.9	.7	-	3.1
Married women, spouse present	58.8	56.1	4.7	2.4	-	7.0
Women who maintain families	66.4	63.1	4.9	1.0	-	8.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
St. Louis central city						
Total	67.8	63.0	7.2	4.9	-	9.5
Men	71.4	66.4	7.0	3.8	-	10.2
Women	64.8	60.0	7.4	4.2	-	10.6
White	71.9	70.8	1.4	(2)	-	(2)
Men	78.0	76.3	2.1	(2)	-	(2)
Women	65.1	64.8	.5	(2)	-	(2)
Black or African American	65.5	56.3	14.0	9.8	-	18.2
Men	66.3	56.5	14.7	8.1	-	21.3
Women	64.9	56.1	13.5	8.1	-	18.9
Married men, spouse present	77.4	76.9	.7	(2)	-	(2)
Married women, spouse present	69.2	68.1	1.5	(2)	-	(2)
San Antonio central city						
Total	62.5	57.8	7.5	6.0	-	9.0
Men	74.0	68.7	7.2	5.2	-	9.2
Women	52.3	48.2	7.9	5.6	-	10.2
White	63.3	58.5	7.5	5.9	-	9.1
Men	75.4	69.9	7.2	5.2	-	9.2
Women	52.2	48.1	7.8	5.4	-	10.2
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	62.7	57.3	8.6	6.6	-	10.6
Men	75.7	69.5	8.2	5.7	-	10.7
Women	50.4	45.7	9.3	6.2	-	12.4
Married men, spouse present	81.9	78.8	3.7	1.8	-	5.6
Married women, spouse present	50.0	47.4	5.1	2.2	-	8.0
Women who maintain families	60.0	55.3	7.8	2.4	-	13.2
San Diego central city						
Total	69.1	66.1	4.3	3.1	-	5.5
Men	77.1	74.1	3.8	2.3	-	5.3
Women	61.9	58.9	4.9	3.1	-	6.7
White	69.4	66.5	4.2	2.8	-	5.6
Men	78.6	75.3	4.2	2.4	-	6.0
Women	61.0	58.4	4.2	2.2	-	6.2
Asian	66.4	62.3	6.2	2.8	-	9.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	65.6	61.5	6.2	3.3	-	9.1
Men	80.5	74.9	6.9	2.8	-	11.0
Married men, spouse present	79.6	78.4	1.5	.1	-	2.9
Married women, spouse present	58.3	56.3	3.4	1.0	-	5.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
San Francisco central city						
Total	66.0	60.1	8.9	6.9	-	10.9
Men	68.4	61.7	9.9	7.0	-	12.8
Women	63.4	58.5	7.7	5.0	-	10.4
White	71.6	67.1	6.2	4.1	-	8.3
Men	75.7	69.9	7.6	4.5	-	10.7
Women	67.1	64.2	4.4	1.7	-	7.1
Asian	62.3	55.6	10.7	6.7	-	14.7
Men	61.3	53.6	12.5	6.2	-	18.8
Women	63.1	57.3	9.2	4.0	-	14.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	70.0	64.2	8.3	4.1	-	12.5
Men	82.3	73.7	10.4	4.1	-	16.7
Women	59.0	55.7	5.7	.4	-	11.0
Married men, spouse present	71.0	66.2	6.8	2.9	-	10.7
Married women, spouse present	60.8	56.0	7.8	3.3	-	12.3

¹ Error ranges are calculated at the 90-percent confidence interval, which means that if repeated samples were drawn from the same population and an error range constructed around each sample estimate, in 9 out of 10 cases the true value based on a census of the population would be contained within these error ranges.

² Error ranges cannot be properly computed when the number of

sample cases is very small and/or the unemployment rate is too low.

³ Less than 0.05 percent.

⁴ Data do not reflect the official U.S. Office of Management and Budget definition. See appendix C.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the area in question, as determined by the sample size. See appendix B.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and over by educational attainment, 2004 annual averages

Area and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment rate
Atlanta MSA			
Less than a high school diploma	52.0	49.8	4.2
High school graduates, no college	71.0	68.2	3.8
Some college or associate degreee	76.5	73.3	4.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.5	79.7	2.2
Baltimore PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	34.2	31.3	8.5
High school graduates, no college	61.8	59.4	4.0
Some college or associate degreee	76.2	74.1	2.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.9	79.0	2.2
Bergen-Passaic PMSA			
High school graduates, no college	59.0	57.6	2.4
Some college or associate degreee	66.2	64.5	2.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.3	77.6	2.2
Boston PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	39.4	35.7	9.6
High school graduates, no college	61.1	58.5	4.2
Some college or associate degreee	69.3	66.5	4.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.1	78.0	3.8
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA			
High school graduates, no college	58.8	54.0	8.1
Some college or associate degreee	70.8	67.9	4.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	73.3	70.4	4.0
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA			
Less than a high school diploma	50.3	45.9	8.7
High school graduates, no college	68.1	63.5	6.7
Some college or associate degreee	76.0	71.9	5.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.0	77.0	2.6
Chicago PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	50.8	46.0	9.4
High school graduates, no college	61.5	57.9	5.9
Some college or associate degreee	73.3	69.3	5.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.5	77.0	3.1
Cincinnati PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	41.6	40.0	3.7
High school graduates, no college	63.1	60.4	4.3
Some college or associate degreee	75.7	73.3	3.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.5	77.6	2.5
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	39.7	36.4	8.3
High school graduates, no college	61.5	58.2	5.4
Some college or associate degreee	75.1	71.7	4.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.8	77.8	2.5

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and over by educational attainment, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Area and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment rate
Columbus, Ohio MSA			
Less than a high school diploma	51.0	45.4	11.0
High school graduates, no college	67.9	64.4	5.1
Some college or associate degreee	77.8	75.2	3.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.8	77.9	4.7
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	61.7	56.2	9.0
High school graduates, no college	70.3	66.5	5.3
Some college or associate degreee	77.4	73.1	5.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	83.2	81.1	2.5
Dayton-Springfield MSA			
Less than a high school diploma	39.8	33.5	15.8
High school graduates, no college	61.0	56.0	8.3
Some college or associate degreee	66.2	63.7	3.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	75.4	73.3	2.8
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	56.8	52.8	7.1
High school graduates, no college	71.3	68.2	4.4
Some college or associate degreee	77.2	73.6	4.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.7	78.2	3.0
Detroit PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	35.5	29.7	16.3
High school graduates, no college	60.1	55.9	7.0
Some college or associate degreee	72.4	69.1	4.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.4	77.4	3.8
Fort Lauderdale PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	49.7	46.5	6.4
High school graduates, no college	59.5	56.6	4.9
Some college or associate degreee	71.5	68.8	3.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.0	77.0	2.6
Hartford PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	35.0	33.2	5.0
High school graduates, no college	60.9	58.1	4.5
Some college or associate degreee	75.5	73.3	2.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.6	78.4	2.7
Houston PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	56.4	52.1	7.7
High school graduates, no college	69.0	64.8	6.1
Some college or associate degreee	75.5	71.8	4.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.7	76.2	4.4
Indianapolis MSA			
High school graduates, no college	64.2	61.7	3.9
Some college or associate degreee	78.1	74.0	5.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.5	77.4	1.4

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and over by educational attainment, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Area and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment rate
Kansas City MSA			
Less than a high school diploma	46.5	41.1	11.6
High school graduates, no college	69.3	65.4	5.7
Some college or associate degreee	76.3	72.7	4.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	82.5	80.3	2.6
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	56.0	52.1	6.9
High school graduates, no college	64.4	60.8	5.6
Some college or associate degreee	70.4	66.4	5.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	76.6	73.7	3.7
Louisville MSA			
Less than a high school diploma	30.2	28.5	5.7
High school graduates, no college	63.7	61.3	3.8
Some college or associate degreee	73.1	69.1	5.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.3	77.5	2.3
Memphis MSA			
Less than a high school diploma	48.2	42.7	11.6
High school graduates, no college	71.9	67.7	5.8
Some college or associate degreee	74.1	69.6	6.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	82.8	81.9	1.1
Miami PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	38.4	35.7	6.9
High school graduates, no college	63.9	61.1	4.4
Some college or associate degreee	70.5	67.4	4.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	74.4	71.5	3.9
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	46.8	40.0	14.6
High school graduates, no college	70.0	66.7	4.7
Some college or associate degreee	74.9	70.0	6.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	75.2	73.6	2.1
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA			
Less than a high school diploma	44.8	42.1	6.0
High school graduates, no college	72.3	69.4	4.1
Some college or associate degreee	79.3	75.7	4.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	83.7	81.3	2.8
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA			
High school graduates, no college	61.1	59.5	2.6
Some college or associate degreee	75.4	73.9	2.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.0	76.2	2.3
New Orleans MSA			
High school graduates, no college	55.4	54.2	2.3
Some college or associate degreee	67.9	66.0	2.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.5	79.0	1.9

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and over by educational attainment, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Area and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment rate
New York PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	45.7	41.7	8.6
High school graduates, no college	57.1	53.9	5.6
Some college or associate degreee	67.8	63.1	6.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.4	74.4	3.8
Newark PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	49.7	45.1	9.2
High school graduates, no college	65.9	62.3	5.5
Some college or associate degreee	75.4	71.8	4.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.7	76.8	2.4
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA			
High school graduates, no college	59.6	58.7	1.6
Some college or associate degreee	72.9	70.3	3.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	69.7	68.3	1.9
Oakland PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	45.6	42.7	6.4
High school graduates, no college	68.0	64.3	5.4
Some college or associate degreee	69.2	65.9	4.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	76.5	73.9	3.3
Oklahoma City MSA			
High school graduates, no college	62.3	59.8	4.1
Some college or associate degreee	67.9	65.6	3.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.8	76.1	2.3
Orange County PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	50.2	48.4	3.6
High school graduates, no college	60.6	58.1	4.1
Some college or associate degreee	70.7	68.8	2.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.7	75.5	2.7
Philadelphia PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	35.6	31.9	10.3
High school graduates, no college	61.6	58.5	5.1
Some college or associate degreee	74.3	71.4	3.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.3	77.7	2.0
Phoenix-Mesa MSA			
Less than a high school diploma	56.4	54.1	4.1
High school graduates, no college	64.3	61.6	4.2
Some college or associate degreee	68.1	65.4	3.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	75.8	74.4	1.9
Pittsburgh MSA			
High school graduates, no college	53.9	51.0	5.3
Some college or associate degreee	72.6	69.4	4.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.7	78.5	3.9

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and over by educational attainment, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Area and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment rate
Portland-Vancouver PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	56.4	50.7	10.1
High school graduates, no college	66.3	62.0	6.5
Some college or associate degreee	73.0	68.4	6.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.0	75.2	4.8
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA			
Less than a high school diploma	40.0	36.8	7.9
High school graduates, no college	63.9	60.9	4.7
Some college or associate degreee	73.2	70.0	4.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	83.2	80.8	2.9
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	56.1	52.1	7.1
High school graduates, no college	62.7	58.8	6.2
Some college or associate degreee	70.4	67.6	4.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	74.6	72.5	2.8
Rochester MSA			
High school graduates, no college	62.7	58.6	6.4
Some college or associate degreee	66.7	65.3	2.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	68.6	66.0	3.7
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	42.8	38.3	10.7
High school graduates, no college	60.5	56.7	6.2
Some college or associate degreee	72.7	69.7	4.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	74.7	72.6	2.8
St. Louis MSA ¹			
Less than a high school diploma	33.5	29.8	11.0
High school graduates, no college	63.4	60.5	4.6
Some college or associate degreee	76.8	73.8	3.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.5	78.5	2.5
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA			
Less than a high school diploma	62.5	56.7	9.3
High school graduates, no college	69.1	66.1	4.3
Some college or associate degreee	74.2	71.4	3.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.1	77.3	2.2
San Antonio MSA			
Less than a high school diploma	54.1	49.7	8.2
High school graduates, no college	65.3	62.7	4.0
Some college or associate degreee	68.3	63.8	6.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	74.7	73.8	1.1
San Diego MSA			
Less than a high school diploma	49.2	46.7	5.0
High school graduates, no college	61.5	58.0	5.7
Some college or associate degreee	66.8	65.3	2.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	73.7	72.4	1.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and over by educational attainment, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Area and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment rate
San Francisco PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	53.8	51.3	4.8
High school graduates, no college	62.3	58.5	6.0
Some college or associate degreee	67.8	63.1	6.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	76.5	73.6	3.8
San Jose PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	46.0	42.1	8.5
High school graduates, no college	73.4	67.0	8.7
Some college or associate degreee	70.6	65.8	6.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.7	76.2	4.3
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	53.9	50.4	6.6
High school graduates, no college	62.3	58.1	6.8
Some college or associate degreee	76.0	72.8	4.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.1	74.7	3.1
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA			
Less than a high school diploma	43.2	40.1	7.3
High school graduates, no college	54.8	52.4	4.4
Some college or associate degreee	68.5	66.1	3.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	75.2	73.1	2.8
Washington D.C. PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	60.5	56.4	6.7
High school graduates, no college	66.1	63.5	3.9
Some college or associate degreee	77.3	74.7	3.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.9	79.3	1.9
Baltimore central city			
High school graduates, no college	57.5	53.6	6.7
Some college or associate degreee	77.5	71.0	8.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.2	80.1	1.3
Chicago central city			
Less than a high school diploma	48.2	42.9	10.9
High school graduates, no college	57.0	51.4	9.9
Some college or associate degreee	68.5	62.8	8.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	82.9	79.6	3.9
Cleveland central city			
Less than a high school diploma	39.8	36.3	8.9
High school graduates, no college	58.2	53.3	8.4
Some college or associate degreee	66.6	59.2	11.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.7	76.4	4.1
Dallas central city			
Less than a high school diploma	59.6	55.5	7.0
High school graduates, no college	68.2	60.2	11.7
Some college or associate degreee	70.8	64.5	8.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.5	79.2	1.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and over by educational attainment, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Area and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment rate
Detroit central city			
Less than a high school diploma	31.3	20.5	34.5
High school graduates, no college	57.8	51.1	11.6
Some college or associate degreee	65.4	60.2	8.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	74.0	67.3	9.0
District of Columbia			
Less than a high school diploma	46.6	38.5	17.3
High school graduates, no college	61.3	56.3	8.1
Some college or associate degreee	67.8	62.5	7.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.5	78.5	3.6
Houston central city			
Less than a high school diploma	51.2	46.1	10.0
High school graduates, no college	72.0	65.6	8.8
Some college or associate degreee	71.4	68.3	4.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.0	77.3	4.6
Indianapolis central city			
High school graduates, no college	67.1	63.1	5.9
Some college or associate degreee	80.6	75.3	6.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	82.0	81.1	1.0
Los Angeles central city			
Less than a high school diploma	59.7	55.4	7.2
High school graduates, no college	62.4	57.3	8.1
Some college or associate degreee	69.2	64.2	7.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	76.8	73.0	5.0
Milwaukee central city			
Less than a high school diploma	46.2	37.2	19.5
High school graduates, no college	64.2	59.6	7.2
Some college or associate degreee	66.2	56.2	15.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	68.6	64.4	6.1
New York central city			
Less than a high school diploma	44.9	40.8	9.0
High school graduates, no college	57.0	53.6	5.9
Some college or associate degreee	67.1	62.1	7.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	76.4	73.2	4.2
Philadelphia central city			
Less than a high school diploma	33.7	29.2	13.3
High school graduates, no college	56.0	51.6	7.8
Some college or associate degreee	66.8	63.7	4.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.7	75.7	3.8
Phoenix central city			
Less than a high school diploma	63.9	60.4	5.4
High school graduates, no college	68.1	65.5	3.8
Some college or associate degreee	69.7	65.3	6.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	82.3	80.4	2.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the noninstitutional population 25 years and over by educational attainment, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Area and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment rate
St. Louis central city			
High school graduates, no college	65.2	62.1	4.6
Some college or associate degreee	79.4	77.5	2.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	88.6	85.3	3.7
San Antonio central city			
Less than a high school diploma	56.3	51.9	7.7
High school graduates, no college	64.8	61.4	5.3
Some college or associate degreee	67.1	61.8	7.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	75.9	75.0	1.3
San Diego central city			
High school graduates, no college	66.2	62.5	5.7
Some college or associate degreee	72.0	69.9	2.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.0	75.3	2.2
San Francisco central city			
Less than a high school diploma	46.8	43.8	6.3
High school graduates, no college	59.8	53.8	10.1
Some college or associate degreee	65.5	56.2	14.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.1	75.4	5.8

¹ Data do not reflect the official U.S. Office of Management and Budget definition. See appendix C.
NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when

they do not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the area in question, as determined by the sample size. See appendix B.

Table 29. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: unemployment rates by occupation, 2004 annual averages

Area	Total 1	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Metropolitan areas:										
Atlanta MSA	3.7	2.2	1.6	5.7	3.2	4.7	4.8	1.5	5.8	6.5
Baltimore PMSA	3.8	2.3	2.0	5.7	5.8	4.2	6.0	(²)	4.1	3.4
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	3.3	4.9	1.1	2.9	4.9	4.7	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Boston PMSA	4.7	4.0	3.2	5.7	5.1	5.9	8.3	2.6	7.0	4.9
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	6.6	3.2	6.5	7.7	4.9	4.8	(²)	(²)	8.8	10.4
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	5.3	2.7	3.5	6.1	3.3	7.3	7.8	(²)	8.0	8.9
Chicago PMSA	5.7	3.7	2.7	7.4	6.2	6.0	7.8	4.4	7.4	10.2
Cincinnati PMSA	4.2	2.8	2.8	6.2	4.7	3.3	(²)	(²)	4.4	3.9
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	5.5	2.6	2.1	7.6	8.9	5.1	11.3	5.0	5.8	6.4
Columbus, Ohio MSA	5.7	3.0	3.9	8.2	5.5	5.1	(²)	(²)	9.4	6.5
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	5.7	2.8	3.1	7.1	7.1	7.2	6.9	5.1	6.6	10.3
Dayton-Springfield MSA	7.5	4.1	2.3	9.3	7.3	8.9	(²)	(²)	10.9	6.2
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	4.9	3.7	2.6	7.5	7.3	4.1	7.7	2.5	8.3	2.7
Detroit PMSA	6.7	3.8	3.9	7.9	7.8	5.9	9.4	4.9	10.2	13.3
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	4.0	2.6	2.2	4.4	4.8	5.3	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Hartford PMSA	4.3	3.4	2.0	4.7	5.3	4.8	8.8	(²)	2.2	7.2
Houston PMSA	6.2	3.8	3.8	7.9	6.0	7.9	8.2	2.9	4.2	10.5
Indianapolis MSA	3.8	1.8	1.9	5.0	5.7	4.7	(²)	(²)	3.2	(²)
Kansas City MSA	5.9	4.0	2.8	9.6	7.4	5.3	9.5	5.9	7.3	4.3
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	5.7	3.2	4.5	6.0	5.0	5.5	9.3	3.8	8.4	9.0
Louisville MSA	5.2	1.3	3.7	8.2	4.8	7.5	6.8	(²)	2.6	6.6
Memphis MSA	5.3	2.6	2.7	5.6	2.9	8.5	(²)	(²)	(²)	7.2
Miami PMSA	4.4	3.4	2.8	6.2	4.3	2.2	7.2	4.5	6.5	6.1
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	6.0	2.5	3.9	10.3	5.2	6.8	13.0	3.1	5.2	7.4
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	4.5	2.1	2.4	5.6	5.2	5.8	8.6	1.4	9.3	4.8
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	2.9	1.7	1.8	4.9	4.5	2.5	2.4	(²)	(²)	4.3
New Orleans MSA	3.3	1.5	2.4	6.1	1.8	3.2	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
New York PMSA	6.0	4.5	4.1	6.4	6.4	6.7	8.7	3.9	8.3	7.9
Newark PMSA	5.0	2.2	2.5	5.0	4.4	6.2	10.6	(²)	7.8	8.3
Norfolk-Virginia Beach- Newport News MSA	3.6	2.1	1.8	6.2	4.3	4.2	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Oakland PMSA	5.2	3.7	4.3	3.8	6.2	4.2	7.4	(²)	7.1	11.7
Oklahoma City MSA	3.9	1.8	2.7	5.2	6.3	2.2	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Orange County PMSA	3.5	3.0	2.4	2.6	5.7	3.0	5.4	(²)	3.8	(²)
Philadelphia PMSA	4.6	2.2	3.1	7.6	4.1	4.6	6.2	5.8	6.9	6.4
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	4.2	2.0	1.8	4.4	2.9	6.2	7.2	3.3	8.5	6.7
Pittsburgh MSA	5.6	2.5	3.1	6.6	7.4	6.6	10.8	5.7	6.9	8.7
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	6.5	3.5	4.0	8.0	6.5	6.6	13.7	6.7	8.8	8.9
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	4.9	2.1	3.0	7.0	6.1	4.3	6.2	6.5	6.6	5.6
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	5.4	3.3	2.6	3.7	8.1	6.2	8.4	5.6	7.0	6.6
Rochester MSA	6.1	4.1	2.0	8.8	6.3	3.7	(²)	(²)	8.4	15.1
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	5.6	2.9	2.5	6.8	5.2	8.2	7.3	(²)	(²)	(²)
St. Louis MSA	5.2	2.9	2.2	6.2	7.9	6.4	7.8	6.5	6.6	4.5
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	4.9	2.7	1.7	6.8	5.6	4.5	9.9	4.7	8.0	8.1
San Antonio MSA	5.6	2.7	2.7	11.1	4.6	5.3	3.8	(²)	5.4	8.5
San Diego MSA	3.7	3.1	2.0	4.3	3.2	3.9	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 29. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: unemployment rates by occupation, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Area	Total ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Metropolitan areas:										
San Francisco PMSA	5.3	3.3	5.1	5.1	5.7	5.1	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
San Jose PMSA	6.1	3.6	5.4	7.4	4.8	5.5	(²)	(²)	10.6	(²)
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	4.9	2.3	3.6	5.9	4.9	7.0	4.9	(²)	8.0	3.9
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	4.1	1.9	1.9	5.7	5.5	5.1	6.2	3.0	5.0	3.6
Washington D.C. PMSA	3.8	2.0	2.3	4.6	4.7	6.0	6.2	4.3	4.9	5.9
Cities:										
Baltimore central city	7.1	4.6	2.1	11.2	(²)	10.6	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Chicago central city	8.8	6.7	4.1	10.9	9.9	9.5	10.0	6.3	9.7	16.2
Cleveland central city	13.1	7.1	7.9	15.6	21.5	10.4	(²)	(²)	7.7	(²)
Dallas central city	6.7	3.3	2.7	8.5	4.4	11.6	5.4	(²)	7.6	18.3
Detroit central city	14.6	9.6	9.1	17.5	20.2	9.4	15.7	(²)	19.5	22.6
District of Columbia	7.7	2.6	5.1	10.1	13.6	10.8	18.0	17.0	16.7	9.9
Houston central city	7.0	2.5	4.3	8.6	8.8	9.8	4.1	2.9	5.7	15.7
Indianapolis central city	5.0	.6	3.6	6.8	(²)	6.6	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Los Angeles central city	6.8	5.1	6.2	6.0	5.6	6.6	11.0	3.0	9.9	9.3
Milwaukee central city	11.1	7.5	6.0	15.6	19.7	14.0	(²)	(²)	5.7	10.8
New York central city	6.4	5.2	4.3	6.7	6.9	7.2	9.0	4.3	8.8	8.2
Philadelphia central city	7.3	1.7	5.0	9.1	10.3	7.3	10.8	(²)	6.4	5.4
Phoenix central city	5.8	1.1	2.4	7.8	3.5	6.6	8.1	(²)	9.9	10.4
St. Louis central city	6.4	(²)	3.3	11.0	(²)	4.0	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
San Antonio central city	6.5	3.7	3.3	12.1	6.3	5.4	3.8	(²)	(²)	(²)
San Diego central city	4.0	3.5	2.1	5.1	3.1	4.1	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
San Francisco central city	8.4	2.6	9.1	7.4	9.9	8.9	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)

¹ Excludes persons with no previous work experience. Includes farming, fishing, forestry occupations, not shown separately.

² Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet

BLS publication standards of reliability for the area in question, as determined by the sample size. See appendix B.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2004 annual averages

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
TOTAL										
Metropolitan areas:										
Atlanta MSA	100.0	18.5	19.6	12.5	13.0	14.3	8.4	3.4	4.2	6.0
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	16.2	25.8	14.7	11.8	13.9	5.2	3.0	4.0	5.2
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	14.1	23.8	14.0	12.2	14.9	4.8	3.9	7.9	4.5
Boston PMSA	100.0	17.1	27.3	15.8	12.0	13.8	5.1	2.4	2.5	3.8
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	100.0	14.3	16.2	20.0	12.1	15.4	2.3	4.2	8.7	6.8
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	16.3	19.6	14.3	12.6	13.4	5.5	2.5	8.3	7.1
Chicago PMSA	100.0	16.0	20.2	15.4	11.7	15.3	5.7	2.8	6.9	5.8
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	16.9	21.2	15.8	10.0	14.2	4.9	3.2	6.6	7.2
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	14.8	22.3	15.4	13.4	13.1	4.5	3.3	7.3	5.5
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	16.9	20.5	16.6	12.7	16.5	3.4	2.9	4.8	5.6
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	16.3	20.9	14.9	11.1	14.2	6.4	4.2	6.1	5.6
Dayton-Springfield MSA	100.0	11.3	19.6	18.2	10.0	15.7	3.9	2.4	12.0	6.6
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	17.3	23.4	14.2	12.0	13.9	6.4	2.8	4.1	5.7
Detroit PMSA	100.0	14.5	20.1	16.6	10.2	14.8	5.3	3.8	9.3	5.2
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	17.0	16.9	20.5	14.4	15.1	4.1	3.9	3.2	4.5
Hartford PMSA	100.0	16.6	23.3	13.9	12.0	13.9	5.5	2.8	6.7	5.2
Houston PMSA	100.0	14.0	18.7	16.3	11.8	13.5	8.0	4.4	5.9	7.2
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	18.4	21.0	13.4	11.5	14.5	4.2	4.3	7.4	5.4
Kansas City MSA	100.0	14.8	20.3	14.3	12.1	16.3	6.1	4.2	5.1	6.8
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	13.9	19.4	15.6	12.0	15.5	6.2	3.1	8.1	6.0
Louisville MSA	100.0	13.2	21.5	15.7	11.7	14.6	5.3	3.7	8.7	5.6
Memphis MSA	100.0	14.8	18.7	12.9	13.3	17.2	5.8	4.8	4.4	7.9
Miami PMSA	100.0	14.9	16.0	17.4	10.7	16.7	7.5	5.0	5.3	6.4
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	14.6	20.4	14.8	11.5	15.9	4.5	3.5	8.8	5.5
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	18.2	23.5	13.8	12.6	13.5	4.4	3.0	6.2	4.6
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	15.6	24.7	13.6	11.1	15.4	6.0	3.9	4.5	5.1
New Orleans MSA	100.0	14.6	22.8	17.3	12.8	12.5	5.6	4.6	4.3	5.1
New York PMSA	100.0	13.4	23.0	21.6	10.8	13.7	5.0	2.7	4.7	5.2
Newark PMSA	100.0	15.6	23.4	16.5	11.6	14.2	3.7	1.7	5.4	7.8
Norfolk-Va. Beach-Newport News MSA ..	100.0	12.3	21.5	16.3	12.8	13.2	8.3	3.5	5.2	6.6
Oakland PMSA	100.0	18.1	25.1	13.9	12.0	13.0	5.2	3.9	4.4	4.5
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	16.7	19.9	18.6	10.2	15.4	6.6	4.2	4.2	4.1
Orange County PMSA	100.0	18.8	20.2	14.3	13.0	15.4	5.4	2.7	6.9	3.3
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	15.0	24.0	14.3	10.6	16.4	5.2	2.9	5.3	5.9
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	14.4	18.5	17.8	12.8	14.3	7.6	4.3	4.6	5.4
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	13.9	24.7	17.1	9.6	15.2	4.9	3.7	5.1	5.5
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	15.8	21.1	14.2	12.3	14.4	5.0	3.8	6.8	5.3
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	13.6	20.7	18.1	10.8	13.9	4.3	3.3	9.2	5.6
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	13.2	16.7	16.1	13.8	13.9	7.6	4.3	5.4	8.6
Rochester MSA	100.0	11.5	24.0	14.6	13.1	15.4	5.0	2.3	8.5	5.4
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	15.8	21.6	15.5	14.4	15.6	7.5	3.0	3.3	2.9
St. Louis MSA	100.0	14.9	21.1	16.2	13.3	15.5	5.9	3.4	4.2	5.5
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	14.8	20.6	14.3	11.6	16.3	6.0	3.9	6.5	5.9
San Antonio MSA	100.0	12.4	19.2	18.4	13.1	14.7	7.9	3.8	5.0	5.3
San Diego MSA	100.0	17.2	24.9	17.3	13.2	12.2	5.0	2.5	4.0	3.3
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	17.3	24.1	20.5	10.8	15.0	3.2	2.3	3.4	3.2
San Jose PMSA	100.0	20.3	30.2	12.2	10.0	12.5	3.5	2.4	5.0	3.8
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	17.4	24.9	16.2	10.5	12.8	5.3	2.2	5.1	5.2
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA ...	100.0	15.3	20.3	16.2	14.1	14.4	5.5	3.9	4.7	4.9
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	20.2	28.2	15.3	9.2	11.8	5.7	3.0	2.5	4.0
Cities:										
Baltimore central city	100.0	9.4	19.4	22.9	8.7	15.3	8.2	2.1	5.9	8.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
TOTAL										
Cities:										
Chicago central city	100.0	13.4	21.0	20.7	9.0	15.0	4.9	2.5	7.4	6.0
Cleveland central city	100.0	10.8	16.5	25.7	8.4	15.7	2.3	3.6	10.3	6.6
Dallas central city	100.0	15.4	18.9	15.4	11.4	13.7	9.2	3.4	7.5	4.8
Detroit central city	100.0	8.8	13.4	22.5	8.8	19.6	5.3	3.3	11.6	6.4
District of Columbia	100.0	22.4	33.3	15.9	6.3	12.6	3.0	1.5	1.2	3.7
Houston central city	100.0	12.7	18.6	18.4	10.7	13.0	9.2	4.3	5.8	7.0
Indianapolis central city	100.0	17.6	18.7	15.9	9.0	16.3	4.3	3.2	8.1	6.8
Los Angeles central city	100.0	13.4	21.2	17.2	11.0	14.0	7.2	2.4	7.7	5.7
Milwaukee central city	100.0	8.8	20.9	19.5	6.8	17.2	3.6	2.6	12.1	7.7
New York central city	100.0	12.3	22.3	22.4	10.6	14.1	5.1	2.5	4.9	5.7
Philadelphia central city	100.0	7.5	22.4	21.6	8.1	18.1	5.7	1.8	7.1	7.6
Phoenix central city	100.0	10.7	15.2	18.2	12.0	16.1	10.2	4.7	5.6	7.1
St. Louis central city	100.0	12.6	23.8	24.2	9.1	17.6	2.9	1.3	3.5	4.9
San Antonio central city	100.0	11.2	18.0	20.7	13.2	14.3	9.7	4.0	4.6	4.1
San Diego central city	100.0	16.2	26.0	17.8	13.4	12.6	3.5	2.1	4.9	2.9
San Francisco central city	100.0	19.1	24.9	21.4	10.4	15.7	3.2	1.0	2.6	1.6
Men										
Metropolitan areas:										
Atlanta MSA	100.0	18.9	15.5	11.1	13.7	5.7	15.1	5.8	5.4	8.8
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	16.2	23.4	13.3	10.6	6.4	9.8	5.6	5.9	8.4
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	16.3	21.4	13.1	11.6	4.8	8.1	6.5	11.7	6.5
Boston PMSA	100.0	18.5	24.5	14.1	11.5	6.7	9.6	4.5	3.5	6.6
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	100.0	14.3	12.2	18.1	10.4	9.0	4.5	7.6	12.3	11.6
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	18.3	15.6	12.8	11.2	6.4	9.7	4.6	9.6	11.1
Chicago PMSA	100.0	17.2	16.4	13.2	11.7	7.7	10.3	5.0	9.4	8.9
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	19.3	15.7	14.3	10.4	6.3	9.1	5.5	8.8	10.5
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	17.4	19.6	9.6	13.7	5.6	8.6	6.3	10.5	8.7
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	18.8	16.0	15.0	14.0	8.4	6.1	5.5	7.2	9.0
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	16.1	18.2	12.5	10.8	6.7	11.5	7.1	7.8	8.7
Dayton-Springfield MSA	100.0	13.5	20.7	12.0	7.8	6.4	7.2	4.1	16.5	11.5
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	18.5	20.4	12.4	10.9	6.9	11.2	4.9	5.4	8.9
Detroit PMSA	100.0	16.2	17.9	12.2	9.4	5.6	9.9	6.7	13.3	8.4
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	19.2	15.3	17.6	14.4	6.6	7.3	7.0	4.4	7.6
Hartford PMSA	100.0	15.9	20.2	10.9	13.6	6.5	10.2	5.2	8.9	8.4
Houston PMSA	100.0	14.8	16.1	12.7	10.4	5.7	13.8	7.3	8.4	10.5
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	20.3	17.6	11.5	11.0	6.8	7.5	7.5	9.4	8.2
Kansas City MSA	100.0	14.8	16.6	12.8	12.7	6.7	11.4	7.1	7.0	10.8
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	13.5	17.9	12.5	11.6	8.8	11.0	5.2	9.8	9.4
Louisville MSA	100.0	15.4	16.4	13.3	11.4	7.5	9.6	6.6	10.8	8.8
Memphis MSA	100.0	17.5	13.3	12.4	12.4	7.1	10.9	8.2	5.1	12.9
Miami PMSA	100.0	15.5	14.5	14.0	10.4	9.0	13.0	8.7	5.7	9.3
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	16.8	15.5	12.5	11.5	7.1	8.0	6.5	12.8	9.0
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	19.1	20.4	10.9	12.7	6.8	8.4	5.6	8.6	7.3
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	18.4	19.0	12.0	12.7	6.6	11.0	7.0	5.7	7.6
New Orleans MSA	100.0	16.8	17.6	14.3	11.6	4.4	10.8	8.8	6.2	8.9
New York PMSA	100.0	13.9	19.1	19.3	12.1	7.9	9.1	4.8	5.3	8.6
Newark PMSA	100.0	19.5	17.4	13.7	12.7	7.7	6.9	3.1	6.3	12.2
Norfolk-Va. Beach-Newport News MSA ..	100.0	14.5	14.9	13.5	11.3	5.5	15.7	6.3	7.3	10.7
Oakland PMSA	100.0	18.4	22.4	12.0	13.0	6.5	9.3	6.5	5.4	6.6
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	19.1	17.1	14.5	9.2	7.1	12.3	7.6	5.6	7.4
Orange County PMSA	100.0	20.3	20.0	13.5	13.3	6.8	9.1	4.4	7.8	4.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Men										
Metropolitan areas:										
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	16.9	21.4	10.8	11.1	7.4	9.7	5.3	7.0	9.7
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	14.6	15.4	14.6	12.7	7.4	13.2	7.2	6.1	8.4
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	15.8	21.2	13.7	9.8	7.1	9.1	6.1	7.3	9.7
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	18.0	18.1	11.2	12.4	6.8	8.8	6.0	9.1	8.0
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	15.1	16.6	16.2	10.4	6.0	8.1	6.2	11.3	9.4
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	12.7	12.9	14.1	11.6	6.4	13.3	7.4	8.2	12.8
Rochester MSA	100.0	14.5	20.2	13.0	12.7	7.5	10.0	4.4	9.8	7.4
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	15.7	18.4	12.9	14.5	8.0	14.3	5.6	4.6	5.3
St. Louis MSA	100.0	16.6	16.2	14.3	13.7	5.7	11.5	6.2	5.7	9.9
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	16.8	18.8	11.0	11.7	8.0	10.6	6.4	7.3	9.4
San Antonio MSA	100.0	13.0	14.9	15.1	12.1	7.3	14.0	6.9	7.0	9.5
San Diego MSA	100.0	18.3	22.4	16.7	13.1	5.8	8.9	4.2	4.5	5.5
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	15.9	23.1	19.6	12.2	8.0	6.1	4.4	5.2	5.3
San Jose PMSA	100.0	19.2	33.0	10.5	9.4	5.8	6.0	4.0	6.4	5.5
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	18.8	24.5	13.7	9.3	5.8	9.6	3.9	6.3	7.5
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA ...	100.0	15.7	16.9	14.9	13.6	7.7	10.0	7.1	5.4	7.6
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	20.7	25.4	13.0	9.0	6.4	10.5	5.3	3.4	6.2
Cities:										
Baltimore central city	100.0	6.8	18.0	19.7	8.1	5.4	14.6	4.0	8.4	15.0
Chicago central city	100.0	12.5	17.8	18.9	8.4	8.3	9.4	4.7	10.9	8.9
Cleveland central city	100.0	14.4	12.8	13.1	4.5	11.6	4.5	8.3	19.9	10.9
Dallas central city	100.0	15.3	16.5	13.0	12.2	6.3	16.7	5.1	8.7	6.0
Detroit central city	100.0	7.1	7.6	17.2	9.1	9.4	12.5	5.5	18.6	13.0
District of Columbia	100.0	23.5	32.4	14.8	5.2	7.6	5.6	2.5	1.4	6.7
Houston central city	100.0	12.6	16.5	14.6	9.2	5.0	16.0	6.9	8.0	11.2
Indianapolis central city	100.0	18.3	14.7	15.2	7.6	9.6	8.1	5.9	10.1	10.5
Los Angeles central city	100.0	12.4	19.8	14.3	10.2	8.8	12.6	4.0	9.1	8.7
Milwaukee central city	100.0	8.5	14.1	19.9	8.2	8.0	6.6	5.3	18.4	10.7
New York central city	100.0	12.8	18.5	19.5	11.9	8.4	9.3	4.6	5.7	9.4
Philadelphia central city	100.0	7.7	22.2	16.6	5.0	7.0	12.0	3.9	10.3	15.0
Phoenix central city	100.0	9.6	11.2	16.3	11.3	9.7	17.0	7.3	6.8	10.4
St. Louis central city	100.0	15.1	17.8	27.0	10.2	8.4	5.9	.8	5.1	9.6
San Antonio central city	100.0	10.6	15.9	16.3	10.9	7.9	16.8	7.2	6.8	7.3
San Diego central city	100.0	15.1	25.6	17.3	13.8	6.9	6.3	4.0	5.0	5.1
San Francisco central city	100.0	16.0	26.0	21.8	11.3	10.3	6.0	1.9	3.6	3.0
Women										
Metropolitan areas:										
Atlanta MSA	100.0	18.0	24.5	14.1	12.1	24.6	.5	.7	2.9	2.6
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	16.2	28.2	16.3	13.1	21.9	.4	.2	2.0	1.7
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	11.1	26.9	15.1	12.9	28.1	.4	.6	3.0	1.8
Boston PMSA	100.0	15.6	30.2	17.5	12.5	21.1	.4	.3	1.4	.9
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	100.0	14.4	20.3	21.9	13.8	21.8	.1	.7	5.1	1.9
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	13.9	24.2	16.1	14.3	21.6	.5	.1	6.7	2.4
Chicago PMSA	100.0	14.7	24.8	18.0	11.7	24.3	.2	.2	4.0	2.1
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	14.0	27.4	17.5	9.5	23.2	.1	.5	4.0	3.3
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	12.2	25.1	21.3	13.2	20.7	.4	.4	4.0	2.3
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	15.0	25.4	18.3	11.4	25.1	.6	(²)	2.2	2.0
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	16.5	24.2	17.8	11.4	23.5	.2	.6	3.9	1.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Women										
Metropolitan areas:										
Dayton-Springfield MSA	100.0	9.0	18.6	24.8	12.4	25.7	.3	.5	7.2	1.4
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	15.9	26.9	16.3	13.2	22.0	.7	.5	2.5	1.8
Detroit PMSA	100.0	12.6	22.5	21.5	11.3	25.1	.1	.6	4.7	1.5
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	14.5	18.7	24.0	14.4	24.7	.6	.4	1.9	.9
Hartford PMSA	100.0	17.4	26.8	17.3	10.2	22.3	.2	.2	4.2	1.4
Houston PMSA	100.0	13.0	22.0	20.9	13.5	23.4	.6	.6	2.7	3.0
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	16.1	25.0	15.5	12.1	23.4	.4	.5	5.0	2.0
Kansas City MSA	100.0	14.8	24.4	16.0	11.5	27.2	.1	.9	2.9	2.1
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	14.4	21.3	19.5	12.5	23.9	.1	.3	6.1	1.8
Louisville MSA	100.0	10.7	27.1	18.3	12.1	22.4	.6	.4	6.3	2.1
Memphis MSA	100.0	11.9	24.8	13.5	14.4	28.5	.1	.9	3.6	2.4
Miami PMSA	100.0	14.1	18.0	21.9	11.2	26.8	.4	.1	4.8	2.6
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	12.2	25.5	17.3	11.5	25.1	.9	.4	4.7	1.9
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	17.2	26.9	17.0	12.4	21.1	(²)	.2	3.5	1.6
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	12.4	31.6	15.5	9.2	25.8	.1	.2	3.1	2.1
New Orleans MSA	100.0	12.3	28.2	20.5	14.0	20.9	.3	.3	2.2	1.3
New York PMSA	100.0	12.7	27.6	24.2	9.3	20.4	.3	.3	3.9	1.4
Newark PMSA	100.0	11.1	30.2	19.5	10.3	21.4	(²)	.2	4.4	2.8
Norfolk-Va. Beach-Newport News MSA ..	100.0	10.0	28.5	19.3	14.3	21.4	.5	.4	2.9	2.2
Oakland PMSA	100.0	17.6	28.5	16.2	10.9	20.9	.1	.8	3.2	1.9
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	14.0	23.1	23.1	11.4	24.6	.3	.4	2.7	.4
Orange County PMSA	100.0	16.7	20.4	15.4	12.7	27.0	.4	.3	5.7	1.2
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	12.8	26.9	18.2	10.1	26.4	.2	.2	3.4	1.7
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	14.1	22.7	22.0	12.9	23.3	.2	.5	2.7	1.5
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	12.0	28.5	20.8	9.4	24.1	.3	1.0	2.7	1.0
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	13.1	24.7	18.0	12.3	23.7	.3	1.1	3.9	1.9
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	12.0	25.1	20.2	11.3	22.4	.1	.2	7.0	1.6
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	13.8	21.5	18.6	16.6	23.4	.4	.4	1.8	3.2
Rochester MSA	100.0	8.6	27.6	16.1	13.5	22.8	.3	.3	7.2	3.5
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	16.0	24.9	18.2	14.2	23.7	.2	.3	1.8	.4
St. Louis MSA	100.0	13.0	26.3	18.1	12.8	25.8	(²)	.4	2.6	.8
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	12.4	22.8	18.3	11.5	26.6	.3	.8	5.5	1.6
San Antonio MSA	100.0	11.7	24.5	22.5	14.3	23.8	.5	(²)	2.5	.1
San Diego MSA	100.0	15.9	27.9	18.0	13.5	19.9	.2	.3	3.3	.6
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	19.0	25.3	21.5	9.1	22.7	.1	(²)	1.5	.8
San Jose PMSA	100.0	21.6	26.8	14.3	10.8	20.7	.5	.4	3.4	1.6
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	15.7	25.5	19.3	12.0	21.2	.1	.1	3.8	2.4
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA ...	100.0	14.9	24.2	17.8	14.7	22.0	.3	.2	3.9	1.9
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	19.6	31.5	17.8	9.4	17.8	.3	.5	1.4	1.4
Cities:										
Baltimore central city	100.0	12.3	21.1	26.5	9.4	26.3	1.0	(²)	3.1	.2
Chicago central city	100.0	14.4	24.5	22.6	9.6	22.2	(²)	.1	3.7	2.8
Cleveland central city	100.0	7.9	19.5	35.5	11.4	18.8	.6	(²)	2.9	3.3
Dallas central city	100.0	15.5	22.0	18.4	10.4	22.8	.1	1.3	6.0	3.5
Detroit central city	100.0	10.1	17.8	26.4	8.5	27.1	(²)	1.7	6.4	1.6
District of Columbia	100.0	21.3	34.2	16.9	7.4	17.5	.4	.5	1.0	.8
Houston central city	100.0	12.8	21.3	23.2	12.7	23.1	.6	1.1	3.0	1.8
Indianapolis central city	100.0	16.8	23.4	16.6	10.7	23.9	(²)	.1	5.8	2.7
Los Angeles central city	100.0	14.7	23.0	21.2	12.2	21.0	(²)	.1	5.9	1.8
Milwaukee central city	100.0	9.1	27.5	19.1	5.5	26.2	.6	(²)	5.9	4.8
New York central city	100.0	11.8	26.7	25.7	9.1	20.6	.3	.2	4.1	1.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Women										
Cities:										
Philadelphia central city	100.0	7.4	22.6	25.7	10.6	27.3	.5	(²)	4.4	1.5
Phoenix central city	100.0	12.2	21.0	21.0	13.0	25.5	.2	.9	3.9	2.1
St. Louis central city	100.0	10.3	29.4	21.6	7.9	26.5	(²)	1.8	2.0	.5
San Antonio central city	100.0	11.9	20.6	26.2	16.1	22.4	.7	(²)	1.7	.1
San Diego central city	100.0	17.5	26.3	18.3	13.0	19.0	.3	(²)	4.8	.4
San Francisco central city	100.0	22.5	23.8	20.9	9.4	21.4	.2	(²)	1.5	.2
White										
Metropolitan areas:										
Atlanta MSA	100.0	20.3	21.6	10.1	13.6	12.9	10.0	2.8	4.0	4.7
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	18.3	27.4	12.7	12.1	12.2	5.5	3.1	3.5	4.8
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	14.4	24.3	13.7	11.4	15.1	5.4	4.1	7.7	3.7
Boston PMSA	100.0	18.0	26.7	15.0	12.0	14.0	5.4	2.6	2.4	3.6
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	100.0	14.5	16.9	18.5	12.4	15.8	2.4	4.1	8.4	6.8
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	18.5	20.5	12.0	13.8	13.6	6.5	2.9	7.2	4.5
Chicago PMSA	100.0	17.3	19.7	14.3	12.0	14.4	6.5	3.0	7.1	5.5
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	17.7	21.2	15.0	10.4	13.6	5.0	3.2	6.7	6.9
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	15.7	22.2	13.8	14.0	12.5	5.0	3.6	7.5	5.4
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	17.4	21.6	15.7	13.0	15.0	4.2	3.5	5.0	4.6
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	17.5	20.4	14.2	11.1	13.3	7.3	4.7	6.0	5.1
Dayton-Springfield MSA	100.0	12.2	20.5	18.4	10.4	14.8	3.8	2.5	11.2	5.9
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	18.1	23.8	14.0	12.0	13.6	6.4	2.7	3.7	5.5
Detroit PMSA	100.0	15.9	19.7	15.5	10.8	14.3	5.9	4.3	8.6	4.8
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	19.9	17.6	16.3	17.1	14.9	3.9	4.0	2.7	3.2
Hartford PMSA	100.0	17.6	23.4	13.6	12.0	13.2	5.7	2.7	6.6	5.2
Houston PMSA	100.0	14.9	18.1	15.1	12.5	12.5	9.7	4.6	6.2	6.3
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	18.8	21.2	12.6	11.6	14.5	4.7	4.5	6.9	5.1
Kansas City MSA	100.0	15.9	20.8	13.7	12.6	15.0	6.4	4.5	4.5	6.5
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	13.1	17.9	16.2	11.8	14.1	7.5	3.3	9.0	6.9
Louisville MSA	100.0	13.9	21.8	14.3	12.4	15.1	5.3	4.1	7.7	5.3
Memphis MSA	100.0	18.1	20.1	10.8	15.0	14.6	7.9	5.6	3.3	4.6
Miami PMSA	100.0	17.0	15.6	15.6	11.6	16.4	7.6	5.3	5.5	5.3
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	15.0	20.7	13.8	11.8	15.4	4.9	3.5	9.2	5.4
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	19.0	23.1	13.1	12.9	13.8	4.7	3.2	5.7	4.3
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	15.9	24.3	13.2	11.3	15.2	6.7	4.1	4.8	4.4
New Orleans MSA	100.0	18.3	25.7	13.2	12.7	12.0	5.9	5.5	2.9	3.2
New York PMSA	100.0	15.2	24.2	18.9	11.5	12.8	5.8	2.7	4.4	4.5
Newark PMSA	100.0	16.6	24.6	14.8	12.3	13.6	4.1	1.6	5.3	6.7
Norfolk-Va. Beach-Newport News MSA ..	100.0	13.5	21.7	17.0	12.9	11.8	10.0	4.2	3.7	4.9
Oakland PMSA	100.0	17.6	22.9	13.9	13.1	13.3	6.7	4.3	4.0	4.3
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	18.6	21.0	15.4	10.4	16.1	6.4	4.4	3.6	4.1
Orange County PMSA	100.0	19.4	18.4	15.3	13.0	15.7	6.1	2.8	6.1	3.2
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	16.4	25.1	11.5	11.3	16.3	5.5	3.1	4.7	5.7
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	15.0	18.0	18.1	12.7	13.3	8.2	4.3	4.7	5.5
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	14.2	24.6	16.7	9.9	15.0	5.2	3.7	5.0	5.5
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	16.5	20.6	14.0	12.9	14.0	5.4	3.9	6.2	5.3
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	14.0	21.0	17.4	11.0	13.8	4.3	3.5	8.8	5.6
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	13.2	16.6	14.3	14.2	12.8	8.5	4.5	5.9	9.9
Rochester MSA	100.0	12.3	23.8	14.1	13.9	16.0	5.0	2.2	7.6	4.8
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	15.7	21.1	14.3	14.4	15.8	8.8	3.7	3.0	2.9
St. Louis MSA	100.0	16.2	20.0	14.6	14.5	15.6	6.2	3.4	4.0	5.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
White										
Metropolitan areas:										
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	15.0	20.7	14.1	11.7	16.5	6.1	3.9	5.9	5.9
San Antonio MSA	100.0	12.9	18.8	17.7	13.7	14.1	8.4	3.9	4.8	5.5
San Diego MSA	100.0	18.2	25.2	16.9	13.5	11.4	6.0	2.2	2.6	3.5
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	19.8	26.9	18.6	10.4	12.7	3.6	1.8	3.0	2.9
San Jose PMSA	100.0	20.3	29.2	11.4	10.8	13.3	5.1	2.1	3.3	4.6
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	19.3	25.3	14.9	10.3	12.4	6.1	2.4	4.0	5.0
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA ...	100.0	16.0	20.6	14.8	15.3	14.2	5.8	4.1	4.1	4.6
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	21.5	29.5	13.6	9.0	10.3	7.0	3.2	2.4	3.2
Cities:										
Baltimore central city	100.0	12.6	26.3	15.2	9.9	13.1	12.5	.8	3.6	5.9
Chicago central city	100.0	15.7	22.8	17.7	8.5	12.7	6.3	3.0	7.9	5.3
Cleveland central city	100.0	12.0	17.8	20.5	8.3	15.8	.4	3.3	15.4	6.6
Dallas central city	100.0	16.5	18.3	15.5	12.2	10.8	11.7	3.5	7.7	3.5
Detroit central city	100.0	7.1	16.8	19.9	6.6	12.7	10.3	2.6	17.1	4.7
District of Columbia	100.0	28.9	43.9	9.8	6.1	6.5	2.9	.6	.7	.5
Houston central city	100.0	13.5	17.5	16.1	10.6	13.0	12.0	4.1	6.7	6.2
Indianapolis central city	100.0	17.6	19.8	14.9	9.6	16.8	5.2	3.1	7.0	6.0
Los Angeles central city	100.0	13.0	19.5	17.8	10.7	12.9	8.6	2.6	8.6	6.2
Milwaukee central city	100.0	8.3	21.3	17.2	7.2	14.9	4.7	2.4	14.7	8.1
New York central city	100.0	14.5	23.3	19.4	11.2	13.4	5.9	2.4	4.6	5.2
Philadelphia central city	100.0	10.5	23.9	14.2	8.3	19.2	7.2	2.2	5.8	8.7
Phoenix central city	100.0	10.5	14.9	18.5	11.7	15.2	11.0	5.0	5.8	7.2
St. Louis central city	100.0	15.6	30.9	16.9	9.6	17.1	3.4	.3	2.5	3.6
San Antonio central city	100.0	11.7	17.1	20.2	13.4	14.1	10.1	4.3	4.8	4.1
San Diego central city	100.0	17.2	27.2	18.5	13.4	10.6	4.3	2.4	2.3	3.5
San Francisco central city	100.0	20.7	29.3	20.1	8.9	14.2	4.1	.2	1.3	1.2
Black or African American										
Metropolitan areas:										
Atlanta MSA	100.0	14.4	15.6	17.5	12.0	17.5	5.6	4.6	3.5	9.2
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	10.0	19.1	21.1	10.4	19.9	4.2	3.0	5.7	6.6
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	7.7	16.8	15.6	13.8	18.5	1.9	3.6	11.6	10.5
Boston PMSA	100.0	10.0	20.0	26.5	9.8	18.1	3.9	2.2	2.7	5.9
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	100.0	13.4	4.0	39.7	9.7	14.0	(²)	3.8	10.1	5.4
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	7.3	17.9	23.1	7.8	12.9	2.2	1.5	9.4	17.7
Chicago PMSA	100.0	10.3	18.2	21.9	8.7	21.4	2.5	2.4	6.2	8.1
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	8.8	17.2	24.7	5.4	21.6	4.4	2.1	4.8	11.0
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	9.5	18.0	26.7	11.1	17.2	2.2	1.8	6.2	6.6
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	13.7	11.9	20.5	10.8	28.4	.4	(²)	2.1	12.2
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	11.4	17.5	18.2	11.2	21.2	2.3	2.8	5.6	9.8
Dayton-Springfield MSA	100.0	4.7	16.0	20.6	9.1	23.5	3.5	(²)	11.8	10.8
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	8.6	15.3	14.4	14.3	19.7	5.3	5.7	5.6	11.1
Detroit PMSA	100.0	9.9	15.6	21.8	9.3	18.2	3.8	2.6	12.0	6.9
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	10.6	15.8	30.1	7.9	15.0	5.3	2.5	4.5	8.4
Hartford PMSA	100.0	8.6	19.2	17.7	13.6	20.5	4.9	3.6	6.9	5.2
Houston PMSA	100.0	9.1	18.6	19.8	9.5	19.6	3.4	2.4	4.7	12.9
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	18.9	15.0	16.7	8.9	16.6	1.5	2.5	10.6	9.3
Kansas City MSA	100.0	7.5	10.5	20.2	7.3	30.6	4.7	1.6	8.3	9.4
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	13.3	23.0	18.0	11.1	22.1	3.4	1.6	2.7	4.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Black or African American										
Metropolitan areas:										
Louisville MSA	100.0	7.6	14.4	27.1	7.2	12.0	3.6	1.6	17.3	9.2
Memphis MSA	100.0	10.3	14.6	16.6	10.0	22.9	2.3	3.7	6.1	13.2
Miami PMSA	100.0	5.3	17.9	26.1	6.1	17.8	7.6	2.8	4.7	11.7
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	9.5	17.4	21.9	9.1	22.1	1.0	4.4	7.1	7.4
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	10.5	23.1	18.8	11.2	18.1	2.0	1.3	2.4	12.7
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	12.7	23.4	21.7	6.9	16.7	2.2	2.4	2.6	11.5
New Orleans MSA	100.0	6.7	16.3	27.1	11.5	13.8	5.1	2.4	7.4	9.6
New York PMSA	100.0	9.0	20.6	28.1	8.5	17.5	4.3	2.4	2.7	6.9
Newark PMSA	100.0	8.7	15.5	25.4	8.2	17.5	3.2	2.7	5.4	13.2
Norfolk-Va. Beach-Newport News MSA ..	100.0	9.1	19.6	15.3	12.0	17.9	4.6	1.9	8.7	10.9
Oakland PMSA	100.0	18.5	18.9	13.3	14.7	15.0	2.2	3.2	4.6	9.6
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	9.3	14.6	26.8	12.4	16.2	4.6	2.6	7.0	6.5
Orange County PMSA	100.0	31.6	18.9	10.1	15.0	8.9	8.9	(²)	4.0	2.7
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	8.2	17.9	26.2	8.2	18.8	4.4	2.2	6.6	7.2
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	7.8	22.7	16.7	15.7	23.1	.8	3.6	3.2	6.5
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	8.7	15.6	25.5	6.9	24.5	.4	4.9	5.3	8.2
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	.9	30.4	12.7	3.1	37.4	(²)	2.3	3.7	9.6
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	8.9	16.4	26.5	7.7	18.3	2.8	1.4	10.8	7.0
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	13.2	17.6	25.8	11.6	21.7	3.6	1.3	1.4	3.8
Rochester MSA	100.0	3.7	19.9	21.7	10.2	14.1	6.5	(²)	12.7	11.2
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	19.7	9.6	23.3	16.1	20.3	4.7	(²)	2.2	4.2
St. Louis MSA	100.0	8.4	21.9	25.2	9.0	16.9	4.8	3.4	3.8	6.5
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	20.6	18.2	11.4	11.0	4.3	11.6	5.4	7.9	9.6
San Antonio MSA	100.0	5.6	13.7	32.8	10.1	24.5	2.3	.8	10.3	(²)
San Diego MSA	100.0	8.2	20.7	27.0	8.5	17.7	3.0	6.3	4.8	3.9
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	10.6	18.7	24.3	4.8	20.2	6.3	3.5	4.0	7.6
San Jose PMSA	100.0	8.1	19.7	15.7	13.8	31.2	(²)	4.7	(²)	6.9
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	14.6	12.6	25.5	11.6	19.8	(²)	(²)	5.3	10.7
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA ...	100.0	12.3	13.8	25.6	7.7	16.2	3.7	2.6	8.1	9.9
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	15.9	22.6	19.0	9.8	17.7	3.0	2.9	2.1	6.8
Cities:										
Baltimore central city	100.0	7.0	13.9	28.6	7.4	16.9	6.0	3.1	7.3	9.7
Chicago central city	100.0	7.9	14.7	27.0	9.6	21.8	2.6	1.4	6.9	7.9
Cleveland central city	100.0	8.2	14.1	32.9	9.2	16.6	3.6	2.9	6.0	6.5
Dallas central city	100.0	11.5	11.7	16.6	9.7	26.5	1.9	3.4	8.2	10.6
Detroit central city	100.0	9.2	12.9	22.2	9.2	20.2	4.8	3.5	11.0	6.8
District of Columbia	100.0	15.3	22.1	21.6	6.6	19.2	3.3	2.7	1.7	7.3
Houston central city	100.0	9.3	20.1	24.8	10.7	14.8	2.8	3.2	3.0	11.2
Indianapolis central city	100.0	18.2	14.7	19.7	6.5	15.0	1.9	2.5	11.2	10.4
Los Angeles central city	100.0	13.2	25.8	17.5	11.3	19.5	3.5	.3	2.4	6.4
Milwaukee central city	100.0	8.8	19.9	22.7	6.2	22.8	1.0	3.0	8.0	7.6
New York central city	100.0	7.6	21.0	29.0	8.5	17.4	4.7	2.4	2.7	6.7
Philadelphia central city	100.0	4.3	20.7	29.3	7.6	18.5	4.1	1.1	7.9	6.1
Phoenix central city	100.0	11.2	17.9	14.2	15.3	23.3	1.4	3.9	5.8	6.8
St. Louis central city	100.0	9.8	12.7	34.4	8.3	18.6	2.4	2.7	3.9	7.0
San Antonio central city	100.0	(²)	11.0	44.6	17.1	20.7	4.9	(²)	1.8	(²)
San Diego central city	100.0	9.5	14.2	25.1	8.7	24.5	5.7	1.4	10.9	(²)
San Francisco central city	100.0	12.6	26.1	22.5	(²)	20.5	4.5	6.5	7.3	(²)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Asian										
Metropolitan areas:										
Atlanta MSA	100.0	15.3	20.2	13.4	12.8	14.7	.4	6.9	14.0	2.4
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	14.6	34.5	14.7	13.9	8.6	4.5	(²)	3.6	5.6
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	21.3	29.6	9.0	23.7	9.6	(²)	1.9	5.0	(²)
Boston PMSA	100.0	11.3	49.8	13.6	12.2	5.3	1.2	1.1	2.4	3.2
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	100.0	12.3	35.1	19.8	7.6	(²)	(²)	(²)	25.2	(²)
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	20.3	12.7	15.1	10.3	12.2	1.6	(²)	22.8	4.9
Chicago PMSA	100.0	14.2	36.8	10.2	15.9	12.3	1.0	.7	5.3	3.6
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	20.1	53.5	6.9	3.1	13.8	(²)	(²)	2.6	(²)
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	15.1	53.4	1.7	11.1	12.3	(²)	(²)	6.3	(²)
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	16.1	34.2	21.6	14.0	5.5	(²)	(²)	6.3	2.2
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	16.6	38.7	11.3	10.0	11.7	1.2	1.9	7.6	.8
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	8.6	35.3	12.6	13.1	9.4	(²)	1.3	17.3	2.4
Detroit PMSA	100.0	9.9	50.8	11.6	5.5	6.3	(²)	.4	11.4	4.2
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	2.0	11.0	36.6	14.4	24.1	(²)	5.8	4.9	1.2
Hartford PMSA	100.0	12.2	44.7	5.3	7.3	11.1	2.0	2.4	15.0	(²)
Houston PMSA	100.0	15.6	27.9	20.8	9.7	6.5	.9	7.3	5.5	4.7
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	11.4	46.6	16.9	14.7	7.4	(²)	1.0	2.0	(²)
Kansas City MSA	100.0	9.4	27.5	8.2	18.0	22.2	1.2	2.2	7.4	3.8
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	19.4	24.7	11.3	15.0	17.9	1.0	2.0	7.1	1.7
Louisville MSA	100.0	16.1	44.4	21.2	3.2	1.7	1.9	(²)	9.7	1.9
Memphis MSA	100.0	(²)	53.8	6.5	23.6	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	16.1
Miami PMSA	100.0	21.8	26.4	12.5	9.8	19.2	(²)	10.2	(²)	(²)
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	32.2	38.5	15.9	5.6	(²)	(²)	1.6	4.7	(²)
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	14.0	30.0	18.7	8.2	6.8	1.4	2.5	15.7	2.6
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	18.9	37.5	2.8	18.5	16.0	(²)	2.9	.5	2.8
New York PMSA	100.0	13.1	22.4	21.1	12.2	9.9	3.3	2.9	9.9	5.1
Newark PMSA	100.0	30.0	35.9	2.6	14.8	8.7	(²)	(²)	4.1	4.0
Norfolk-Va. Beach-Newport News MSA ..	100.0	11.1	32.1	9.6	14.7	7.5	1.3	(²)	12.2	11.4
Oakland PMSA	100.0	20.0	35.9	13.7	7.4	11.0	1.1	3.8	4.4	2.8
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	4.1	23.6	52.4	2.3	6.1	(²)	(²)	10.5	(²)
Orange County PMSA	100.0	15.7	28.6	10.2	12.0	14.7	1.9	2.8	10.6	3.7
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	15.1	26.1	19.0	8.3	9.2	2.5	3.3	11.3	5.2
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	13.3	37.6	12.3	13.1	7.8	.5	7.7	7.5	(²)
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	21.4	51.4	9.3	(²)	(²)	(²)	1.8	16.1	(²)
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	17.5	27.1	16.5	7.7	10.8	1.6	2.1	14.9	1.1
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	11.8	21.1	25.1	9.4	6.3	1.7	1.8	20.9	1.9
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	14.9	18.3	24.1	13.5	18.5	2.8	5.4	2.3	(²)
Rochester MSA	100.0	10.7	44.1	12.3	(²)	2.4	(²)	5.5	21.1	3.9
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	11.9	30.9	20.0	14.4	13.7	(²)	(²)	5.6	2.1
St. Louis MSA	100.0	13.7	57.4	11.2	(²)	3.1	(²)	2.8	11.8	(²)
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	10.8	24.8	15.4	7.5	13.6	(²)	2.4	24.2	1.3
San Antonio MSA	100.0	11.0	64.1	24.9	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
San Diego MSA	100.0	16.0	27.0	12.9	12.7	14.4	(²)	1.8	13.5	.6
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	10.7	18.5	23.5	13.8	20.9	.7	3.9	4.4	3.7
San Jose PMSA	100.0	22.3	34.0	12.9	7.2	9.5	.3	2.9	9.4	1.6
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	10.2	31.1	18.7	10.3	12.3	.5	.2	13.2	3.2
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA ...	100.0	5.9	39.3	18.4	11.1	10.1	1.5	(²)	11.8	1.2
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	20.6	34.9	16.8	9.6	7.4	2.4	2.2	3.9	2.2
Cities:										
Chicago central city	100.0	16.3	39.0	16.5	11.4	7.2	(²)	2.1	6.1	1.3
Dallas central city	100.0	18.0	51.0	8.8	3.9	9.1	(²)	(²)	5.3	3.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Asian										
Cities:										
District of Columbia	100.0	23.1	34.1	21.9	6.4	10.4	(²)	(²)	1.8	2.2
Houston central city	100.0	12.6	26.7	21.6	11.4	6.0	(²)	10.2	6.3	5.2
Los Angeles central city	100.0	17.9	27.8	15.2	14.2	17.2	.3	.5	5.7	1.2
New York central city	100.0	12.7	21.4	21.3	12.7	10.1	3.3	3.0	10.1	5.4
Philadelphia central city	100.0	4.7	17.8	33.4	11.4	2.9	5.2	3.5	9.6	11.5
Phoenix central city	100.0	35.0	35.6	7.9	17.8	(²)	(²)	(²)	3.7	(²)
San Antonio central city	100.0	13.8	80.6	5.6	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
San Diego central city	100.0	14.7	23.4	12.5	13.7	16.5	(²)	.5	16.9	(²)
San Francisco central city	100.0	16.3	14.4	23.3	17.3	18.0	.4	2.0	5.2	3.2
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity										
Metropolitan areas:										
Atlanta MSA	100.0	8.0	7.7	16.1	6.0	5.9	42.4	1.5	5.4	7.1
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	4.2	12.3	38.4	1.7	4.5	21.0	3.5	8.6	3.2
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	8.4	15.0	20.4	6.1	13.9	5.4	2.4	21.0	7.3
Boston PMSA	100.0	5.2	8.5	40.1	7.9	13.4	3.0	2.4	7.8	9.4
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	100.0	11.9	9.2	11.6	2.8	7.8	2.1	8.1	41.4	5.1
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	7.8	6.5	21.9	11.3	7.1	22.3	2.4	11.9	8.6
Chicago PMSA	100.0	6.1	8.0	24.2	8.4	12.6	8.7	4.7	17.8	9.2
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	8.7	12.2	28.4	.6	7.4	16.7	7.9	12.5	5.5
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	13.7	4.4	26.9	4.6	6.9	8.1	3.0	17.6	13.5
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	(²)	8.7	36.1	8.2	17.0	8.0	1.3	11.4	9.4
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	4.4	8.8	25.0	7.4	11.9	17.3	4.8	11.8	7.5
Dayton-Springfield MSA	100.0	(²)	9.2	35.5	(²)	7.2	17.1	10.0	13.9	7.0
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	6.7	8.9	23.2	9.9	14.3	17.2	2.8	6.9	9.2
Detroit PMSA	100.0	8.5	20.0	25.3	3.6	13.9	13.1	2.1	10.6	1.0
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	17.1	12.5	20.7	14.8	15.7	4.0	5.6	2.5	5.4
Hartford PMSA	100.0	5.9	16.5	26.5	8.8	15.8	4.6	2.0	12.5	7.1
Houston PMSA	100.0	6.4	9.1	23.3	8.6	8.9	17.9	6.4	9.6	9.3
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	9.2	20.1	18.9	4.0	8.0	14.3	.7	17.2	7.6
Kansas City MSA	100.0	9.9	9.5	27.9	6.9	13.7	10.0	2.2	10.2	9.7
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	7.1	7.8	21.7	10.4	14.6	10.1	4.0	13.7	10.3
Louisville MSA	100.0	3.3	6.1	21.7	4.1	12.5	24.4	12.4	15.5	(²)
Memphis MSA	100.0	(²)	8.4	8.6	7.6	2.6	48.3	15.0	9.4	(²)
Miami PMSA	100.0	14.2	11.9	17.0	11.4	17.3	8.8	6.2	6.2	7.0
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	3.6	9.5	24.3	7.8	7.8	7.4	1.5	22.2	13.8
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	9.0	12.0	35.9	10.6	4.1	11.3	1.1	12.6	3.5
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	11.3	10.7	18.8	7.1	12.8	10.0	5.4	16.6	7.3
New Orleans MSA	100.0	16.7	18.3	15.1	(²)	13.2	11.5	13.0	10.5	1.7
New York PMSA	100.0	6.6	10.8	33.3	9.1	14.2	7.5	3.0	7.9	7.6
Newark PMSA	100.0	8.2	5.2	27.1	11.4	10.8	6.4	3.5	11.5	15.0
Norfolk-Va. Beach-Newport News MSA ..	100.0	10.1	14.9	18.4	18.9	4.0	33.8	(²)	(²)	(²)
Oakland PMSA	100.0	8.0	10.5	26.2	8.7	10.2	15.0	4.5	8.3	8.6
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	12.3	6.6	30.0	10.7	6.2	20.2	2.9	11.1	(²)
Orange County PMSA	100.0	6.6	7.0	25.1	9.8	16.0	13.5	4.3	12.2	5.5
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	9.5	15.1	22.7	6.1	10.8	9.1	4.3	8.2	7.3
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	5.4	8.1	27.5	8.7	9.3	18.5	3.8	9.4	8.3
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	(²)	51.6	22.1	1.9	2.2	(²)	8.5	13.7	(²)
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	9.1	5.1	31.2	7.6	10.4	7.2	2.2	10.1	6.1
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	6.2	10.2	21.6	6.8	10.6	5.4	2.4	22.0	12.6
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	6.6	10.9	18.3	10.0	12.8	10.9	4.7	10.5	14.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity										
Metropolitan areas:										
Rochester MSA	100.0	4.2	3.8	24.5	28.9	14.0	1.6	3.1	5.4	14.5
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	8.6	8.3	26.9	8.0	7.9	23.0	1.2	8.3	5.3
St. Louis MSA	100.0	6.6	4.2	31.7	(²)	10.9	29.3	(²)	9.6	7.8
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	8.6	6.7	28.9	5.7	11.5	16.8	4.8	12.0	4.9
San Antonio MSA	100.0	7.7	12.8	23.9	11.9	13.4	11.8	4.8	6.9	6.4
San Diego MSA	100.0	9.5	16.6	29.7	9.9	11.2	8.3	2.7	5.4	5.7
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	6.8	14.9	34.5	10.1	13.5	6.3	2.4	7.3	3.8
San Jose PMSA	100.0	11.8	12.7	19.3	7.5	17.4	8.7	5.1	6.3	11.1
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	13.9	9.4	36.7	6.2	10.9	10.5	2.7	5.1	4.5
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA ...	100.0	10.7	15.3	22.5	11.0	12.5	9.6	4.2	7.1	4.8
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	8.6	6.6	36.5	5.5	6.4	22.0	5.4	4.3	4.6
Cities:										
Baltimore central city	100.0	(²)	2.2	31.5	2.0	(²)	42.0	4.0	12.7	5.7
Chicago central city	100.0	5.6	8.6	22.7	7.9	15.4	8.3	5.8	16.4	9.2
Cleveland central city	100.0	16.8	(²)	33.5	(²)	8.6	(²)	8.2	22.1	10.7
Dallas central city	100.0	1.6	6.3	25.9	9.1	12.5	21.1	4.6	13.3	5.6
Detroit central city	100.0	7.7	4.7	39.1	(²)	5.5	18.6	(²)	18.3	1.5
District of Columbia	100.0	10.9	16.0	40.9	7.1	7.5	13.5	.8	2.0	1.3
Houston central city	100.0	5.5	7.9	23.8	5.9	9.5	20.1	7.4	10.6	8.9
Indianapolis central city	100.0	9.6	22.2	21.2	5.4	2.6	15.7	(²)	17.5	5.8
Los Angeles central city	100.0	6.8	7.1	25.0	9.5	13.1	12.1	3.6	13.1	9.5
Milwaukee central city	100.0	2.7	6.6	21.8	5.8	6.1	8.9	1.7	26.2	17.3
New York central city	100.0	6.6	10.9	32.7	9.3	14.6	7.2	3.1	7.7	8.0
Philadelphia central city	100.0	2.7	12.3	29.5	5.0	13.7	11.0	4.2	12.3	9.2
Phoenix central city	100.0	3.4	6.1	26.4	8.4	9.7	21.2	4.8	11.1	8.0
San Antonio central city	100.0	7.9	11.2	25.9	11.6	13.2	12.7	5.2	6.5	5.4
San Diego central city	100.0	6.6	18.8	32.5	12.6	6.9	6.3	3.4	6.2	5.1
San Francisco central city	100.0	5.7	19.9	42.8	2.0	17.9	6.4	.6	3.6	1.1

¹ Includes farming, fishing, and forestry occupations, not shown separately.

² Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the area in question, as determined by the sample size. See appendix B.

Table 31. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: unemployment rates for nonagricultural workers, excluding private household workers, by industry, 2004 annual averages

Area	Total ¹	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
			Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Metropolitan areas:							
Atlanta MSA	3.7	4.7	3.1	3.5	2.6	5.1	3.5
Baltimore PMSA	3.8	4.2	2.6	1.1	(²)	5.1	5.7
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	3.3	(²)	2.5	(²)	(²)	5.5	(²)
Boston PMSA	4.7	8.0	5.7	7.0	3.1	5.5	2.5
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	6.7	(²)	5.0	4.2	6.1	5.2	2.3
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	5.3	6.9	7.2	8.7	5.4	4.9	5.0
Chicago PMSA	5.7	6.7	5.9	5.9	5.8	5.3	6.7
Cincinnati PMSA	4.2	6.5	3.9	3.9	3.9	4.1	(²)
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	5.5	9.0	5.7	6.2	4.8	7.0	6.2
Columbus, Ohio MSA	5.7	10.7	6.8	7.4	(²)	6.5	3.9
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	5.7	5.6	3.5	3.6	3.5	7.2	5.7
Dayton-Springfield MSA	7.5	(²)	7.1	5.4	10.9	13.3	(²)
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	4.9	6.6	6.3	6.4	6.2	6.2	1.8
Detroit PMSA	6.7	9.3	6.2	5.8	8.6	8.2	8.2
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	4.0	5.7	(²)	(²)	(²)	5.0	(²)
Hartford PMSA	4.3	9.6	2.0	1.6	(²)	4.6	7.8
Houston PMSA	6.2	7.8	5.5	5.0	6.2	6.5	4.2
Indianapolis MSA	3.8	5.5	3.3	3.3	(²)	4.4	(²)
Kansas City MSA	5.9	8.9	4.9	5.9	3.4	6.3	1.8
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	5.7	7.6	6.4	5.6	7.5	5.6	5.7
Louisville MSA	5.2	5.3	2.4	2.8	(²)	5.6	(²)
Memphis MSA	5.3	4.5	11.3	(²)	(²)	4.3	5.6
Miami PMSA	4.4	6.5	5.8	5.8	(²)	2.4	2.8
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	6.1	9.1	4.1	5.8	1.5	6.9	2.9
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	4.5	8.1	5.1	5.0	5.3	4.1	2.9
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	2.9	2.7	1.6	1.6	(²)	4.3	3.7
New Orleans MSA	3.4	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	4.0	(²)
New York PMSA	6.0	9.0	8.2	7.9	8.5	8.1	3.7
Newark PMSA	5.0	9.1	7.5	11.2	4.7	6.3	4.6
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA	3.6	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	4.2	(²)
Oakland PMSA	5.2	8.0	6.1	3.8	(²)	5.4	2.8
Oklahoma City MSA	3.9	3.1	7.5	(²)	(²)	4.6	(²)
Orange County PMSA	3.5	4.9	3.5	3.0	(²)	5.6	(²)
Philadelphia PMSA	4.7	5.9	5.6	3.2	8.3	4.8	3.5
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	4.2	6.4	5.5	5.0	(²)	3.2	4.6
Pittsburgh MSA	5.6	10.8	6.3	6.9	5.1	6.4	3.9
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	6.5	11.8	7.1	8.0	5.3	6.5	3.9
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	4.9	6.3	4.8	4.9	4.5	6.0	5.0
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	5.4	6.6	8.1	6.4	11.0	7.4	3.0
Rochester MSA	6.1	11.1	5.3	5.5	(²)	6.4	(²)
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	5.6	6.1	7.6	(²)	(²)	8.4	(²)
St. Louis MSA	5.2	7.1	5.6	4.3	7.2	5.4	4.6
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	4.9	8.2	3.6	4.2	2.2	5.2	3.0
San Antonio MSA	5.6	4.7	2.9	2.5	(²)	4.4	(²)
San Diego MSA	3.7	5.5	2.7	3.1	(²)	5.6	(²)
San Francisco PMSA	5.3	5.1	9.6	(²)	(²)	9.6	2.9
San Jose PMSA	5.9	10.5	8.6	8.8	(²)	3.4	(²)
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	4.9	5.1	4.6	3.9	7.2	4.3	4.4
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	4.1	4.9	3.4	3.2	(²)	4.8	3.8
Washington D.C. PMSA	3.8	6.0	4.6	3.7	6.5	4.3	3.0
Cities:							
Baltimore central city	7.1	5.9	(²)	(²)	(²)	7.5	(²)
Chicago central city	8.8	9.5	7.3	5.5	9.1	7.2	12.9
Cleveland central city	13.1	(²)	13.5	16.2	(²)	13.2	(²)
Dallas central city	6.7	5.1	4.3	2.6	(²)	7.0	(²)
Detroit central city	14.6	14.9	15.0	10.6	(²)	19.0	15.1
District of Columbia	7.7	14.7	20.5	(²)	(²)	12.7	9.1
Houston central city	7.0	4.4	7.2	5.2	10.3	8.6	7.0
Indianapolis central city	5.0	(²)	5.2	(²)	(²)	6.0	(²)
Los Angeles central city	6.8	8.8	9.9	8.6	11.2	6.0	4.5
Milwaukee central city	11.2	13.3	8.0	14.1	1.4	15.4	4.9
New York central city	6.4	9.7	9.2	8.4	9.7	8.3	3.9
Philadelphia central city	7.3	11.9	8.7	4.9	12.9	9.8	8.0
Phoenix central city	5.8	8.5	7.2	7.0	(²)	1.9	11.3
St. Louis central city	6.4	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	5.1	(²)
San Antonio central city	6.5	5.3	.8	(²)	(²)	5.8	(²)
San Diego central city	4.0	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	4.4	(²)
San Francisco central city	8.4	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	17.0	(²)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 31. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: unemployment rates for nonagricultural workers, excluding private household workers, by industry, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Area	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
Metropolitan areas:							
Atlanta MSA	2.0	3.0	3.2	2.6	4.7	3.0	2.2
Baltimore PMSA	(²)	2.4	3.7	2.9	6.5	5.3	.8
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	(²)	(²)	3.0	1.8	(²)	(²)	(²)
Boston PMSA	4.5	3.0	7.0	2.6	5.4	3.7	6.0
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	(²)	3.9	13.3	4.3	10.7	(²)	(²)
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	(²)	3.6	6.6	3.3	6.2	5.6	(²)
Chicago PMSA	5.9	4.7	6.7	3.6	8.7	6.1	3.5
Cincinnati PMSA	(²)	3.2	4.2	2.8	8.0	(²)	(²)
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	(²)	2.7	4.4	2.2	12.1	4.5	(²)
Columbus, Ohio MSA	(²)	5.7	6.2	2.7	10.1	3.2	2.1
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	4.8	5.5	7.8	4.4	7.3	5.4	1.0
Dayton-Springfield MSA	(²)	(²)	12.4	3.5	6.3	(²)	3.0
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	8.1	2.0	5.4	3.0	7.7	4.5	2.8
Detroit PMSA	6.9	4.0	7.1	3.8	9.7	12.2	.8
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	(²)	2.7	4.3	2.8	7.0	2.9	1.3
Hartford PMSA	(²)	4.1	5.5	2.4	8.8	4.5	.4
Houston PMSA	(²)	6.1	8.6	4.4	8.7	4.5	2.4
Indianapolis MSA	(²)	4.4	6.7	1.5	6.0	(²)	(²)
Kansas City MSA	4.1	4.3	6.5	5.0	10.6	4.0	5.9
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	7.8	2.9	5.9	3.5	8.9	5.6	2.4
Louisville MSA	(²)	5.2	8.8	2.5	12.9	3.7	(²)
Memphis MSA	(²)	1.3	13.2	3.1	6.0	(²)	(²)
Miami PMSA	(²)	1.8	6.0	2.8	9.0	5.3	2.0
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	(²)	2.6	10.2	4.8	11.4	6.7	2.1
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	5.1	2.7	4.5	2.7	7.9	7.5	1.1
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	(²)	3.8	3.0	1.2	6.1	(²)	(²)
New Orleans MSA	(²)	(²)	(²)	3.2	6.2	(²)	(²)
New York PMSA	4.2	4.9	6.8	3.9	7.2	6.5	3.9
Newark PMSA	(²)	2.6	4.7	2.7	7.0	3.7	1.9
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA	(²)	(²)	(²)	1.9	8.6	(²)	(²)
Oakland PMSA	(²)	2.1	7.3	3.1	5.0	5.5	(²)
Oklahoma City MSA	(²)	1.3	2.8	3.2	9.7	(²)	.3
Orange County PMSA	(²)	1.6	4.2	1.7	2.8	2.3	(²)
Philadelphia PMSA	4.0	3.8	4.6	3.8	8.9	3.4	2.4
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	(²)	2.8	6.5	2.8	4.6	2.8	1.5
Pittsburgh MSA	(²)	3.7	8.8	2.6	7.5	5.3	(²)
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	11.7	5.6	7.7	3.4	8.5	5.5	2.0
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	2.3	2.7	6.3	2.8	7.8	9.3	1.0
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	(²)	3.5	7.4	2.1	4.9	8.7	(³)
Rochester MSA	(²)	(²)	9.1	2.7	16.8	(²)	(²)
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	(²)	3.0	3.6	2.7	9.8	9.2	2.9
St. Louis MSA	4.6	3.4	6.2	3.7	9.7	3.6	1.0
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	4.7	4.3	7.2	1.9	8.3	5.2	3.8
San Antonio MSA	(²)	3.5	8.2	5.4	12.5	(²)	4.1
San Diego MSA	(²)	1.9	4.0	2.4	4.5	(²)	(²)
San Francisco PMSA	(²)	1.8	5.2	3.0	3.7	(²)	(²)
San Jose PMSA	(²)	2.6	4.5	3.7	9.3	3.8	(²)
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	3.2	5.7	4.8	3.0	8.6	10.6	.8
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	(²)	3.7	5.2	2.0	7.0	4.0	(²)
Washington D.C. PMSA	3.2	1.9	3.7	2.8	7.8	3.3	2.0
Cities:							
Baltimore central city	(²)	(²)	11.8	5.6	8.7	(²)	(²)
Chicago central city	10.3	7.3	11.6	6.3	14.2	7.5	4.5
Cleveland central city	(²)	(²)	11.9	6.0	30.1	(²)	(²)
Dallas central city	3.6	6.1	11.5	5.3	4.7	7.6	(²)
Detroit central city	(²)	6.0	19.4	8.7	26.2	27.3	(³)
District of Columbia	6.3	2.4	6.8	8.0	12.9	5.6	3.4
Houston central city	(²)	5.6	12.7	2.9	9.4	4.9	(²)
Indianapolis central city	(²)	(²)	11.3	2.5	(²)	(²)	(²)
Los Angeles central city	9.7	3.8	6.9	4.0	9.7	5.1	(²)
Milwaukee central city	(²)	10.7	18.3	8.6	17.4	(²)	4.4
New York central city	5.3	5.2	7.5	4.2	7.6	6.5	4.8
Philadelphia central city	(²)	2.6	7.7	5.0	11.8	4.8	3.0
Phoenix central city	(²)	3.6	11.5	2.7	8.8	1.6	1.9
St. Louis central city	(²)	(²)	(²)	4.0	(²)	(²)	(²)
San Antonio central city	(²)	2.8	9.5	6.7	13.8	(²)	(²)
San Diego central city	(²)	(²)	4.1	2.6	5.1	(²)	(²)
San Francisco central city	(²)	4.1	7.2	4.9	3.9	(²)	(²)

¹ Excludes persons with no previous work experience. Includes self-employed workers, unpaid family workers, and mining, not shown separately.

² Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet BLS

publication standards of reliability for the area in question, as determined by the sample size. See appendix B.

³ Less than 0.05 percent.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2004 annual averages

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Total	Construc- tion	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
TOTAL								
Metropolitan areas:								
Atlanta MSA	100.0	99.8	11.0	8.9	5.0	3.8	15.6	5.4
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	99.8	8.0	6.4	3.5	2.9	14.5	4.7
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	100.0	5.7	14.8	7.3	7.5	16.9	5.5
Boston PMSA	100.0	99.7	5.9	7.5	5.0	2.5	13.6	3.6
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	100.0	99.7	3.7	14.1	8.3	5.7	17.3	6.0
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	99.1	7.4	14.4	7.8	6.7	17.3	6.4
Chicago PMSA	100.0	99.7	7.6	12.5	7.5	5.0	14.7	5.9
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	99.7	6.7	14.0	7.9	6.1	14.4	5.3
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	99.8	5.3	15.1	9.9	5.1	16.6	3.7
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	99.5	5.0	8.1	4.8	3.3	14.7	5.1
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	99.4	8.9	11.2	8.1	3.1	14.8	5.5
Dayton-Springfield MSA	100.0	99.7	4.3	18.4	12.9	5.5	12.3	4.6
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	99.4	9.3	8.4	5.6	2.8	13.4	5.4
Detroit PMSA	100.0	99.7	6.9	19.9	17.3	2.6	13.9	4.9
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	99.7	6.1	4.2	2.8	1.4	20.1	4.6
Hartford PMSA	100.0	99.6	5.9	13.9	11.4	2.5	14.9	3.9
Houston PMSA	100.0	99.7	10.9	9.6	5.5	4.0	13.8	7.4
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	99.6	6.8	14.0	8.5	5.5	14.7	5.9
Kansas City MSA	100.0	99.4	7.1	9.5	5.7	3.8	17.3	6.3
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	99.8	7.2	12.2	6.9	5.3	15.1	5.1
Louisville MSA	100.0	99.8	7.3	12.3	7.3	5.0	16.5	4.8
Memphis MSA	100.0	99.7	7.4	7.1	2.7	4.4	17.4	9.9
Miami PMSA	100.0	99.9	9.3	8.0	4.4	3.6	15.2	6.2
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	99.5	6.5	17.9	10.9	7.0	14.4	4.6
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	99.6	5.7	14.5	9.8	4.7	15.9	4.5
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	100.0	7.2	9.1	5.6	3.5	13.7	6.7
New Orleans MSA	100.0	99.4	7.2	6.4	4.1	2.3	14.6	5.5
New York PMSA	100.0	99.9	6.0	5.1	2.0	3.0	12.1	6.3
Newark PMSA	100.0	100.0	4.9	10.5	4.2	6.3	13.7	8.5
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA ..	100.0	100.0	9.5	9.7	7.7	2.0	15.9	5.5
Oakland PMSA	100.0	99.9	6.6	9.2	6.8	2.4	13.5	5.9
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	99.2	7.8	7.5	5.1	2.4	14.4	4.0
Orange County PMSA	100.0	99.9	7.5	13.8	11.0	2.7	15.7	3.0
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	99.2	6.8	10.6	5.6	5.0	14.1	5.5
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	99.7	10.0	9.3	7.3	2.0	16.0	5.1
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	99.8	5.6	12.1	8.3	3.8	13.2	6.2
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	98.0	7.2	13.9	9.3	4.5	15.8	5.4
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	99.2	5.9	14.8	10.2	4.7	16.0	3.0
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	99.1	10.0	9.6	6.1	3.5	18.2	6.0
Rochester MSA	100.0	98.8	7.6	16.4	12.1	4.3	15.2	3.4
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	99.2	10.6	5.7	3.7	2.0	16.0	2.7
St. Louis MSA	100.0	99.3	7.5	9.7	5.4	4.3	17.5	4.9
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	99.7	8.3	10.8	7.6	3.1	15.1	5.4
San Antonio MSA	100.0	99.6	9.9	8.5	5.1	3.4	18.0	4.1
San Diego MSA	100.0	99.3	7.5	9.4	7.3	2.1	12.6	3.0
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	99.8	5.5	6.3	4.0	2.3	11.3	5.8
San Jose PMSA	100.0	99.8	5.9	23.9	21.6	2.3	11.0	2.4
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	99.1	6.4	15.0	12.1	2.9	15.1	4.4
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	100.0	99.2	7.9	7.0	4.5	2.6	15.6	5.3
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	99.7	7.4	4.0	2.7	1.2	10.7	4.0
Cities:								
Baltimore central city	100.0	100.0	10.6	5.8	1.9	3.9	11.0	4.8
Chicago central city	100.0	99.9	5.7	10.2	5.3	4.9	10.9	5.9
Cleveland central city	100.0	100.0	2.0	13.8	7.9	5.9	12.6	3.3
Dallas central city	100.0	99.5	9.9	12.0	8.3	3.7	14.0	3.2
Detroit central city	100.0	100.0	4.9	15.6	14.4	1.2	9.0	7.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
TOTAL							
Metropolitan areas:							
Atlanta MSA	3.5	7.3	14.5	16.1	7.9	6.2	3.4
Baltimore PMSA	2.6	7.4	12.3	23.6	6.4	4.9	9.0
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	3.9	6.7	11.2	21.8	5.3	5.1	3.0
Boston PMSA	3.3	9.3	15.6	25.0	8.1	4.6	3.1
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	2.8	5.8	10.6	20.9	9.3	4.9	4.3
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	1.7	10.3	8.5	16.4	8.2	5.7	2.8
Chicago PMSA	2.6	8.6	13.0	18.1	8.3	4.9	3.6
Cincinnati PMSA	1.7	8.2	10.9	20.2	10.7	4.7	2.8
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	2.4	8.2	9.3	23.7	8.0	4.9	2.7
Columbus, Ohio MSA	3.5	9.1	11.1	22.1	10.5	5.5	4.9
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	4.4	8.7	12.6	16.8	8.5	5.1	2.5
Dayton-Springfield MSA	2.7	3.9	8.7	21.5	12.2	3.9	7.4
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	3.8	9.1	13.5	19.0	7.9	4.5	4.7
Detroit PMSA	2.0	6.2	10.8	19.3	8.3	4.0	3.5
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	1.5	9.7	13.2	19.0	8.4	6.8	6.1
Hartford PMSA	1.8	10.2	8.6	24.1	6.9	4.6	4.8
Houston PMSA	1.7	7.2	12.2	17.5	8.4	6.1	2.9
Indianapolis MSA	2.4	10.0	9.5	19.8	7.3	5.1	3.9
Kansas City MSA	4.9	8.6	10.8	17.5	8.9	4.9	3.3
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	5.1	8.0	12.6	17.3	8.3	6.1	2.9
Louisville MSA	2.6	8.0	8.2	24.3	6.7	5.3	3.4
Memphis MSA	1.7	9.0	7.5	20.8	8.6	5.1	5.0
Miami PMSA	2.3	8.6	11.6	18.3	7.8	6.8	5.7
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	2.1	7.0	8.8	23.5	7.9	3.3	3.3
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	2.2	10.4	11.1	19.5	7.7	4.7	3.3
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	3.6	8.5	11.5	25.3	6.1	3.2	5.0
New Orleans MSA	1.9	7.5	9.9	22.4	11.3	5.4	6.0
New York PMSA	3.8	10.3	13.0	23.9	9.2	6.0	4.4
Newark PMSA	3.4	8.0	14.2	22.0	5.9	4.5	4.3
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA ..	2.5	4.7	9.6	19.7	10.6	4.7	7.4
Oakland PMSA	3.8	11.5	14.8	17.4	7.8	5.4	4.2
Oklahoma City MSA	2.6	8.0	8.7	22.1	9.1	5.9	7.9
Orange County PMSA	2.2	9.9	13.3	16.5	10.6	5.5	1.8
Philadelphia PMSA	2.7	8.3	12.3	22.8	6.5	5.0	4.5
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	2.4	8.8	12.1	17.3	9.4	4.4	4.7
Pittsburgh MSA	2.2	6.3	10.2	25.2	9.4	6.2	2.8
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	2.0	7.6	11.7	17.5	8.5	4.7	3.6
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	1.4	7.5	9.9	23.8	8.4	4.4	3.9
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	1.8	7.1	10.6	19.6	6.9	4.4	4.8
Rochester MSA	2.5	3.8	8.6	24.5	8.0	4.9	3.6
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	2.7	8.5	12.7	17.6	7.0	5.3	10.4
St. Louis MSA	2.9	8.0	10.2	21.9	8.7	4.2	3.6
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	2.9	7.8	11.9	18.2	8.6	4.5	6.0
San Antonio MSA	2.2	9.0	8.7	21.1	10.0	3.2	4.9
San Diego MSA	3.0	8.9	13.5	20.1	11.2	5.1	4.9
San Francisco PMSA	2.0	9.6	16.4	21.1	13.1	3.8	4.8
San Jose PMSA	2.6	6.2	16.5	16.5	6.5	4.7	3.6
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	4.0	6.7	12.9	17.4	9.5	3.8	3.9
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	3.2	8.8	14.0	21.0	8.4	4.9	3.0
Washington D.C. PMSA	4.0	6.3	19.0	17.5	7.9	6.5	12.2
Cities:							
Baltimore central city	3.2	4.4	9.6	28.1	9.1	5.1	8.2
Chicago central city	2.7	8.0	14.0	20.6	9.8	5.1	7.0
Cleveland central city	1.2	6.2	11.2	27.2	12.6	5.3	4.6
Dallas central city	5.3	8.6	14.5	13.8	10.8	5.6	1.1
Detroit central city	2.2	7.4	10.5	26.0	7.8	3.6	5.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Total	Construc- tion	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
TOTAL								
Cities:								
District of Columbia	100.0	99.9	4.0	1.3	.4	.8	6.4	4.1
Houston central city	100.0	100.0	11.7	8.6	5.3	3.3	13.0	6.1
Indianapolis central city	100.0	99.7	7.5	11.9	6.9	5.0	13.8	5.2
Los Angeles central city	100.0	99.9	8.3	9.8	4.7	5.1	13.4	3.7
Milwaukee central city	100.0	99.7	4.9	14.9	7.2	7.7	11.4	6.2
New York central city	100.0	100.0	5.9	5.0	1.9	3.0	12.3	6.8
Philadelphia central city	100.0	100.0	5.7	9.2	5.1	4.1	11.3	5.5
Phoenix central city	100.0	100.0	11.6	9.2	6.3	2.9	17.8	4.8
St. Louis central city	100.0	100.0	2.7	6.0	2.5	3.5	16.8	3.9
San Antonio central city	100.0	99.8	11.4	7.2	4.3	2.9	17.7	3.3
San Diego central city	100.0	99.4	5.4	8.5	6.3	2.3	13.3	2.9
San Francisco central city	100.0	100.0	5.2	5.9	3.0	3.0	8.6	3.5
Men								
Metropolitan areas:								
Atlanta MSA	100.0	99.7	18.3	10.2	6.5	3.7	17.4	6.4
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	99.7	13.8	8.9	5.0	3.9	13.9	6.3
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	99.9	9.4	20.1	10.3	9.7	15.8	7.9
Boston PMSA	100.0	99.6	10.8	9.6	6.9	2.7	14.8	5.7
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	100.0	99.3	6.6	20.0	12.8	7.2	16.8	9.3
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	98.9	12.4	16.4	8.6	7.9	20.1	8.5
Chicago PMSA	100.0	99.6	12.5	15.7	9.8	5.9	15.3	7.8
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	99.7	10.9	18.8	11.6	7.2	14.3	7.1
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	99.8	9.1	20.6	14.5	6.0	18.3	5.4
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	99.4	8.0	11.2	7.6	3.6	16.4	8.2
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	99.2	14.6	14.4	10.7	3.7	15.0	7.1
Dayton-Springfield MSA	100.0	99.5	7.5	24.6	17.1	7.5	11.2	6.6
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	99.4	14.6	10.8	7.4	3.3	13.2	7.8
Detroit PMSA	100.0	99.6	11.6	28.9	25.7	3.1	13.6	6.2
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	99.5	9.7	5.7	3.9	1.8	22.4	6.6
Hartford PMSA	100.0	99.3	10.5	19.2	15.9	3.3	18.0	5.9
Houston PMSA	100.0	99.7	17.4	12.8	8.2	4.6	12.6	9.7
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	99.5	11.6	19.4	12.4	6.9	14.1	8.6
Kansas City MSA	100.0	99.3	12.7	12.7	8.2	4.4	18.2	8.6
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	99.8	12.0	14.0	8.6	5.3	16.4	6.7
Louisville MSA	100.0	99.8	11.9	16.1	10.1	6.0	18.4	6.9
Memphis MSA	100.0	99.6	13.4	9.7	2.9	6.7	18.3	12.4
Miami PMSA	100.0	99.8	15.3	8.5	5.5	3.0	14.6	8.1
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	99.3	10.0	25.5	16.6	8.9	15.8	7.2
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	99.5	9.6	19.4	13.6	5.7	17.4	5.7
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	99.9	11.8	10.9	7.4	3.5	14.8	9.7
New Orleans MSA	100.0	99.0	12.3	7.8	5.3	2.5	13.9	8.3
New York PMSA	100.0	99.9	10.3	4.7	2.4	2.3	14.5	8.9
Newark PMSA	100.0	100.0	8.8	12.4	5.7	6.7	16.4	12.0
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA ..	100.0	99.9	16.8	14.5	12.7	1.8	16.1	8.5
Oakland PMSA	100.0	100.0	11.0	11.5	9.0	2.5	14.7	8.2
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	99.0	13.3	9.9	7.4	2.6	14.2	5.7
Orange County PMSA	100.0	99.9	11.9	16.6	14.1	2.5	15.4	3.3
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	98.7	11.8	14.3	7.8	6.5	14.8	8.2
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	99.5	16.5	12.0	9.5	2.4	17.2	6.6
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	99.6	9.6	17.6	12.4	5.1	13.9	8.7
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	97.5	11.8	19.1	13.8	5.2	15.6	7.3
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	98.9	10.2	17.9	13.1	4.8	17.8	4.8
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	98.9	15.4	14.0	8.8	5.2	18.3	7.9
Rochester MSA	100.0	98.0	14.7	18.6	13.5	5.1	16.0	4.2
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	98.9	18.4	6.6	5.2	1.4	17.7	4.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
TOTAL							
Cities:							
District of Columbia	4.9	6.8	21.2	16.6	9.0	9.5	16.1
Houston central city	1.5	9.1	13.5	17.9	9.3	5.4	2.2
Indianapolis central city	3.2	8.4	10.4	22.4	8.3	4.9	3.8
Los Angeles central city	6.5	8.8	13.6	16.6	10.1	7.4	1.8
Milwaukee central city	1.4	5.3	10.8	28.4	8.9	2.1	5.4
New York central city	3.4	10.3	12.4	23.8	9.7	6.3	4.1
Philadelphia central city	3.1	7.0	10.7	27.2	8.0	5.7	6.5
Phoenix central city	2.2	8.7	11.0	14.3	10.0	5.2	5.3
St. Louis central city	5.2	7.9	8.1	24.9	10.4	6.4	7.9
San Antonio central city	2.1	9.6	8.6	20.6	11.0	3.4	4.7
San Diego central city	2.7	9.7	15.7	18.9	13.1	4.5	4.8
San Francisco central city	2.5	9.6	18.9	21.1	16.5	3.7	4.4
Men							
Metropolitan areas:							
Atlanta MSA	2.8	5.7	14.4	7.1	7.8	6.3	3.0
Baltimore PMSA	2.8	6.4	14.1	13.3	6.3	4.6	9.4
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	4.7	7.4	11.1	11.0	5.3	4.3	3.0
Boston PMSA	3.8	8.9	17.2	13.6	7.1	4.0	4.0
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	4.1	3.6	11.6	10.3	7.9	4.0	5.2
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	2.1	7.4	9.6	6.8	7.5	5.9	2.2
Chicago PMSA	2.6	7.8	13.3	8.3	8.2	4.4	3.7
Cincinnati PMSA	2.3	7.8	11.4	8.6	10.7	4.3	3.1
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	2.9	8.2	10.4	10.9	6.3	3.8	3.7
Columbus, Ohio MSA	3.2	9.0	11.9	11.2	11.5	4.6	4.1
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	4.8	6.6	13.3	7.9	8.0	4.5	2.3
Dayton-Springfield MSA	2.4	4.0	10.0	11.4	10.2	4.1	7.6
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	3.9	7.7	15.1	10.6	7.3	3.4	4.5
Detroit PMSA	1.6	4.4	11.9	8.1	7.1	2.9	3.4
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	1.5	7.7	14.1	9.1	9.6	6.4	6.6
Hartford PMSA	1.8	7.2	8.7	13.4	6.5	4.1	4.0
Houston PMSA	2.1	5.4	12.2	6.9	8.8	5.6	3.4
Indianapolis MSA	1.8	8.0	9.8	9.9	7.6	5.1	3.6
Kansas City MSA	4.9	6.9	11.2	8.2	7.9	4.5	3.2
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	5.7	7.0	12.8	9.3	8.2	5.3	2.5
Louisville MSA	2.7	6.3	8.0	11.6	7.3	5.7	4.2
Memphis MSA	2.1	7.3	8.1	10.6	8.3	4.8	4.7
Miami PMSA	2.6	7.9	11.1	11.1	7.6	6.5	6.4
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	2.1	6.2	9.6	8.7	6.8	3.7	3.4
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	2.7	9.0	11.7	9.5	7.3	4.1	3.1
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	3.9	8.1	13.1	12.6	6.5	2.3	6.4
New Orleans MSA	3.2	6.9	9.4	11.2	11.8	6.0	5.9
New York PMSA	3.9	11.6	14.1	12.0	10.5	4.8	4.6
Newark PMSA	3.0	8.5	14.2	10.0	5.7	4.1	5.0
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA ..	2.3	2.5	10.7	5.5	8.7	4.9	9.2
Oakland PMSA	3.9	10.0	15.9	6.9	7.8	5.6	4.6
Oklahoma City MSA	2.3	5.5	9.1	12.6	10.1	5.8	8.6
Orange County PMSA	2.8	8.2	14.1	9.9	10.3	5.4	2.1
Philadelphia PMSA	3.0	7.3	13.4	11.1	5.9	4.6	4.2
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	2.6	7.3	12.7	8.1	9.0	3.3	4.2
Pittsburgh MSA	2.4	5.3	11.1	13.3	9.2	4.9	2.9
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	2.0	5.8	12.3	8.2	7.8	3.9	3.6
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	1.5	5.8	11.2	12.5	8.3	4.0	4.9
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	1.7	4.7	10.6	10.9	6.4	4.2	4.5
Rochester MSA	2.4	2.6	10.0	13.4	7.4	5.1	2.9
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	2.6	8.1	13.8	7.0	6.3	5.8	8.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Total	Construc- tion	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Men								
Metropolitan areas:								
St. Louis MSA	100.0	98.9	13.4	13.0	8.3	4.8	19.6	7.3
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	99.7	13.6	13.4	10.1	3.3	15.7	7.4
San Antonio MSA	100.0	99.6	16.4	12.4	8.1	4.3	19.6	6.1
San Diego MSA	100.0	99.1	11.7	11.6	9.6	2.0	14.7	3.7
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	99.7	8.8	8.5	6.1	2.4	12.9	7.6
San Jose PMSA	100.0	100.0	8.1	28.2	25.1	3.1	14.0	3.1
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	98.7	10.9	19.5	16.5	3.0	14.1	5.1
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	100.0	99.0	12.6	8.6	6.2	2.5	16.8	7.8
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	99.6	12.8	5.4	3.8	1.5	11.7	5.8
Cities:								
Baltimore central city	100.0	100.0	18.8	9.4	3.3	6.1	12.4	5.9
Chicago central city	100.0	99.8	10.2	13.8	7.7	6.2	10.9	8.2
Cleveland central city	100.0	100.0	4.4	24.9	15.8	9.1	16.2	6.1
Dallas central city	100.0	99.7	17.2	13.7	9.8	3.9	13.3	4.3
Detroit central city	100.0	100.0	11.5	26.0	24.8	1.2	9.7	8.6
District of Columbia	100.0	99.8	7.3	1.8	.7	1.0	6.6	5.9
Houston central city	100.0	100.0	19.3	11.0	7.9	3.1	12.3	7.3
Indianapolis central city	100.0	99.5	13.6	15.2	9.7	5.5	13.9	7.8
Los Angeles central city	100.0	99.9	13.5	11.0	6.1	4.9	13.8	5.1
Milwaukee central city	100.0	100.0	7.8	22.8	12.1	10.8	14.6	9.3
New York central city	100.0	100.0	10.2	4.5	2.2	2.2	14.9	9.7
Philadelphia central city	100.0	100.0	10.6	13.3	6.9	6.4	12.6	9.3
Phoenix central city	100.0	100.0	19.0	10.4	7.6	2.9	18.4	6.1
St. Louis central city	100.0	100.0	5.4	9.0	4.8	4.2	16.9	6.5
San Antonio central city	100.0	100.0	19.0	10.3	6.5	3.8	18.2	5.2
San Diego central city	100.0	99.2	9.1	9.0	7.1	1.9	15.2	3.5
San Francisco central city	100.0	100.0	7.1	7.3	4.2	3.1	10.0	5.2
Women								
Metropolitan areas:								
Atlanta MSA	100.0	99.9	2.3	7.2	3.3	3.9	13.4	4.2
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	99.8	1.8	3.8	1.9	1.9	15.1	3.0
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	100.0	1.0	8.1	3.5	4.6	18.3	2.5
Boston PMSA	100.0	99.8	.9	5.4	3.0	2.4	12.4	1.5
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	100.0	100.0	.7	8.0	3.8	4.2	17.8	2.7
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	99.4	1.5	12.1	6.8	5.3	14.1	3.8
Chicago PMSA	100.0	99.9	1.7	8.7	4.7	4.0	13.9	3.6
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	99.7	1.8	8.5	3.5	5.0	14.6	3.2
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	99.8	1.5	9.5	5.3	4.2	14.8	2.0
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	99.7	1.9	4.8	1.8	3.1	12.9	1.9
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	99.6	1.8	7.1	4.8	2.3	14.6	3.5
Dayton-Springfield MSA	100.0	99.9	.9	11.7	8.5	3.3	13.4	2.4
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	99.3	3.1	5.6	3.5	2.1	13.7	2.6
Detroit PMSA	100.0	99.8	1.6	9.8	7.8	2.0	14.1	3.5
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	100.0	1.9	2.5	1.5	.9	17.3	2.3
Hartford PMSA	100.0	99.9	.7	7.9	6.4	1.5	11.4	1.6
Houston PMSA	100.0	99.8	2.6	5.4	2.1	3.2	15.4	4.3
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	99.7	1.2	7.7	4.0	3.7	15.3	2.7
Kansas City MSA	100.0	99.6	.8	5.9	2.9	3.1	16.3	3.7
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	99.8	1.1	10.0	4.7	5.3	13.6	3.0
Louisville MSA	100.0	99.7	2.2	8.1	4.3	3.9	14.4	2.5
Memphis MSA	100.0	99.7	.7	4.3	2.4	1.9	16.4	7.2
Miami PMSA	100.0	99.9	1.3	7.5	3.1	4.4	15.9	3.8
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	99.7	2.8	10.1	5.0	5.1	12.9	1.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
Men							
Metropolitan areas:							
St. Louis MSA	2.4	6.5	11.6	8.5	8.4	3.9	4.3
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	3.1	7.2	13.2	8.9	7.8	3.4	5.6
San Antonio MSA	1.4	8.6	9.9	6.9	8.2	4.1	5.7
San Diego MSA	3.0	7.9	14.9	11.4	11.3	4.3	4.7
San Francisco PMSA	2.3	8.4	17.2	11.6	14.2	3.1	4.8
San Jose PMSA	2.9	4.9	15.7	10.7	5.6	3.8	3.1
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	3.9	4.5	15.3	8.6	9.7	3.3	3.7
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	4.1	7.6	15.5	10.5	7.8	4.3	3.4
Washington D.C. PMSA	4.4	5.9	21.1	7.9	7.4	5.0	11.9
Cities:							
Baltimore central city	3.4	2.5	10.4	17.4	10.1	2.1	7.4
Chicago central city	2.5	8.1	12.3	11.2	10.9	4.3	7.3
Cleveland central city	1.4	3.5	11.6	12.2	11.6	5.0	3.2
Dallas central city	4.7	7.5	15.0	7.0	9.4	5.4	1.1
Detroit central city	2.5	3.6	11.5	7.8	9.9	5.2	3.8
District of Columbia	5.6	6.4	22.7	10.9	9.8	8.2	14.6
Houston central city	2.2	7.3	13.6	8.1	10.0	4.4	2.5
Indianapolis central city	1.7	6.5	10.3	12.5	10.1	4.8	3.2
Los Angeles central city	7.0	8.3	13.6	9.5	10.5	6.4	1.2
Milwaukee central city	1.1	6.0	11.7	10.4	9.9	2.5	3.9
New York central city	3.6	11.4	13.2	11.9	11.2	5.3	4.0
Philadelphia central city	2.4	4.7	11.5	16.0	8.4	4.7	6.4
Phoenix central city	2.7	6.9	12.8	5.8	10.4	3.7	3.9
St. Louis central city	6.8	6.8	8.7	12.1	14.1	3.9	9.8
San Antonio central city	1.3	9.7	10.5	6.9	9.3	4.5	4.9
San Diego central city	2.6	8.9	16.5	11.3	13.4	3.8	5.7
San Francisco central city	3.1	8.4	19.3	11.6	21.0	2.2	5.0
Women							
Metropolitan areas:							
Atlanta MSA	4.3	9.2	14.6	26.9	8.1	5.9	3.8
Baltimore PMSA	2.4	8.4	10.5	34.6	6.5	5.2	8.5
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	2.9	5.7	11.3	35.8	5.5	6.0	3.0
Boston PMSA	2.7	9.7	14.0	36.7	9.2	5.2	2.2
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	1.4	8.0	9.6	31.7	10.8	5.8	3.5
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	1.4	13.7	7.2	27.6	9.2	5.4	3.5
Chicago PMSA	2.6	9.5	12.7	29.8	8.4	5.5	3.5
Cincinnati PMSA	1.0	8.6	10.3	33.5	10.6	5.1	2.6
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	1.8	8.1	8.3	36.6	9.6	6.0	1.6
Columbus, Ohio MSA	3.8	9.1	10.1	33.7	9.4	6.4	5.6
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	3.8	11.2	11.7	27.7	9.1	6.0	2.7
Dayton-Springfield MSA	3.0	3.8	7.3	32.2	14.3	3.6	7.2
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	3.7	10.7	11.5	28.8	8.5	5.8	5.1
Detroit PMSA	2.3	8.3	9.7	31.9	9.6	5.3	3.7
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	1.6	11.9	12.2	30.3	7.0	7.3	5.6
Hartford PMSA	1.8	13.6	8.4	36.2	7.3	5.3	5.7
Houston PMSA	1.1	9.6	12.2	31.1	8.0	6.8	2.3
Indianapolis MSA	3.3	12.5	9.2	31.4	7.0	5.0	4.3
Kansas City MSA	4.8	10.6	10.3	28.0	10.1	5.4	3.5
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	4.4	9.2	12.3	27.4	8.4	7.1	3.3
Louisville MSA	2.4	9.9	8.4	38.3	6.2	4.8	2.5
Memphis MSA	1.1	11.0	6.8	32.3	9.1	5.5	5.4
Miami PMSA	1.9	9.7	12.2	27.8	8.1	7.1	4.7
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	2.2	7.8	8.0	38.9	9.0	2.8	3.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Total	Construc- tion	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Women								
Metropolitan areas:								
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	99.7	1.3	9.1	5.5	3.6	14.3	3.0
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	100.0	1.8	7.0	3.6	3.4	12.4	3.1
New Orleans MSA	100.0	99.9	2.1	5.1	3.0	2.0	15.2	2.7
New York PMSA	100.0	100.0	1.0	5.5	1.6	3.9	9.3	3.2
Newark PMSA	100.0	100.0	.5	8.3	2.5	5.8	10.7	4.5
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA ..	100.0	100.0	1.9	4.7	2.6	2.1	15.7	2.4
Oakland PMSA	100.0	99.9	1.1	6.3	4.1	2.2	12.0	3.0
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	99.5	1.6	4.7	2.5	2.2	14.7	2.2
Orange County PMSA	100.0	100.0	1.7	10.0	6.9	3.1	16.2	2.6
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	99.7	1.2	6.5	3.2	3.2	13.4	2.6
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	99.8	1.5	5.8	4.4	1.4	14.4	3.0
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	99.9	1.3	6.2	3.8	2.4	12.4	3.5
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	98.5	1.5	7.6	3.9	3.7	16.1	3.0
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	99.6	1.4	11.5	6.9	4.6	14.1	1.2
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	99.3	3.1	4.0	2.6	1.4	18.2	3.6
Rochester MSA	100.0	99.5	.9	14.3	10.7	3.6	14.4	2.6
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	99.5	2.1	4.7	2.2	2.6	14.1	1.2
St. Louis MSA	100.0	99.6	1.4	6.1	2.4	3.7	15.3	2.3
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	99.7	1.7	7.4	4.5	2.9	14.3	3.0
San Antonio MSA	100.0	99.7	1.8	3.6	1.3	2.3	15.9	1.6
San Diego MSA	100.0	99.5	2.5	6.8	4.5	2.3	10.0	2.1
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	99.9	1.9	3.8	1.7	2.1	9.6	3.9
San Jose PMSA	100.0	99.5	3.2	18.6	17.3	1.3	7.4	1.4
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	99.5	1.1	9.7	6.8	2.9	16.3	3.4
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	100.0	99.4	2.5	5.2	2.5	2.7	14.2	2.5
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	99.8	1.3	2.4	1.5	.9	9.6	1.9
Cities:								
Baltimore central city	100.0	100.0	1.3	1.8	.3	1.5	9.5	3.5
Chicago central city	100.0	100.0	.8	6.3	2.8	3.5	10.9	3.4
Cleveland central city	100.0	100.0	.2	5.2	1.9	3.4	9.8	1.1
Dallas central city	100.0	99.4	.9	9.8	6.4	3.5	14.9	1.9
Detroit central city	100.0	100.0	(²)	7.9	6.8	1.1	8.4	6.8
District of Columbia	100.0	99.9	.9	.8	.1	.6	6.2	2.3
Houston central city	100.0	99.9	2.0	5.6	2.1	3.4	13.9	4.6
Indianapolis central city	100.0	100.0	.5	8.1	3.6	4.5	13.6	2.1
Los Angeles central city	100.0	100.0	1.3	8.1	2.9	5.3	12.9	1.9
Milwaukee central city	100.0	99.4	2.1	7.1	2.4	4.7	8.4	3.1
New York central city	100.0	100.0	1.0	5.6	1.6	4.0	9.3	3.4
Philadelphia central city	100.0	100.0	1.7	5.8	3.6	2.3	10.2	2.3
Phoenix central city	100.0	100.0	.8	7.4	4.5	2.9	16.9	3.0
St. Louis central city	100.0	100.0	(²)	3.2	.4	2.8	16.8	1.3
San Antonio central city	100.0	99.6	1.7	3.3	1.4	1.8	17.2	.9
San Diego central city	100.0	99.7	1.1	8.0	5.3	2.6	11.1	2.3
San Francisco central city	100.0	100.0	3.2	4.5	1.7	2.8	7.1	1.7
White								
Metropolitan areas:								
Atlanta MSA	100.0	99.8	13.4	10.1	6.2	3.8	15.3	3.8
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	99.7	8.7	6.6	4.0	2.6	14.6	4.2
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	100.0	6.3	14.9	7.8	7.1	16.1	5.0
Boston PMSA	100.0	99.7	6.5	7.5	5.1	2.4	14.0	3.5
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	100.0	99.6	3.8	14.4	8.8	5.6	17.8	5.9
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	98.9	9.1	13.6	7.0	6.6	18.9	5.8
Chicago PMSA	100.0	99.7	8.8	13.0	7.8	5.1	14.9	5.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
Women							
Metropolitan areas:							
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	1.6	12.0	10.5	30.7	8.2	5.5	3.4
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	3.3	9.1	9.5	40.4	5.6	4.3	3.5
New Orleans MSA .....	.6	8.1	10.4	33.9	10.9	4.8	6.1
New York PMSA	3.6	8.8	11.7	37.7	7.7	7.3	4.1
Newark PMSA	3.9	7.6	14.3	35.6	6.2	5.0	3.4
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA ..	2.6	7.1	8.3	34.6	12.7	4.5	5.4
Oakland PMSA	3.6	13.3	13.6	30.4	7.7	5.2	3.7
Oklahoma City MSA	2.9	10.7	8.4	32.8	7.9	6.1	7.0
Orange County PMSA	1.4	12.3	12.2	25.5	11.0	5.6	1.4
Philadelphia PMSA	2.3	9.4	11.0	35.7	7.2	5.6	4.9
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	2.3	10.9	11.3	29.3	10.0	5.9	5.4
Pittsburgh MSA	2.0	7.4	9.3	38.1	9.6	7.7	2.6
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	1.9	9.8	10.8	28.9	9.4	5.8	3.6
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	1.4	9.3	8.5	36.0	8.4	4.9	2.9
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	1.8	10.1	10.6	30.7	7.6	4.6	5.1
Rochester MSA	2.6	4.9	7.3	35.1	8.6	4.7	4.2
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	2.8	9.0	11.5	28.9	7.8	4.7	12.6
St. Louis MSA	3.4	9.7	8.9	36.0	9.0	4.6	2.9
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	2.7	8.6	10.3	29.6	9.6	5.9	6.4
San Antonio MSA	3.1	9.5	7.1	38.6	12.2	2.0	4.0
San Diego MSA	3.1	10.0	11.9	30.8	11.1	6.1	5.2
San Francisco PMSA	1.6	10.9	15.5	31.5	11.9	4.4	4.9
San Jose PMSA	2.3	7.7	17.4	23.6	7.6	5.8	4.3
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	4.2	9.2	10.1	27.9	9.3	4.3	4.1
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	2.2	10.2	12.4	32.9	9.1	5.6	2.5
Washington D.C. PMSA	3.6	6.8	16.6	28.3	8.4	8.2	12.5
Cities:							
Baltimore central city	2.8	6.5	8.6	40.2	8.1	8.5	9.1
Chicago central city	3.0	7.8	15.8	30.7	8.6	6.1	6.6
Cleveland central city	1.0	8.3	11.0	38.9	13.4	5.5	5.6
Dallas central city	6.1	10.1	13.9	22.2	12.5	5.9	1.2
Detroit central city	2.1	10.2	9.7	39.5	6.3	2.5	6.6
District of Columbia	4.1	7.2	19.7	22.2	8.3	10.8	17.5
Houston central city .....	.6	11.3	13.4	30.3	8.4	6.7	1.9
Indianapolis central city	4.8	10.6	10.4	33.7	6.4	5.1	4.5
Los Angeles central city	5.9	9.3	13.6	26.1	9.6	8.6	2.5
Milwaukee central city	1.7	4.6	9.9	46.0	8.0	1.7	6.9
New York central city	3.2	9.0	11.5	37.6	7.9	7.4	4.1
Philadelphia central city	3.6	8.9	10.0	36.4	7.7	6.5	6.7
Phoenix central city	1.5	11.4	8.4	26.8	9.3	7.4	7.3
St. Louis central city	3.6	8.9	7.4	37.1	6.8	8.7	6.1
San Antonio central city	3.2	9.5	6.2	38.1	13.1	2.0	4.5
San Diego central city	2.8	10.6	14.7	27.4	12.8	5.2	3.7
San Francisco central city	1.8	10.9	18.5	31.4	11.7	5.3	3.8
White							
Metropolitan areas:							
Atlanta MSA	2.9	7.3	15.7	16.0	6.9	5.5	2.8
Baltimore PMSA	2.8	8.0	14.0	22.0	6.3	4.3	8.1
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	3.9	6.6	11.6	21.4	5.7	5.3	3.3
Boston PMSA	3.3	9.3	16.0	24.2	8.2	4.3	2.7
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	2.9	5.6	10.5	20.7	8.8	5.1	4.2
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	1.8	10.7	8.8	14.5	8.3	5.5	1.9
Chicago PMSA	2.4	8.8	13.6	16.5	8.5	4.8	3.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Total	Construc- tion	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
White								
Metropolitan areas:								
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	99.8	6.9	14.1	8.0	6.1	14.9	5.0
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	99.7	6.0	15.6	10.3	5.3	17.6	3.4
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	99.4	6.1	8.6	5.0	3.6	15.4	4.7
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	99.3	10.3	10.9	8.1	2.8	15.1	5.2
Dayton-Springfield MSA	100.0	99.6	4.0	17.5	12.2	5.3	13.0	4.6
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	99.3	9.6	7.9	5.6	2.4	13.0	5.1
Detroit PMSA	100.0	99.6	8.0	19.6	16.8	2.7	14.7	4.8
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	99.6	6.8	4.5	3.5	1.0	21.2	4.5
Hartford PMSA	100.0	99.5	6.0	14.1	11.8	2.3	14.5	3.6
Houston PMSA	100.0	99.7	13.0	10.0	5.7	4.3	14.2	6.8
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	99.5	7.4	14.2	8.5	5.7	15.7	5.5
Kansas City MSA	100.0	99.4	7.7	9.3	5.6	3.8	17.1	6.4
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	99.8	8.4	13.1	7.4	5.8	14.6	5.1
Louisville MSA	100.0	99.7	7.7	12.1	6.9	5.2	17.5	5.0
Memphis MSA	100.0	99.6	10.2	8.2	3.4	4.8	18.3	7.3
Miami PMSA	100.0	99.8	9.3	9.2	5.1	4.1	15.7	6.4
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	99.4	7.1	19.7	12.0	7.7	15.0	3.8
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	99.6	6.2	14.2	9.6	4.6	16.1	4.6
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	100.0	7.8	9.8	6.0	3.7	14.1	5.6
New Orleans MSA	100.0	99.3	8.7	6.4	4.5	1.9	14.3	3.4
New York PMSA	100.0	99.9	6.8	5.5	2.4	3.1	11.7	5.1
Newark PMSA	100.0	100.0	5.6	10.8	4.2	6.7	12.7	7.6
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA ..	100.0	100.0	11.9	9.3	7.8	1.5	15.9	4.3
Oakland PMSA	100.0	99.9	8.6	8.8	6.9	1.9	13.6	5.2
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	99.3	8.0	7.3	4.7	2.6	14.5	3.9
Orange County PMSA	100.0	99.9	8.5	13.5	10.6	2.9	15.3	2.9
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	99.0	7.6	11.0	5.8	5.3	15.1	5.3
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	99.6	10.9	9.2	7.2	2.0	16.4	4.6
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	99.7	6.0	12.5	8.6	3.9	13.5	5.8
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	98.2	7.6	13.1	8.6	4.5	15.9	5.4
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	99.2	6.2	14.5	9.9	4.6	16.4	3.2
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	99.1	10.9	10.0	6.5	3.5	18.8	6.1
Rochester MSA	100.0	98.6	8.0	16.4	11.6	4.7	15.3	3.1
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	99.1	12.2	5.9	4.0	1.9	16.0	2.6
St. Louis MSA	100.0	99.1	8.0	9.5	5.9	3.6	19.1	5.1
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	99.7	8.5	10.2	7.2	3.0	15.1	5.6
San Antonio MSA	100.0	99.6	10.4	8.6	5.3	3.3	18.2	4.1
San Diego MSA	100.0	99.3	8.4	8.7	6.2	2.5	12.8	3.1
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	99.7	5.8	6.6	5.1	1.4	10.5	4.2
San Jose PMSA	100.0	99.6	8.2	19.0	17.7	1.4	11.4	2.3
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	98.8	7.4	14.4	11.8	2.6	14.8	4.4
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	100.0	99.2	8.4	6.7	4.3	2.4	16.2	5.1
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	99.5	9.1	4.3	3.1	1.2	10.0	3.2
Cities:								
Baltimore central city	100.0	100.0	14.1	5.1	3.8	1.3	13.6	1.6
Chicago central city	100.0	99.9	7.7	11.2	6.2	5.0	10.6	4.1
Cleveland central city	100.0	100.0	.4	17.9	9.6	8.2	18.2	3.7
Dallas central city	100.0	99.7	12.2	12.7	9.3	3.4	13.9	2.4
Detroit central city	100.0	100.0	9.4	21.5	19.3	2.2	9.5	2.6
District of Columbia	100.0	99.8	4.3	1.2	.6	.6	4.3	1.0
Houston central city	100.0	100.0	14.8	9.7	6.0	3.7	12.8	5.6
Indianapolis central city	100.0	99.8	8.7	12.1	7.1	5.0	15.1	4.6
Los Angeles central city	100.0	100.0	9.3	10.6	5.0	5.6	13.2	3.8
Milwaukee central city	100.0	99.6	6.3	19.5	9.7	9.8	12.1	4.5
New York central city	100.0	99.9	6.6	5.8	2.5	3.3	11.6	5.7
Philadelphia central city	100.0	100.0	8.1	9.5	5.1	4.4	14.1	6.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
White							
Metropolitan areas:							
Cincinnati PMSA	1.8	8.1	11.0	20.1	10.3	4.7	2.7
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	2.3	8.3	9.4	22.2	7.6	4.8	2.6
Columbus, Ohio MSA	3.7	9.1	11.1	21.2	9.7	5.6	4.1
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	4.2	8.8	12.9	15.7	8.1	5.4	2.4
Dayton-Springfield MSA	2.8	4.2	8.8	20.2	12.3	4.2	8.0
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	3.6	9.4	13.8	19.3	7.9	4.6	4.6
Detroit PMSA	2.0	6.2	11.4	17.6	8.4	3.9	2.8
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	2.1	10.4	13.9	15.5	8.2	7.0	5.3
Hartford PMSA	1.9	10.6	8.6	24.2	7.5	4.6	3.9
Houston PMSA	1.9	6.9	13.2	14.4	8.7	5.9	2.5
Indianapolis MSA	2.4	10.2	9.8	18.5	7.1	5.3	3.4
Kansas City MSA	5.1	8.6	11.1	17.2	8.8	4.8	3.1
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	5.2	7.3	12.5	16.3	8.7	6.3	2.4
Louisville MSA	2.4	8.1	7.7	24.4	6.5	5.0	3.0
Memphis MSA	1.7	9.3	7.0	19.1	9.4	6.2	2.9
Miami PMSA	2.3	8.9	12.3	15.7	7.4	7.1	5.4
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	2.2	7.6	9.0	21.4	7.5	3.4	2.6
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	2.2	10.6	11.2	18.8	7.4	4.8	3.4
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	3.6	8.0	11.5	24.9	6.5	3.2	5.0
New Orleans MSA	2.5	8.3	12.4	19.0	11.5	6.0	5.3
New York PMSA	4.6	11.9	15.3	20.2	9.6	5.1	4.1
Newark PMSA	2.9	8.6	15.3	20.7	6.5	4.8	4.5
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA ..	2.6	4.4	10.6	17.7	10.6	4.6	8.0
Oakland PMSA	4.1	10.7	14.8	17.6	6.6	6.4	3.5
Oklahoma City MSA	3.0	7.8	9.3	23.1	8.2	5.0	7.5
Orange County PMSA	2.3	10.5	13.2	15.9	11.0	5.2	1.6
Philadelphia PMSA	2.8	8.7	13.0	21.1	5.7	4.7	4.0
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	2.1	8.8	11.6	17.1	9.7	4.6	4.3
Pittsburgh MSA	2.1	6.3	10.3	24.8	9.3	6.0	2.8
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	2.0	7.9	12.1	17.3	8.5	4.6	3.8
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	1.5	7.3	10.2	23.7	7.8	4.3	4.0
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	1.6	7.9	10.7	17.7	6.5	4.1	4.6
Rochester MSA	2.4	4.0	8.3	24.8	8.0	4.4	3.6
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	3.1	8.6	12.2	17.1	6.3	4.9	10.1
St. Louis MSA	2.8	8.3	10.1	19.8	8.8	4.2	3.2
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	2.8	7.7	12.0	18.7	8.6	4.5	5.7
San Antonio MSA	2.2	9.3	8.7	20.5	9.6	3.0	5.0
San Diego MSA	2.6	8.4	14.9	19.5	11.6	5.3	4.0
San Francisco PMSA	2.4	10.9	18.5	19.0	13.8	4.0	4.1
San Jose PMSA	3.1	6.7	17.1	17.3	5.8	4.0	4.7
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	4.0	6.9	13.8	17.4	8.6	3.4	3.8
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	3.4	9.0	14.6	19.5	8.2	5.0	2.9
Washington D.C. PMSA	4.4	6.9	20.3	16.4	7.7	6.2	10.8
Cities:							
Baltimore central city	5.3	3.5	14.1	24.1	11.8	3.3	3.5
Chicago central city	2.5	8.0	16.6	18.0	10.4	4.5	6.3
Cleveland central city	(²)	6.8	9.8	20.8	9.0	8.1	5.3
Dallas central city	3.8	9.0	14.6	12.5	11.7	5.6	.8
Detroit central city	2.9	3.6	17.3	20.0	9.1	2.6	1.5
District of Columbia	5.9	6.9	27.3	12.5	7.5	11.6	17.4
Houston central city	2.0	9.3	14.6	13.6	9.7	4.6	1.7
Indianapolis central city	3.0	8.0	10.7	20.0	9.3	4.9	3.5
Los Angeles central city	6.5	8.4	13.2	15.5	10.6	7.7	1.1
Milwaukee central city	2.1	7.0	12.5	22.7	7.5	1.9	3.6
New York central city	4.3	12.3	14.7	19.7	10.2	5.4	3.6
Philadelphia central city	3.5	7.9	12.3	22.5	5.8	5.4	4.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Total	Construc- tion	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
White								
Cities:								
Phoenix central city	100.0	100.0	12.6	9.1	6.2	2.8	18.6	4.3
St. Louis central city	100.0	100.0	3.2	5.3	3.1	2.2	18.2	3.3
San Antonio central city	100.0	99.8	11.9	7.7	4.5	3.1	17.6	3.5
San Diego central city	100.0	99.6	6.3	7.4	4.9	2.5	12.8	2.9
San Francisco central city	100.0	100.0	5.9	4.8	3.3	1.5	5.9	2.9
Black or African American								
Metropolitan areas:								
Atlanta MSA	100.0	99.8	6.4	5.4	2.4	3.1	15.5	9.6
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	100.0	5.8	6.1	2.0	4.1	13.5	6.5
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	100.0	3.4	15.7	5.6	10.2	19.6	10.3
Boston PMSA	100.0	100.0	2.5	4.6	2.8	1.8	13.0	5.4
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	100.0	100.0	.7	8.6	1.5	7.0	14.4	9.3
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	99.9	1.8	14.9	8.1	6.8	12.5	9.7
Chicago PMSA	100.0	99.9	2.6	9.0	4.2	4.8	12.2	10.2
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	100.0	5.3	8.3	5.7	2.6	8.9	9.6
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	100.0	1.6	10.2	7.7	2.4	11.8	6.1
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	100.0	.2	5.6	2.9	2.7	13.6	7.8
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	99.4	2.5	11.8	6.7	5.1	14.7	8.5
Dayton-Springfield MSA	100.0	100.0	5.8	22.2	14.1	8.1	7.3	3.9
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	100.0	3.8	7.8	3.6	4.2	19.3	13.4
Detroit PMSA	100.0	100.0	3.3	17.7	16.0	1.8	11.5	5.9
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	100.0	4.8	3.4	1.4	2.1	17.8	5.4
Hartford PMSA	100.0	100.0	6.3	11.6	8.2	3.4	18.4	5.7
Houston PMSA	100.0	100.0	5.6	5.9	2.7	3.3	13.5	11.6
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	99.7	3.5	11.0	7.1	3.9	9.7	8.9
Kansas City MSA	100.0	100.0	3.2	9.2	6.2	3.0	20.1	7.5
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	99.8	4.1	5.6	4.2	1.4	13.3	7.1
Louisville MSA	100.0	100.0	2.1	13.3	8.7	4.5	10.5	5.1
Memphis MSA	100.0	99.7	2.7	5.6	1.6	3.9	15.6	15.1
Miami PMSA	100.0	100.0	9.6	3.3	1.7	1.6	12.6	5.8
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	100.0	1.9	6.1	2.3	3.9	11.1	11.1
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	100.0	2.0	7.8	4.7	3.1	17.3	4.4
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	100.0	3.7	4.4	2.2	2.2	8.6	14.1
New Orleans MSA	100.0	99.7	4.2	6.7	3.6	3.2	13.4	10.5
New York PMSA	100.0	100.0	4.9	2.7	1.1	1.6	11.1	9.0
Newark PMSA	100.0	100.0	3.7	6.0	3.8	2.1	17.2	12.3
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA ..	100.0	100.0	4.3	10.9	7.4	3.5	15.2	8.2
Oakland PMSA	100.0	100.0	1.1	10.5	5.8	4.7	15.5	8.2
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	100.0	3.2	7.7	7.7	(²)	18.9	5.0
Orange County PMSA	100.0	100.0	9.9	16.0	14.7	1.3	10.2	7.8
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	100.0	4.0	7.8	4.4	3.3	9.6	7.0
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	100.0	.2	8.5	5.5	3.0	13.3	10.6
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	100.0	.4	7.6	4.7	2.9	12.4	15.4
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	94.5	4.3	10.4	9.2	1.1	18.0	7.9
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	100.0	3.1	14.1	9.0	5.1	10.2	1.5
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	100.0	4.1	7.7	5.2	2.5	9.7	9.2
Rochester MSA	100.0	100.0	7.0	12.9	12.0	.9	19.1	5.4
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	100.0	5.6	4.0	.9	3.2	5.1	5.4
St. Louis MSA	100.0	100.0	5.6	9.7	3.2	6.5	11.1	4.3
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	100.0	1.6	14.6	7.0	7.6	10.2	(²)
San Antonio MSA	100.0	100.0	5.0	8.4	(²)	8.4	15.0	3.7
San Diego MSA	100.0	100.0	7.3	5.4	4.6	.8	10.2	3.6
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	100.0	12.4	5.2	1.2	4.0	7.9	7.1
San Jose PMSA	100.0	100.0	(²)	29.3	21.2	8.1	17.5	6.9
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	100.0	(²)	12.1	6.8	5.3	14.5	8.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
White							
Cities:							
Phoenix central city	1.8	8.8	10.5	13.4	10.5	5.4	5.0
St. Louis central city	8.6	8.7	9.4	19.2	11.0	8.2	5.0
San Antonio central city	2.3	9.8	8.3	19.8	10.9	3.1	4.9
San Diego central city	1.7	7.6	16.8	20.5	15.1	5.3	3.3
San Francisco central city	3.2	10.6	21.3	19.9	16.7	4.6	4.1
Black or African American							
Metropolitan areas:							
Atlanta MSA	4.9	7.7	11.2	16.8	10.3	6.6	5.1
Baltimore PMSA	2.5	5.5	7.5	28.2	6.2	6.1	12.1
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	3.4	10.2	3.2	26.3	4.3	2.1	1.5
Boston PMSA	1.6	9.9	10.0	33.4	6.7	4.7	8.2
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	2.1	8.8	9.7	27.3	12.8	3.6	2.8
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	1.9	7.2	8.7	26.1	6.5	5.0	5.6
Chicago PMSA	3.2	8.0	10.6	25.2	6.8	6.3	5.8
Cincinnati PMSA	1.0	8.5	10.2	22.7	15.0	5.6	5.0
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	3.1	8.1	9.0	31.5	9.7	6.5	2.5
Columbus, Ohio MSA	1.8	11.1	10.4	28.9	5.8	4.7	9.9
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	4.5	9.7	8.7	24.1	6.6	2.9	5.1
Dayton-Springfield MSA	2.4	3.0	4.9	36.5	11.3	.4	2.4
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	8.3	7.4	8.4	14.5	5.5	3.8	6.9
Detroit PMSA	1.6	6.4	8.0	26.7	7.7	4.2	7.0
Fort Lauderdale PMSA .....	.3	7.7	11.7	27.7	9.0	3.6	8.5
Hartford PMSA .....	.9	8.8	6.8	24.3	1.6	3.6	12.0
Houston PMSA .....	.6	8.2	8.9	29.1	6.0	4.4	5.0
Indianapolis MSA	4.1	9.8	8.5	27.6	5.1	3.9	7.6
Kansas City MSA	2.7	11.5	6.3	20.3	9.1	3.6	6.4
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	5.2	9.1	13.0	25.9	5.3	6.1	5.1
Louisville MSA	4.2	8.4	12.6	22.6	8.3	5.6	7.4
Memphis MSA	1.7	9.4	8.2	21.1	7.9	3.4	9.1
Miami PMSA	2.5	7.0	8.4	29.1	9.2	5.5	6.9
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA .....	.3	3.6	5.6	38.4	9.7	3.0	9.2
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	2.9	10.3	10.8	30.7	5.1	4.1	4.8
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	3.5	11.2	11.4	29.3	2.4	3.7	7.5
New Orleans MSA .....	.5	5.8	4.5	29.8	11.3	4.2	7.8
New York PMSA	2.2	8.1	9.0	34.7	5.0	7.4	5.9
Newark PMSA	3.9	6.6	9.4	27.9	3.8	4.7	4.5
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA ..	2.4	5.9	6.7	23.7	11.2	5.0	6.5
Oakland PMSA	8.0	13.2	8.9	18.1	8.6	2.0	5.9
Oklahoma City MSA	1.6	9.4	4.9	20.8	10.8	7.4	10.3
Orange County PMSA	2.7	16.2	5.5	15.4	11.9	(²)	4.5
Philadelphia PMSA	2.7	6.9	9.4	31.4	8.3	5.1	7.8
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	4.1	9.1	12.5	24.1	3.8	.9	13.0
Pittsburgh MSA	4.2	9.1	8.0	28.7	5.4	7.2	1.6
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	2.9	5.4	8.4	25.2	6.9	2.7	2.5
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	1.7	11.2	7.8	31.0	9.5	5.0	4.9
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	2.7	5.9	10.9	28.6	6.8	4.3	10.0
Rochester MSA	4.0	2.4	5.5	25.4	5.2	8.3	4.9
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	3.5	11.9	13.9	18.3	10.0	5.8	16.3
St. Louis MSA	3.9	7.2	9.5	30.0	8.2	4.8	5.7
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	5.4	10.4	15.6	6.7	5.1	3.8	21.9
San Antonio MSA	4.2	3.6	2.2	28.2	18.9	6.0	4.8
San Diego MSA	(²)	9.5	19.1	25.3	3.4	4.8	11.5
San Francisco PMSA	(²)	1.0	10.3	38.6	7.0	2.7	7.8
San Jose PMSA	(²)	10.6	1.9	11.2	3.3	8.4	10.9
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	8.6	6.1	5.5	23.4	6.4	9.9	5.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Total	Construc- tion	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Black or African American								
Metropolitan areas:								
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	100.0	100.0	4.1	8.2	5.1	3.1	10.1	7.0
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	100.0	4.2	3.4	1.9	1.5	12.4	6.8
Cities:								
Baltimore central city	100.0	100.0	8.9	6.3	.8	5.4	8.9	7.0
Chicago central city	100.0	99.8	2.3	8.5	3.8	4.7	11.0	9.9
Cleveland central city	100.0	100.0	3.2	9.7	6.7	3.0	7.5	3.0
Dallas central city	100.0	99.1	2.7	9.8	3.3	6.5	15.2	7.1
Detroit central city	100.0	100.0	4.4	14.8	13.8	1.1	9.1	8.3
District of Columbia	100.0	99.9	4.2	1.5	.3	1.2	8.7	7.4
Houston central city	100.0	100.0	5.6	3.4	1.5	1.9	14.6	8.8
Indianapolis central city	100.0	99.7	4.3	10.3	5.5	4.8	9.9	7.7
Los Angeles central city	100.0	100.0	5.4	4.3	3.0	1.3	12.6	5.4
Milwaukee central city	100.0	100.0	1.9	6.8	2.6	4.2	10.6	9.9
New York central city	100.0	100.0	5.2	2.2	.9	1.3	11.3	9.0
Philadelphia central city	100.0	100.0	3.1	7.7	4.4	3.2	7.9	4.9
Phoenix central city	100.0	100.0	.4	13.6	8.1	5.4	10.1	9.6
St. Louis central city	100.0	100.0	2.2	6.3	2.0	4.3	15.3	4.9
San Antonio central city	100.0	100.0	6.8	(²)	(²)	(²)	15.5	(²)
San Diego central city	100.0	100.0	7.3	7.2	5.3	1.8	10.6	5.6
San Francisco central city	100.0	100.0	14.6	6.0	2.2	3.7	5.7	3.8
Asian								
Metropolitan areas:								
Atlanta MSA	100.0	100.0	.9	16.2	6.6	9.6	22.6	.5
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	100.0	4.5	6.6	4.7	1.9	17.0	5.2
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	100.0	2.1	10.6	(²)	10.6	27.9	5.8
Boston PMSA	100.0	100.0	1.2	12.8	6.1	6.7	9.9	2.8
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	100.0	100.0	(²)	11.2	(²)	11.2	7.6	(²)
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	100.0	3.5	27.6	22.0	5.6	11.7	1.7
Chicago PMSA	100.0	99.9	1.6	14.3	10.1	4.2	19.9	5.4
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	100.0	(²)	38.0	8.4	29.7	3.1	2.0
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	100.0	(²)	26.1	12.6	13.6	11.1	(²)
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	100.0	(²)	7.9	6.5	1.4	4.2	1.5
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	99.8	1.3	11.0	9.6	1.4	12.9	3.5
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	100.0	(²)	29.8	14.0	15.7	10.2	3.9
Detroit PMSA	100.0	100.0	.9	38.7	35.0	3.7	5.9	1.3
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	100.0	1.5	6.2	(²)	6.2	15.2	(²)
Hartford PMSA	100.0	100.0	2.0	20.9	14.6	6.4	11.8	7.1
Houston PMSA	100.0	99.0	.6	14.4	11.1	3.3	9.7	3.8
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	100.0	(²)	16.0	10.7	5.3	7.6	(²)
Kansas City MSA	100.0	100.0	1.2	11.4	4.3	7.1	20.4	3.1
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	99.8	2.5	12.3	6.0	6.3	19.9	4.1
Louisville MSA	100.0	100.0	(²)	20.3	20.3	(²)	12.7	(²)
Memphis MSA	100.0	100.0	(²)	1.9	(²)	1.9	23.6	2.0
Miami PMSA	100.0	100.0	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	9.8	(²)
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	98.6	(²)	12.0	12.0	(²)	1.3	(²)
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	100.0	.3	25.7	17.4	8.3	14.1	.5
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	100.0	(²)	5.2	5.2	(²)	21.0	14.1
New York PMSA	100.0	100.0	4.6	7.4	2.2	5.2	16.3	7.1
Newark PMSA	100.0	100.0	.9	20.3	5.7	14.6	15.4	8.3
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA ..	100.0	100.0	1.3	12.2	12.2	(²)	19.8	13.7
Oakland PMSA	100.0	100.0	2.6	8.3	6.0	2.3	13.5	7.9
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	99.1	(²)	10.5	4.5	6.0	3.3	4.2
Orange County PMSA	100.0	100.0	2.8	15.0	12.6	2.4	18.8	3.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
Black or African American							
Metropolitan areas:							
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	2.7	10.8	9.0	32.9	8.2	2.8	4.2
Washington D.C. PMSA	3.1	5.2	14.3	21.5	6.3	5.5	17.4
Cities:							
Baltimore central city	2.0	4.4	7.3	29.3	7.8	6.5	11.5
Chicago central city	2.9	8.3	10.0	24.5	7.2	6.6	8.6
Cleveland central city	2.2	6.2	12.3	33.1	15.7	3.1	4.1
Dallas central city	8.6	9.7	10.2	17.9	7.0	7.1	2.9
Detroit central city	2.2	7.9	9.2	26.7	7.8	3.9	5.6
District of Columbia	3.4	6.6	14.7	21.1	9.8	7.3	15.3
Houston central city .....	.2	7.5	11.3	31.7	7.3	4.0	3.9
Indianapolis central city	4.3	10.1	7.3	31.2	5.0	4.4	5.3
Los Angeles central city	4.8	9.4	14.9	26.1	5.4	7.9	3.9
Milwaukee central city .....	.3	1.8	6.5	40.3	10.2	2.3	9.3
New York central city	2.1	7.7	8.9	34.9	5.2	7.5	6.0
Philadelphia central city	3.1	6.3	9.4	34.5	9.0	5.3	8.9
Phoenix central city	7.5	6.2	13.9	27.1	3.5	1.6	6.6
St. Louis central city	1.2	7.4	5.8	30.7	10.3	3.7	12.2
San Antonio central city	(2)	5.5	2.3	35.8	21.4	12.8	(2)
San Diego central city	(2)	15.2	32.7	8.3	(2)	1.6	11.7
San Francisco central city	(2)	1.9	9.5	44.3	9.3	5.0	(2)
Asian							
Metropolitan areas:							
Atlanta MSA	2.9	2.5	20.1	12.1	7.3	14.8	(2)
Baltimore PMSA .....	.7	7.2	10.2	25.2	7.7	10.8	4.7
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	5.0	3.8	12.2	20.1	2.2	7.8	2.3
Boston PMSA	6.0	9.4	18.4	24.7	4.7	8.4	1.8
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	(2)	(2)	17.5	17.6	33.8	(2)	12.3
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	(2)	14.7	2.2	4.6	15.4	12.9	5.8
Chicago PMSA	3.3	8.2	11.8	23.9	7.3	1.7	2.4
Cincinnati PMSA	(2)	13.2	11.9	21.5	5.3	(2)	4.9
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	(2)	8.4	8.9	27.6	10.1	(2)	7.7
Columbus, Ohio MSA	6.2	3.1	9.0	20.9	43.3	(2)	3.9
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	6.2	7.0	18.2	17.1	15.1	6.9	(2)
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	2.0	8.1	7.2	17.8	10.5	3.5	7.1
Detroit PMSA	2.4	3.5	14.4	19.4	9.6	3.4	.6
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	(2)	9.5	(2)	25.8	5.5	36.4	(2)
Hartford PMSA	(2)	6.0	17.1	15.5	1.0	7.0	11.4
Houston PMSA	2.3	7.2	5.7	26.4	10.1	14.3	2.7
Indianapolis MSA	(2)	8.8	8.9	30.0	23.4	(2)	5.2
Kansas City MSA	10.5	8.7	11.0	14.0	5.9	11.7	2.1
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	3.8	10.9	12.7	17.3	7.3	4.8	4.3
Louisville MSA	5.0	3.4	10.0	29.2	6.6	12.8	(2)
Memphis MSA	(2)	(2)	(2)	70.1	(2)	2.4	(2)
Miami PMSA	(2)	13.1	5.1	45.5	12.8	3.5	10.2
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	5.6	4.4	21.7	40.7	7.9	1.6	3.3
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	1.5	7.5	11.6	20.6	13.1	5.2	(2)
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	5.3	14.2	12.2	21.3	5.6	1.1	(2)
New York PMSA	2.5	7.3	9.3	19.5	16.0	7.4	2.7
Newark PMSA	5.5	6.1	18.3	18.4	4.7	.7	1.4
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA ..	(2)	2.3	9.8	31.2	9.6	(2)	(2)
Oakland PMSA	1.0	11.7	18.2	17.3	10.6	4.4	4.6
Oklahoma City MSA	(2)	1.0	10.6	22.5	13.1	29.2	4.7
Orange County PMSA	1.4	6.0	14.2	19.7	8.8	7.5	2.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Total	Construc- tion	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Asian								
Metropolitan areas:								
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	100.0	2.5	14.3	8.6	5.7	16.3	3.4
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	100.0	.5	12.6	12.6	(²)	2.5	7.6
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	100.0	(²)	5.2	5.2	(²)	(²)	(²)
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	100.0	2.7	29.5	24.5	4.9	14.2	1.8
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	100.0	1.7	28.2	20.2	8.0	14.7	(²)
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	100.0	4.4	4.1	1.2	2.9	22.1	3.8
Rochester MSA	100.0	100.0	(²)	26.7	26.7	(²)	(²)	(²)
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	98.5	.9	5.6	3.5	2.1	20.9	1.6
St. Louis MSA	100.0	100.0	2.8	16.0	4.9	11.2	7.8	(²)
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	100.0	(²)	27.1	20.5	6.5	12.5	4.6
San Antonio MSA	100.0	100.0	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	2.4	(²)
San Diego MSA	100.0	98.7	1.3	18.0	17.3	.7	11.0	2.7
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	100.0	2.8	6.3	1.3	5.0	13.6	11.2
San Jose PMSA	100.0	100.0	1.5	33.7	29.9	3.8	10.1	2.0
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	100.0	1.4	22.9	18.0	4.9	15.9	1.7
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	100.0	100.0	(²)	17.6	9.0	8.6	12.1	(²)
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	100.0	3.0	3.5	2.8	.8	12.3	2.2
Cities:								
Chicago central city	100.0	100.0	(²)	8.3	5.1	3.2	14.6	3.9
Dallas central city	100.0	99.0	(²)	11.8	11.8	(²)	9.2	1.4
District of Columbia	100.0	100.0	(²)	.5	.5	(²)	4.3	2.4
Houston central city	100.0	100.0	(²)	14.7	11.3	3.4	11.5	4.4
Los Angeles central city	100.0	100.0	1.7	9.1	3.7	5.5	17.3	2.3
New York central city	100.0	100.0	4.7	7.0	1.6	5.4	17.0	7.4
Philadelphia central city	100.0	100.0	5.2	16.4	8.6	7.8	14.7	4.2
Phoenix central city	100.0	100.0	(²)	6.7	6.7	(²)	(²)	2.6
San Antonio central city	100.0	100.0	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
San Diego central city	100.0	98.2	2.1	16.3	15.1	1.2	12.9	2.9
San Francisco central city	100.0	100.0	.8	9.1	2.5	6.6	15.5	5.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity								
Metropolitan areas:								
Atlanta MSA	100.0	100.0	43.0	10.8	4.9	6.0	7.3	1.3
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	98.9	23.7	2.7	.4	2.3	6.4	2.7
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	100.0	5.2	24.3	10.4	13.9	12.4	3.7
Boston PMSA	100.0	100.0	2.6	10.5	4.0	6.5	12.8	3.7
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	100.0	100.0	2.1	34.3	8.1	26.2	27.6	2.6
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	98.6	22.6	11.8	5.4	6.4	19.7	4.6
Chicago PMSA	100.0	99.9	9.6	20.4	11.8	8.6	12.6	4.1
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	100.0	14.1	22.6	10.9	11.8	6.8	(²)
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	99.3	6.7	21.1	9.8	11.3	15.9	3.2
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	100.0	8.0	3.7	(²)	3.7	22.9	1.3
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	99.4	17.5	14.0	9.8	4.2	14.6	4.4
Dayton-Springfield MSA	100.0	100.0	17.1	19.1	5.2	13.9	7.0	2.0
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	99.1	18.7	8.7	5.7	2.9	13.4	5.9
Detroit PMSA	100.0	100.0	14.3	20.9	17.4	3.5	13.2	1.4
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	99.0	5.0	7.6	6.9	.7	19.7	3.8
Hartford PMSA	100.0	99.7	4.2	12.4	8.0	4.5	16.5	4.9
Houston PMSA	100.0	99.8	22.3	9.4	5.9	3.5	14.0	6.5
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	100.0	14.3	9.2	9.2	(²)	17.8	6.7
Kansas City MSA	100.0	99.3	12.6	11.5	8.1	3.4	11.6	7.1
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	99.7	10.3	16.5	8.1	8.4	16.2	6.5
Louisville MSA	100.0	100.0	28.1	18.7	6.9	11.8	14.9	3.1
Memphis MSA	100.0	100.0	54.0	9.2	7.4	1.8	2.8	4.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
Asian							
Metropolitan areas:							
Philadelphia PMSA	2.0	7.2	10.1	17.0	16.1	9.3	1.8
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	12.9	12.8	12.0	18.7	11.3	5.4	3.7
Pittsburgh MSA	3.1	(²)	13.9	33.1	25.1	19.7	(²)
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	1.4	4.1	6.2	15.8	14.1	8.8	1.4
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	1.1	5.0	4.8	10.2	28.5	5.8	(²)
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	2.1	3.0	3.5	30.0	13.4	12.9	.7
Rochester MSA	2.3	(²)	26.1	17.6	15.3	11.9	(²)
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	(²)	8.1	14.6	19.2	11.5	6.7	9.5
St. Louis MSA	(²)	(²)	17.3	43.7	10.1	2.3	(²)
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	(²)	10.8	11.8	9.9	12.2	3.5	7.7
San Antonio MSA	(²)	11.0	36.9	27.2	15.2	2.9	4.5
San Diego MSA	5.8	11.9	5.0	21.9	9.2	2.9	9.1
San Francisco PMSA	1.4	7.7	11.3	22.9	12.9	3.1	6.9
San Jose PMSA	2.0	4.7	16.9	14.9	8.1	6.0	.2
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	3.3	7.2	10.9	16.5	13.4	3.6	3.2
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	(²)	2.6	15.5	31.2	11.6	7.1	2.3
Washington D.C. PMSA	4.3	5.7	22.1	15.0	11.7	12.3	8.0
Cities:							
Chicago central city	2.5	7.0	7.2	33.3	15.2	2.8	5.3
Dallas central city	11.5	3.2	26.7	22.7	12.5	(²)	(²)
District of Columbia	10.0	5.5	25.0	10.6	20.0	13.4	8.4
Houston central city	(²)	8.1	7.9	24.1	9.8	16.1	3.3
Los Angeles central city	6.1	10.9	16.6	17.3	10.1	3.9	4.8
New York central city	2.5	7.0	9.1	19.2	16.4	7.3	2.3
Philadelphia central city	(²)	5.7	6.5	11.5	22.2	10.4	3.1
Phoenix central city	14.2	17.6	26.4	16.9	12.5	3.0	(²)
San Antonio central city	(²)	13.8	46.4	34.2	(²)	(²)	5.6
San Diego central city	5.8	17.1	5.9	17.4	5.9	2.1	9.7
San Francisco central city	1.4	9.0	14.9	19.5	17.3	1.0	6.2
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity							
Metropolitan areas:							
Atlanta MSA	2.9	3.1	11.4	5.4	8.2	5.2	1.4
Baltimore PMSA .....	.3	3.4	21.6	9.2	22.0	4.7	2.1
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	3.2	3.9	12.6	17.6	10.3	4.5	2.3
Boston PMSA	2.8	5.3	19.9	20.3	16.5	4.9	.8
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	(²)	(²)	(²)	9.6	19.5	(²)	4.3
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	(²)	4.9	11.2	5.6	9.9	7.5	.7
Chicago PMSA	1.4	5.9	13.0	9.6	14.7	5.9	2.6
Cincinnati PMSA	1.9	1.8	14.7	12.4	19.3	6.3	(²)
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	(²)	3.7	10.3	22.7	4.7	8.5	2.6
Columbus, Ohio MSA	(²)	1.1	17.4	13.7	26.0	5.9	(²)
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	2.7	5.2	9.8	9.8	13.0	7.0	.9
Dayton-Springfield MSA	(²)	(²)	13.2	17.2	14.3	10.0	(²)
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	3.6	4.9	11.7	11.7	12.2	4.0	3.9
Detroit PMSA	2.9	3.0	15.7	17.3	9.2	1.4	.8
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	1.9	10.9	18.7	13.0	7.4	8.0	2.7
Hartford PMSA	(²)	6.8	9.3	22.5	9.6	5.7	7.8
Houston PMSA	1.4	4.6	10.5	9.2	12.4	8.1	1.0
Indianapolis MSA	3.8	1.3	10.3	17.7	10.6	1.4	6.8
Kansas City MSA	1.8	5.5	10.1	11.4	22.1	4.3	1.3
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	2.7	6.1	9.4	13.1	9.2	7.8	1.8
Louisville MSA	(²)	8.1	5.7	4.9	11.8	(²)	4.7
Memphis MSA	(²)	7.6	5.7	10.4	1.0	4.9	(²)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Total	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity								
Metropolitan areas:								
Miami PMSA	100.0	99.8	10.1	9.5	5.0	4.6	17.2	7.2
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	100.0	8.0	28.9	15.6	13.3	10.7	4.9
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	100.0	10.8	15.1	10.5	4.5	13.9	1.8
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	100.0	9.2	22.3	12.7	9.5	12.7	5.6
New Orleans MSA	100.0	99.2	17.5	25.1	21.4	3.7	5.9	(²)
New York PMSA	100.0	99.9	8.5	7.5	3.2	4.3	13.6	6.1
Newark PMSA	100.0	100.0	6.8	14.1	7.2	6.9	15.9	10.4
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA ..	100.0	100.0	37.0	7.0	7.0	(²)	10.4	(²)
Oakland PMSA	100.0	99.9	15.3	12.8	10.1	2.7	14.5	6.7
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	98.2	24.1	12.2	7.0	5.2	11.4	(²)
Orange County PMSA	100.0	99.8	13.7	15.0	11.0	4.0	13.7	1.8
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	91.0	7.6	11.2	6.2	5.0	13.4	5.3
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	99.2	20.1	11.1	7.7	3.4	13.3	3.7
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	100.0	5.6	16.6	5.5	11.1	(²)	7.7
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	87.9	7.3	12.2	3.3	8.9	15.0	2.7
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	97.6	5.6	28.1	18.6	9.5	13.0	2.0
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	98.8	12.3	13.2	8.3	5.0	19.4	7.2
Rochester MSA	100.0	100.0	5.8	12.4	12.4	(²)	26.2	5.4
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	97.8	25.2	10.8	5.9	4.9	11.6	2.0
St. Louis MSA	100.0	100.0	32.4	16.7	13.4	3.2	10.3	(²)
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	100.0	17.6	15.2	8.6	6.7	11.1	6.4
San Antonio MSA	100.0	99.8	14.0	8.3	5.0	3.3	16.9	4.0
San Diego MSA	100.0	98.5	11.7	8.2	5.6	2.6	14.1	2.5
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	99.4	7.9	8.9	5.9	3.0	14.9	3.9
San Jose PMSA	100.0	100.0	14.0	12.5	10.4	2.1	16.1	3.7
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	93.4	9.1	8.6	5.9	2.7	11.3	2.5
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	100.0	97.5	10.0	8.6	4.7	4.0	13.0	4.0
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	100.0	23.3	3.2	2.3	.8	8.0	2.7
Cities:								
Baltimore central city	100.0	100.0	42.9	5.0	1.1	3.8	7.7	(²)
Chicago central city	100.0	99.9	9.7	19.2	10.7	8.5	12.5	4.4
Cleveland central city	100.0	100.0	(²)	22.2	11.0	11.3	13.1	(²)
Dallas central city	100.0	100.0	18.0	15.6	11.4	4.2	17.1	2.8
Detroit central city	100.0	100.0	15.8	27.2	22.8	4.4	1.5	(²)
District of Columbia	100.0	99.8	16.4	1.1	(²)	1.1	6.7	.8
Houston central city	100.0	100.0	24.0	11.4	7.1	4.3	12.3	6.3
Indianapolis central city	100.0	100.0	19.3	3.9	3.9	(²)	19.6	(²)
Los Angeles central city	100.0	99.9	12.5	14.7	6.4	8.4	15.2	5.0
Milwaukee central city	100.0	100.0	10.1	30.3	14.4	15.9	10.3	1.5
New York central city	100.0	100.0	8.1	7.6	3.1	4.5	14.1	6.6
Philadelphia central city	100.0	100.0	5.0	18.5	10.4	8.1	17.1	2.2
Phoenix central city	100.0	100.0	22.2	12.2	7.2	5.0	13.0	3.2
San Antonio central city	100.0	99.9	14.5	7.7	4.5	3.2	16.0	3.4
San Diego central city	100.0	98.5	7.6	8.0	4.3	3.7	15.0	1.4
San Francisco central city	100.0	100.0	8.0	3.9	1.2	2.7	8.4	5.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: percent distribution of employed persons, excluding private household workers, by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2004 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity							
Metropolitan areas:							
Miami PMSA	2.0	8.6	12.3	13.8	7.0	7.6	4.2
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	2.6	3.0	11.4	15.5	13.6	1.0	.5
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	1.2	5.4	12.5	10.1	22.4	5.8	1.1
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA .....	.6	5.8	13.3	17.0	5.3	4.9	3.4
New Orleans MSA	(²)	5.9	4.8	13.5	15.9	10.6	(²)
New York PMSA	1.7	7.1	10.0	21.2	13.0	8.4	2.7
Newark PMSA	2.7	5.3	13.6	8.3	8.3	10.9	3.5
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA ..	5.4	7.5	3.1	7.3	6.4	8.3	7.6
Oakland PMSA	2.6	5.2	11.3	10.8	10.0	8.0	2.8
Oklahoma City MSA	(²)	6.0	15.5	7.3	11.7	6.2	3.1
Orange County PMSA	1.3	7.4	10.2	14.5	12.2	8.1	1.8
Philadelphia PMSA	2.2	6.6	12.0	17.0	8.9	5.3	1.5
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	1.4	4.5	10.6	10.5	14.9	5.1	3.8
Pittsburgh MSA	(²)	5.5	2.2	48.1	11.7	2.8	(²)
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	1.6	4.7	17.1	9.9	11.1	3.8	2.4
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA .....	.2	5.4	10.0	20.6	7.8	4.3	.8
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	1.2	4.8	11.8	15.3	6.9	4.2	2.5
Rochester MSA	1.5	6.7	15.6	8.1	18.3	(²)	(²)
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	2.4	3.7	11.5	11.2	10.0	4.2	5.2
St. Louis MSA	(²)	7.1	4.0	4.2	21.0	(²)	4.3
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	1.4	3.3	10.6	9.5	18.1	2.1	4.3
San Antonio MSA	1.6	6.0	7.6	21.3	11.3	3.8	5.0
San Diego MSA	1.6	4.1	13.6	17.6	14.8	8.4	1.8
San Francisco PMSA .....	.8	4.8	13.6	16.3	18.0	5.5	4.8
San Jose PMSA	2.1	3.4	16.9	12.6	9.2	4.9	4.8
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	3.2	6.2	17.9	11.9	16.7	2.8	3.1
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	2.7	8.7	16.5	16.1	10.9	5.5	1.7
Washington D.C. PMSA	1.8	4.4	19.9	8.3	16.2	8.2	3.6
Cities:							
Baltimore central city	(²)	4.0	10.5	1.1	27.6	1.4	(²)
Chicago central city	2.0	6.1	9.4	11.3	14.3	6.1	4.9
Cleveland central city	(²)	8.4	15.0	4.5	8.4	21.2	7.2
Dallas central city	1.6	5.5	11.0	4.7	14.5	7.7	.6
Detroit central city	(²)	7.7	23.2	9.1	13.0	(²)	2.5
District of Columbia	1.9	8.3	18.4	10.8	17.8	9.0	8.6
Houston central city	1.9	4.3	11.3	7.6	13.4	6.9	.4
Indianapolis central city	5.1	1.8	13.9	19.0	11.7	.9	4.7
Los Angeles central city	3.9	6.2	9.0	11.9	10.7	10.3	.6
Milwaukee central city	4.0	1.7	13.9	15.6	10.2	1.6	.7
New York central city	1.5	7.3	8.9	21.8	12.9	8.4	2.7
Philadelphia central city	1.9	10.3	11.6	15.6	6.7	9.1	2.2
Phoenix central city .....	.9	5.5	9.9	8.3	15.0	7.0	2.7
San Antonio central city	1.8	7.2	7.4	20.3	12.9	3.8	4.8
San Diego central city	1.3	6.2	15.2	14.2	20.8	7.4	1.5
San Francisco central city	1.3	1.6	17.9	16.8	24.1	7.1	5.9

¹ Includes self-employed and unpaid family workers, mining, and agriculture and related industries.

² Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the area in question, as determined by the sample size. See appendix B.

Appendix A.

Concepts and Definitions for Data derived from the Current Population Survey

Tables showing labor force status include estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and older, as well as data on the civilian labor force, labor force participation rates, and unemployment rates. Population estimates are revised by the U.S. Census Bureau each year, and the revised estimates are incorporated into the Current Population Survey (CPS) labor force levels. This adjustment affects the estimates of labor force, employment, and unemployment, but generally does not affect percentages such as unemployment rates, participation rates, or employment-population ratios. Thus, levels contained in this publication may not be comparable with levels published prior to or after 2004 in *Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment*.

The concepts and definitions underlying the labor force data in this bulletin are as follows:

Civilian noninstitutional population. Included are persons 16 years of age and older residing in the 50 States and the District of Columbia who are not inmates of institutions (for example, penal and mental facilities and homes for the aged) and who are not on active duty in the Armed Forces.

Employed persons. These are all persons who, during the reference week, (a) did any work at all (at least 1 hour) as paid employees, worked in their own business or profession or on their own farm, or worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in an enterprise operated by a member of the family, or (b) were not working but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of vacation, illness, bad weather, childcare problems, maternity or paternity leave, a labor-management dispute, job training, or other family or personal reasons, whether or not they were paid for the time off or were seeking other jobs.

Unemployed persons. Included are all persons who had no employment during the reference week, were available for work, except for temporary illness, and had made specific efforts to find employment some time during the 4-week period ending with the reference week. Persons who were waiting to be recalled to a job from which they had been laid off need not have been looking for work to be classified as unemployed.

Duration of unemployment. This represents the length of time (through the current reference week) that persons classified as unemployed had been looking for work. For persons who have been laid off, duration of unemployment represents the number of full weeks they had been on layoff.

Reason for unemployment. Unemployment also is categorized according to the status of individuals at the time they began to look for work. People are divided into five major groups on the basis of their reason for unemployment: (1) *Job losers*, comprising (a) persons on *temporary layoff*, who have been given a date to return to work or who expect to return within 6 months (persons on layoff need not be looking for work to qualify as unemployed), and (b) *permanent job losers*, whose employment ended involuntarily and who began looking for work; (2) *Job leavers*, who quit or otherwise terminated their employment voluntarily and immediately began looking for work; (3) *Persons who completed temporary jobs* (included along with job losers in this publication), who began looking for work after the jobs ended; (4) *Reentrants*, who previously worked but were out of the labor force prior to beginning their job search; and (5) *New entrants*, who had never worked.

Labor force. This group comprises all persons classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above.

Unemployment rate. The unemployment rate represents the number of unemployed persons as a percent of the labor force.

Participation rate. This represents the proportion of the civilian noninstitutional population that is in the labor force.

Employment-population ratio. This represents the proportion of the civilian noninstitutional population that is employed.

Occupation and industry. This information for the employed applies to the job held in the reference week. Persons with two or more jobs are classified in the job at

which they work the greatest number of hours. The unemployed are classified according to their last job. The occupation and industry classification of CPS data is based on the coding systems used in Census 2000.

Class of worker. The class-of-worker breakdown assigns workers to the following categories: private and government wage and salary workers, self-employed workers, and unpaid family workers. Wage and salary workers receive wages, salary, commissions, tips, or pay in kind from a private employer or from a government unit. Self-employed persons are those who work for profit or fees in their own business, profession, trade, or farm. Only the unincorporated self-employed are included in the self-employed category in the class-of-worker typology. Self-employed persons who respond that their businesses are incorporated are included among wage and salary workers because, technically, they are paid employees of a corporation. Unpaid family workers are persons working without pay for 15 hours a week or more on a farm or in a business operated by a member of the household to whom they are related by birth or marriage.

Hours of work. These statistics relate to the actual number of hours worked during the reference week. For example, persons who normally work 40 hours a week but were off on the Columbus Day holiday would be reported as working 32 hours, even though they were paid for the holiday. For persons working in more than one job, the figures relate to the number of hours worked in all jobs during the week; all the hours are credited to the major job.

At work part time for economic reasons. Sometimes referred to as involuntary part time, this category refers to individuals who give an economic reason for working 1 to 34 hours during the reference week. Economic reasons include unfavorable business conditions, inability to find full-time work, and seasonal declines in demand. Those who usually work part time must also indicate that they want and are available to work full time to be classified as part time for economic reasons.

At work part time for noneconomic reasons. This group includes those persons who usually work part time and were at work 1 to 34 hours during the reference week for a noneconomic reason. Noneconomic reasons include, for example: illness or other medical limitations, childcare problems or other family or personal obligations, school or

training, retirement or Social Security limits on earnings, and being in a job in which full-time work is less than 35 hours. The group also includes those who give an economic reason for usually working 1 to 34 hours but say they do not want to work full time or are unavailable for such work.

Usual full- or part-time status. Data on persons “at work” exclude persons who were temporarily absent from a job and are therefore classified into the zero-hours-worked category, “with a job but not at work.” These are persons who were absent from their jobs for the entire reference week for such reasons as bad weather, childcare problems, maternity or paternity leave, vacation, illness, or involvement in a labor dispute. In order to differentiate a person's normal schedule from his or her activity during the reference week, persons also are classified according to their usual full- or part-time status. In this context, *full-time workers* are those who usually work 35 hours or more (at all jobs combined). This group will include some individuals who worked less than 35 hours in the reference week for either economic or noneconomic reasons and those who are temporarily absent from work. Similarly, *part-time workers* are those who usually work less than 35 hours per week (at all jobs), regardless of the number of hours worked in the reference week. This may include some individuals who actually worked more than 34 hours in the reference week, as well as those who were temporarily absent from work.

White, black or African American, Asian, and other. These are terms used to describe the race of persons. Included in the “other” group are persons classified as American Indian and Alaska Native (AIAN), as Native Hawaiian and other Pacific Islander (NHPI), as some other race (SOR), and within two or more race categories. Because of the relatively small sample size in most areas, data for “other” races are not published at this time. In the enumeration process, race is determined by the household respondent.

Hispanic or Latino ethnicity. This refers to persons who identified themselves in the survey enumeration process as Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or of other Hispanic or Latino ethnicity or descent. Persons of Hispanic or Latino ethnicity may be of any race; thus, they are included in the white, black or African American, and Asian population groups.

Appendix B. Sampling and Estimation Procedures and Sampling Error Tables

The estimates presented in this bulletin are based on annual averages of monthly data obtained from the Current Population Survey (CPS), a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutional population. The survey is conducted each month by the U.S. Census Bureau for the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, and provides comprehensive data on the labor force, including such characteristics as age, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, marital status, occupation, and industry. The survey also provides data on the characteristics of those not in the labor force.

Each month, trained interviewers collect information from a scientifically selected sample of about 60,000 eligible households, designed to represent the civilian noninstitutional population. This sample includes approximately 10,000 additional eligible households to the regular CPS sample added to meet the requirements of the State Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP) legislation. The SCHIP legislation requires that the Census Bureau improve State estimates of the number of children who live in low-income families and lack health insurance. These estimates are obtained from the Annual Demographic Supplement to the CPS. In September 2000, the Census Bureau began expanding the monthly CPS sample in 31 States and the District of Columbia based on the reliability of the March 2000 estimate of low-income children without health insurance. Selected respondents in the 60,000 eligible households are interviewed to obtain information about the employment status of each household member 16 years of age and over. The information that is collected pertains to a "reference week," usually the calendar week (Sunday to Saturday) that includes the 12th of the month, with actual interviewing occurring during the week following the reference week—known as the "survey week."

Sampling procedures

The 2004 sample encompasses 754 sample areas, with coverage in every State and the District of Columbia. It is based to a large extent on information about the distribution of the population as reported in the 1990 decennial census. (A redesigned 1990 census-based sample was phased in from April 1994 through July 1995.) These areas were selected by dividing the entire area of the United States into 2,007 primary sampling units (PSUs).

With some minor exceptions, a PSU consists of a county or number of contiguous counties. Most metropolitan areas constitute separate PSUs.

To improve the efficiency of the sample, the 2,007 PSUs are grouped into strata within each State. Those PSUs that are in a stratum by themselves are called "self-representing" and are generally the most populous in each State. Other strata are formed by combining PSUs that are similar in such characteristics as population growth, proportion of Blacks and Hispanics, and occupation/industry and age/sex distributions. PSUs selected from these strata are "non-self-representing," because each one chosen represents the entire stratum. One PSU is selected from each stratum, with the probability of selection proportionate to the relative population size of the PSU.

In States with SCHIP sample, the self-representing PSUs are the same for both the regular CPS and SCHIP. In most States, the same non-self-representing sample PSUs are in the sample for both the regular CPS and SCHIP; however, to improve the reliability of the SCHIP estimates in Maine, Maryland, and Nevada, the SCHIP non-self-representing PSUs are selected independent of the regular CPS sample PSUs, with replacement. The methodology for stratification of PSUs for SCHIP in these States is similar to the other stratifications, except that the stratification variable used is the number of people under age 18 with household income below twice the poverty level.

Within each of the selected PSUs, the number of households to be enumerated each month is determined in two steps. First, a sample of the unit's census enumeration districts (EDs) is selected through the use of the population size probability selection procedure. EDs are administrative units and contain, on average, about 300 households. Second, clusters of approximately four addresses (contiguous wherever possible) are selected to be enumerated within each designated ED.

Part of the sample is changed, or rotated, each month. A given rotation group is in the sample for 4 consecutive months, leaves the sample during the following 8 months, and then returns for another 4 consecutive months. A primary reason for rotating the sample is to minimize the lack of cooperation that may result from interviewing a constant panel indefinitely. The rotation plan provides for

three-fourths of the sample to be identical from one month to the next and one-half to be identical with that from the same month a year earlier.

Estimating methods

Under the estimating methods used in the CPS, all of the results for a given month become available simultaneously and are based on returns from the entire sample of respondents. The estimation procedure involves weighting the data from each respondent by the inverse of the probability of the person being in the sample. This gives a rough measure of the number of actual persons that each sample person represents. Through a series of estimation steps (outlined below), the selection probabilities are adjusted for noninterviews and survey undercoverage; data from previous months are incorporated into the estimates through the composite estimation procedure.

1. *Noninterview adjustment.* The weights for all interviewed households are adjusted to the extent needed to account for occupied sample households for which no information was obtained because of absence, impassable roads, refusals, or unavailability of the respondents for other reasons. This noninterview adjustment is made separately for clusters of similar sample areas that are usually, but not necessarily, contained within a State. Similarity of sample areas is based on metropolitan area status and size. Within each cluster, there is a further breakdown by residence. The proportion of sample households not interviewed averages about 7 to 8 percent, depending upon a number of factors, including weather and vacations.

2. *Ratio estimates.* The distribution of the population selected for the sample may differ somewhat, by chance, from that of the population as a whole in such characteristics as age, race, sex, and State of residence. Because these characteristics are closely correlated with labor force participation and other principal measurements made from the sample, the survey estimates can be substantially improved when weighted appropriately by the known distribution of these population characteristics. This is accomplished through four stages of adjustment, as follows:

a. *First-stage ratio adjustment.* The purpose of the first-stage ratio adjustment is to reduce the contribution to the variance of the sample State-level estimates arising from the sampling of PSUs. (There would still be variance associated with the State-level estimates even if the survey included all households in every sample PSU.) This is called between-PSU variance. For some States, the between-PSU variance makes up a relatively large proportion of the total variance, while the relative contribution of the between-PSU variance at the national level is generally quite small. There are several factors to be considered in determining what information to use in

applying the first-stage adjustment. The information must be available for each PSU, be correlated with as many of the relevant statistics from the CPS as possible, and be reasonably stable over time so that the gain from the ratio adjustment procedure does not deteriorate. The basic labor force categories (unemployed, nonagricultural employed, etc.) could be used; however, this information probably would fail the stability criterion. The distribution of the population by race (black alone and non-black alone) by age groups 0–15 and 16+ satisfies all three criteria, including stability.

The use of black alone and non-black alone categories compensates for the fact that the racial composition of a non-self-representing (NSR) sample PSU could differ substantially from the racial composition of the stratum it is representing. This adjustment is not necessary for self-representing (SR) PSUs since they represent only themselves. Adjustment factors are computed for the two race categories for each State containing NSR PSUs. The black alone and non-black alone cells are collapsed within a State when a cell meets one of four sample criteria.¹ As a result of these criteria, the first-stage ratio adjustment actually is used (i.e., does not collapse to 1.0) in less than half of the States.

b. *National coverage adjustment.* A national coverage adjustment was added to the CPS weighting process beginning in 2003. The purpose of the national coverage adjustment is to correct for interactions between race and ethnicity that are not addressed in the second-stage weighting (see d. below). Research has shown that the under-coverage of certain race-ethnicity combinations (e.g., non-black Hispanic) cannot be corrected with second-stage adjustment alone. The national coverage adjustment also helps to speed the convergence of the second-stage adjustment, resulting in fewer iterations to reach the final national controls. The national coverage adjustment factors are based on independently derived estimates of the population. Person records are grouped into four pairs based on month-in-sample (MIS). MIS 1 and 5, 2 and 6, 3 and 7, and 4 and 8 form the four pairs. Each MIS pair is then adjusted to age/sex/race/ethnicity population controls—using between 2 and 28 age cells depending on which of the six major coverage groups (black alone non-Hispanic, white alone non-Hispanic, white alone Hispanic, non-white alone Hispanic, Asian alone non-Hispanic, and residual race non-Hispanic) is being adjusted.

c. *State coverage adjustment.* In addition to a national coverage adjustment, a State coverage adjustment also

¹ The four sampling criteria are: (1) that the adjustment factor be greater than 1.3; (2) that the adjustment factor be less than 1/1.3 (or 0.769230, in decimal form); (3) that there be fewer than four NSR sample PSUs in the State; and (4) that there be fewer than 10 expected interviews in an age/race cell in the State.

was added to the CPS weighting process beginning in 2003. The purpose of the State coverage adjustment is to adjust for State differences in sex/age/race coverage. Research has shown that estimates of characteristics of certain race groups (e.g., Blacks) can differ greatly from the controls if a State coverage adjustment is not used. However, unlike the national coverage adjustment, the State coverage adjustment slows the convergence of the second-stage ratio adjustment process. The State coverage adjustment is based on independently derived estimates of the population. Except for the District of Columbia, person records for non-black alone are grouped into four pairs based on month-in-sample (MIS)—with the same MIS pairings (1/5, 2/6, 3/7, and 4/8) used as in the national coverage adjustment. Person records for black alone for all States and non-black alone for the District of Columbia are formed at the State level with all months in sample combined. For the black alone component of the adjustment, States are adjusted using a varying number of age/sex/race cells based on the expected number of sample records in each age/sex cell. For example, for non-black alone, all States except the District of Columbia are adjusted for three age groupings (0–15, 16–44, and 45+), by sex. Each cell is adjusted to independent age/sex/race population controls in each State.

d. *Second-stage ratio adjustment.* The second-stage ratio adjustment is performed to decrease the variance of the vast majority of the CPS sample estimates. Because the labor force status of individuals in the general population is correlated with their specific geographic and demographic identification (e.g., teenagers and unemployment, or rural married women and labor force participation), the variance of the labor force estimates can be reduced by controlling the CPS sample estimates to independent estimates of selected geographic and demographic population categories. The procedure also is believed to reduce the bias due to coverage errors. The procedure adjusts the weights for the sample to estimates within each month-in-sample pair to control the sample estimates for a number of geographic and demographic subgroups of the population to ensure that these sample-based estimates of the population match independent population controls for each of these categories. These independent population controls are updated each month. Three sets of controls are used: (1) the civilian noninstitutional population for the 50 States and the District of Columbia by sex and age (0–15, 16–44, and 45+); (2) the national civilian noninstitutional population for 36 Hispanic and 36 non-Hispanic age-sex categories; and (3) the total national civilian noninstitutional population for 56 white, 36 black, and 26 residual race/age/sex categories.

The adjustment is done separately for each month-in-sample pair (1/5, 2/6, 3/7, and 4/8). Because adjusting the weights to match one set of controls can cause differences in other controls, an iterative process is used to

simultaneously control all variables. Successive iterations begin with the weights as adjusted by all previous iterations. A total of 10 iterations are performed, which results in (virtual) consistency between the sample estimates and the population controls.

The independent population controls used for the CPS are produced by the Census Bureau's Population Division. The CPS population controls are based on a demographic framework of population accounting. Under this framework, time series of population estimates and projections are anchored by the latest decennial census enumerations, with populations for dates since the latest decennial census derived by the estimation, or projection, of population change. In the simplest terms, estimates of population change are derived by adjusting the resident population as enumerated in the latest decennial census for births, deaths, and net migration, using information from a variety of data sources. Estimates of the resident population are adjusted to represent the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years of age and over (the eligible CPS population) by subtracting estimates of the number of residents under 16 years of age, the number of residents in the Armed Forces, and the number of residents that are institutionalized.

3. *Composite estimation procedure.* The last step in the preparation of most CPS estimates makes use of a composite estimation procedure. The composite estimate consists of a weighted average of two factors: (1) the second-stage ratio estimate based on the entire sample from the current month and (2) the composite estimate for the previous month, plus an estimate of the month-to-month change based on the six rotation groups common to both months. In addition, a bias adjustment term is added to the weighted average to account for relative bias associated with month-in-sample estimates. The compositing procedure results in a reduction in sampling error beyond that which is achieved after the two stages of ratio adjustment.

Effective with the release of January 1998 data, BLS implemented a new composite estimation method for the CPS. The new technique provides increased operational simplicity for micro-data users and allows optimization of compositing coefficients for different labor force categories. Under the new procedure, weights are derived for each record—weights that, when aggregated, produce estimates consistent with those produced by the composite estimator. Under the previous procedure, composite estimation was performed at the macro level. The composite estimator for each tabulated cell was a function of the aggregated weights for respondents contributing to the cell in question in current and prior months. The different months of data were combined using compositing coefficients. Thus, micro-data users needed several months of data to compute composite estimates. To ensure consistency, the same coefficients

had to be used for all estimates. The values of the coefficients selected were much closer to optimal for unemployment than for employment or labor force values.

The new composite weighting method involves two steps: (1) the computation of composite estimates for the main labor force categories, classified by important demographic characteristics, and (2) the adjustment of the micro-data weights, through a series of ratio adjustments, to agree with these composite estimates, thus incorporating the effect of composite estimation into the micro-data weights. Under this procedure, the sum of the composite weights of all sample persons in a particular labor force category equals the composite estimate of the level for that category. Thus, to produce a composite estimate for a particular month, a data user needs simply to access the micro-data file for that (single) month and compute a weighted sum. The new composite weighting approach also improves the accuracy of labor force estimates by using different compositing coefficients for different labor force categories. The weighting adjustment method assures additivity while allowing variation in compositing coefficients.

Reliability of the estimates

The estimates in this bulletin are based upon a sample of the population rather than a complete count. Therefore, they may *differ* from the figures that would have been obtained if it had been possible to take a complete census using the same questionnaire and procedures as are used in the CPS. There are two types of errors in an estimate based on a sample survey—sampling and nonsampling. The sampling error tables provided later in this appendix indicate the magnitude of the sampling error. They also partially measure the effect of some nonsampling errors in response and enumeration, but do not measure any systematic biases in the data.

Sampling variability. The standard error is primarily a measure of sampling variability, that is, the variation that occurs by chance because a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed. The sample estimate and its standard error enable one to construct confidence intervals, that is, ranges that would include the average result of all possible samples with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples were selected, each of these samples were surveyed under essentially the same conditions using the same sample design, and an estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated from each sample, then the following would occur:

1. Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from 1 standard error below the estimate to 1 standard error above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.
2. Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.645 standard errors below the estimate to 1.645 standard errors above the estimate

would include the average result of all possible samples.

3. Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from 2 standard errors below the estimate to 2 standard errors above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.

The error of a sample estimate varies inversely with the size of the sample and directly with the size of the estimate. Hence, an estimate for a subgroup constituting a small proportion of a population will tend to have a larger error relative to its size than will an estimate for a larger subgroup.

Reliability standards

The CPS sample design takes into consideration both national and State reliability. For the State data, a minimum reliability standard is set: an expected maximum coefficient of variation (CV) on the level of total unemployment of 8 percent annually. This is calculated based on a 6-percent unemployment rate. Because each State's design must meet the reliability standard, the CPS sampling rate differs by State. (The sampling rate is the proportion of all households that are selected for the sample.) Generally, the smaller the State population, the higher is the sampling rate. The average State sampling rates range roughly from 1 in every 200 households to 1 in every 2,500 households in each stratum within the State.

Publication standards for State and area CPS data

To achieve comparability of the data for regions, divisions, States, metropolitan areas, and cities for publication purposes, a unique requirement for minimum labor force, employment, or unemployment was developed for each area. This requirement is based on the known differences in sampling rates among these areas. Before estimates are published for a specific category (such as Hispanic unemployment in a particular State), a predetermined "critical cell" must meet a 50-percent CV requirement. As a result of this requirement, minimum bases for publication have been developed for each area. Table B-1 lists the minimum necessary base for publication of data in each of the regions, divisions, States, the District of Columbia, metropolitan areas, and cities appearing in this bulletin.

Estimates are not shown when they do not meet the minimum base for the State or area listed in table B-1. In tables showing the labor force status of the population, that is, the employed and unemployed, publishability is determined by whether the labor force level exceeds the minimum base for unemployment in table B-1. If the labor force level is less than the unemployment minimum base, all data elements—labor force, employment, unemployment, and unemployment rate—are suppressed. In all other tables, the determining factor is whether the

size of the base of the distribution exceeds the minimum base for employment or unemployment separately, depending on whether the table presents a distribution of employment or unemployment for the area or population subgroup. For example, in the percent distribution of unemployed persons by reason table, the entire line of data will be suppressed if the total unemployment is less than the unemployment minimum base. If a subgroup appears in the table (such as by sex or race), the subgroup also will be suppressed if the total for that reason does not meet the minimum base. Data are not published for any cell with a level of fewer than 500 persons or less than 0.05 percent of the total for a given characteristic.

Using the sampling error tables

Tables B-2 through B-5 provide sampling errors for use in constructing 90-percent confidence intervals (approximately 1.645 standard errors) for major labor force characteristics. They are approximations and thus indicate the order of magnitude of the sampling error rather than the precise amount of the possible error in an estimate. Illustrations on the use of these tables are provided below. In all cases, the computations present the estimated levels in thousands of persons.

Sampling error of an estimated number. Table B-5 shows that an estimate of 50,000 unemployed persons in North Carolina will have an absolute sampling error of 10,000, or a relative sampling error of 20 percent (10,000/50,000). In comparison, an estimate of 100,000 unemployed persons in North Carolina has an absolute sampling error of 14,000, yielding a relative sampling error of 14 percent (14,000/100,000). A statement that unemployment for some group in North Carolina is between 40,000 and 60,000 in the first instance, and between 86,000 and 114,000 in the second, can be made with approximately 90-percent confidence.

This can be interpreted as follows: if one were to draw all possible samples and make an estimate from each sample (using the same methods and techniques) and construct an interval around each estimate (using the sampling errors shown in the tables), then 90 percent of these intervals would contain the average value of all possible samples.

To convert a sampling error from 90-percent confidence, as displayed in the tables, to 68-percent confidence (1 standard error), multiply the sampling error shown in the tables by 0.63. To convert the sampling error from 90- to 95-percent confidence (approximately 2 standard errors) multiply the sampling error by 1.23. For the example given above, the sampling error at 90-percent confidence was 10,000. At 68-percent confidence, the error would be about 6,300 (10,000 x 0.63). At 95-percent confidence, the error would be about 12,300 (10,000 x 1.23).

Sampling error of a difference. To compute the error of a difference from the tables, an additional step is required. If, for instance, one wishes to know whether a change in the unemployment rate from one year to the next in a particular area for a particular population group is statistically significant, or whether the difference in the unemployment rate between two areas or population groups is statistically meaningful, the significance of the difference needs to be computed. (Differences between estimates for 2 consecutive years may be influenced to some extent by the redesign of the CPS concepts, questionnaire, and collection procedures, such as that which occurred in 1994.)

As noted above, differences can take two general forms: (1) Differences between population groups and/or geographic areas; or (2) differences for the same population group and geographic area over time. Either type of difference can be calculated using the following formula, noting the limiting covariance assumption discussed below.

$$SE_d = \Psi (SE_1^2 + SE_2^2) - 2C \times (SE_1 \times SE_2)]^{1/2}$$

where:

SE_d = the sampling error of the difference.

SE₁ = the sampling error of one group or year.

SE₂ = the sampling error of another group or year.

C = the covariance (or relationship) term.

The SE₁ and SE₂ can be found in the appropriate table of *Geographic Profile* for each year if the comparison is between different years, because the size of the samples and, consequently, sampling errors may differ from year to year. Values for the covariance, or “C” term, for employment and unemployment for differences between consecutive years are as follows: for labor force or employment levels, C = 0.58; for unemployment levels or rates, C = 0.37. It is important to note that these “C” terms are usable only for calculating the sampling error of a difference for over-the-year change for the *same geographic area and population group*.

Covariance terms for the relationship between different population groups or geographic areas in this bulletin are not available. When calculating sampling errors for differences between two *different* population groups or geographic areas, a “C” term of zero must be assumed. The effect of this assumption is: (1) If the relationship between two groups, areas, or years (differences for nonconsecutive years) is small, the “C” term can legitimately be ignored and the sampling errors will not be adversely affected, or (2) if there is a strong positive relationship between the two groups, areas, or years (differences for consecutive years), then the error computed without a “C” term will be overstated. This could lead one to erroneously state that a difference or

change was *not* statistically significant when, in fact, it was. When there is a strong relationship over time for a labor force characteristic such as employment (that is, people tend to remain employed from one year to the next), the importance of using a “C” term when calculating the sampling error of a difference over time increases greatly.

The following example illustrates how to calculate a sampling error for a difference. Suppose one wished to know whether a *hypothetical* difference between the unemployment level of 250,000 for a particular population group in California and an unemployment level of 200,000 for the same group in New York was statistically significant at 90-percent confidence. Table B-5 gives the error for an unemployment level of 250,000 in California as approximately 23,000 and the error for an unemployment level of 200,000 in New York as 18,000. Using the formula described above without the “C” term produces the following results:

$$SE_1 = 23; SE_2 = 18$$

$$SE_1^2 + SE_2^2 = 853$$

$$SE_d = (SE_1^2 + SE_2^2)^{1/2} = 29$$

Because each State's sample is independent, there is no measurable correlation between the two estimates and a “C” term of zero can be assumed. Thus, the error of the difference is approximately 29,000. Because the actual difference (50,000) is greater than the error of the difference, it can be stated, with 90-percent confidence, that the difference in the unemployment level is attributable to factors other than sampling variability alone.

Sampling errors for unemployment rates. Unemployment rates and error ranges for these rates are provided in tables 1, 14, and 27. This information can be used to derive a sampling error for an unemployment rate if one is needed. The error range is a 90-percent confidence interval around the unemployment rate. By subtracting the estimated unemployment rate from the upper bound of the range (or subtracting the lower bound of the range from the estimated unemployment rate), the sampling error for the rate can be obtained. This sampling error can then be used in the above formula for computing the sampling error of a difference, or for any other purpose the user chooses.

Interpolation and extrapolation. Although sampling errors are listed for selected levels of employment and unemployment in tables B-2 through B-5, users may wish to know the sampling error for an estimate whose value is not listed. To derive such a sampling error, it is necessary to use interpolation or extrapolation.

For example, in order to derive the sampling error for

the 2004 total unemployment level for women in Ohio, it is necessary to use interpolation because table B-5 contains no sampling error for an unemployment level estimate of 165,000. The following formula and accompanying example show how to interpolate for this estimate:

$$SE = \frac{[(A-G) / (F-G)] \times (X-Y) + Y}{\sqrt{}}$$

where:

SE = the sampling error for the estimated value.
A = the estimated value (165,000).
F = the table value (200,000) immediately above the estimated value.
G = the table value (100,000) immediately below the estimated value.
X = the sampling error of F (18,000).
Y = the sampling error of G (13,000).
 $SE = \frac{[(165 - 100) / (200 - 100)] \times (18 - 13) + 13}{\sqrt{}}$
 $= (0.65 \times 5) + 13$
 $= 3.25 + 13$
 $= 16$

If the sample-based estimate lies outside the boundaries of the error tables, extrapolation can be used to approximate the sampling error. The formula for extrapolation is the same as that for interpolation; however, the “F” term becomes the highest value in the table and the “G” term becomes the next highest value.

Derivation of sampling errors

The State and area sampling errors are developed using a generalized regression procedure and are *not* based on sample data for each individual area, population group, or labor force characteristic. As with all sampling error tables produced for CPS State and area data, a number of approximations are required in order to derive sampling errors that would apply to a wide variety of items. As a result, these sampling errors indicate the order of magnitude of a sampling error rather than a precise sampling error for any specific item. The sampling error tables are derived from standard error equations and special parameters developed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. These parameters are available upon request from the Division of Local Area Unemployment Statistics, Room 4675, 2 Massachusetts Avenue NE, Washington, DC 20212-0001. Telephone: (202) 691-6392.

Tables B-2 through B-5 can be used for estimates pertaining to any race or ethnic group whose data are published. As noted, the sampling errors are based on a generalized regression procedure and are approximate. Generally, the degree of precision in these tables is slightly greater for Whites (and the total of all race and ethnic groups) than it is for Blacks or Hispanics.

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Table B-1. Minimum bases required for publication of census region and division, State, and metropolitan area and city data, 2004 annual averages

(In thousands)

Census region and division, State or area	Employment	Unemployment
Northeast	8	37
New England	6	27
Middle Atlantic	9	39
Midwest	9	35
East North Central	10	36
West North Central	7	31
South	11	44
South Atlantic	11	49
East South Central	10	37
West South Central	13	42
West	8	41
Mountain	7	28
Pacific	8	44
Alabama	10	36
Alaska	2	3
Arizona	11	47
Arkansas	5	25
California	9	50
Colorado	8	25
Connecticut	5	20
Delaware	1	9
District of Columbia	1	3
Florida	12	49
Georgia	10	69
Hawaii	2	15
Idaho	3	14
Illinois	9	37
Indiana	10	41
Iowa	4	25
Kansas	5	20
Kentucky	11	32
Louisiana	10	40
Maine	2	9
Maryland	6	42
Massachusetts	9	39
Michigan	10	31
Minnesota	8	38
Mississippi	7	24
Missouri	12	35
Montana	2	10
Nebraska	2	20
Nevada	3	19
New Hampshire	1	11
New Jersey	7	43
New Mexico	4	17
New York	12	36
North Carolina	11	50
North Dakota	2	9
Ohio	13	35
Oklahoma	7	38
Oregon	5	18
Pennsylvania	7	41
Rhode Island	1	6
South Carolina	7	25
South Dakota	1	9
Tennessee	12	50
Texas	15	44
Utah	5	20
Vermont	1	6
Virginia	16	78
Washington	7	38
West Virginia	5	14
Wisconsin	9	40
Wyoming	1	6

Table B-1. Minimum bases required for publication of census region and division, State, and metropolitan area and city data, 2004 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Census region and division, State or area	Employment	Unemployment
Metropolitan area:		
Atlanta MSA	9	77
Baltimore PMSA	6	42
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	7	57
Boston PMSA	9	39
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	11	28
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	9	40
Chicago PMSA	8	34
Cincinnati PMSA	11	52
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	11	38
Columbus, Ohio MSA	10	34
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	13	38
Dayton-Springfield MSA	12	24
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	6	23
Detroit PMSA	9	29
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	11	48
Hartford MSA	5	22
Houston PMSA	14	35
Indianapolis MSA	8	49
Kansas City MSA	9	30
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	9	46
Louisville MSA	8	28
Memphis MSA	10	40
Miami PMSA	12	44
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	9	23
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	6	32
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	10	73
New Orleans MSA	8	70
New York PMSA	12	31
Newark PMSA	7	38
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA	14	72
Oakland PMSA	8	53
Oklahoma City MSA	7	43
Orange County PMSA	8	78
Philadelphia PMSA	7	43
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	10	46
Pittsburgh MSA	7	36
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	4	17
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	1	6
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	9	49
Rochester MSA	11	31
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	8	50
St. Louis MSA	9	34
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	4	17
San Antonio MSA	15	37
San Diego MSA	8	78
San Francisco PMSA	9	53
San Jose PMSA	8	43
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	5	39
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	11	49
Washington D.C. PMSA	1	7
Cities:		
Baltimore central city	7	21
Chicago central city	9	20
Cleveland central city	14	12
Dallas central city	14	31
Detroit central city	12	11
District of Columbia	1	3
Houston central city	14	29
Indianapolis central city	8	36
Los Angeles central city	9	39
Milwaukee central city	10	10
New York central city	12	28
Philadelphia central city	8	24
Phoenix central city	9	34
St. Louis central city	9	26
San Antonio central city	15	30
San Diego central city	8	71
San Francisco central city	9	32

Table B-2. Sampling errors at the 90-percent confidence level for estimated employment by census region and division, 2004 annual averages

(In thousands)

Census region and division	Estimated level											
	10	20	25	50	100	200	250	400	800	1,000	1,500	2,000
Northeast	6	8	9	13	18	25	28	36	50	56	68	78
New England	5	7	8	11	15	22	24	30	42	46	55	62
Middle Atlantic	6	8	9	13	19	27	30	37	53	59	71	82
Midwest	6	9	10	14	19	27	31	39	55	61	74	85
East North Central	6	9	10	14	20	29	32	41	57	64	77	89
West North Central	5	8	9	12	17	24	27	34	47	53	63	72
South	7	9	11	15	21	30	33	42	59	66	81	93
South Atlantic	7	9	10	15	21	29	32	41	58	64	78	90
East South Central	6	9	10	14	20	28	31	39	54	60	72	82
West South Central	7	10	11	16	22	32	35	45	62	70	84	96
West	6	8	9	13	18	25	28	35	50	56	68	78
Mountain	5	8	8	12	17	24	26	33	46	51	62	70
Pacific	6	8	9	13	18	26	29	36	51	57	69	79
	Estimated level											
	2,500	5,000	7,500	10,000	12,500	15,000	20,000	25,000	30,000	35,000		
Northeast	87	119	141	157	169	177	185	183	—	—	—	—
New England	68	81	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Middle Atlantic	90	122	142	156	164	167	—	—	—	—	—	—
Midwest	95	130	155	174	189	200	214	219	215	—	—	—
East North Central	98	134	157	173	183	189	189	—	—	—	—	—
West North Central	79	100	106	101	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
South	104	144	174	197	216	232	258	276	288	295	297	—
South Atlantic	100	137	162	180	193	202	211	207	—	—	—	—
East South Central	89	111	114	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
West South Central	106	142	162	172	175	170	—	—	—	—	—	—
West	87	120	142	159	173	183	196	200	197	—	—	—
Mountain	77	97	102	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pacific	88	119	140	155	164	170	171	—	—	—	—	—

— Data not available.

Table B-3. Sampling errors at the 90-percent confidence level for estimated unemployment by census region and division, 2004 annual averages

(In thousands)

Census region and division	Estimated level							
	2	5	10	20	25	50	100	200
Northeast	2	3	4	5	6	8	12	17
New England	1	2	3	4	5	7	10	14
Middle Atlantic	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	18
Midwest	2	3	4	5	6	9	12	17
East North Central	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	18
West North Central	1	2	3	5	5	7	11	15
South	2	3	4	6	7	9	13	18
South Atlantic	2	3	4	6	7	9	13	18
East South Central	2	3	4	5	6	9	12	17
West South Central	2	3	4	6	7	10	14	19
West	2	3	4	6	7	9	13	19
Mountain	1	2	3	5	5	7	10	14
Pacific	2	3	4	6	7	10	14	20
	Estimated level							
	250	400	600	800	1,000	1,500	2,000	
Northeast	19	24	29	33	37	—	—	—
New England	15	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Middle Atlantic	20	25	30	35	39	—	—	—
Midwest	19	24	30	34	38	47	—	—
East North Central	20	25	31	36	40	—	—	—
West North Central	17	21	—	—	—	—	—	—
South	21	26	32	37	41	50	58	64
South Atlantic	21	26	32	36	41	—	—	—
East South Central	19	24	—	—	—	—	—	—
West South Central	21	27	33	38	—	—	—	—
West	21	26	32	37	41	50	—	—
Mountain	16	20	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pacific	22	28	34	39	44	—	—	—

— Data not available.

Table B-4. Sampling errors at the 90-percent confidence level for estimated employment by State, 2004 annual averages

(In thousands)

State	Estimated level											
	2	5	10	20	25	50	100	200	250	400	600	800
Alabama	3	4	6	9	10	14	19	27	30	37	43	48
Alaska	1	2	3	4	5	6	8	10	10	-	-	-
Arizona	3	5	7	9	10	15	21	29	32	40	47	53
Arkansas	2	3	4	6	7	9	13	18	20	24	27	29
California	3	4	6	9	10	14	19	27	30	38	46	53
Colorado	3	4	6	9	10	13	19	26	29	36	43	48
Connecticut	2	3	5	6	7	10	14	20	22	27	31	34
Delaware	1	2	2	3	4	5	7	9	9	9	-	-
District of Columbia	1	1	2	3	3	4	5	7	6	-	-	-
Florida	3	5	7	10	11	15	21	30	33	42	51	59
Georgia	3	5	7	9	10	15	21	29	32	40	48	55
Hawaii	1	2	3	4	4	6	8	10	11	12	-	-
Idaho	2	3	4	5	6	8	11	14	16	18	18	-
Illinois	3	4	6	8	9	13	19	26	29	37	44	51
Indiana	3	4	6	9	10	14	20	27	30	38	45	51
Iowa	2	3	4	6	6	9	12	17	19	23	27	29
Kansas	2	3	4	6	7	10	14	19	21	26	29	32
Kentucky	3	4	6	9	10	14	20	27	30	37	44	49
Louisiana	3	4	6	8	9	13	19	26	29	36	42	47
Maine	1	2	3	4	4	6	9	11	12	14	14	-
Maryland	2	4	5	7	8	12	16	23	25	31	37	42
Massachusetts	3	4	6	9	10	14	19	27	30	37	44	50
Michigan	3	5	6	9	10	14	20	28	31	39	47	54
Minnesota	3	4	6	8	9	13	19	26	29	36	43	48
Mississippi	2	4	5	7	8	12	16	22	25	30	34	37
Missouri	3	5	7	10	11	15	22	30	33	42	50	56
Montana	1	2	3	4	5	7	9	12	12	13	-	-
Nebraska	1	2	3	4	5	7	10	13	14	17	18	18
Nevada	2	3	4	5	6	8	12	16	17	21	24	25
New Hampshire	1	2	3	4	4	6	8	10	11	13	13	-
New Jersey	2	4	5	7	8	12	16	23	26	32	39	44
New Mexico	2	3	4	6	6	9	12	17	18	22	24	24
New York	3	5	7	9	10	15	21	29	33	41	50	58
North Carolina	3	5	7	9	10	15	21	29	32	40	48	55
North Dakota	1	2	3	4	4	6	7	9	9	-	-	-
Ohio	3	5	7	10	11	16	23	32	35	44	54	61
Oklahoma	2	4	5	8	9	12	17	23	26	32	37	41
Oregon	2	3	4	6	7	10	14	19	21	26	30	33
Pennsylvania	2	4	5	8	8	12	17	24	27	33	40	46
Rhode Island	1	1	2	3	3	5	6	8	9	10	-	-
South Carolina	2	4	5	7	8	12	16	22	25	31	36	40
South Dakota	1	2	3	4	4	5	7	9	10	9	-	-
Tennessee	3	5	7	9	11	15	21	29	33	41	49	55
Texas	3	5	8	11	12	17	25	35	39	49	59	68
Utah	2	3	5	6	7	10	14	19	21	25	29	30
Vermont	1	1	2	3	3	4	5	7	7	-	-	-
Virginia	4	6	8	12	13	18	26	36	40	50	60	68
Washington	2	4	5	8	9	12	17	24	26	33	39	44
West Virginia	2	3	4	6	6	9	12	17	19	22	24	-
Wisconsin	3	4	6	9	10	14	20	28	31	38	46	51
Wyoming	1	1	2	3	3	4	6	7	6	-	-	-

See footnotes at end of table.

**Table B-4. Sampling errors at the 90-percent confidence level for estimated employment by State, 2004 annual averages
— Continued**

(In thousands)

State	Estimated level								
	1,000	1,500	2,000	2,500	5,000	7,500	10,000	12,500	15,000
Alabama	52	57	57	—	—	—	—	—	—
Alaska	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Arizona	57	65	68	67	—	—	—	—	—
Arkansas	30	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
California	59	72	82	91	122	141	152	156	156
Colorado	51	56	56	—	—	—	—	—	—
Connecticut	36	37	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Delaware	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
District of Columbia	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Florida	65	78	88	96	120	123	—	—	—
Georgia	60	70	77	81	—	—	—	—	—
Hawaii	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Idaho	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Illinois	56	66	74	80	92	—	—	—	—
Indiana	55	63	67	68	—	—	—	—	—
Iowa	30	29	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kansas	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kentucky	52	56	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Louisiana	51	55	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Maine	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Maryland	46	51	53	53	—	—	—	—	—
Massachusetts	55	63	67	68	—	—	—	—	—
Michigan	60	70	78	83	—	—	—	—	—
Minnesota	52	58	60	58	—	—	—	—	—
Mississippi	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Missouri	61	69	72	72	—	—	—	—	—
Montana	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nebraska	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nevada	25	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
New Hampshire	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
New Jersey	48	57	62	66	—	—	—	—	—
New Mexico	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
New York	64	77	87	95	121	128	—	—	—
North Carolina	60	70	77	81	—	—	—	—	—
North Dakota	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ohio	68	80	89	96	106	—	—	—	—
Oklahoma	43	44	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Oregon	35	37	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pennsylvania	51	61	68	73	84	—	—	—	—
Rhode Island	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
South Carolina	43	46	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
South Dakota	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tennessee	59	68	71	72	—	—	—	—	—
Texas	75	91	103	113	145	157	153	—	—
Utah	29	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Vermont	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Virginia	74	86	93	96	—	—	—	—	—
Washington	48	55	58	59	—	—	—	—	—
West Virginia	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Wisconsin	55	63	65	65	—	—	—	—	—
Wyoming	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

— Data not available.

Table B-5. Sampling errors at the 90-percent confidence level for estimated unemployment by State, 2004 annual averages

(In thousands)

State	Estimated level												
	2	5	10	20	25	50	100	200	250	400	600	800	1,000
Alabama	2	3	4	6	6	9	12	-	-	-	-	-	-
Alaska	1	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Arizona	2	3	4	6	7	9	13	-	-	-	-	-	-
Arkansas	1	2	3	5	5	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
California	2	3	5	7	7	10	15	21	23	29	36	41	46
Colorado	1	2	3	5	5	7	10	-	-	-	-	-	-
Connecticut	1	2	3	4	4	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Delaware	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
District of Columbia	1	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Florida	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	18	20	-	-	-	-
Georgia	2	3	5	7	7	11	15	21	-	-	-	-	-
Hawaii	1	1	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Idaho	1	2	2	3	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Illinois	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	18	20	-	-	-	-
Indiana	2	3	4	6	6	9	12	-	-	-	-	-	-
Iowa	1	2	3	4	4	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kansas	1	2	3	4	4	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kentucky	2	2	4	5	6	8	11	-	-	-	-	-	-
Louisiana	2	3	4	6	7	9	13	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maine	1	1	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maryland	2	2	4	5	6	8	11	-	-	-	-	-	-
Massachusetts	2	3	4	5	6	8	12	-	-	-	-	-	-
Michigan	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	18	20	-	-	-	-
Minnesota	2	3	4	5	6	8	11	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mississippi	1	2	3	5	5	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Missouri	2	3	4	6	6	9	12	-	-	-	-	-	-
Montana	1	1	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nebraska	1	2	2	3	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nevada	1	2	2	3	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Hampshire	1	1	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Jersey	2	3	4	5	6	8	12	17	-	-	-	-	-
New Mexico	1	2	3	4	4	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New York	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	18	20	25	-	-	-
North Carolina	2	3	4	6	7	10	14	19	-	-	-	-	-
North Dakota	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ohio	2	3	4	6	7	9	13	18	20	-	-	-	-
Oklahoma	2	3	4	5	6	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oregon	1	2	3	5	5	7	10	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pennsylvania	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	18	20	-	-	-	-
Rhode Island	1	1	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
South Carolina	2	3	4	5	6	8	11	-	-	-	-	-	-
South Dakota	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tennessee	2	3	4	6	7	10	13	-	-	-	-	-	-
Texas	2	3	4	6	7	10	14	20	22	28	34	-	-
Utah	1	2	3	4	4	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vermont	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Virginia	2	3	5	7	7	10	15	-	-	-	-	-	-
Washington	2	3	4	6	7	9	13	18	-	-	-	-	-
West Virginia	1	2	2	3	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wisconsin	2	3	4	5	6	8	12	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wyoming	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

- Data not available.

Appendix C. Geographic Boundary Definitions

Table C-1 of this appendix lists the States composing the census regions and divisions for which data are published in section I. Table C-2 provides the geographic definitions of the metropolitan areas for which data are published in section III. These data for metropolitan areas reflect the standards and definitions established by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) on June 30, 1993.¹

Effective December 22, 1987, the boundary of the St. Louis metropolitan statistical area was redefined to include the part of Sullivan City in Crawford County, MO. This change is not reflected in the data for St. Louis shown in this bulletin, although the addition of entire counties in 1993 is reflected.

Metropolitan areas

The general concept of a metropolitan area (MA) is that of a core area containing a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities that have a high degree

of economic and social integration with that core.

A *Metropolitan Statistical Area* (MSA) consists of one or more counties and meets specified size criteria—either it contains a city of at least 50,000 inhabitants, or it contains an urbanized area of at least 50,000 inhabitants and has a total population of at least 100,000.

A *Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Area* (CMSA) is a metropolitan area that has a population of at least 1 million and has been divided into two or more PMSAs (see below). The CMSA comprises the same geographic area as its constituent PMSAs.

A *Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area* (PMSA) is a subarea within a CMSA. The designation of these subareas is based on specific criteria, including having a population of at least 100,000 that is at least 60 percent urban, and the support of local opinion. Areas that were designated separate metropolitan areas as of January 1, 1980, and are now part of a larger area are designated as PMSAs unless local opinion does not support their continued separate designation for statistical purposes.

It is anticipated that Census 2000-based metropolitan area definitions will be used in *Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment, 2005*.

¹ The standards were published in the *Federal Register* on March 30, 1990; the definitions and a complete listing of the areas were published on June 30, 1993, in OMB Bulletin No. 93-17.

Table C-1. State composition of the census regions and divisions

Region and division	State
Northeast:	
New England	Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont
Middle Atlantic	New Jersey New York Pennsylvania
Midwest:	
East North Central	Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin
West North Central	Iowa Kansas Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota
South:	
South Atlantic	Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Maryland North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia
East South Central	Alabama Kentucky Mississippi Tennessee
West South Central ...	Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma Texas
West:	
Mountain	Arizona Colorado Idaho Montana Nevada New Mexico Utah Wyoming
Pacific	Alaska California Hawaii Oregon Washington

Table C-2. Geographic boundaries of metropolitan areas

State and area	Type of area	Definition
Arizona		
Phoenix-Mesa	MSA	Maricopa and Pinal Counties
California		
Los Angeles-Long Beach	PMSA	Los Angeles County
Oakland	PMSA	Alameda and Contra Costa Counties
Orange County	PMSA	Orange County
Riverside-San Bernardino	PMSA	Riverside and San Bernardino Counties
Sacramento-Yolo	CMSA	El Dorado, Placer, Sacramento, and Yolo Counties
San Diego	MSA	San Diego County
San Francisco	PMSA	Marin, San Francisco, and San Mateo Counties
San Jose	PMSA	Santa Clara County
Colorado		
Denver-Boulder-Greeley	CMSA	Adams, Arapahoe, Boulder, Broomfield, Denver, Douglas, Jefferson, and Weld Counties
Connecticut		
Hartford	MSA	Bristol, Hartford, and New Britain cities and Avon, Berlin, Bloomfield, Burlington, Canton, East Granby, East Hartford, East Windsor, Enfield, Farmington, Glastonbury, Granby, Manchester, Marlborough, Newington, Plainville, Rocky Hill, Simsbury, Southington, South Windsor, Suffield, West Hartford, Wethersfield, Windsor, and Windsor Locks towns in Hartford County; Barkhamsted, Harwinton, New Hartford, Plymouth, and Winchester towns in Litchfield County; Middletown city and Cromwell, Durham, East Haddam, East Hampton, Haddam, Middlefield, and Portland towns in Middlesex County; Colchester and Lebanon towns in New London County; Andover, Bolton, Columbia, Coventry, Ellington, Hebron, Mansfield, Somers, Stafford, Tolland, Vernon, and Willington towns in Tolland County; and Ashford, Chaplin, and Windham towns in Windham County
District of Columbia		
Washington	PMSA	District of Columbia; Calvert, Charles, Frederick, Montgomery, and Prince Georges Counties, MD; Alexandria, Fairfax, Falls Church, Fredericksburg, Manassas, and Manassas Park cities, and Arlington, Clarke, Culpeper, Fairfax, Fauquier, King George, Loudoun, Prince William, Spotsylvania, Stafford, and Warren Counties, VA; Berkeley and Jefferson Counties, W.VA
Florida		
Fort Lauderdale	PMSA	Broward County
Miami	PMSA	Miami-Dade County
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	MSA	Hernando, Hillsborough, Pasco, and Pinellas Counties
Georgia		
Atlanta	MSA	Barrow, Bartow, Carroll, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, Coweta, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Pickens, Rockdale, Spalding, and Walton Counties
Illinois		
Chicago	PMSA	Cook, DeKalb, DuPage, Grundy, Kane, Kendall, Lake, McHenry, and Will Counties
Indiana		
Indianapolis	MSA	Boone, Hamilton, Hancock, Hendricks, Johnson, Madison, Marion, Morgan, and Shelby Counties
Kentucky		
Louisville	MSA	Bullitt, Jefferson, and Oldham Counties, KY; Clark, Floyd, Harrison, and Scott Counties, IN
Louisiana		
New Orleans	MSA	Jefferson, Orleans, Plaquemines, St. Bernard, St. Charles, St. James, St. John the Baptist, and St. Tammany Parishes

Table C-2. Geographic boundaries of metropolitan areas--Continued

State and area	Type of area	Definition
Maryland Baltimore	PMSA	Baltimore City and Anne Arundel, Baltimore, Carroll, Harford, Howard, and Queen Anne's Counties
Massachusetts Boston	PMSA	Taunton city and Berkley, Dighton, Mansfield, and Norton towns in Bristol County, MA; Beverly, Gloucester, Lynn, Newburyport, Peabody, and Salem cities and Amesbury, Danvers, Essex, Hamilton, Ipswich, Lynnfield, Manchester-by-the-Sea, Marblehead, Middleton, Nahant, Newbury, Rockport, Rowley, Salisbury, Saugus, Swampscott, Topsfield, and Wenham towns in Essex County, MA; Cambridge, Everett, Malden, Marlborough, Medford, Melrose, Newton, Somerville, Waltham, Watertown, and Woburn cities and Acton, Arlington, Ashland, Ayer, Bedford, Belmont, Boxborough, Burlington, Carlisle, Concord, Framingham, Holliston, Hopkinton, Hudson, Lexington, Lincoln, Littleton, Maynard, Natick, North Reading, Reading, Sherborn, Shirley, Stoneham, Stow, Sudbury, Townsend, Wakefield, Wayland, Weston, Wilmington, and Winchester towns in Middlesex County, MA; Franklin and Quincy cities and Bellingham, Braintree, Brookline, Canton, Cohasset, Dedham, Dover, Foxborough, Holbrook, Medfield, Medway, Millis, Milton, Needham, Norfolk, Norwood, Plainville, Randolph, Sharon, Stoughton, Walpole, Wellesley, Westwood, Weymouth, and Wrentham towns in Norfolk County, MA; Carver, Duxbury, Hanover, Hingham, Hull, Kingston, Marshfield, Norwell, Pembroke, Plymouth, Rockland, Scituate, and Wareham towns in Plymouth County, MA; Boston, Chelsea, and Revere cities and Winthrop town in Suffolk County, MA; Berlin, Blackstone, Bolton, Harvard, Hopedale, Lancaster, Mendon, Milford, Millville, Southborough, and Upton towns in Worcester County, MA; and Seabrook and South Hampton towns in Rockingham County, NH
Michigan Detroit	PMSA	Lapeer, Macomb, Monroe, Oakland, St. Clair, and Wayne Counties
Minnesota Minneapolis-St. Paul	MSA	Anoka, Carver, Chisago, Dakota, Hennepin, Isanti, Ramsey, Scott, Sherburne, Washington, and Wright Counties, MN; Pierce and St. Croix Counties, WI
Missouri Kansas City	MSA	Johnson, Leavenworth, Miami, and Wyandotte Counties, KS; Cass, Clay, Clinton, Jackson, Lafayette, Platte, and Ray Counties, MO
St. Louis	MSA ¹	Clinton, Jersey, Madison, Monroe, and St. Clair Counties, IL; St. Louis city and Franklin, Jefferson, Lincoln, St. Charles, St. Louis, and Warren Counties, MO
New Jersey Bergen-Passaic	PMSA	Bergen and Passaic Counties
Newark	PMSA	Essex, Morris, Sussex, Union, and Warren Counties
New York Buffalo-Niagara Falls	MSA	Erie and Niagara Counties
Nassau-Suffolk	PMSA	Nassau and Suffolk Counties
New York	PMSA	Bronx, Kings, New York, Putnam, Queens, Richmond, Rockland, and Westchester Counties
Rochester	MSA	Genesee, Livingston, Monroe, Ontario, Orleans, and Wayne Counties
North Carolina Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	MSA	Cabarrus, Gaston, Lincoln, Mecklenburg, Rowan, and Union Counties, NC; York County, SC

¹ This is not the official OMB definition of the St. Louis MSA. Excluded is the part of Sullivan City in Crawford County, MO.

Table C-2. Geographic boundaries of metropolitan areas--Continued

State and area	Type of area	Definition
Ohio		
Cincinnati	PMSA	Dearborn and Ohio Counties, IN; Boone, Campbell, Gallatin, Grant, Kenton, and Pendleton Counties, KY; and Brown, Clermont, Hamilton, and Warren Counties, OH
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria	PMSA	Ashtabula, Cuyahoga, Geauga, Lake, Lorain, and Medina Counties
Columbus	MSA	Delaware, Fairfield, Franklin, Licking, Madison, and Pickaway Counties
Dayton-Springfield	MSA	Clark, Greene, Miami, and Montgomery Counties
Oklahoma		
Oklahoma City	MSA	Canadian, Cleveland, Logan, McClain, Oklahoma, and Pottawatomie Counties
Oregon		
Portland-Vancouver	PMSA	Clackamas, Columbia, Multnomah, Washington, and Yamhill Counties, OR; Clark County, WA
Pennsylvania		
Philadelphia	PMSA	Burlington, Camden, Gloucester, and Salem Counties, NJ; Bucks, Chester, Delaware, Montgomery, and Philadelphia Counties, PA
Pittsburgh	MSA	Allegheny, Beaver, Butler, Fayette, Washington, and Westmoreland Counties
Rhode Island		
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	MSA	Attleboro and Fall River cities and North Attleborough, Rehoboth, Seekonk, Somerset, Swansea, and Westport towns in Bristol County, MA; Barrington, Bristol, and Warren towns in Bristol County, RI; Warwick city and Coventry, East Greenwich, West Greenwich, and West Warwick towns in Kent County, RI; Jamestown, Little Compton, and Tiverton towns in Newport County, RI; Central Falls, Cranston, East Providence, Pawtucket, Providence, and Woonsocket cities, and Burrillville, Cumberland, Foster, Gloucester, Johnston, Lincoln, North Providence, North Smithfield, Scituate, and Smithfield towns in Providence County, RI; Charlestown, Exeter, Narragansett, North Kingstown, Richmond, and South Kingstown towns in Washington County, RI
Tennessee		
Memphis	MSA	Crittenden County, AR; DeSoto County, MS; and Fayette, Shelby, and Tipton Counties, TN
Texas		
Dallas-Fort Worth	CMSA	Collin, Dallas, Denton, Ellis, Henderson, Hood, Hunt, Johnson, Kaufman, Parker, Rockwall, and Tarrant Counties
Houston	PMSA	Chambers, Fort Bend, Harris, Liberty, Montgomery, and Waller Counties
San Antonio	MSA	Bexar, Comal, Guadalupe, and Wilson Counties
Utah		
Salt Lake City-Ogden	MSA	Davis, Salt Lake, and Weber Counties
Virginia		
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News	MSA	Currituck County, NC; Chesapeake, Hampton, Newport News, Norfolk, Poquoson, Portsmouth, Suffolk, Virginia Beach, and Williamsburg cities and Gloucester, Isle of Wight, James City, Mathews, and York Counties, VA
Washington		
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	PMSA	Island, King, and Snohomish Counties
Wisconsin		
Milwaukee-Waukesha	PMSA	Milwaukee, Ozaukee, Washington, and Waukesha Counties